

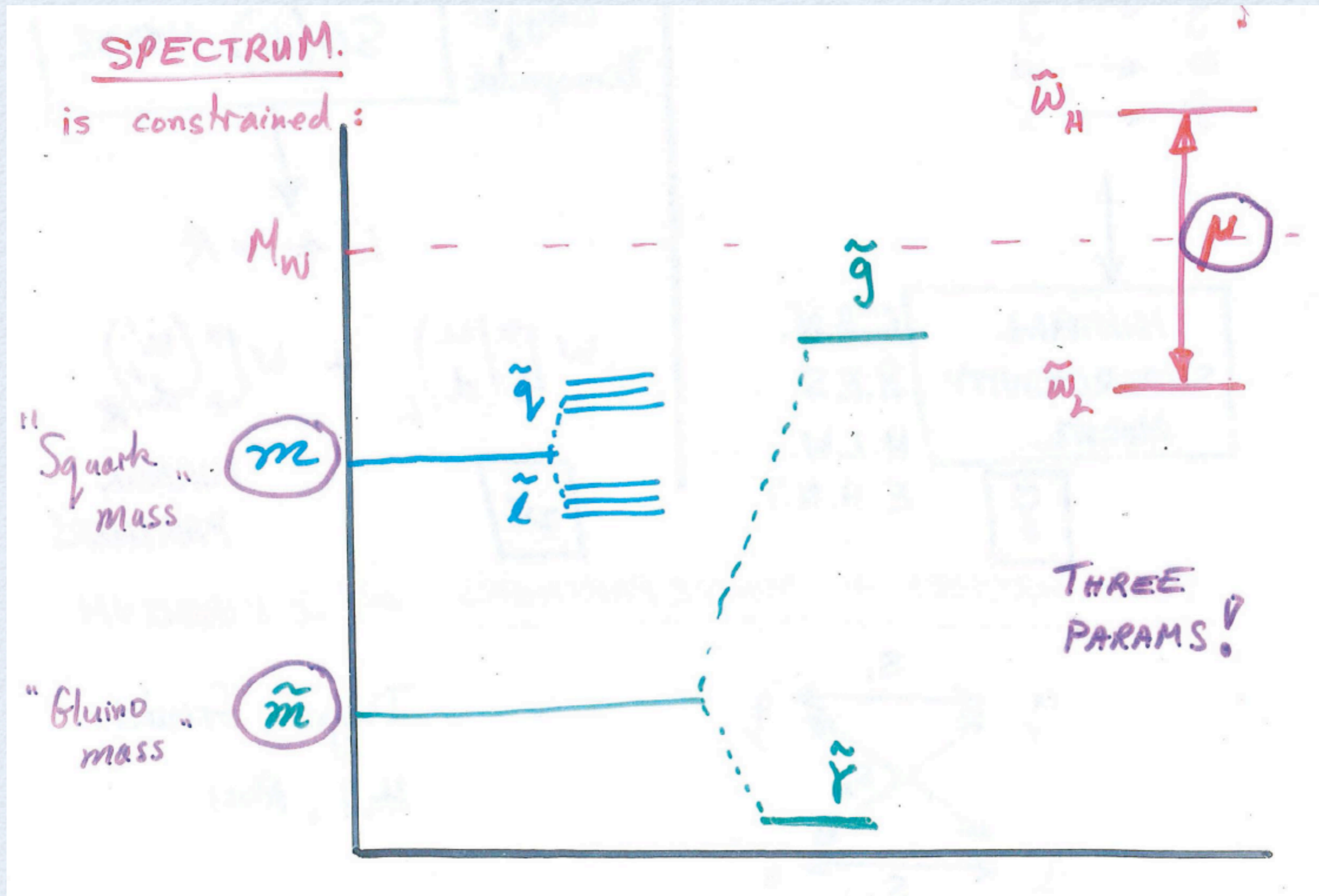
Johns Hopkins 36th Workshop
Galileo Galilei Institute
October 2012

Where is SUSY?

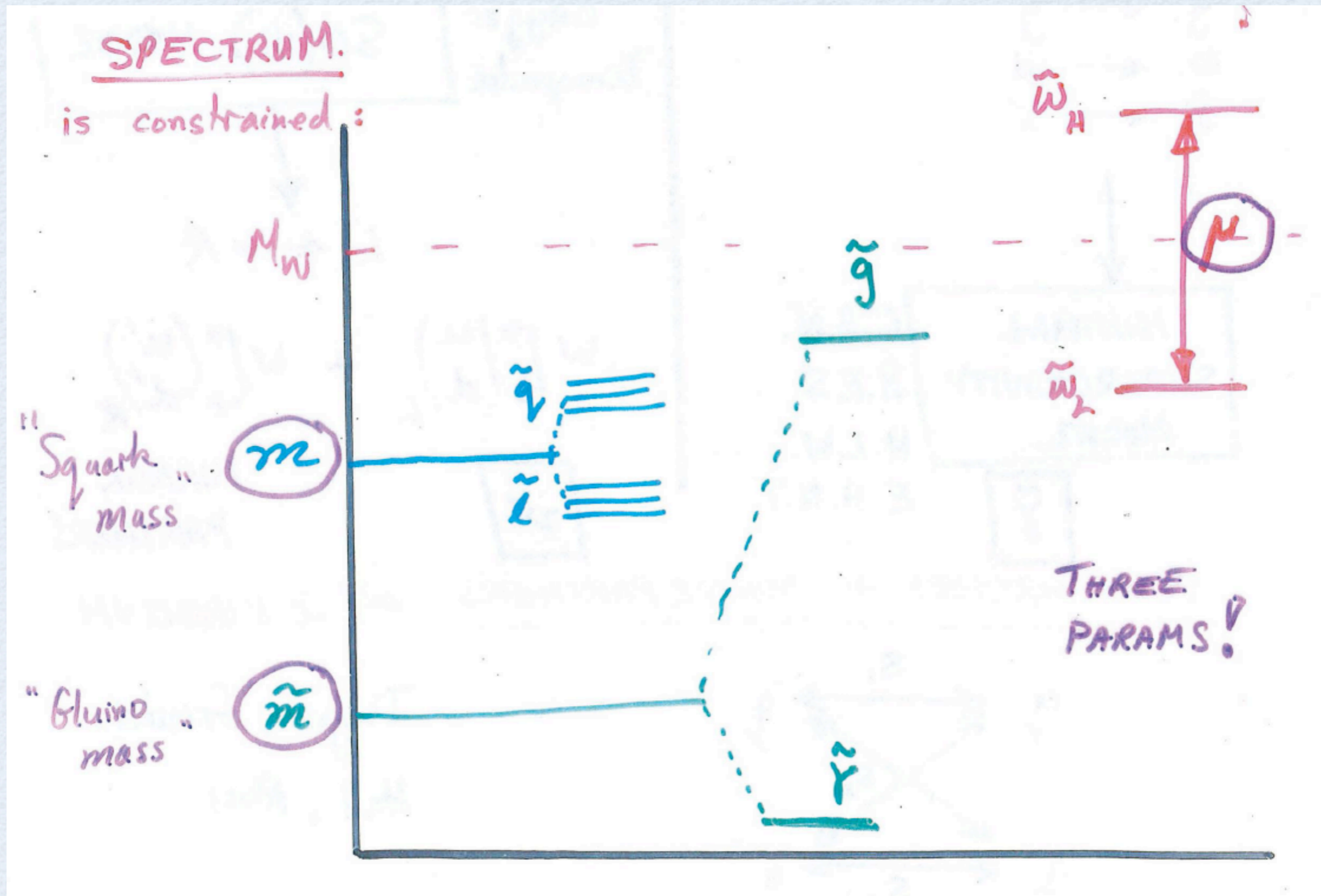
Lawrence Hall
University of California, Berkeley




SUSY Spectrum, 1984



SUSY Spectrum, 1984

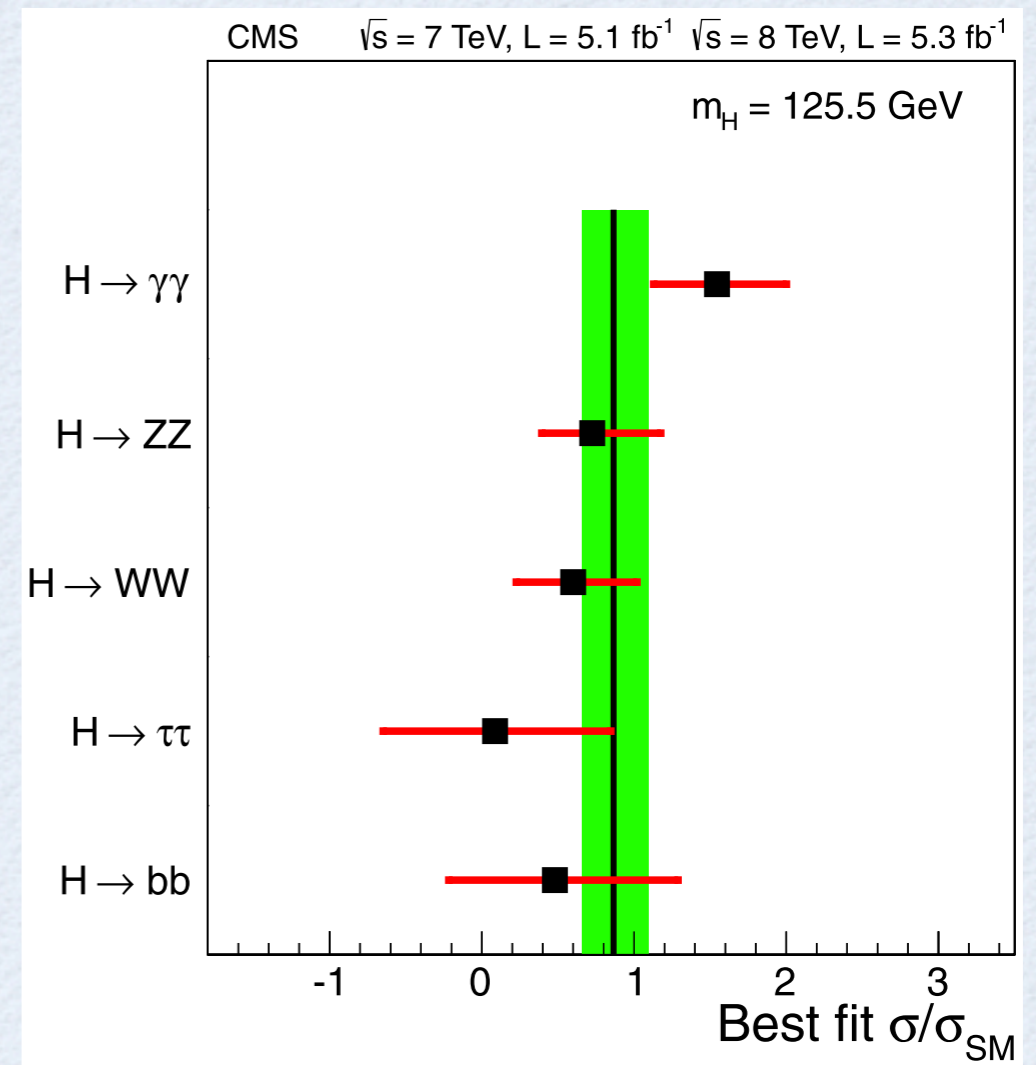
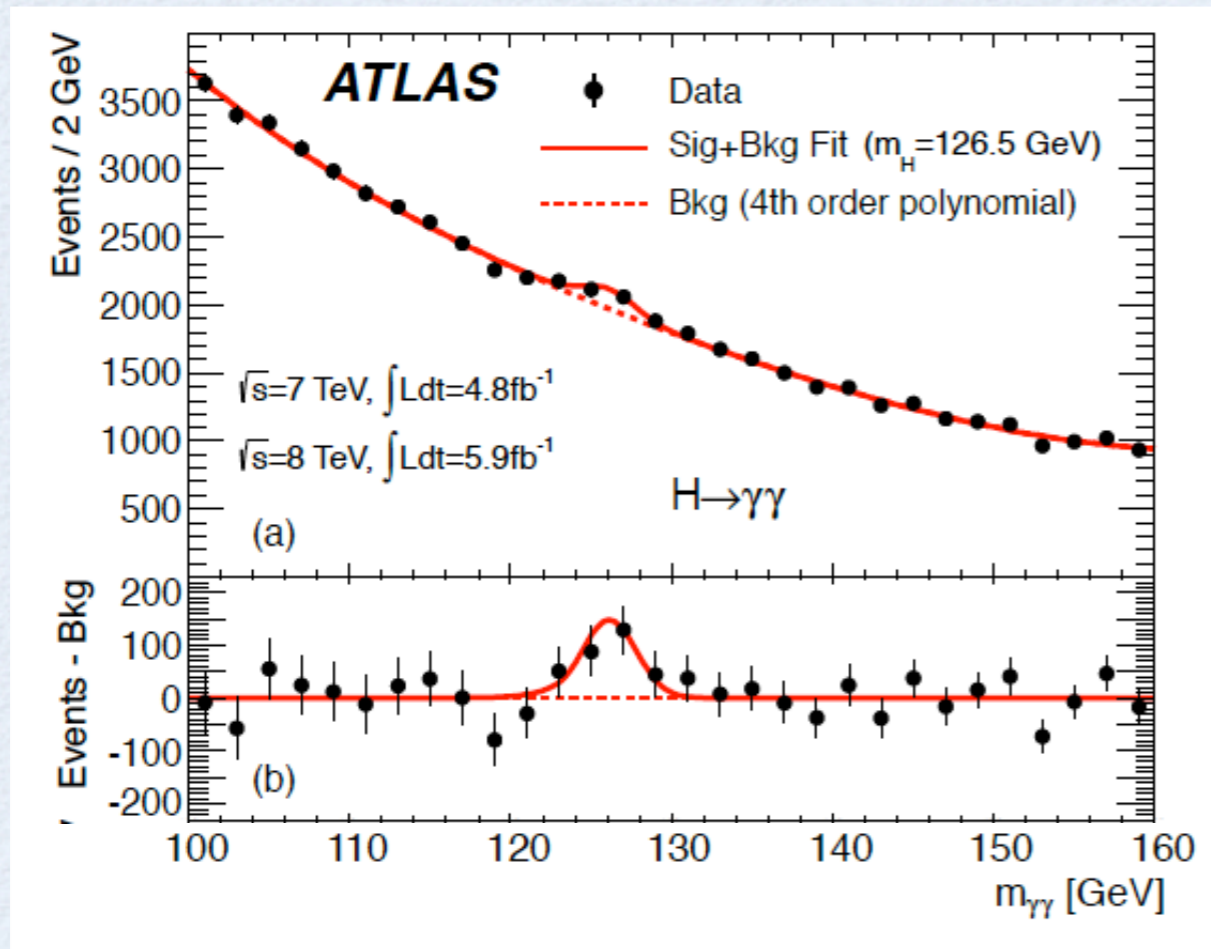


Over 3 decades of susy: seismic shifts!



(I) 2011 -
A New Era of Data

A 125 GeV Higgs Boson



Is good news for perturbative Susy

Is SUSY Natural?

Natural

$$\tilde{m} \sim v$$

Unnatural

$$\tilde{m} \gg v$$

Origin of v ?

Is SUSY Natural?

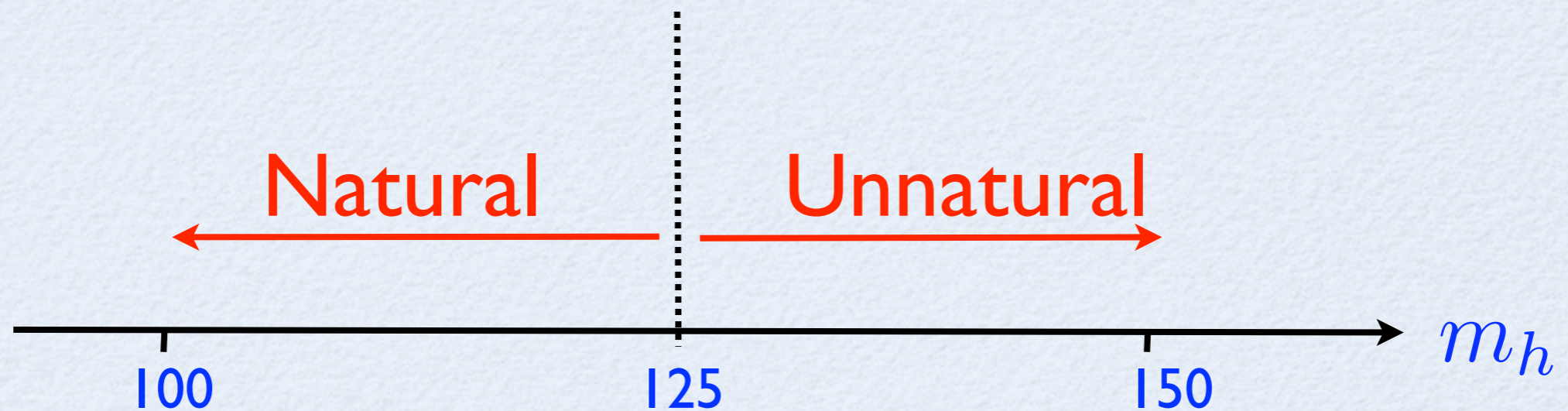
Natural

$$\tilde{m} \sim v$$

Unnatural

$$\tilde{m} \gg v$$

Origin of v ?



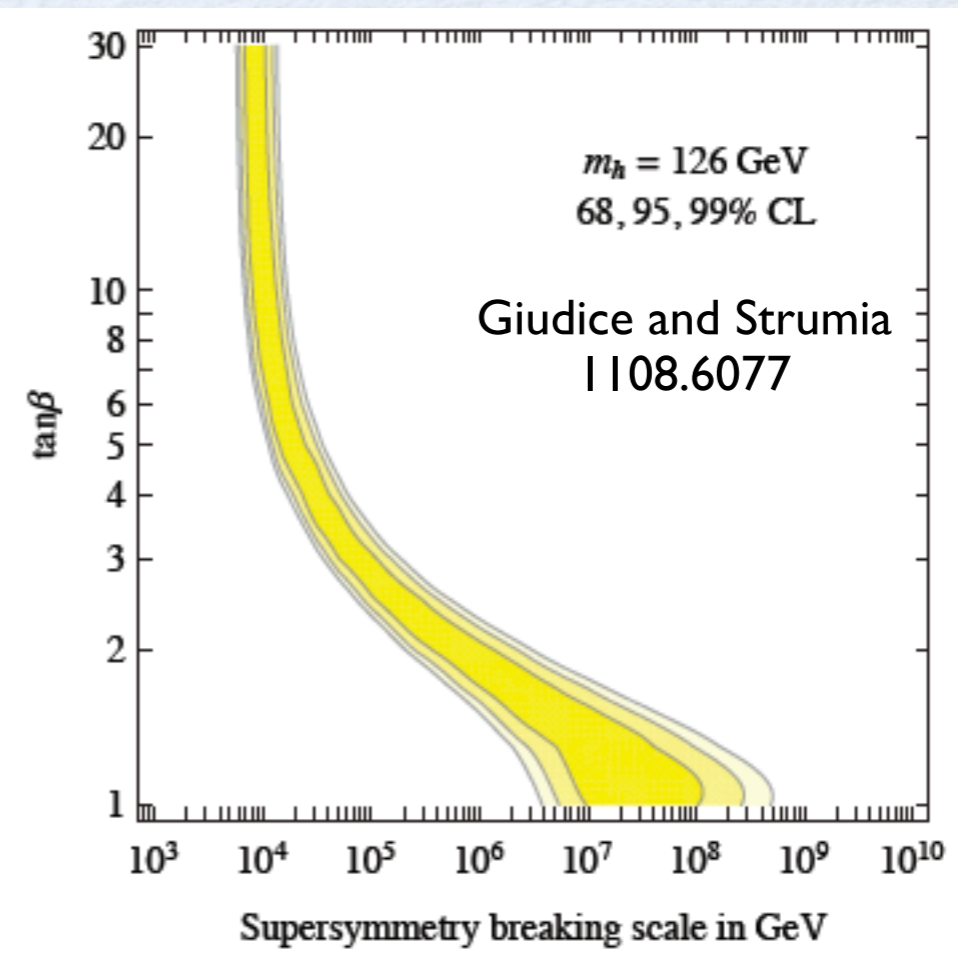
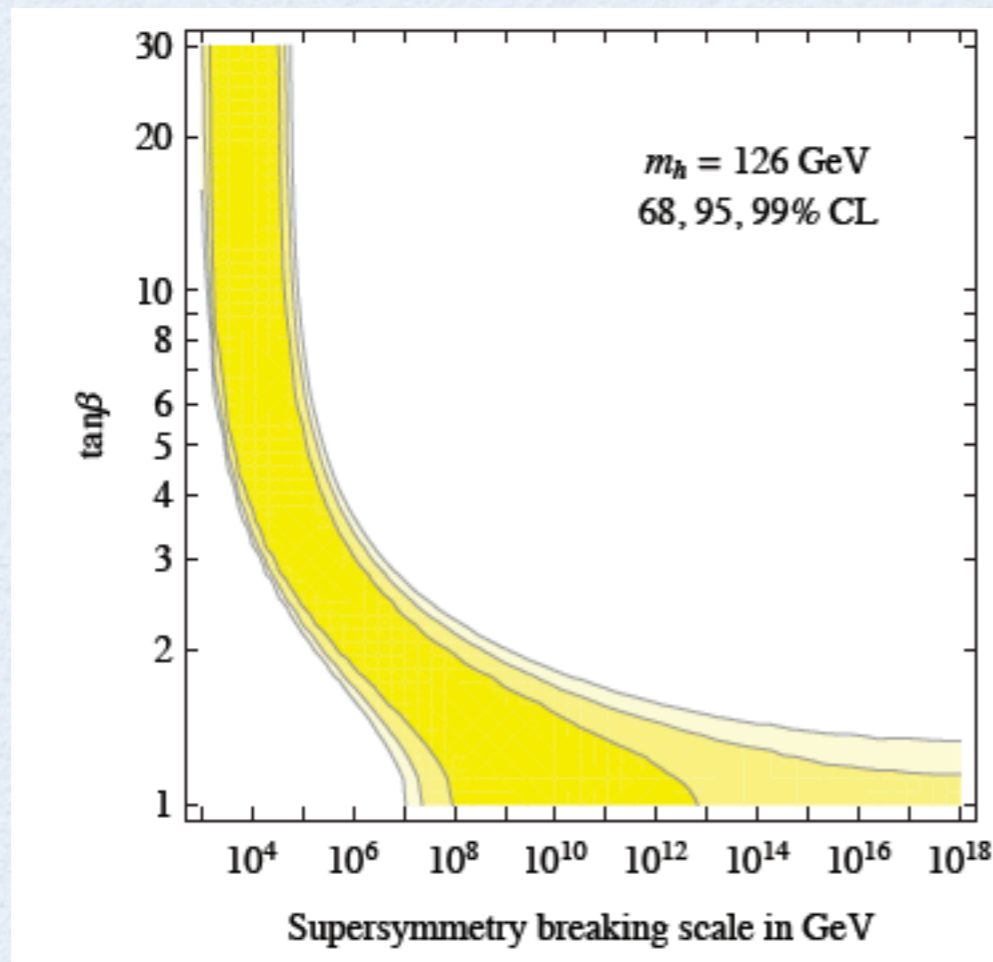
Inconclusive

Large Range of \tilde{m} is Possible in MSSM

A) SM below \tilde{m}

B) Split SUSY
(Fermionic superpartners
at 1 TeV)

$\tan \beta$



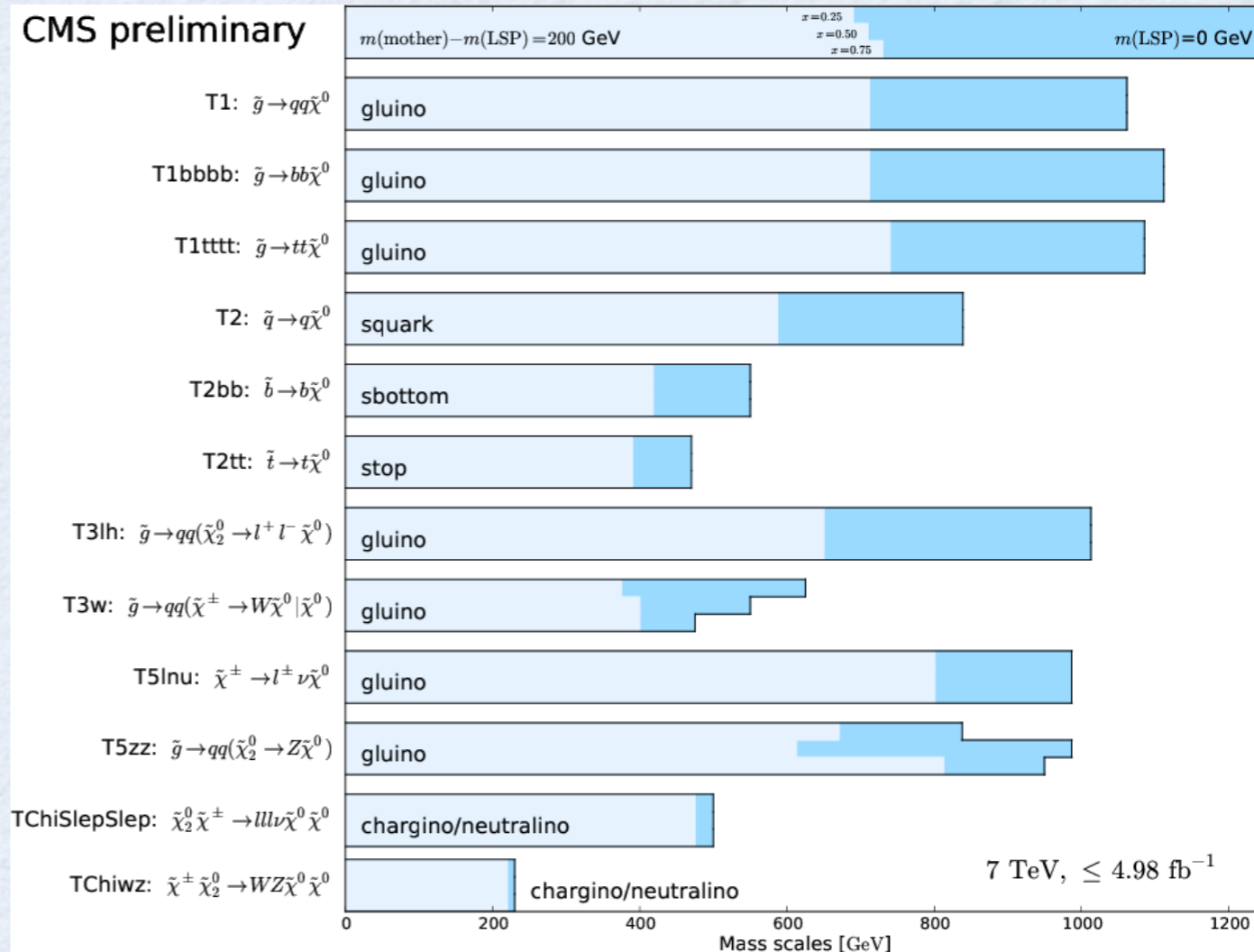
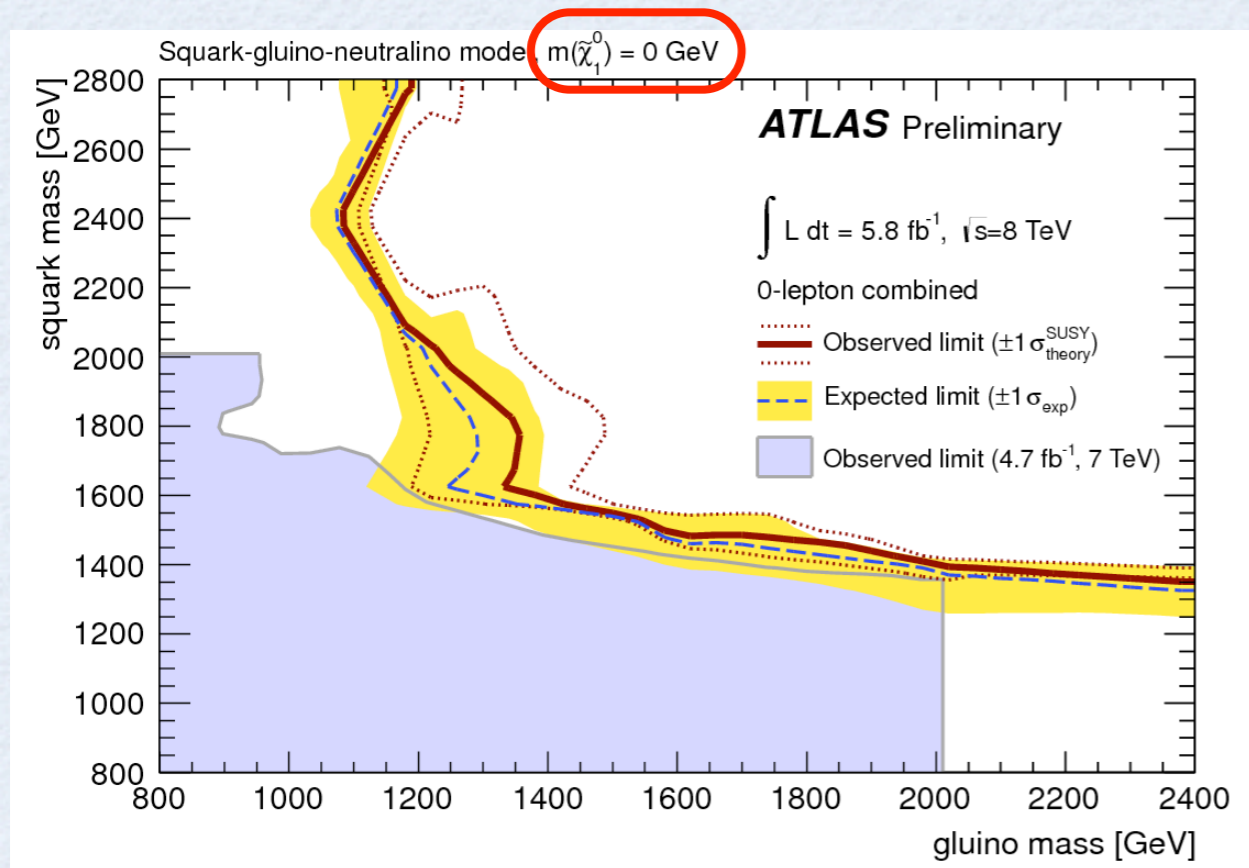
\tilde{m}

No Superpartners Yet!!

Jets + missing transverse energy
from
squark and gluino production

8/13/12

A compilation of CMS results
from 2011 data



Is SUSY Natural?

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Any superpartners
at the TeV scale?

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- R parity violation: udd
- A compressed spectrum

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- R parity violation: udd
- A compressed spectrum
- Adding a singlet

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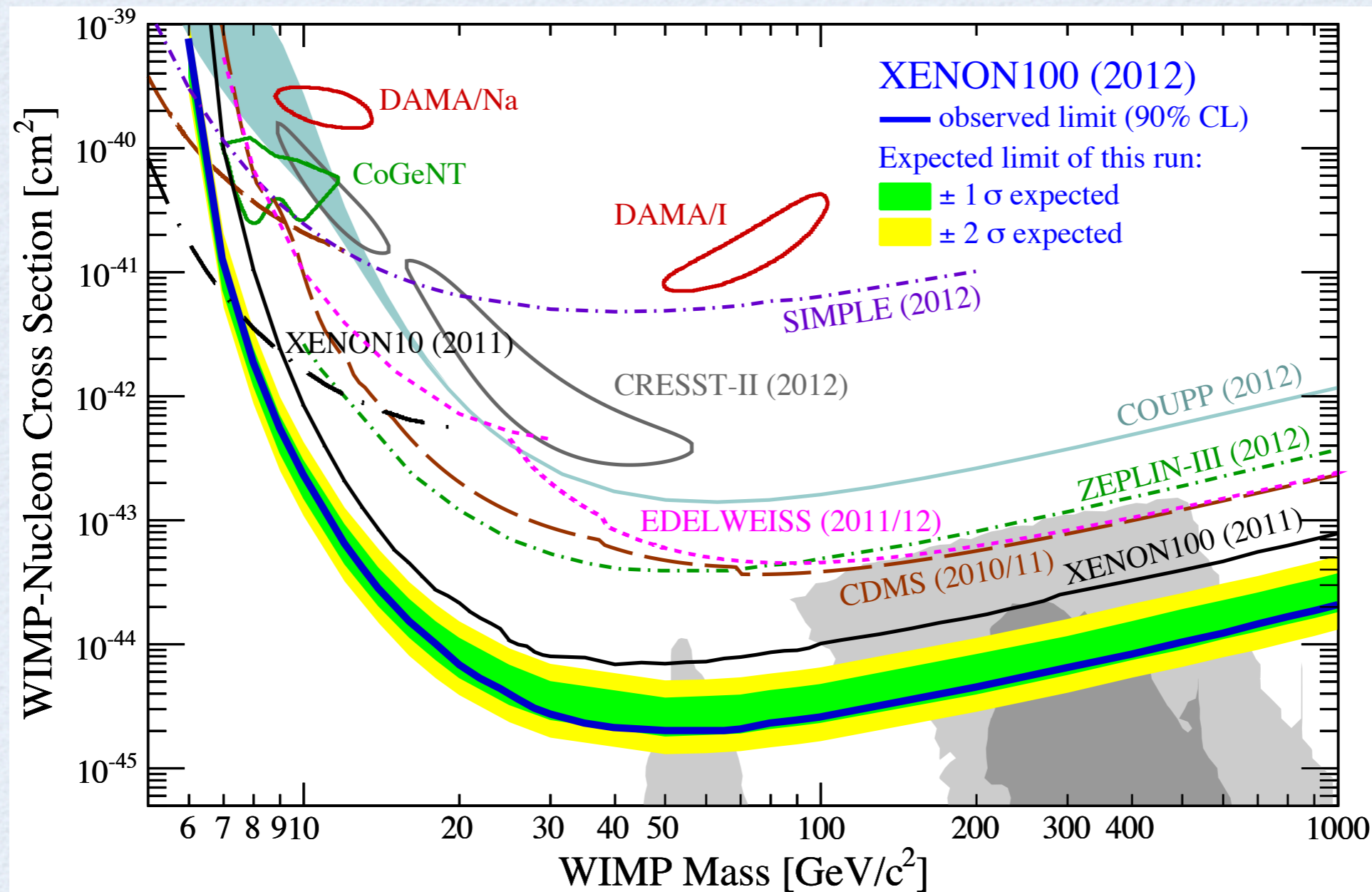
Unnatural

$$\tilde{m} \gg v$$

Any superpartners
at the TeV scale?

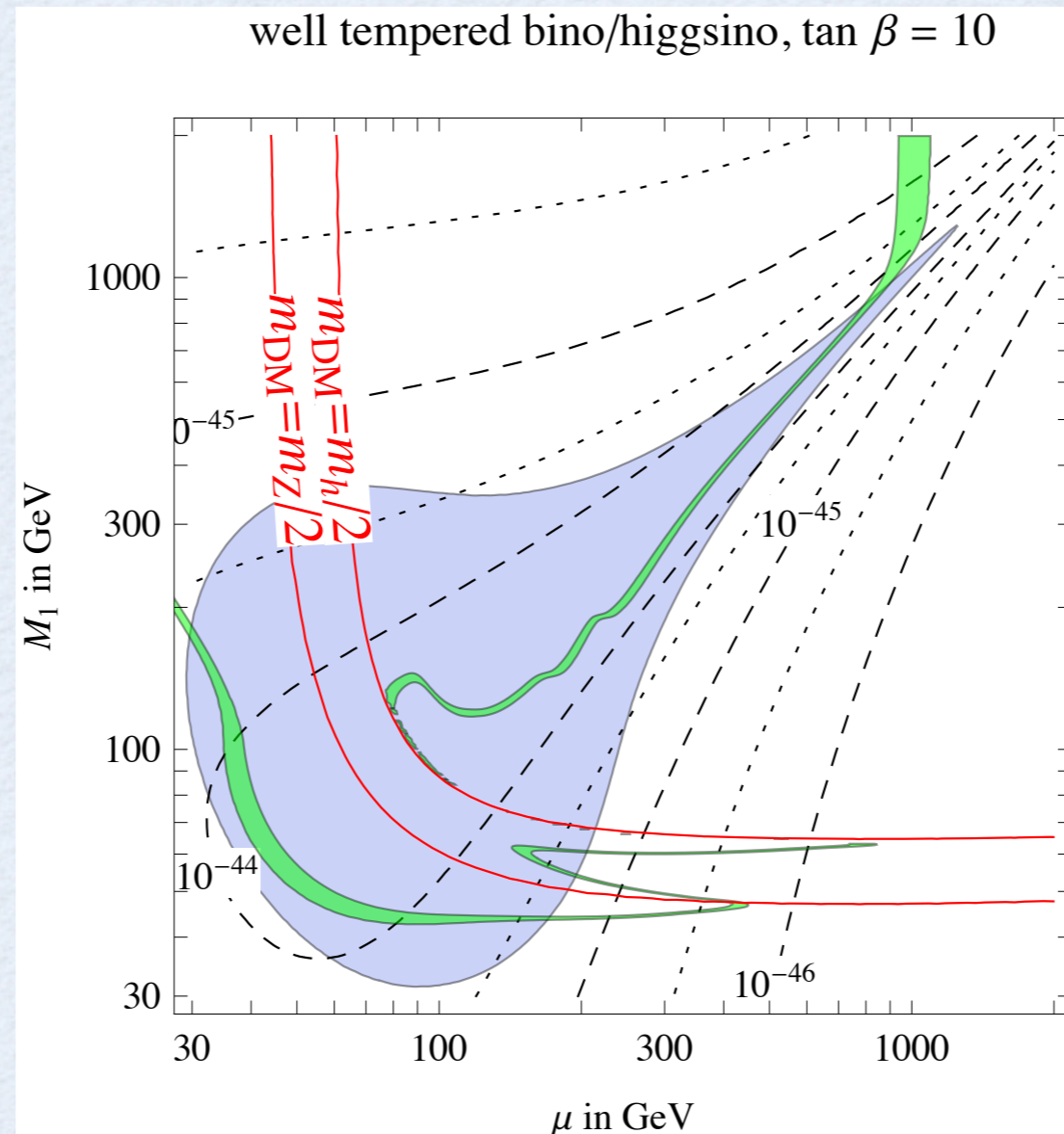
- Dark Matter
- Yukawa unification
- Spread Susy

2012 Result on Direct Detection



Implications for Neutralino DM

\tilde{b}/\tilde{h}



“The Well-Tempered Region is excluded”

Indirect Detection via Gamma Rays

Fermi LAT
1108.3546

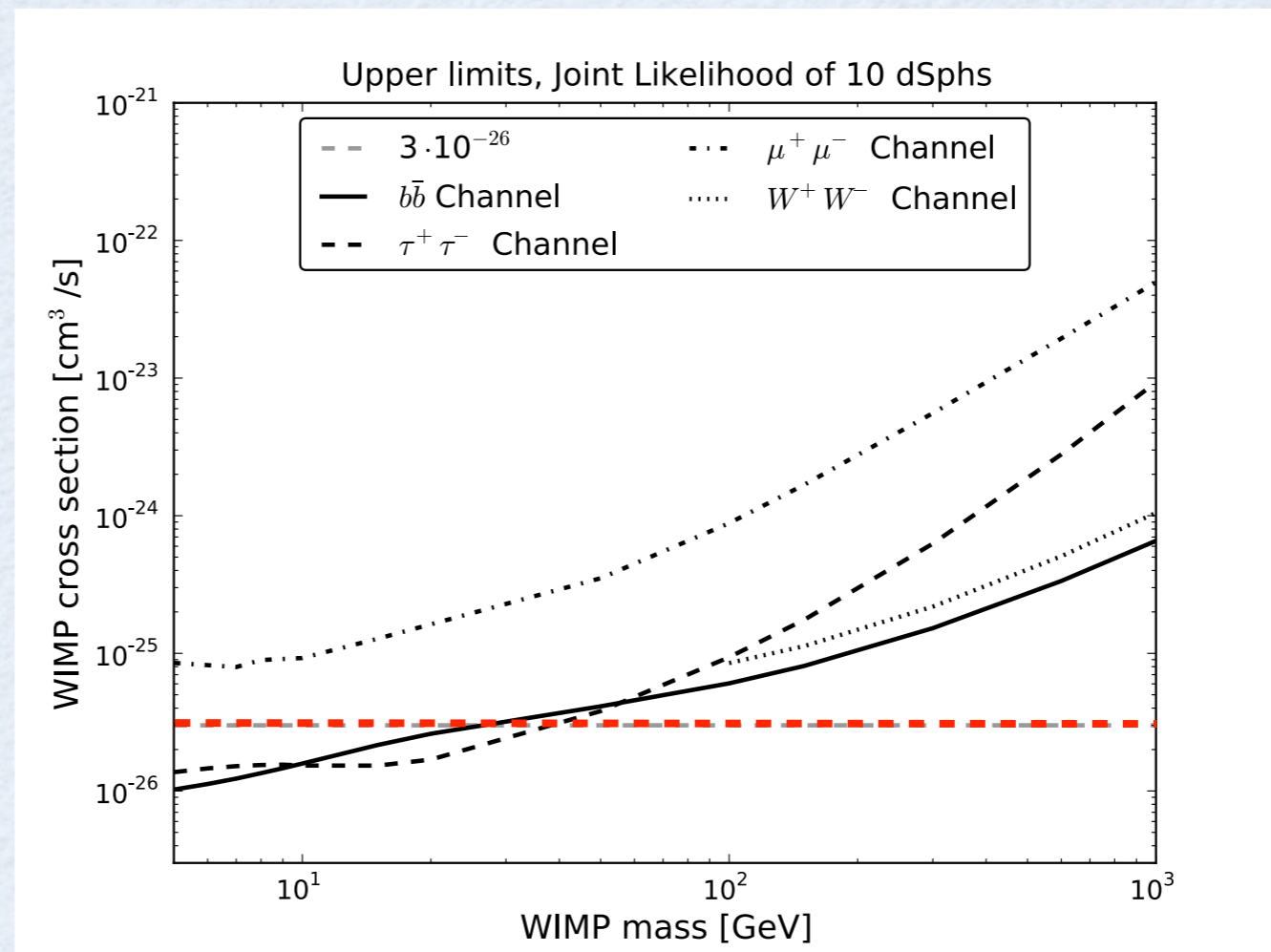


FIG. 2. Derived 95% C.L. upper limits on a WIMP annihilation cross section for the $b\bar{b}$ channel, the $\tau^+\tau^-$ channel, the $\mu^+\mu^-$ channel, and the W^+W^- channel. The most generic cross section ($\sim 3 \cdot 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$ for a purely s-wave cross section) is plotted as a reference. Uncertainties in the J factor are included.

(II) Natural SUSY

1. MSSM ??
2. Adding a singlet

Fine-Tuning in the MSSM: 2012

$$m_h^2 = M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \delta_t^2$$

Fine-Tuning in the MSSM: 2012

$$m_h^2 = M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \delta_t^2$$

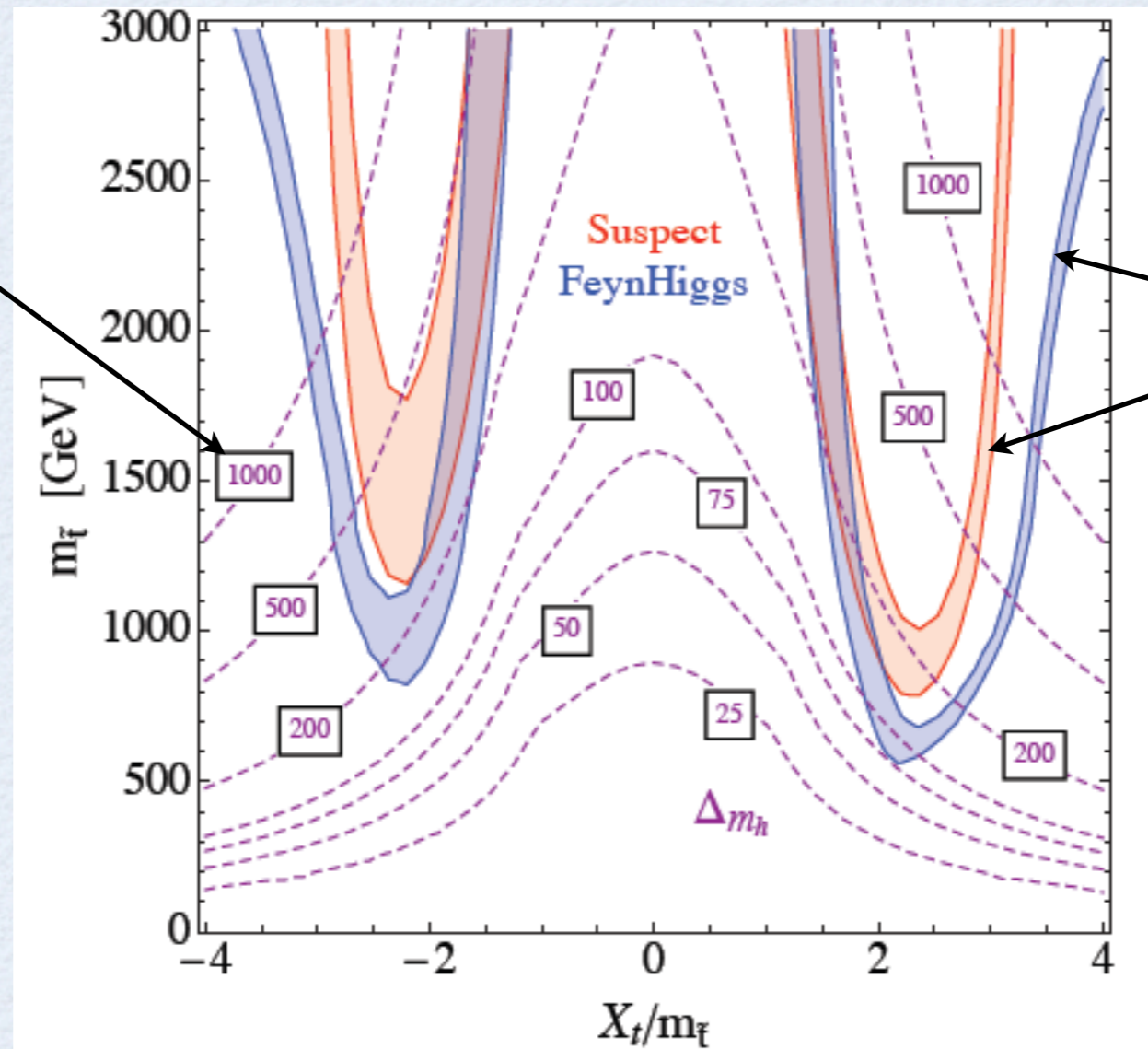
$$\Delta = \frac{\partial \ln m_h}{\partial \ln p}$$

Minimize Δ

$$\tan \beta > 10$$

$$m_{Q_3} = m_{U_3} = m_{\tilde{t}}$$

messenger scale
of 10 TeV



$$m_h = 124 - 126 \text{ GeV}$$

David Pinner, Josh Ruderman,
LJH 1112.2703

$\Delta > 100$ The MSSM is fine-tuned

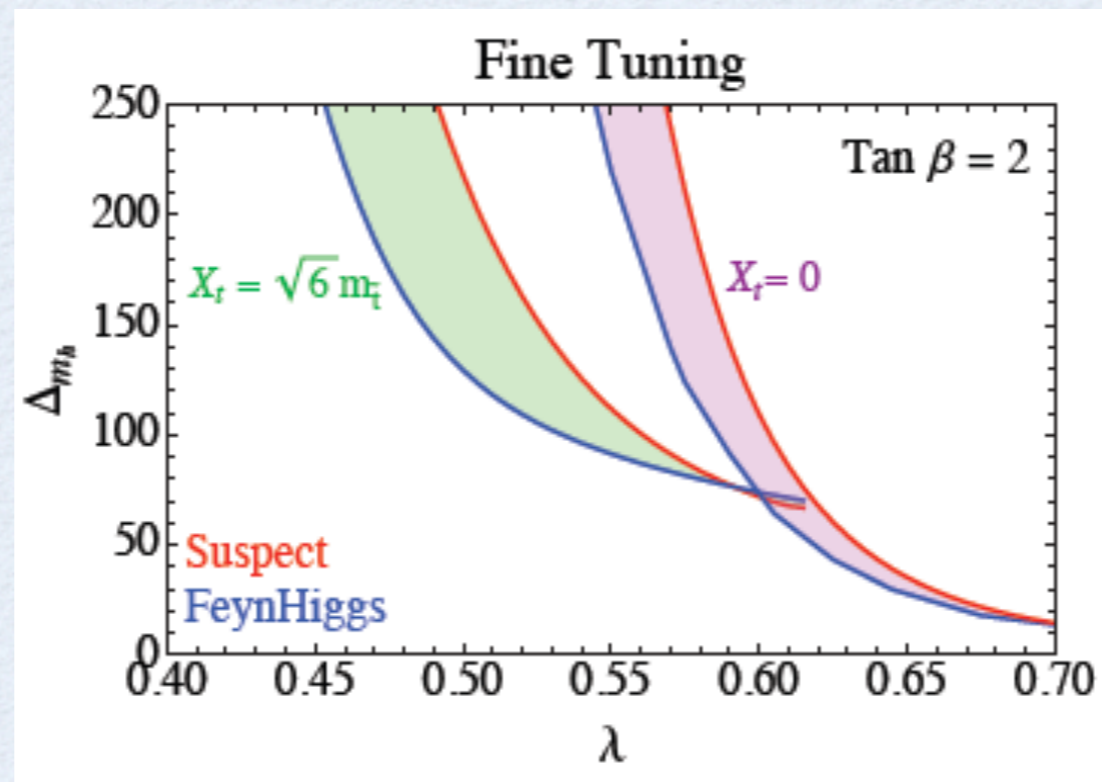
Adding a Singlet: $\lambda S H_u H_d$

$$m_h^2 = M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \lambda^2 v^2 \sin^2 2\beta + \delta_t^2$$

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$$\lambda < 0.7$$

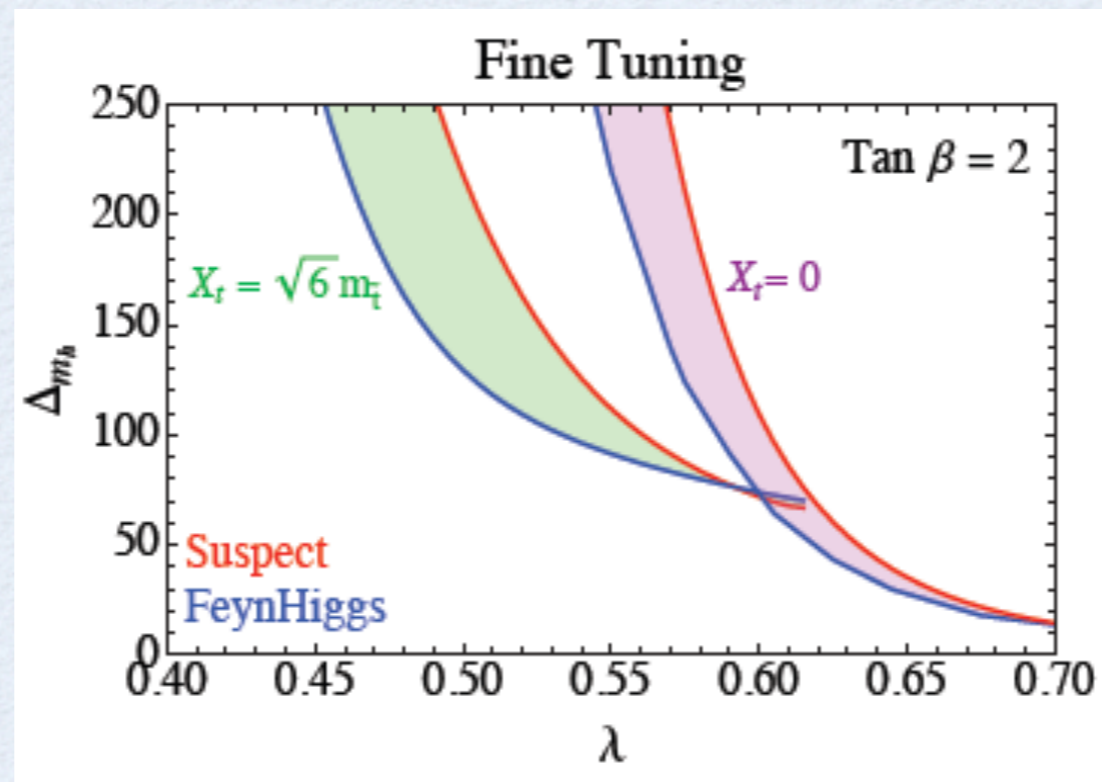


David Pinner, Josh Ruderman,
LJH 1112.2703

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$$m_h^2 = M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \lambda^2 v^2 \sin^2 2\beta + \delta_t^2$$

$$\lambda < 0.7$$



David Pinner, Josh Ruderman,
LJH 1112.2703

Why not go to larger λ ?

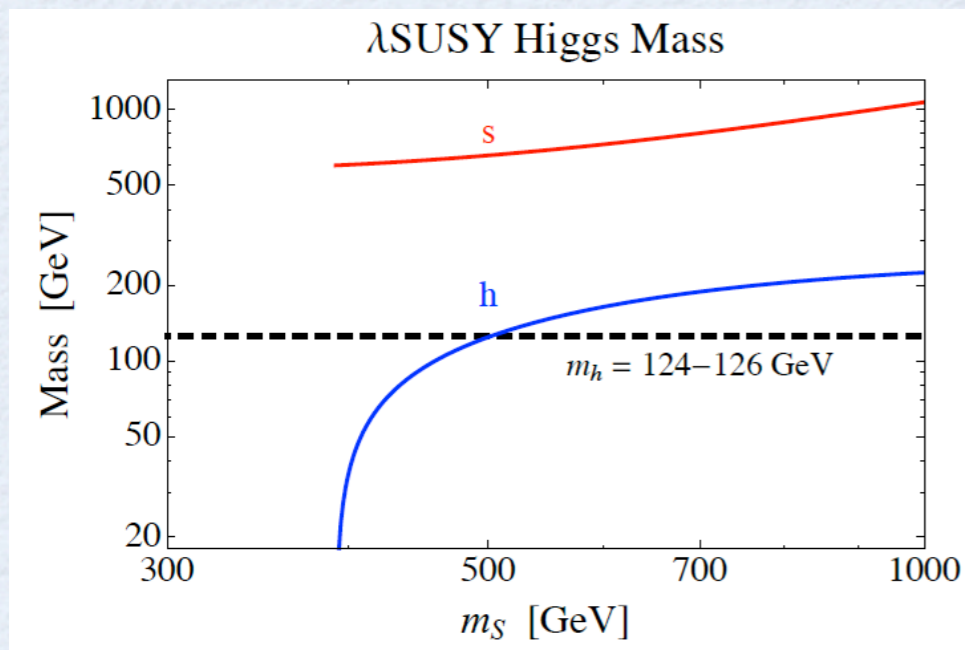
To very large λ ? \longrightarrow Natural theory with heavy Higgs

Adding a Singlet:

$$\lambda S H_u H_d$$

David Pinner, Josh Ruderman, LJH 1112.2703

$$1 < \lambda < 2$$

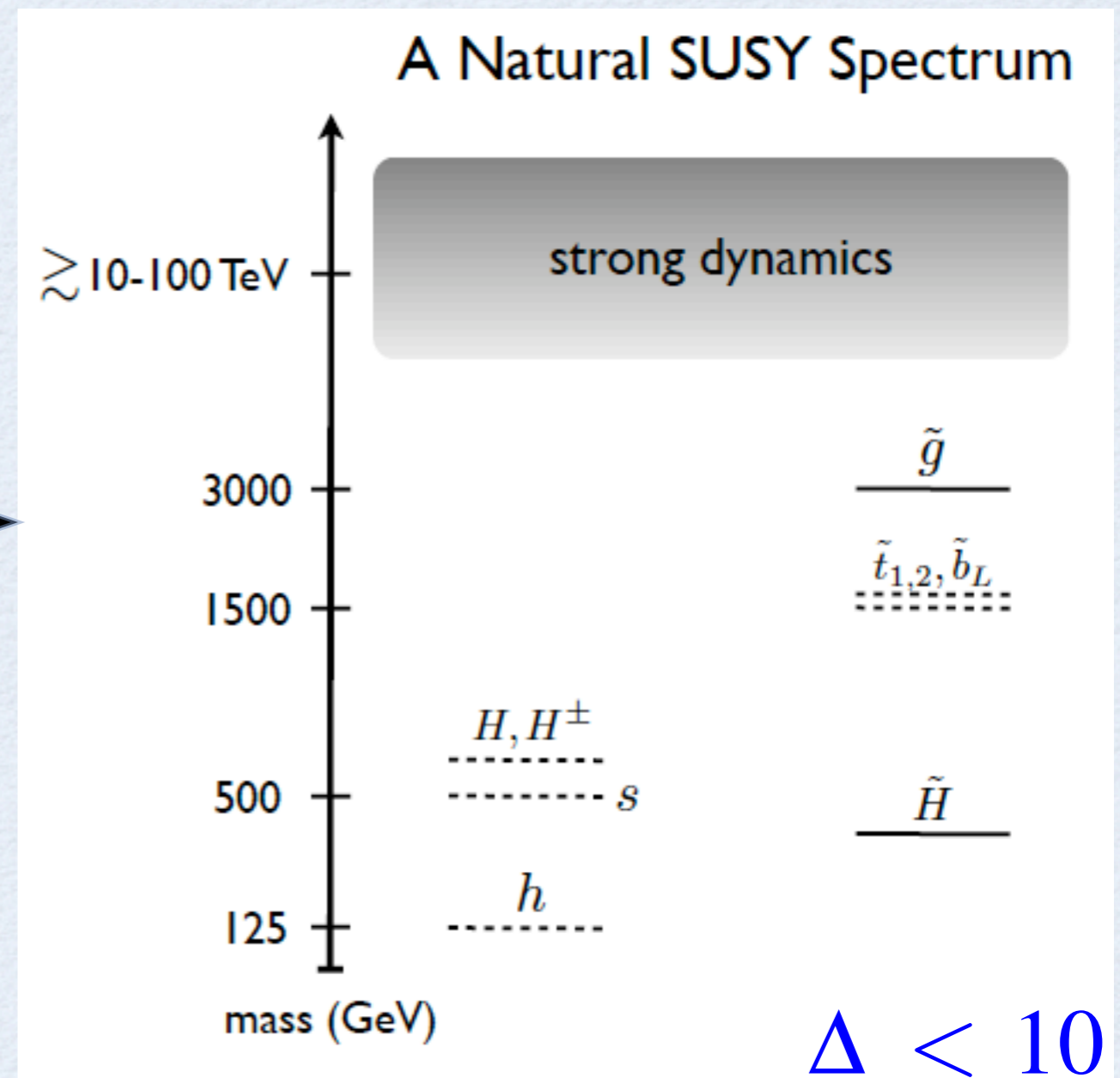
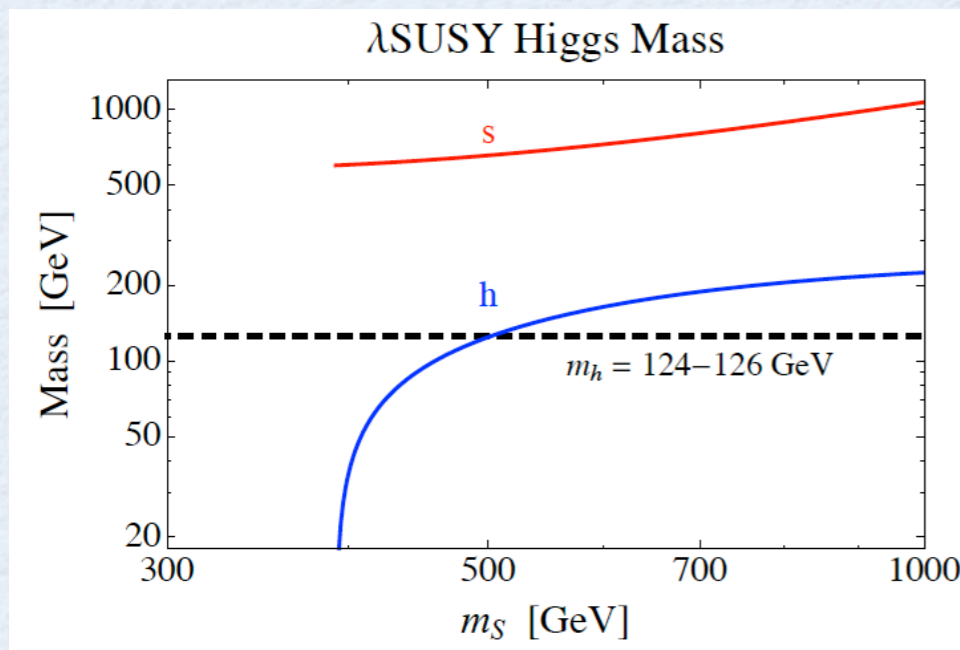


Adding a Singlet:

$$\lambda S H_u H_d$$

David Pinner, Josh Ruderman, LJH 1112.2703

$$1 < \lambda < 2$$

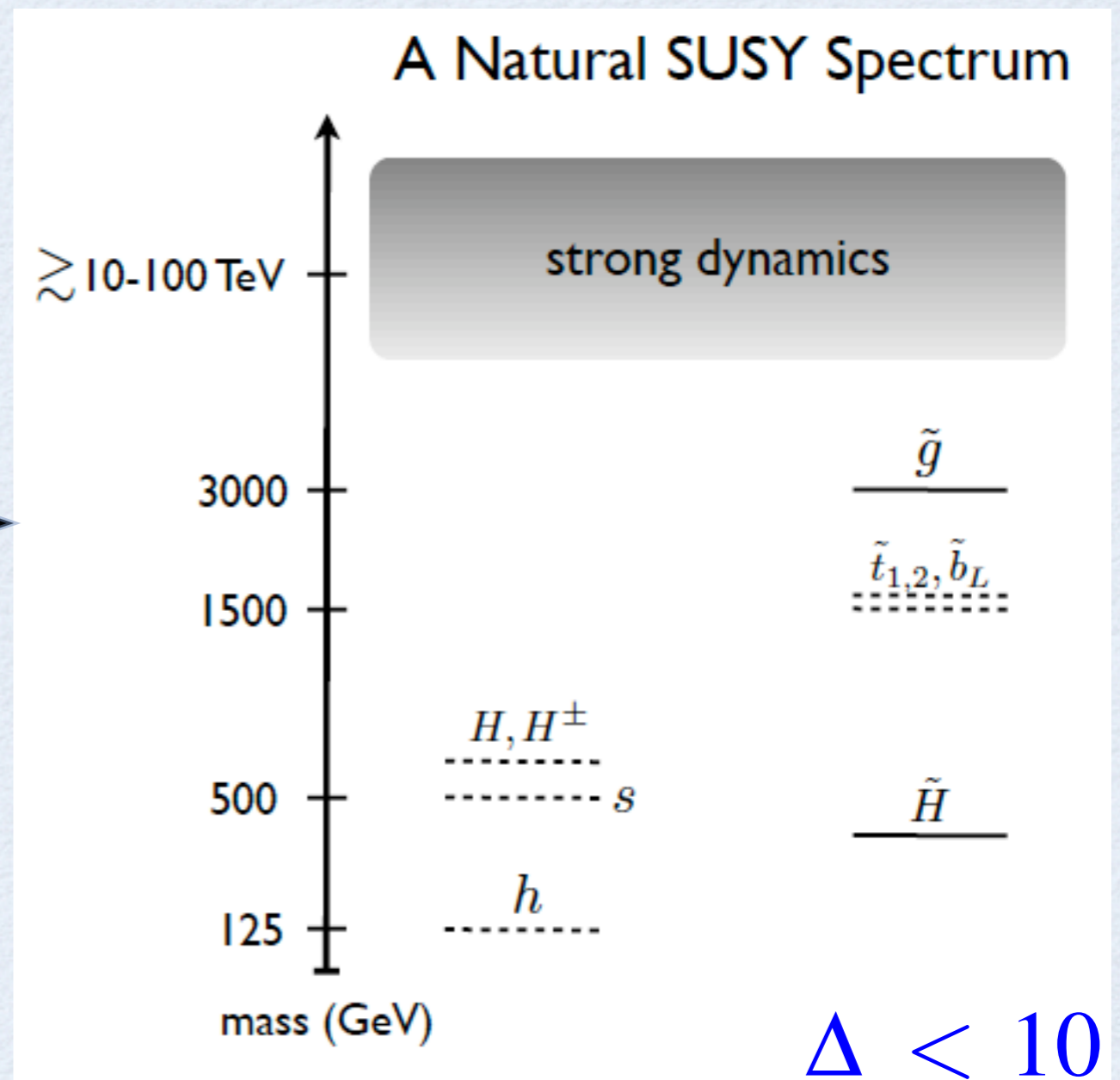
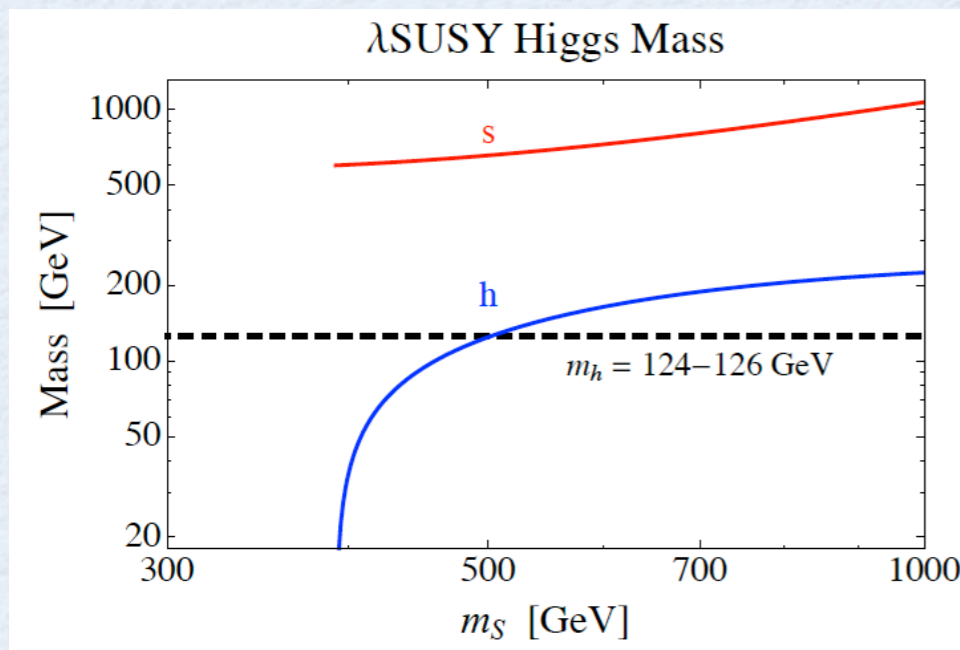


Adding a Singlet:

$$\lambda S H_u H_d$$

David Pinner, Josh Ruderman, LJH 1112.2703

$$1 < \lambda < 2$$



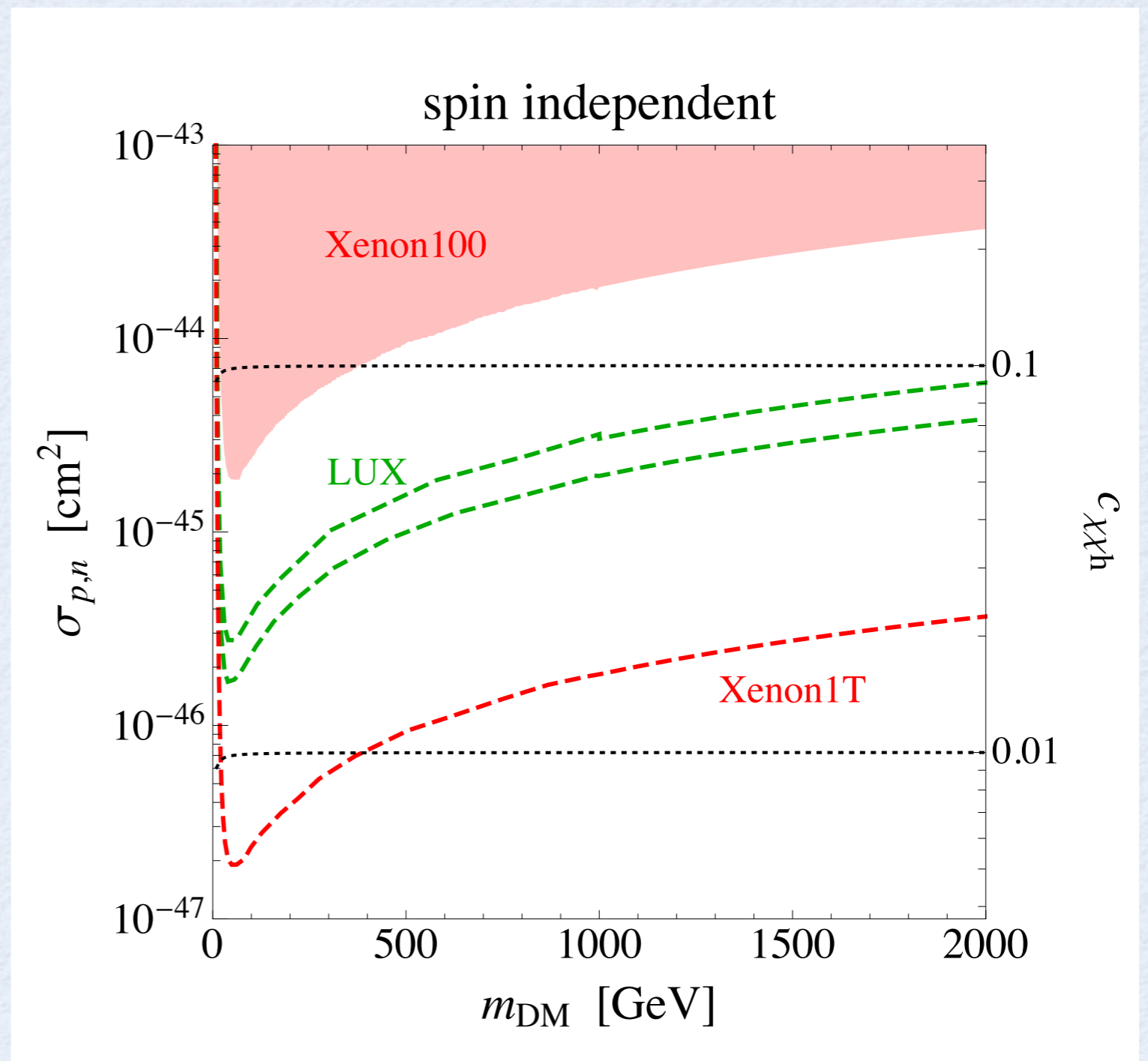
Explains why we haven't seen superpartners yet

(III) TeV Susy

- Dark Matter
- Coupling Unification
- Spread Susy

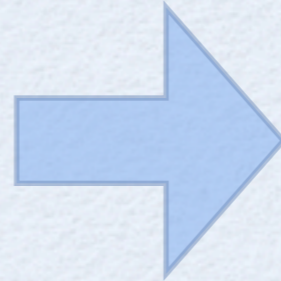
Direct Detection of Dark Matter

Exciting times
ahead:



TeV Scale from Cosmological Abundance

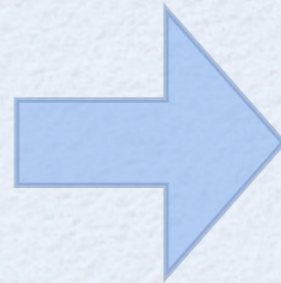
- R parity
- $\tilde{m} < T_R$
- LSP is a SM superpartner
- No dilution



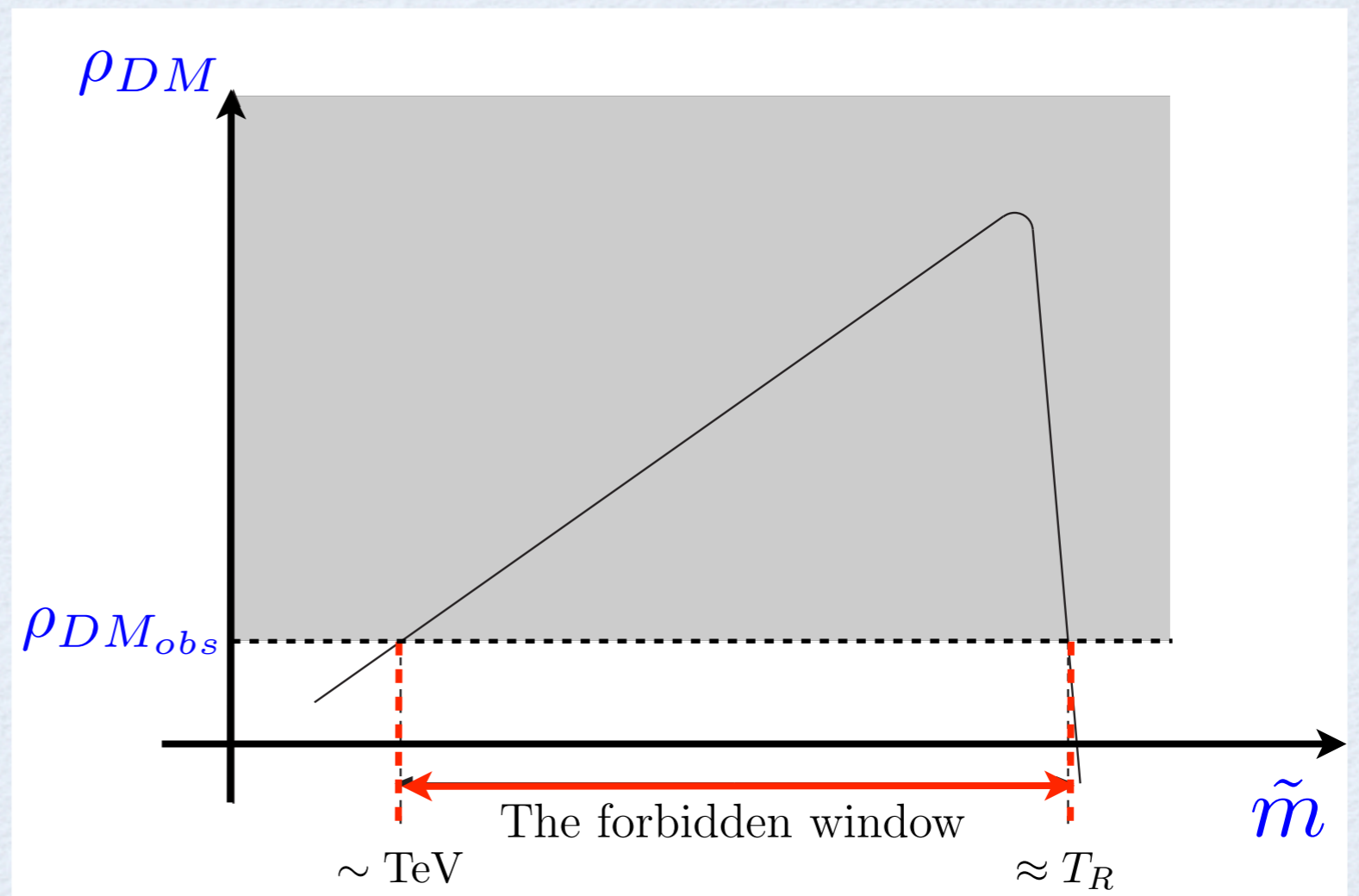
$$\tilde{m} \sim \text{TeV}$$

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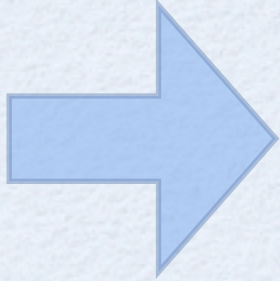


$$\tilde{m} \sim \text{TeV}$$

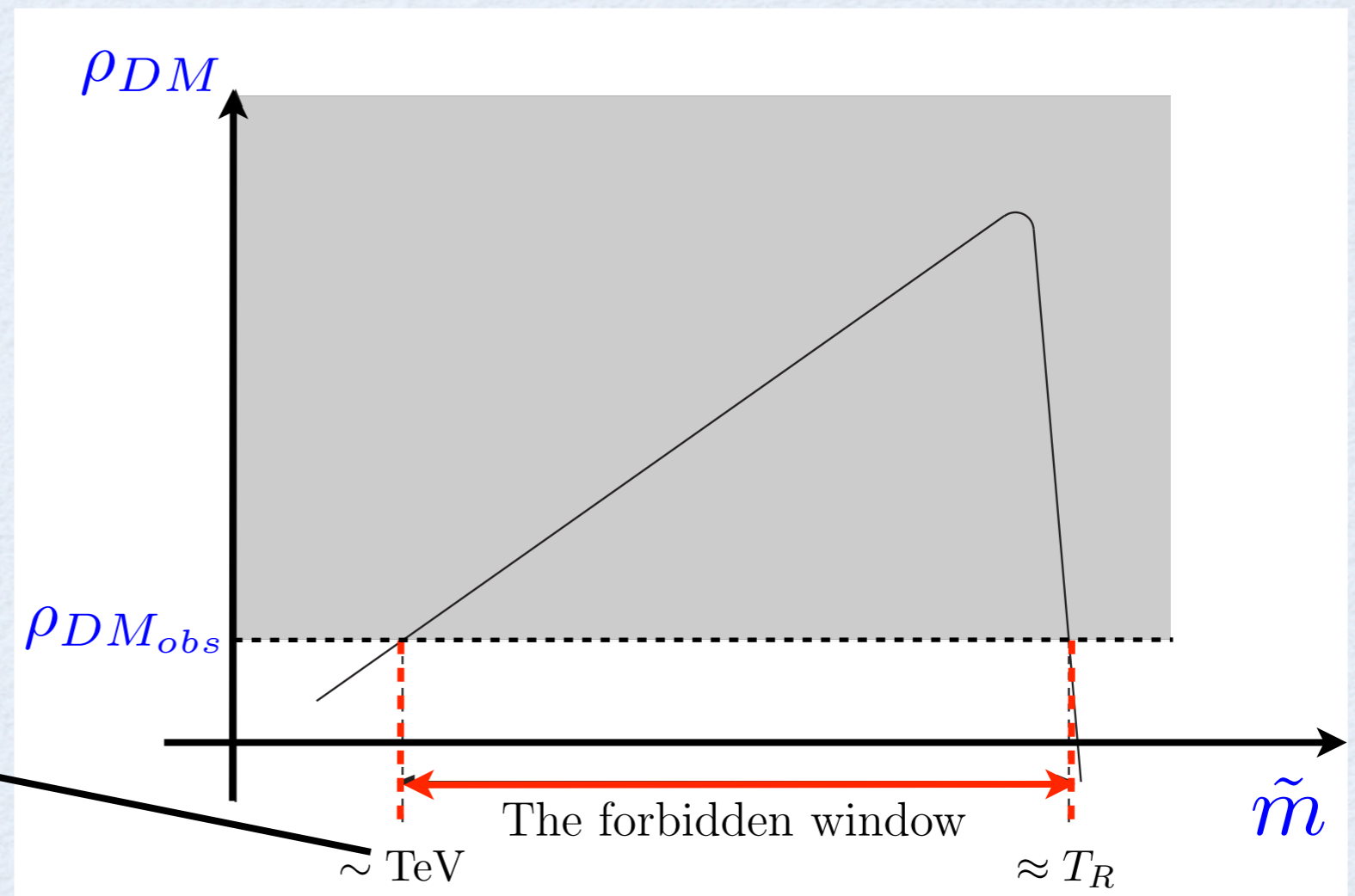


TeV Scale from Cosmological Abundance

- R parity
- $\tilde{m} < T_R$
- LSP is a SM superpartner
- No dilution


$$\tilde{m} \sim \text{TeV}$$

$$\tilde{m} \sim \alpha \sqrt{T_{eq} M_{Pl}}$$



Current Limits on Bino/Higgsino DM

Parameter space

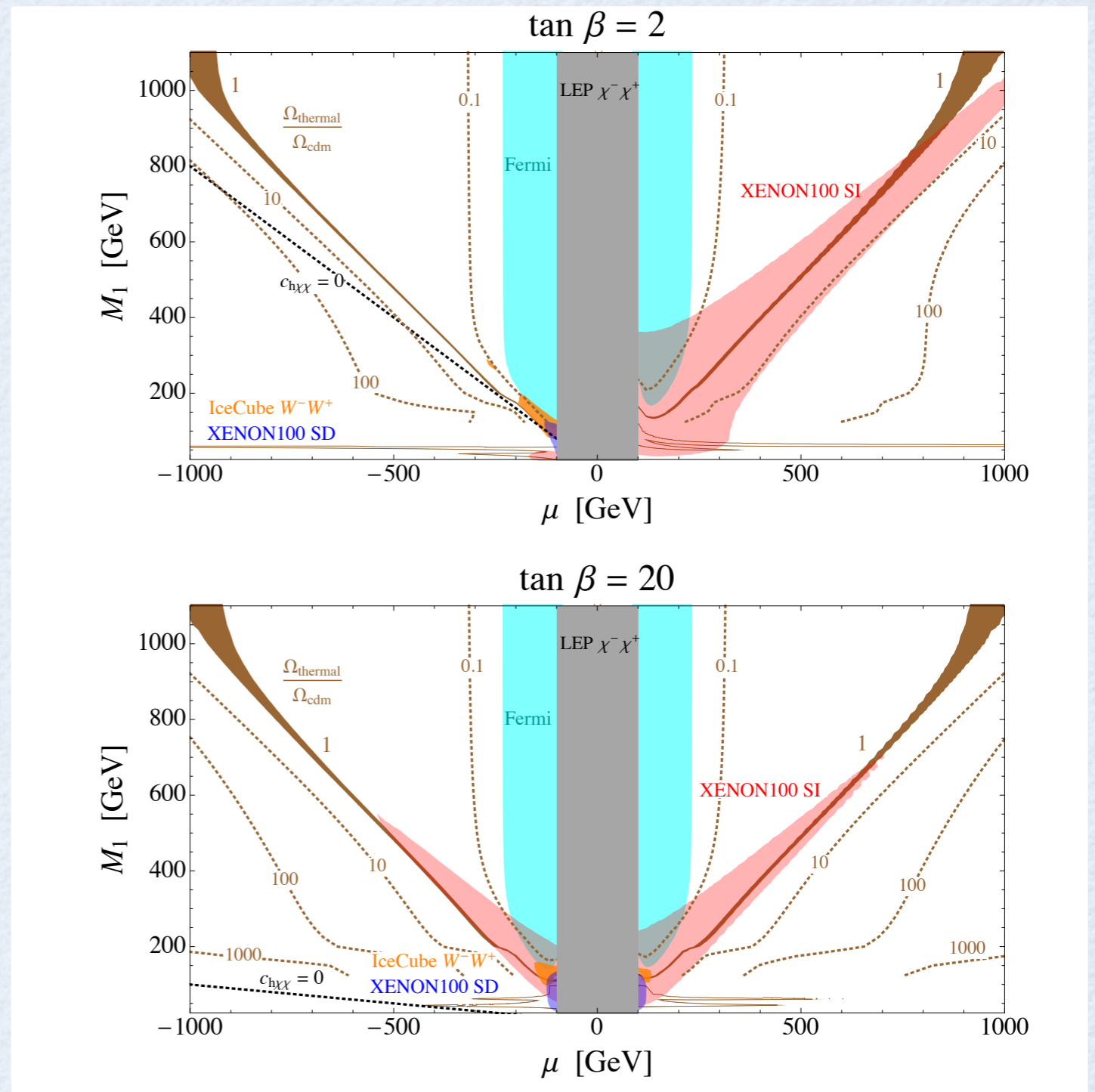
$$(M_1, \mu, \tan \beta)$$

Assume

$$\Omega_{LSP} = \Omega_{obs}$$

“Blind Spot”

$$c_{h\chi\chi} \propto M_1 + \mu \sin 2\beta$$



Future Probes of Bino/Higgsino DM

Parameter space

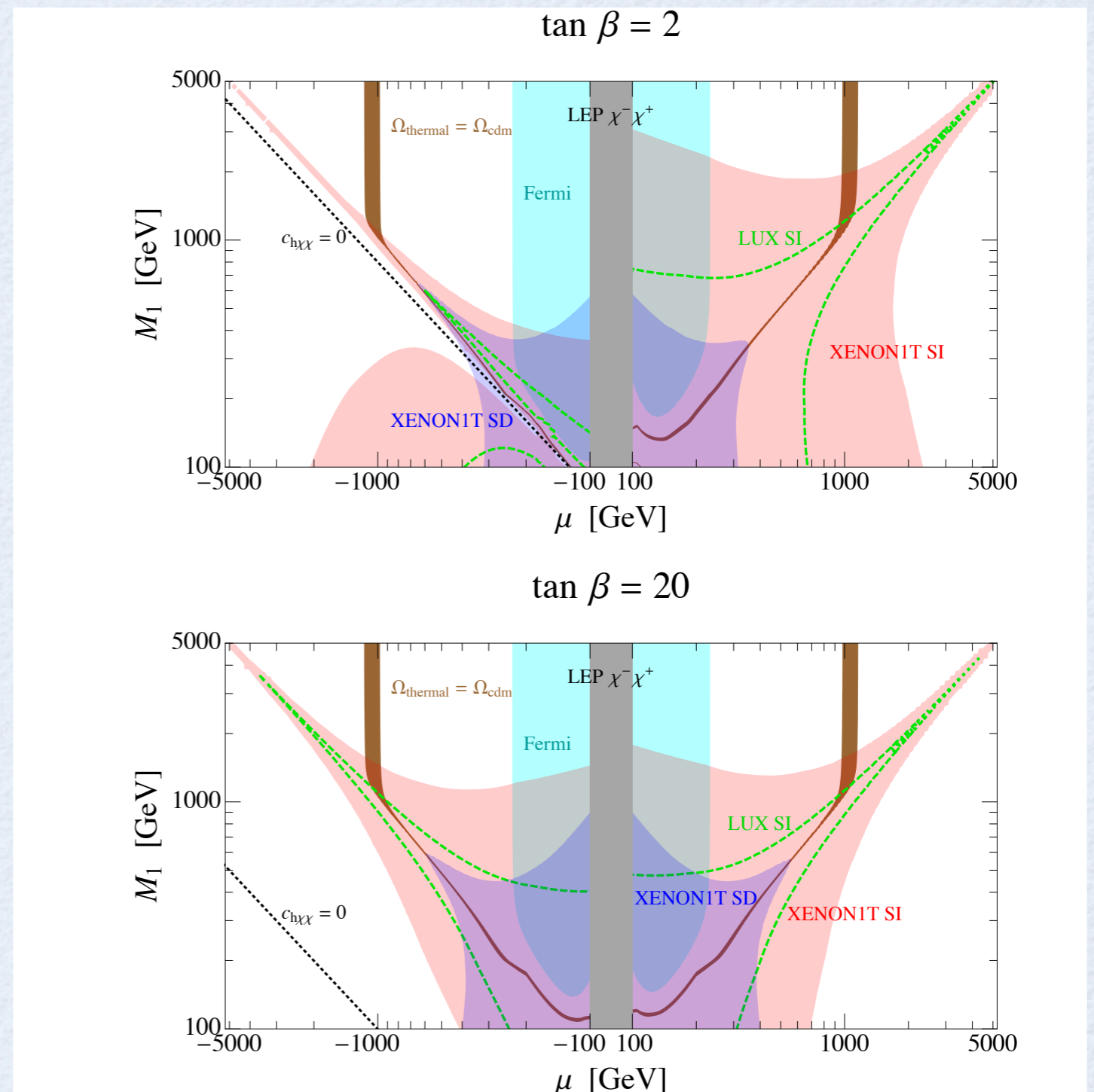
$$(M_1, \mu, \tan \beta)$$

Assume

$$\Omega_{LSP} = \Omega_{obs}$$

“Blind Spot”

$$c_{h\chi\chi} \propto M_1 + \mu \sin 2\beta$$



Bino/Higgsino DM from Freeze-out

Assume

$$\Omega_{LSP}^{FO} = \Omega_{obs}$$

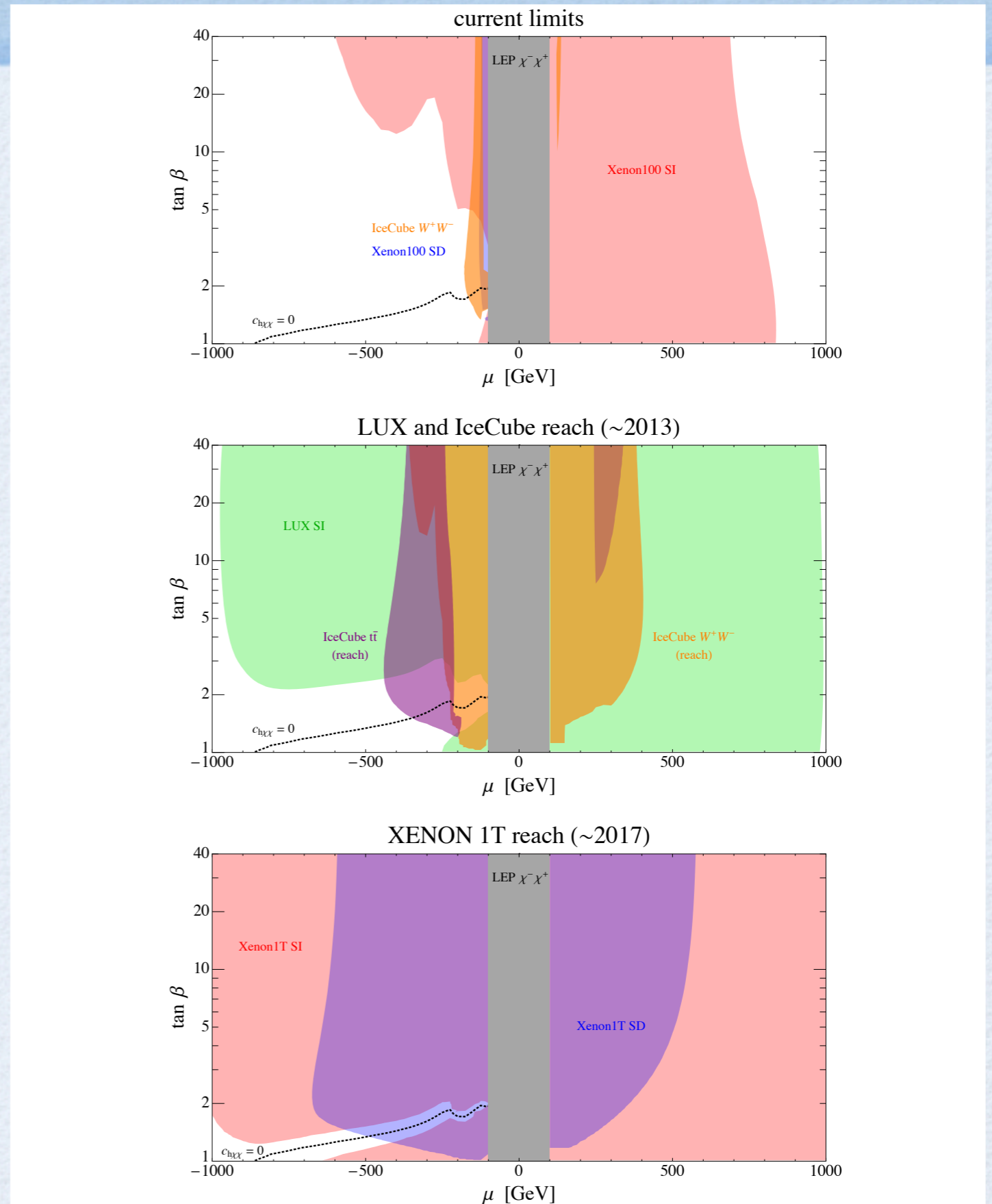
Parameter space

$$(M_1, \mu, \tan \beta) \rightarrow (\mu, \tan \beta)$$

“Blind Spot”

$$c_{h\chi\chi} \propto M_1 + \mu \sin 2\beta$$

Cliff Cheung, David Pinner, Josh Ruderman, LJH
1210...



LSP Dark Matter Summary

- Cosmological abundance of LSP provides independent argument for $\tilde{m} \sim \text{TeV}$
- For freeze-out (bino / Higgsino and bino / wino)

Current experiments

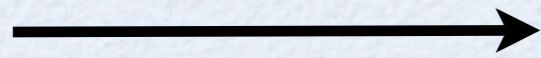
have removed about half the space

LUX and Xenon1T

will explore most of the space

(III) TeV Susy

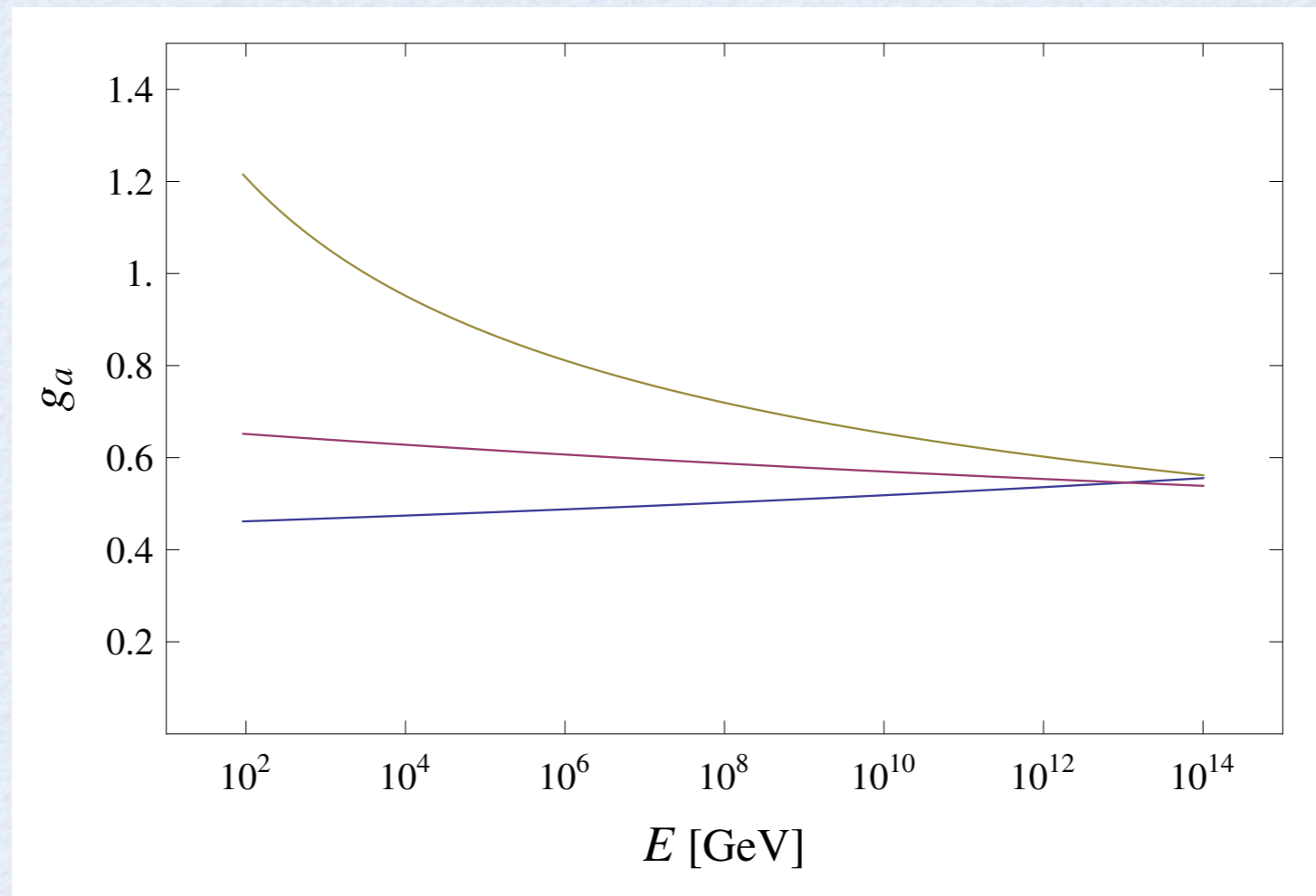
- Dark Matter



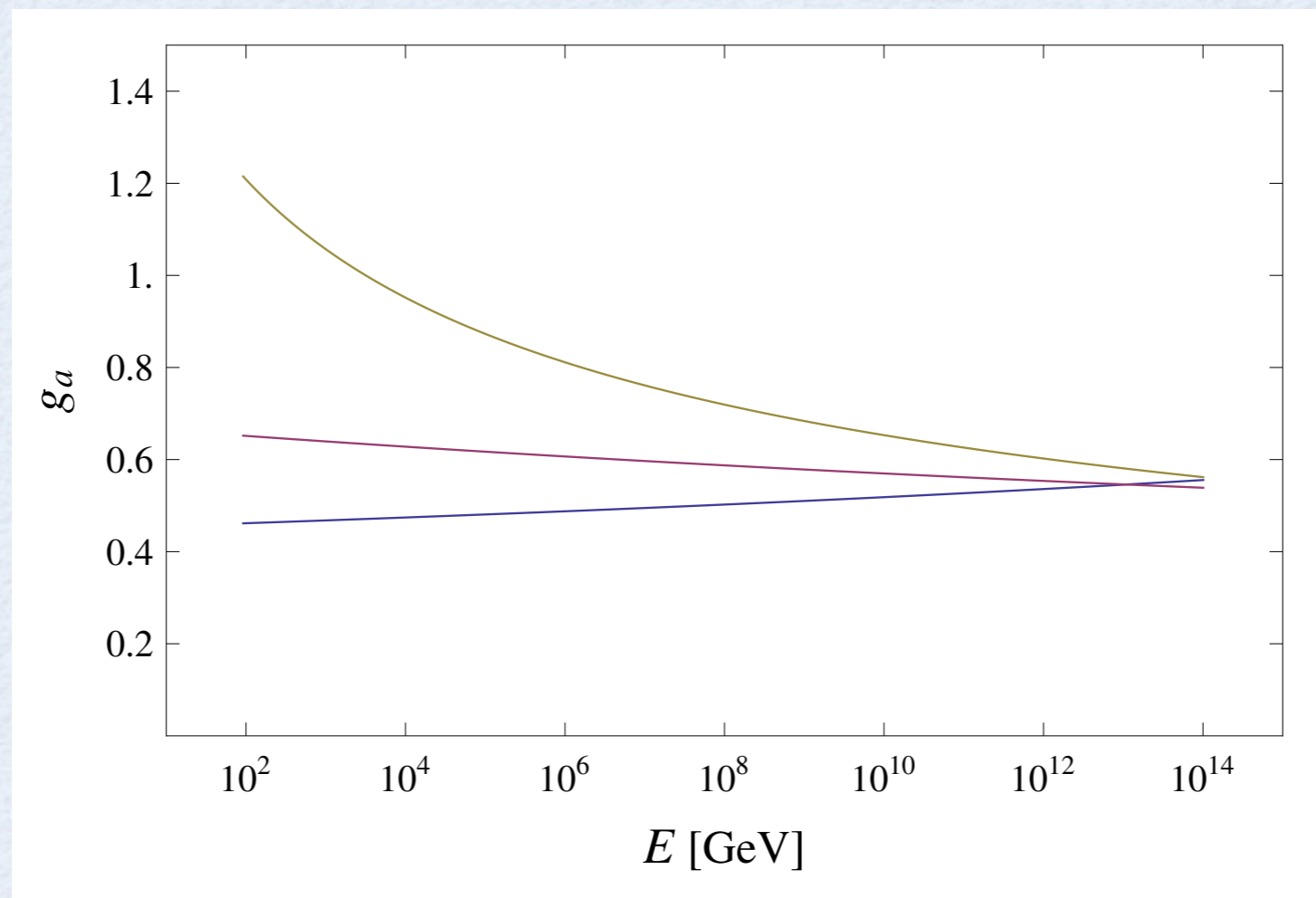
- Coupling Unification

- Spread Susy

Gauge Coupling Unification



Gauge Coupling Unification



occurs in the Standard Model!

Weak scale susy improves the precision:

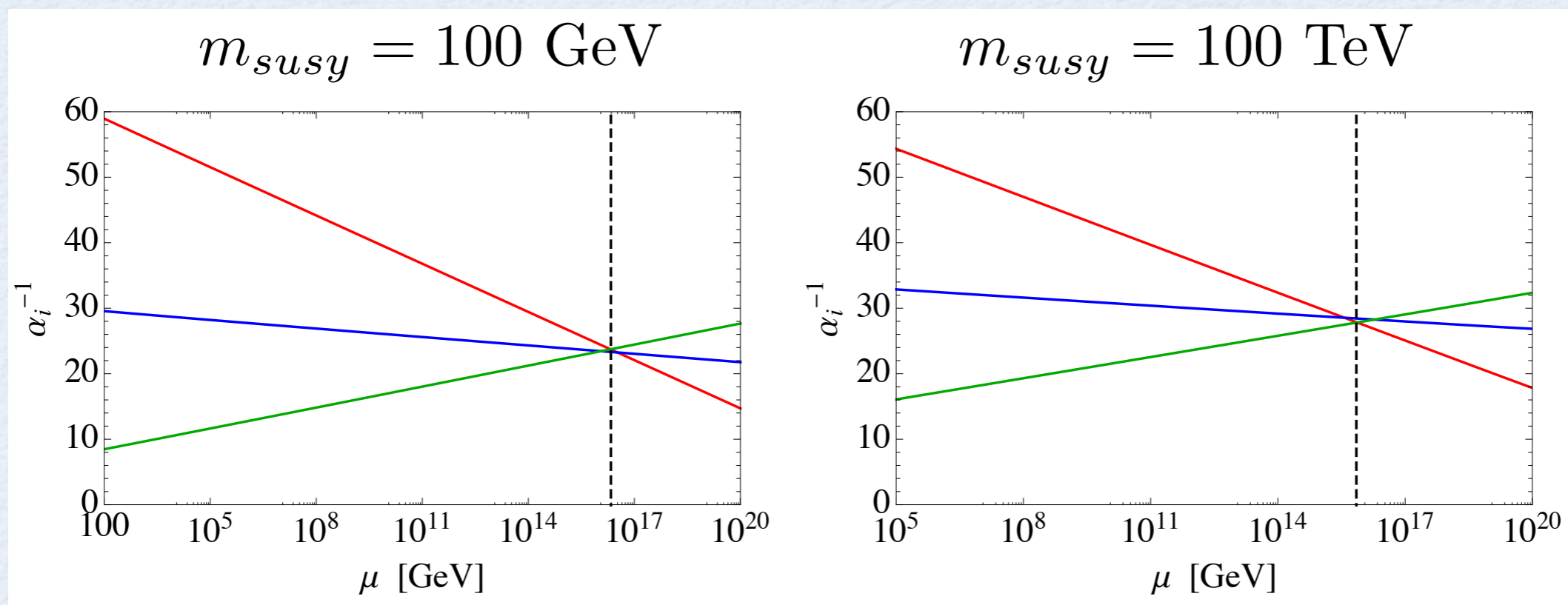
$$\epsilon_g = 0.12 \quad \rightarrow \quad \epsilon_g = 0.014$$

Gauge Coupling Unification

Weak scale susy improves the precision:

$$\epsilon_g = 0.12 \quad \rightarrow \quad \epsilon_g = 0.014$$

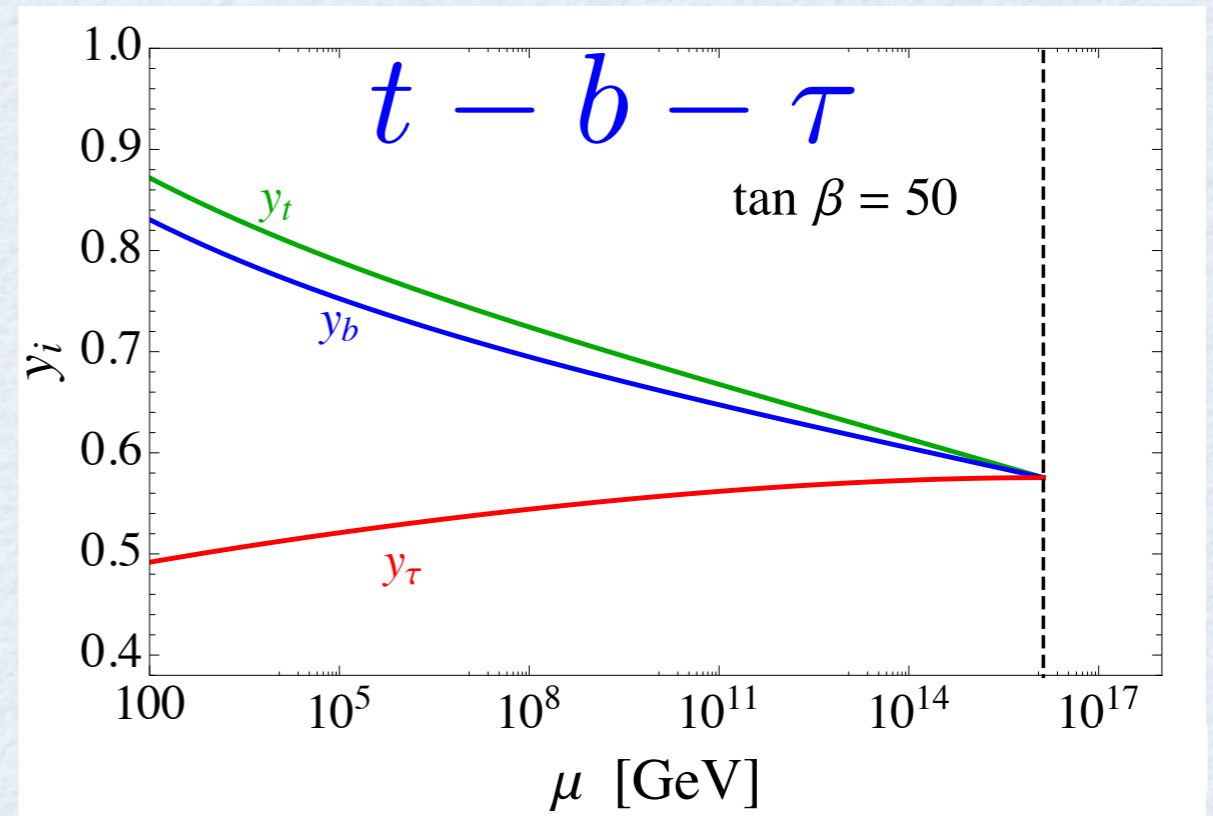
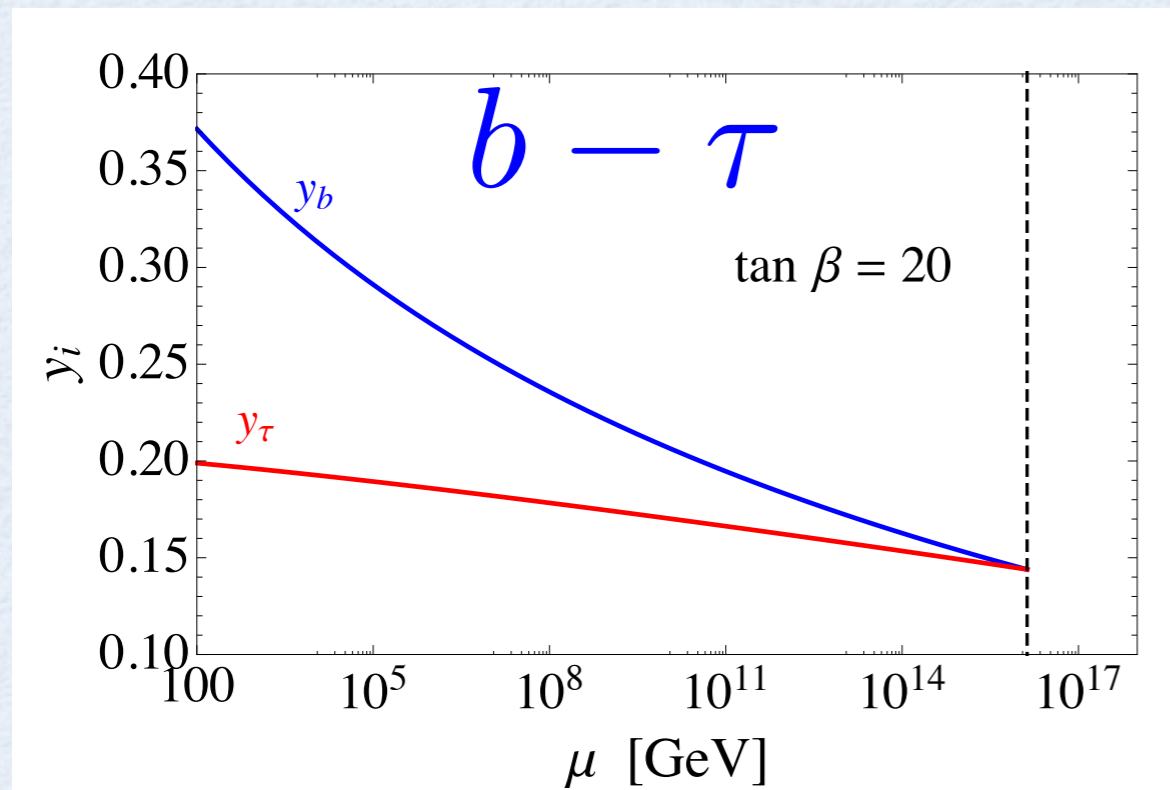
But does not usefully constrain the superparticle masses



$$\epsilon_g = 0.014 \quad \rightarrow \quad \epsilon_g = 0.017$$

Logarithmic evolution!

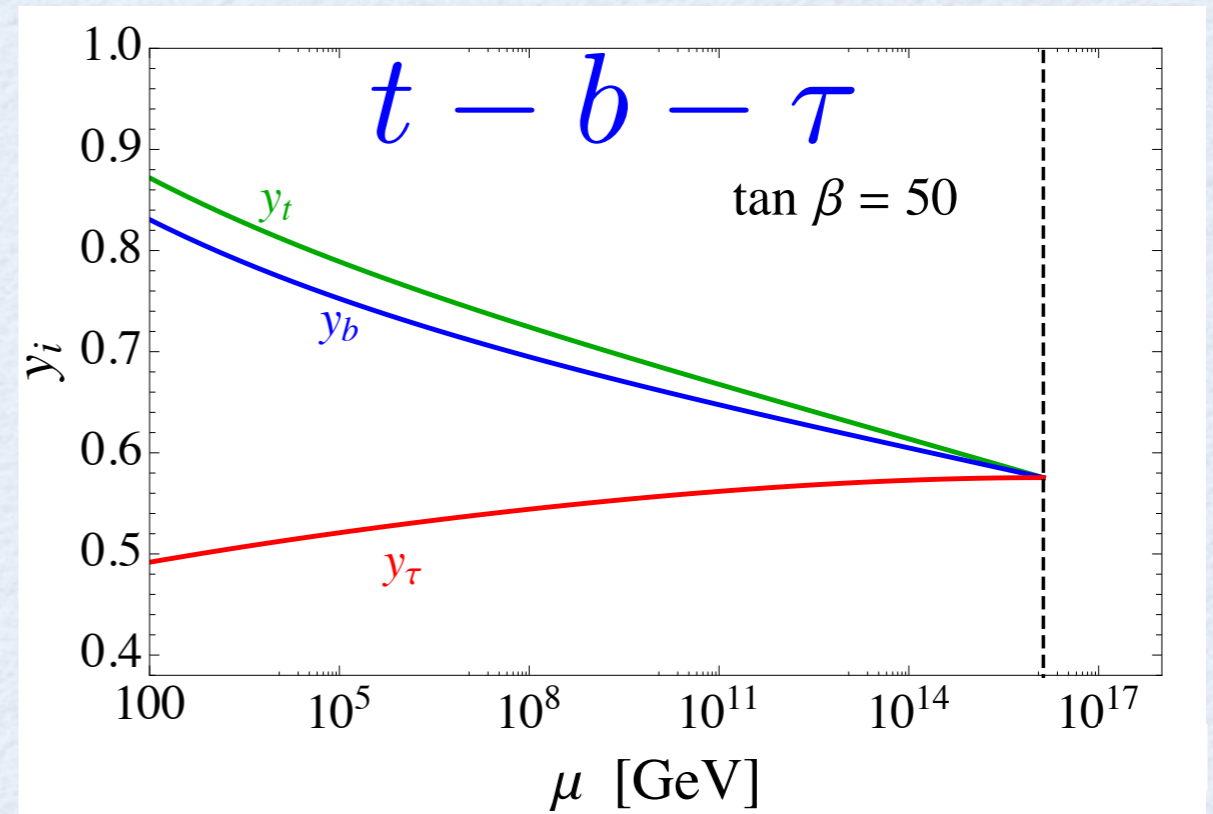
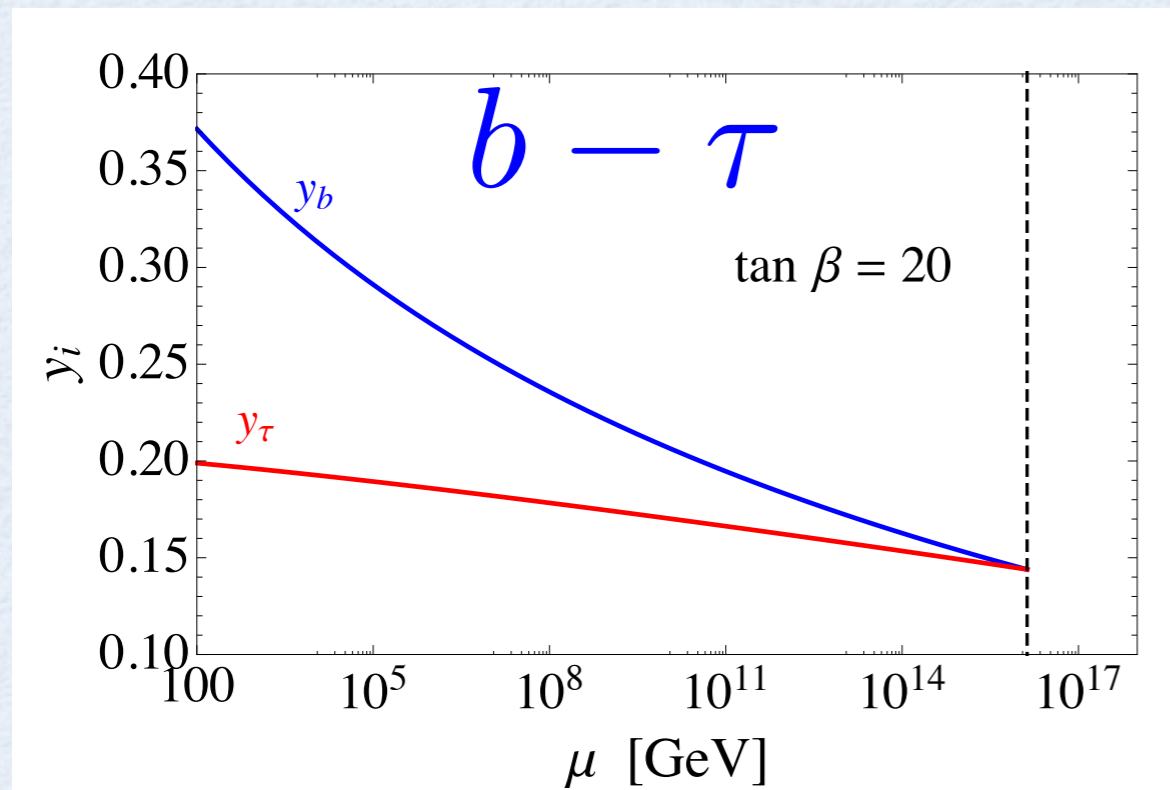
Yukawa Coupling Unification



Once again, weak scale susy improves the precision

$$\epsilon_g = 0.60 \quad \rightarrow \quad \delta_b^{fin} = 0.12$$

Yukawa Coupling Unification



Once again, weak scale susy improves the precision

$$\epsilon_g = 0.60 \quad \rightarrow \quad \delta_b^{fin} = 0.12$$

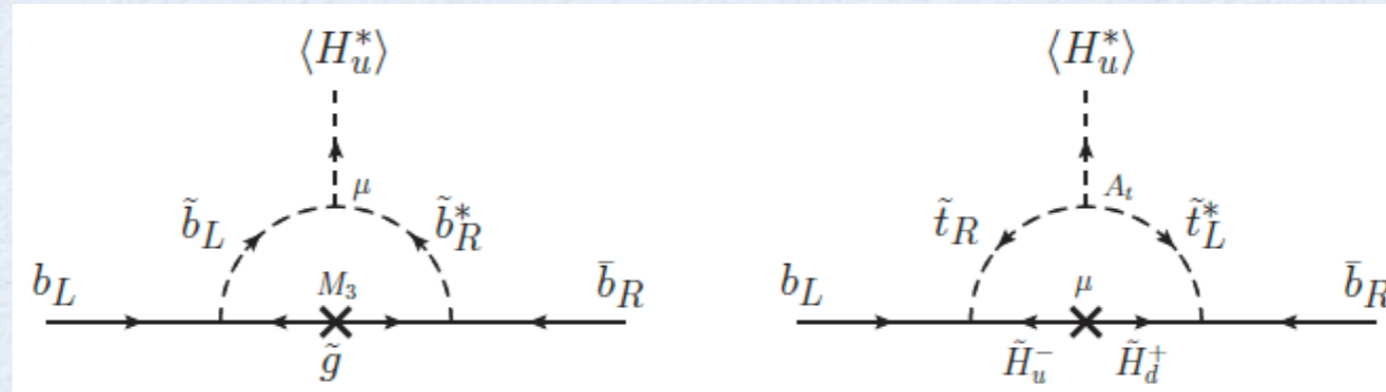
Yukawas span 6 decades:

Is b/τ a hint?

Constraining \tilde{m}

Gilly Elor, David Pinner, Josh Ruderman, LJH 1206.5301

δ_b^{fin}



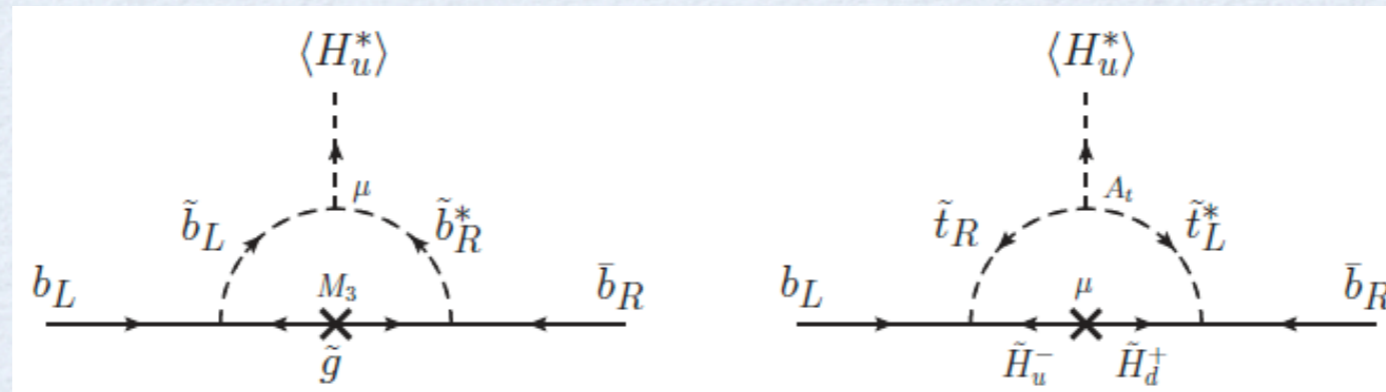
$$\delta_b^{fin} = -\frac{g_3^2}{12\pi^2} \frac{\mu M_3}{m_{\tilde{b}}^2} \tan \beta - \frac{y_t^2}{32\pi^2} \frac{\mu A_t}{m_{\tilde{t}}^2} \tan \beta$$

$$\delta_b^{fin} \propto \frac{\mu}{m_{\tilde{q}}} \tan \beta$$

Constraining \tilde{m}

Gilly Elor, David Pinner, Josh Ruderman, LJH 1206.5301

δ_b^{fin}



$$\delta_b^{fin} = -\frac{g_3^2}{12\pi^2} \frac{\mu M_3}{m_{\tilde{b}}^2} \tan \beta - \frac{y_t^2}{32\pi^2} \frac{\mu A_t}{m_{\tilde{t}}^2} \tan \beta$$

$$\delta_b^{fin} \propto \frac{\mu}{m_{\tilde{q}}} \tan \beta$$

Need large $\tan \beta$

bino/Higgsino LSP
dark matter



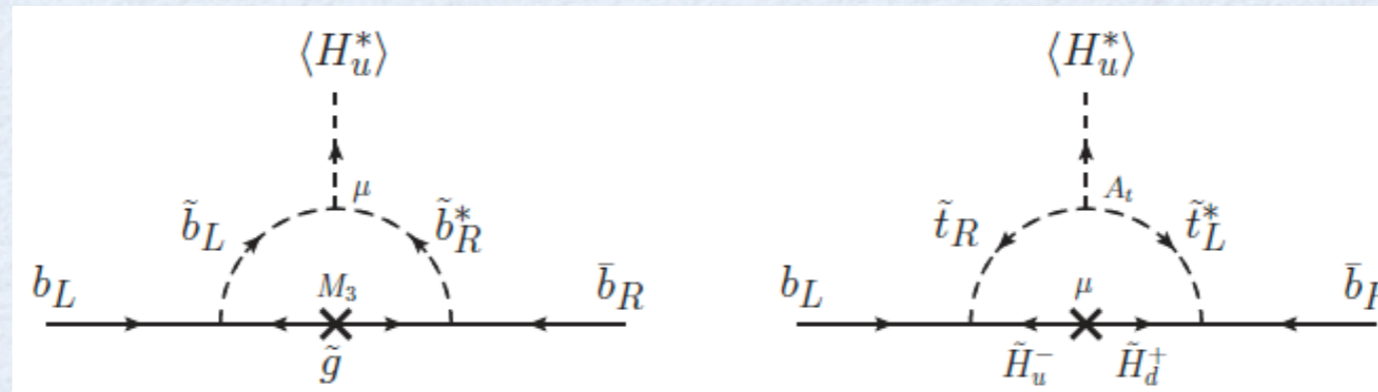
Cannot decouple
squarks

Power law behavior!

Constraining \tilde{m}

Gilly Elor, David Pinner, Josh Ruderman, LJH 1206.5301

δ_b^{fin}



$$\delta_b^{fin} = -\frac{g_3^2}{12\pi^2} \frac{\mu M_3}{m_{\tilde{b}}^2} \tan \beta - \frac{y_t^2}{32\pi^2} \frac{\mu A_t}{m_{\tilde{t}}^2} \tan \beta$$

$$\delta_b^{fin} \propto \frac{\mu}{m_{\tilde{q}}} \tan \beta$$

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Cannot decouple
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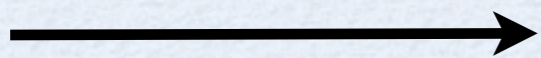


$$m_{\tilde{q}} < 10 \text{ TeV} \frac{\tan \beta}{50}$$

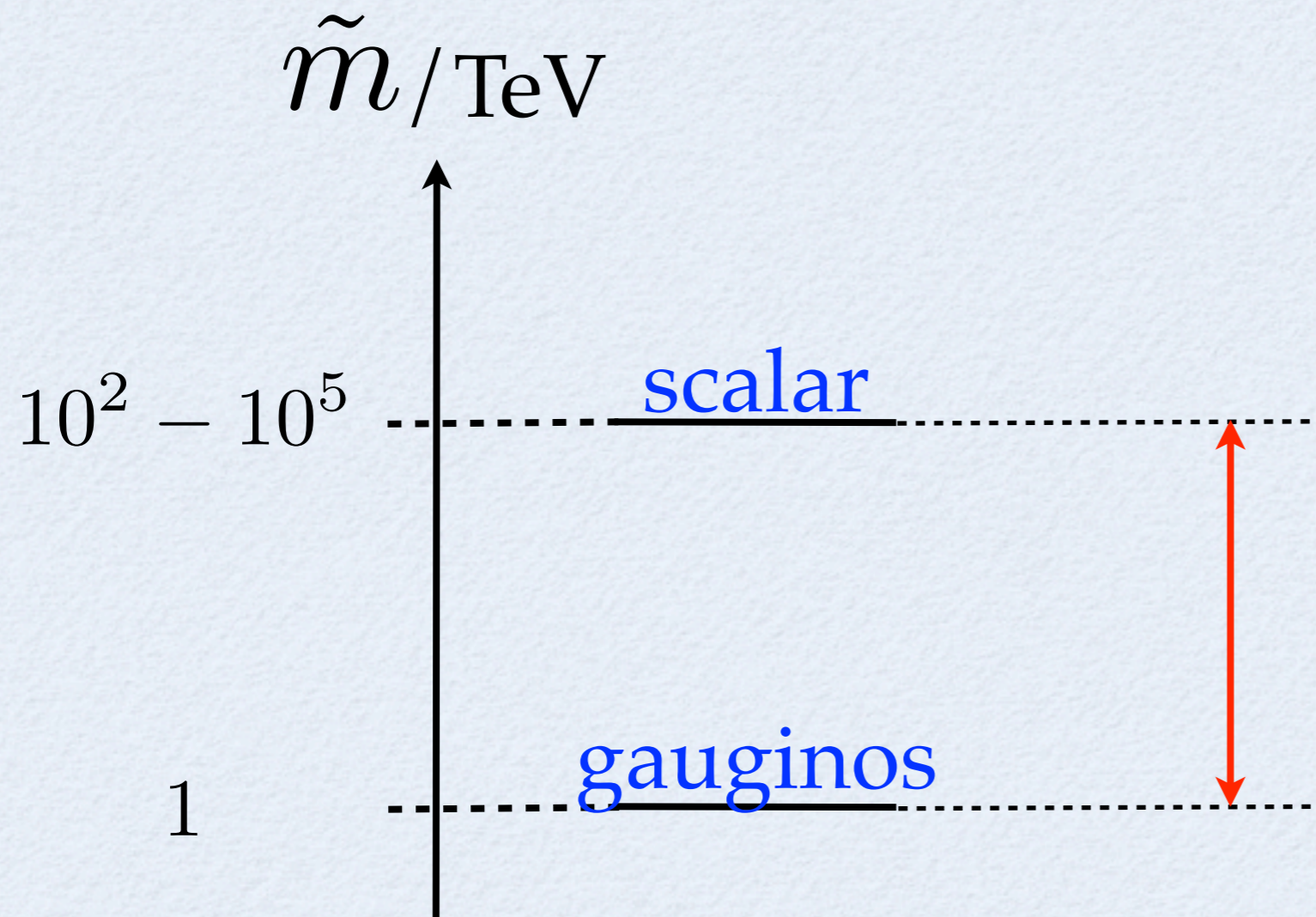
Power law behavior!

(III) TeV Susy

- Dark Matter
- Coupling Unification
- Spread Susy



A Mildly Split Spectrum



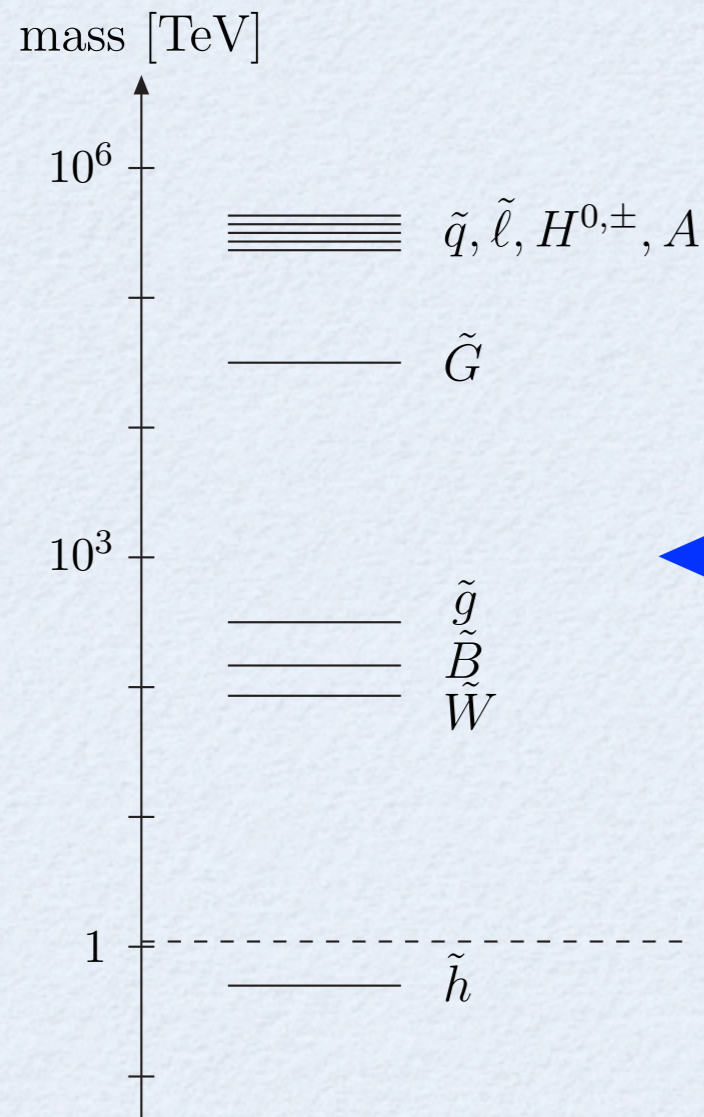
Spread SUSY

1. 1-loop gaugino masses from Anomaly Mediation

2. $\frac{M_{Fund}}{M_{Pl}} \sim 1 - 10^{-2}$

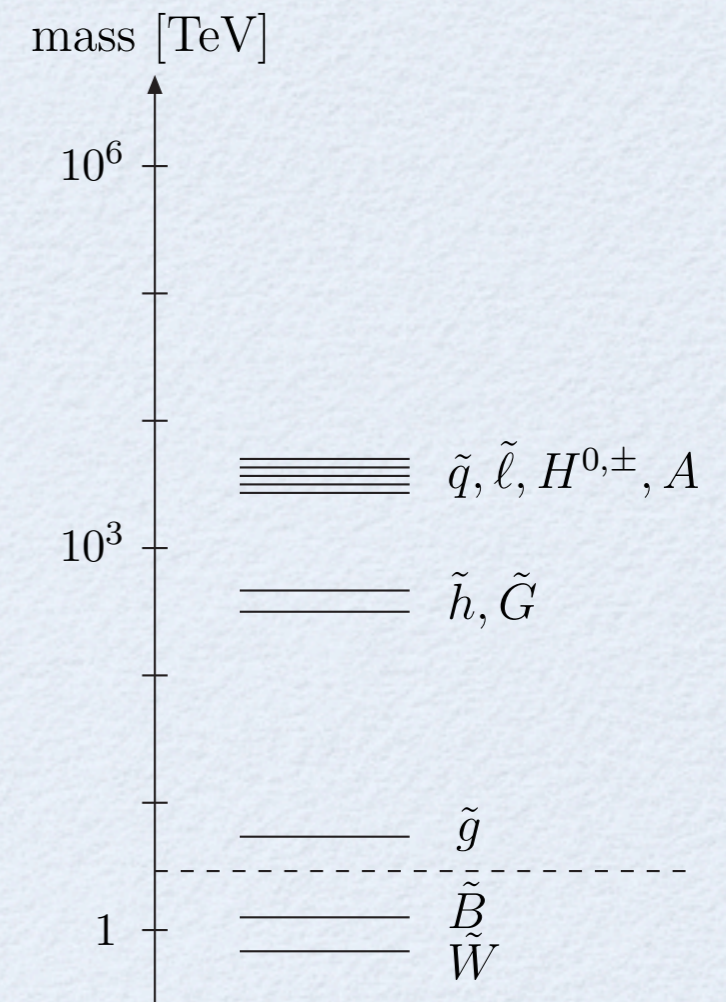
Two Versions

Higgsino LSP



Yasunori Nomura, LJH 1111.4519

Wino LSP

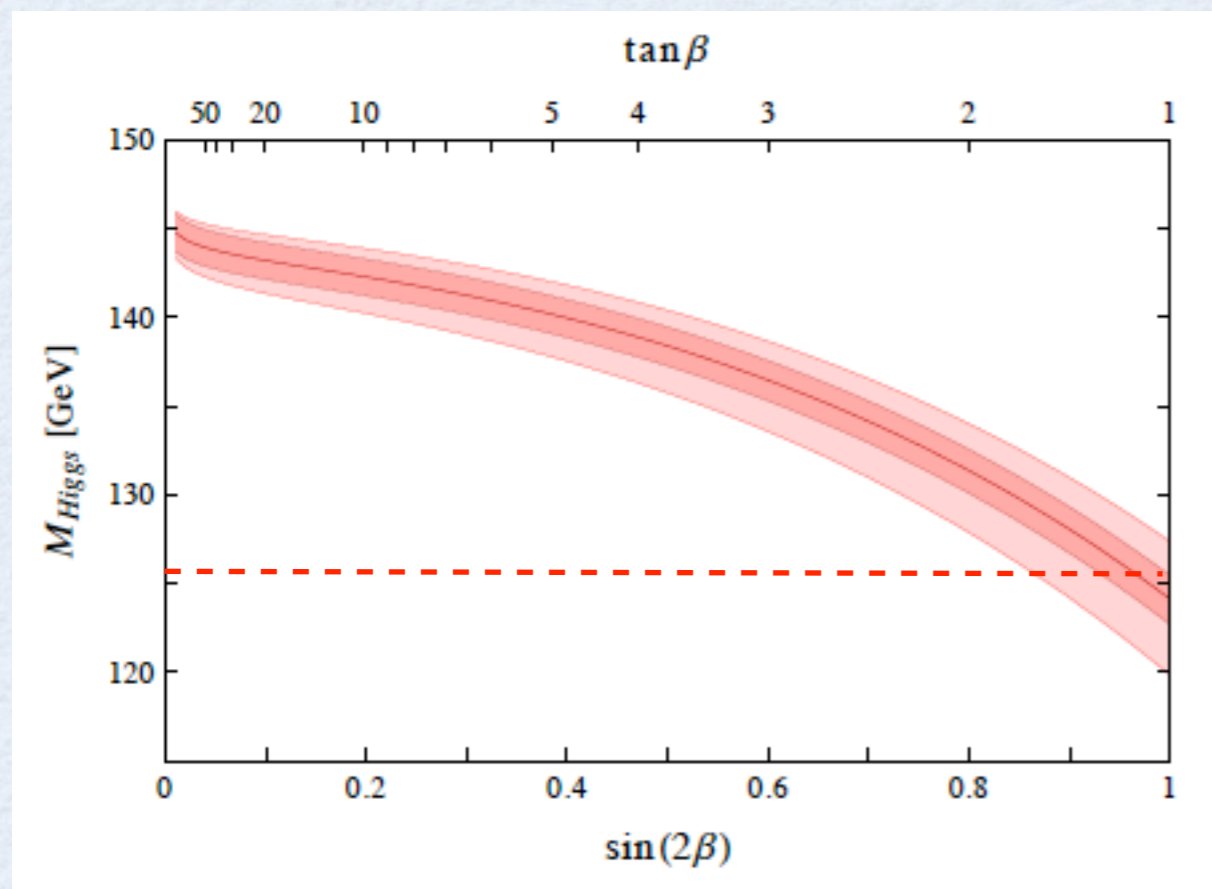


Giudice, Luty, Murayama, Rattazzi
hep-ph/9810442

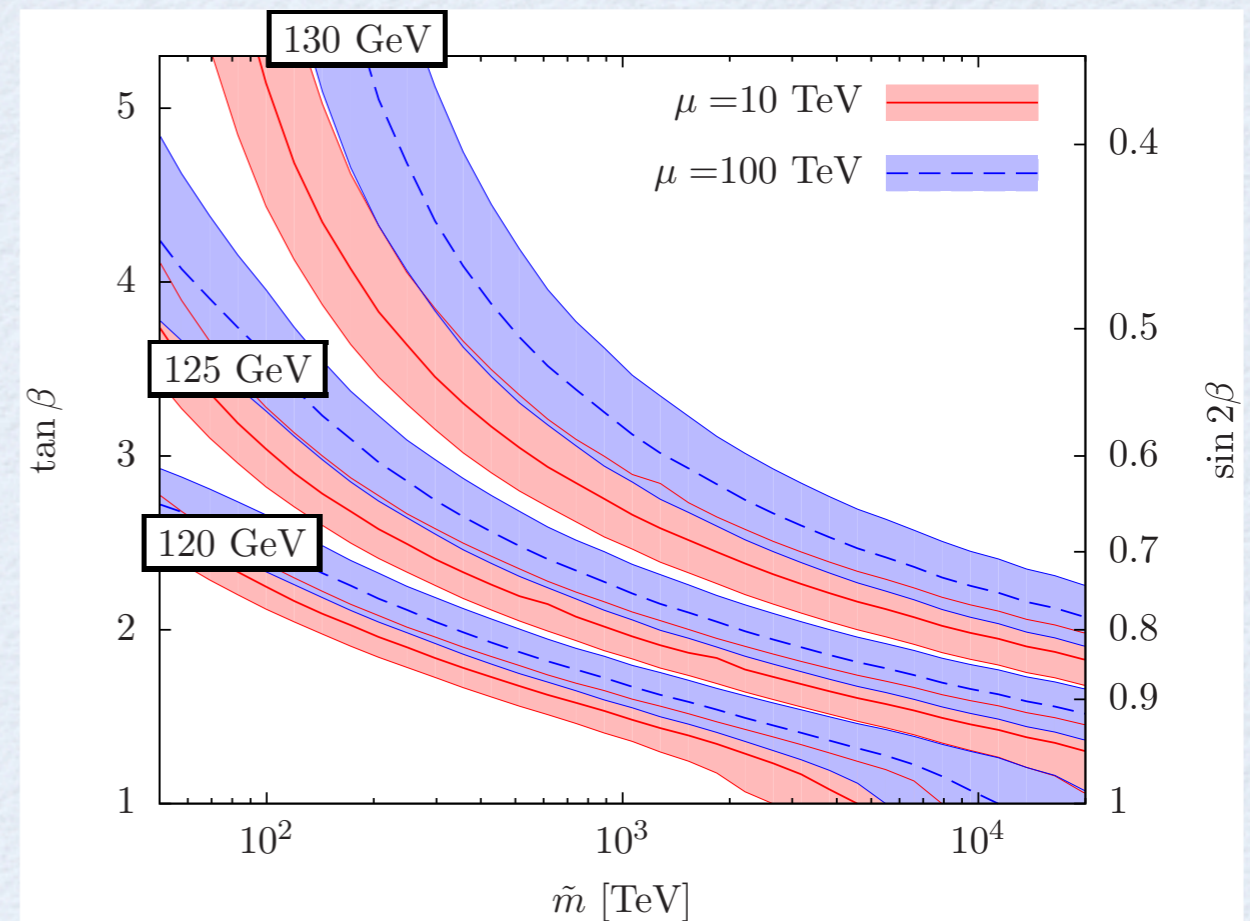
Wells hep-ph/0411041
Arkani-Hamed, Delgado,
Giudice ph/0601041

Higgs Mass in Spread SUSY

Higgsino LSP



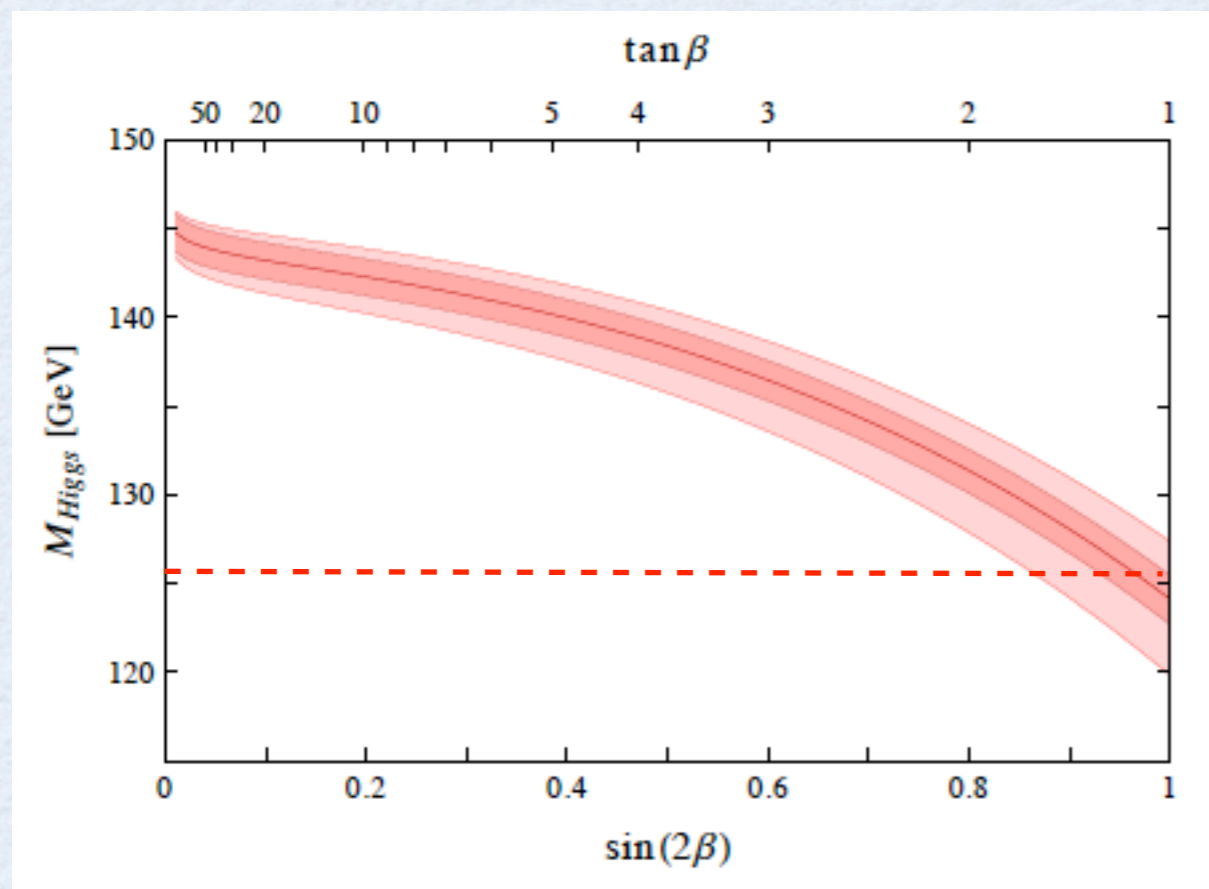
Wino LSP



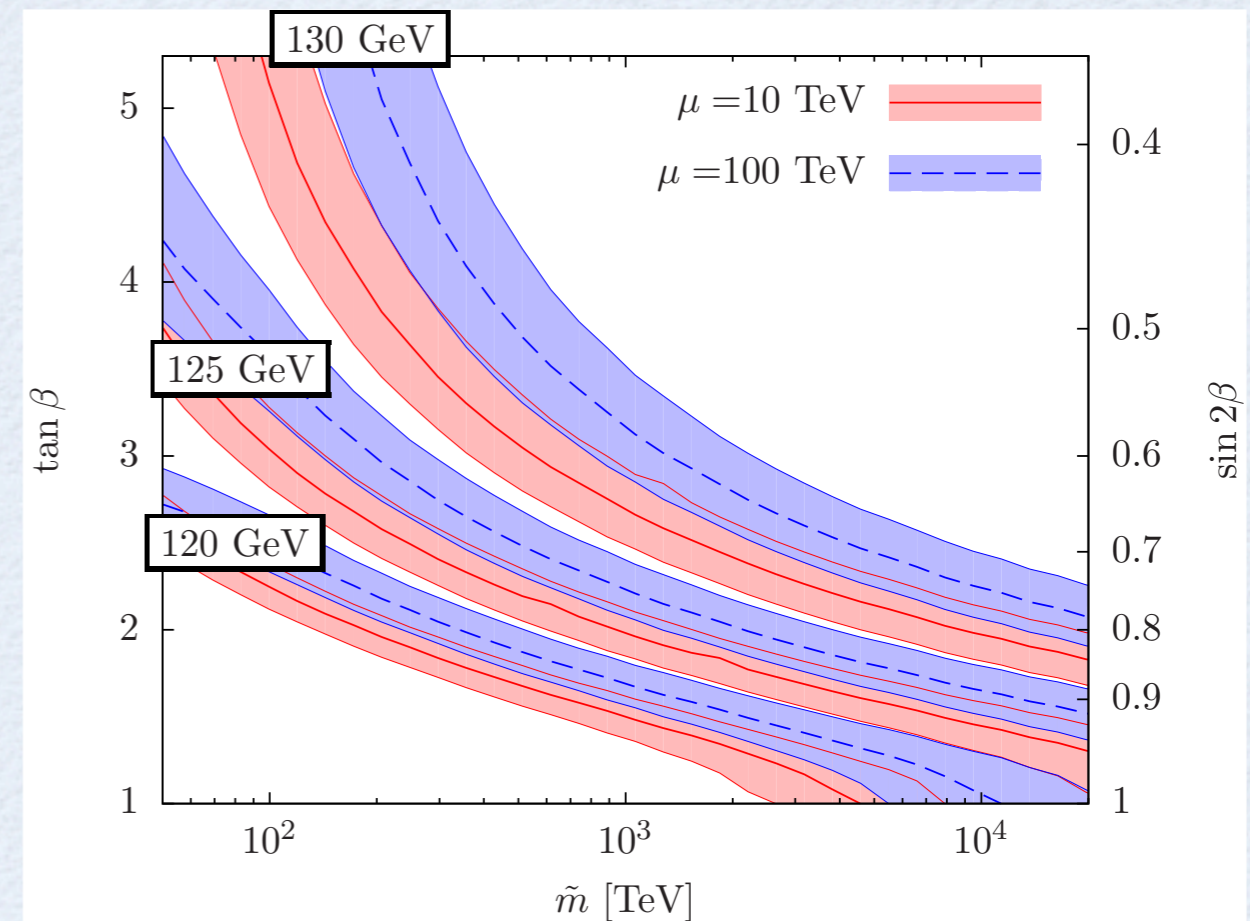
$$\delta m_t = 1 \text{ GeV}$$

Higgs Mass in Spread SUSY

Higgsino LSP

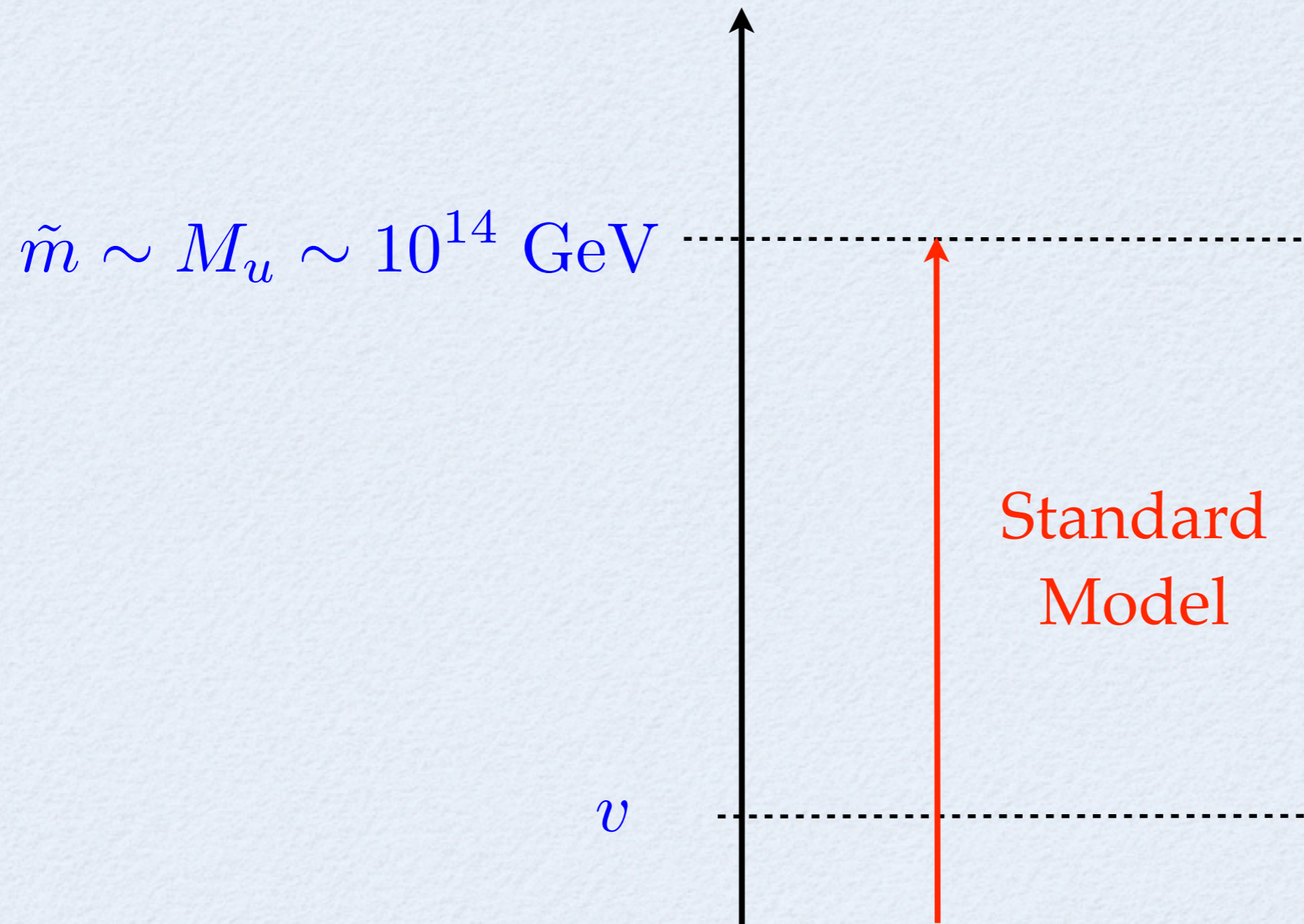


Wino LSP



$$\delta m_t = 1 \text{ GeV}$$

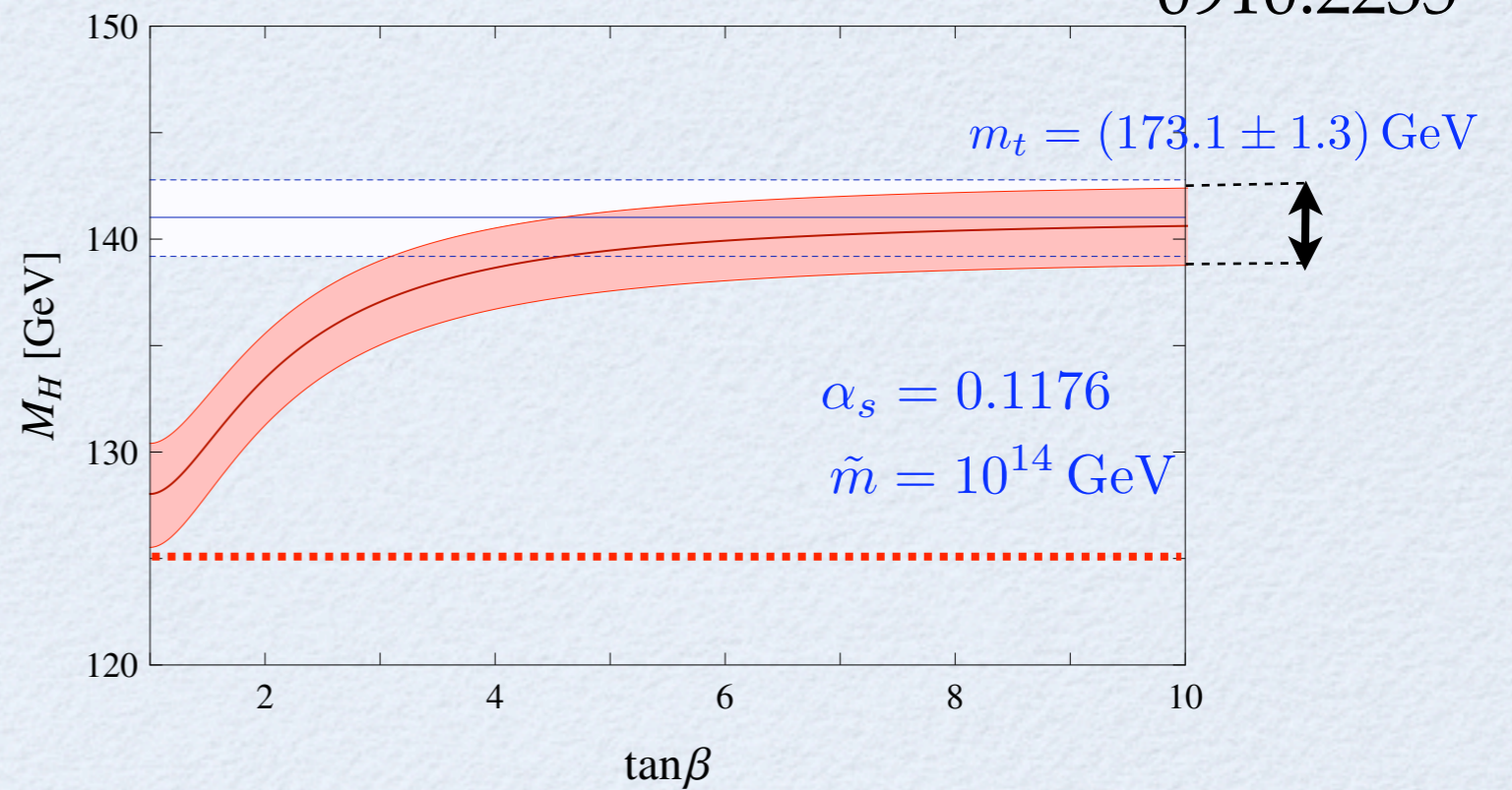
(IV) High Scale Susy



Higgs Mass

$$\lambda(\tilde{m}) = \frac{g^2(\tilde{m}) + g'^2(\tilde{m})}{8} \cos^2 2\beta$$

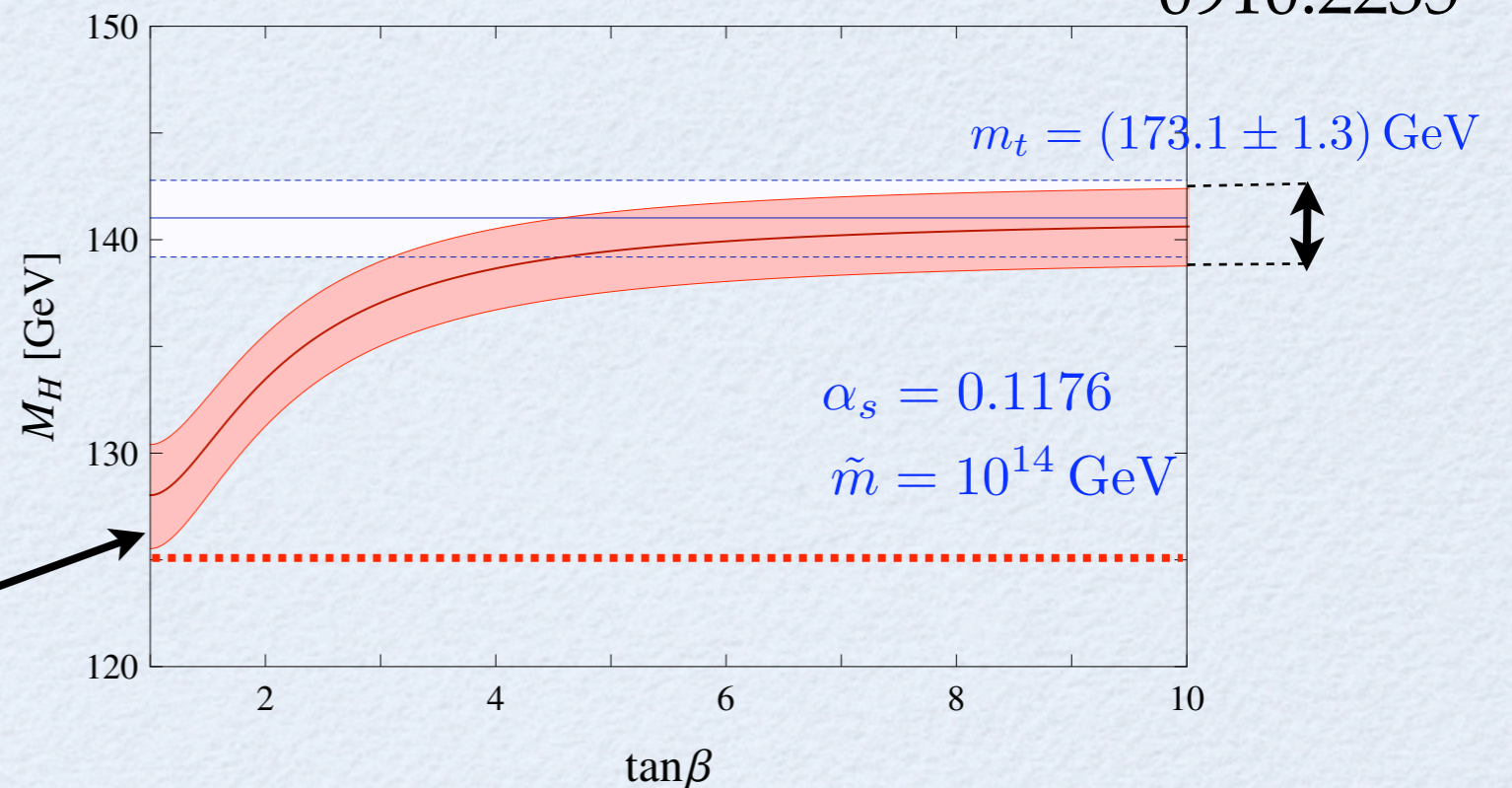
Hall, Nomura
0910.2235



Higgs Mass

$$\lambda(\tilde{m}) = \frac{g^2(\tilde{m}) + g'^2(\tilde{m})}{8} \cos^2 2\beta$$

Hall, Nomura
0910.2235



Uncertainties from

NNLO (1205.6497)

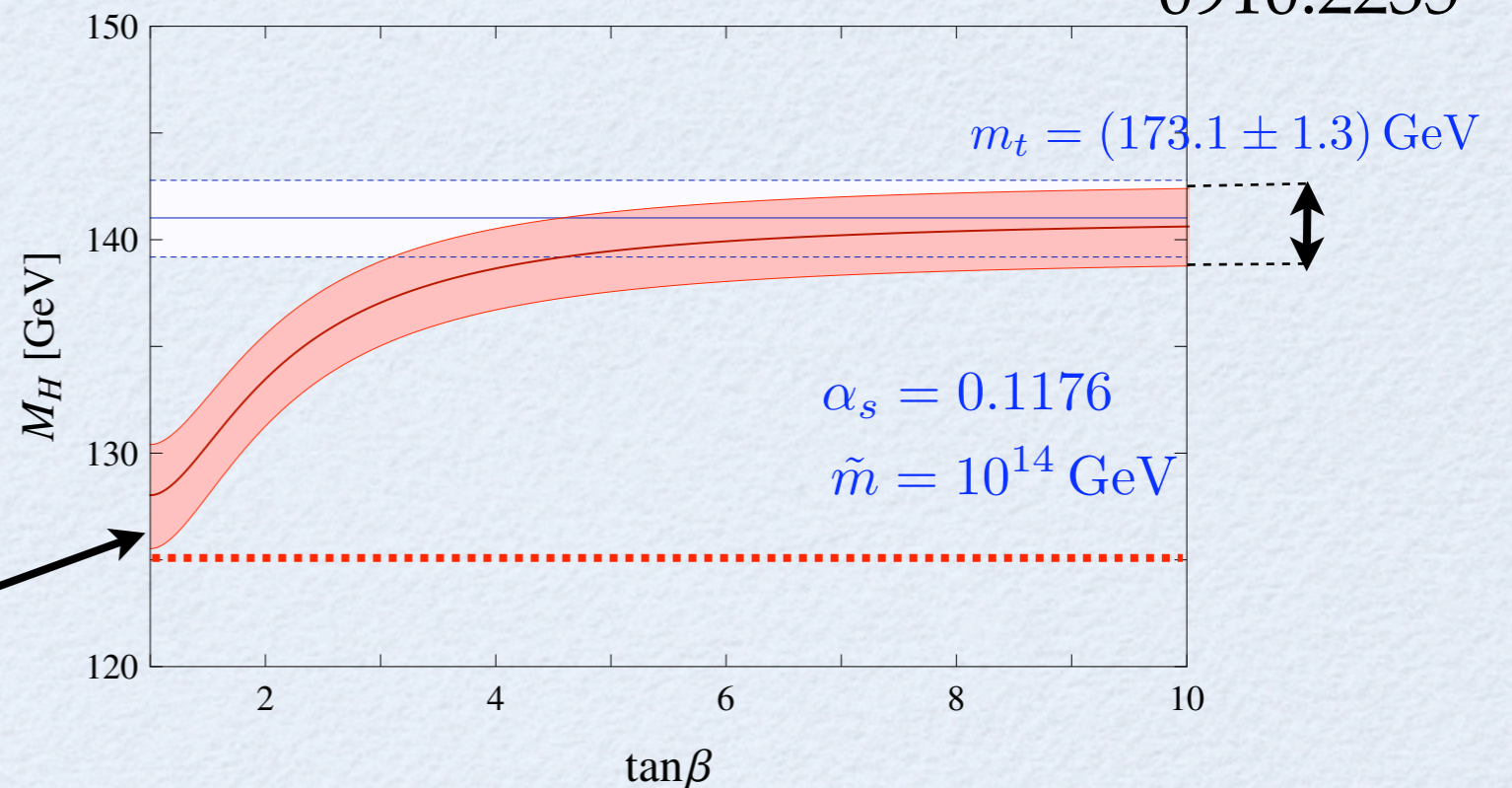
α_s, m_t from experiment (1207.0980)

unified thresholds (not stops)

Higgs Mass

$$\lambda(\tilde{m}) = \frac{g^2(\tilde{m}) + g'^2(\tilde{m})}{8} \cos^2 2\beta$$

Hall, Nomura
0910.2235



Uncertainties from

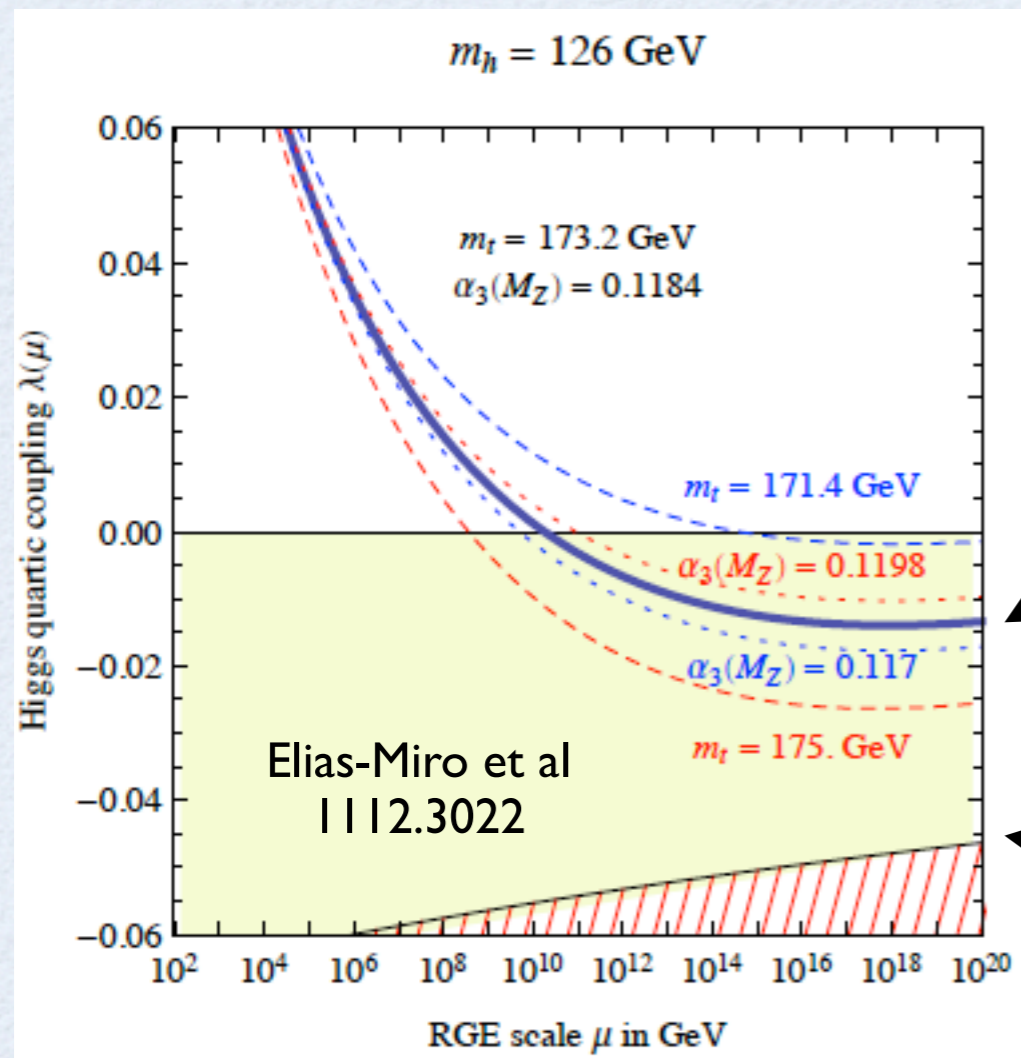
NNLO (1205.6497)

α_s, m_t from experiment (1207.0980)

unified thresholds (not stops)

**An Alarming
Possibility!!**

SM Quartic Trajectory

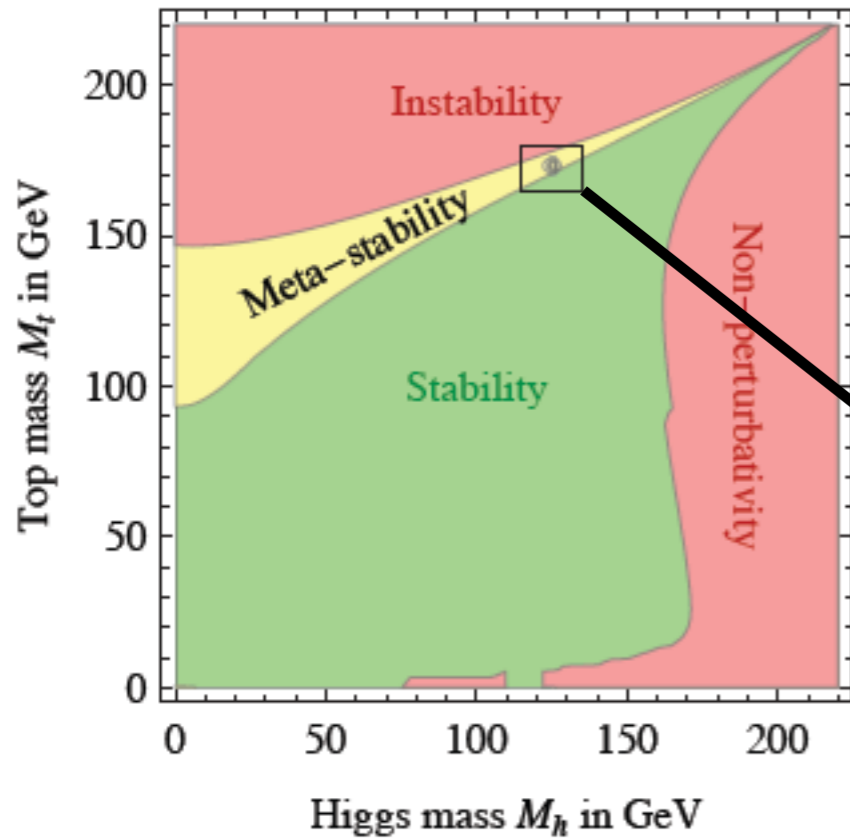


Close to zero

Close to catastrophic vacuum tunneling

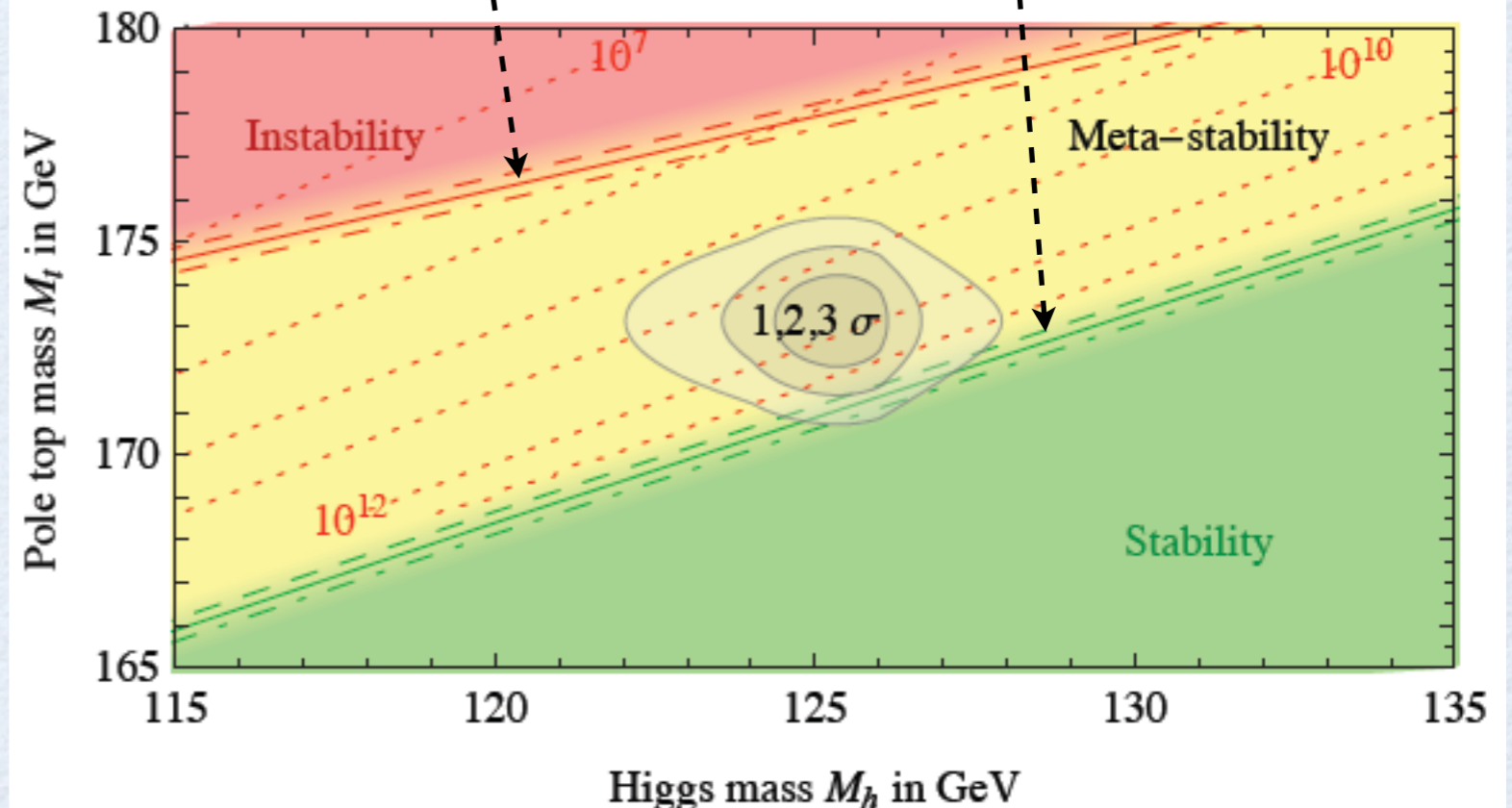
Standard Model Phase Diagram

Degrassi et al 1205.6497



Catastrophic
vacuum tunneling
boundary

$$\lambda(M_{Pl}) = 0$$



Status of SUSY in 2012

MSSM

- Fine tuning is worse than 1 in a 100

Natural Susy

- R parity violation
- Adding S helps
- ...

TeV-scale Susy

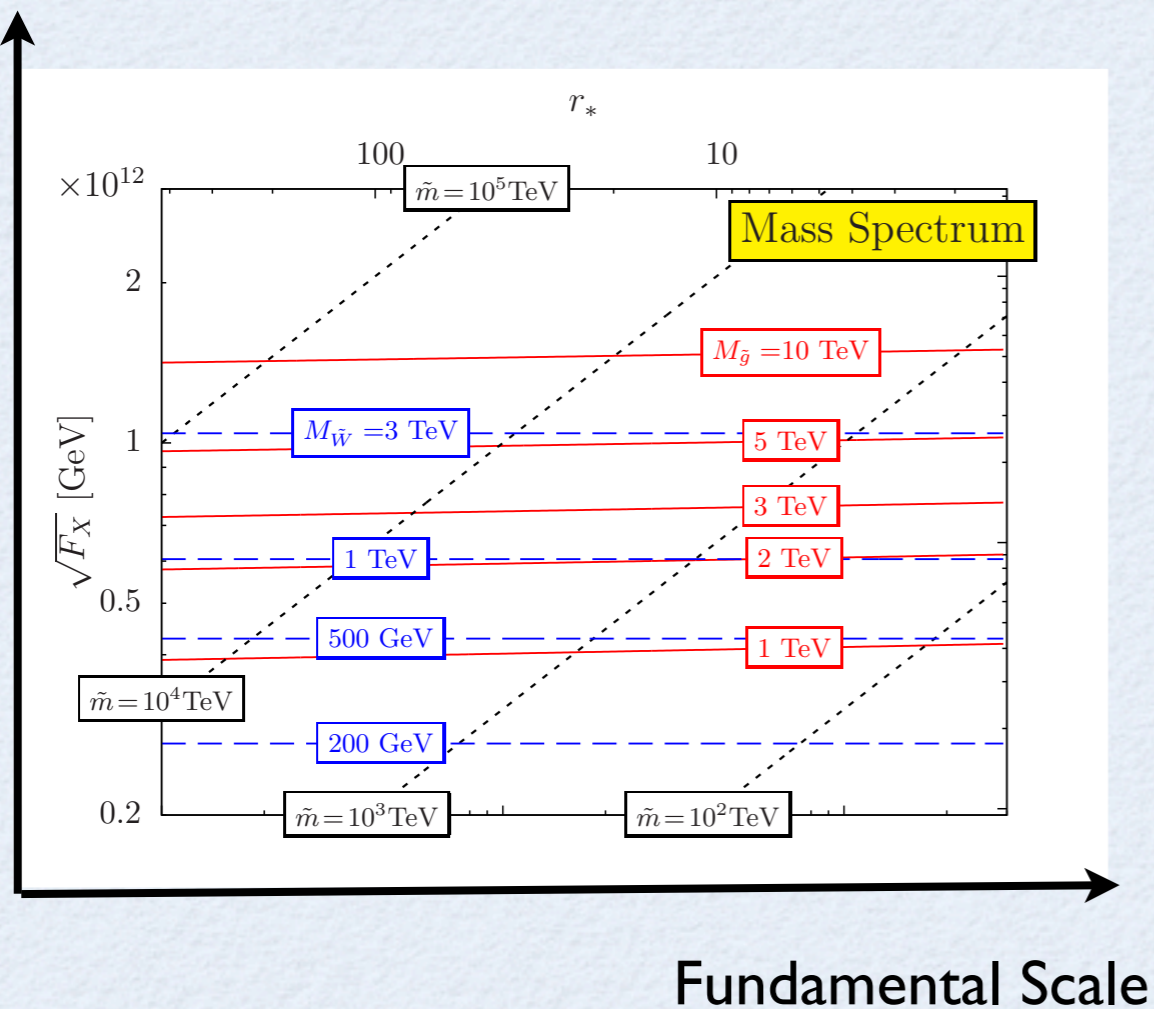
- Dark Matter
- b/τ suggests SUSY at 1-10 TeV
- Moderately Split Spectra like 125 GeV Higgs

High Scale SUSY

- A worry!

Predicted Signals of Spread SUSY

Susy Breaking Scale



(Fixed Higgsino mass)

