

$W\gamma$ production at the LHC at NLOPS accuracy*

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* arXiv:1408.5766

Outline

★ **Basic motivations**

- ▶ Precision test of the Standard Model
- ▶ New physics searches

★ **Method**

- ▶ Simulation of the photon fragmentation contribution using POWHEG+PYTHIA
- ▶ Practical implementation

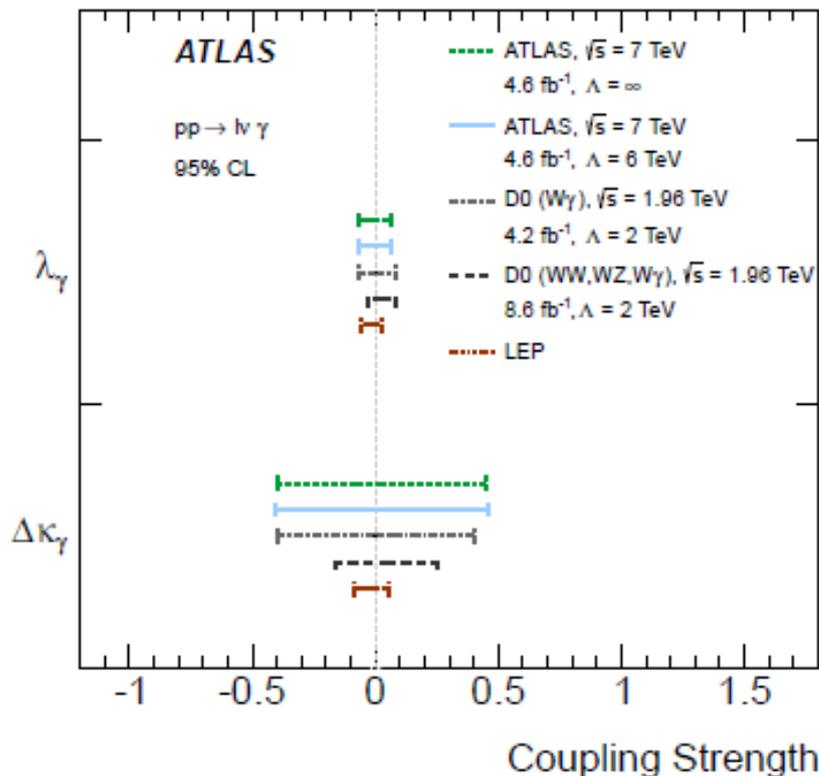
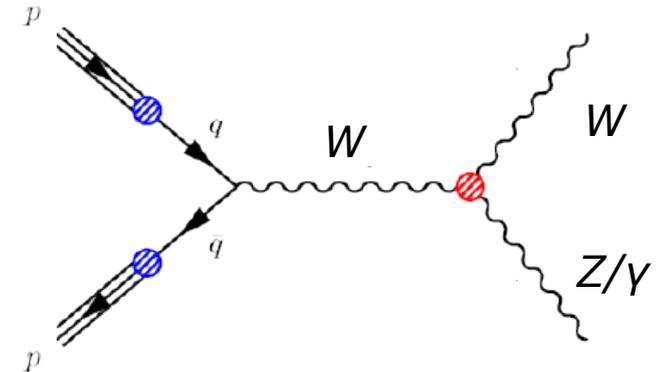
★ **Results**

- ▶ Comparisons with MCFM results
- ▶ Comparison with experimental data at 7 TeV (ATLAS 2011)

Electroweak boson pairs production at the LHC

▶ Anomalies in triple gauge couplings

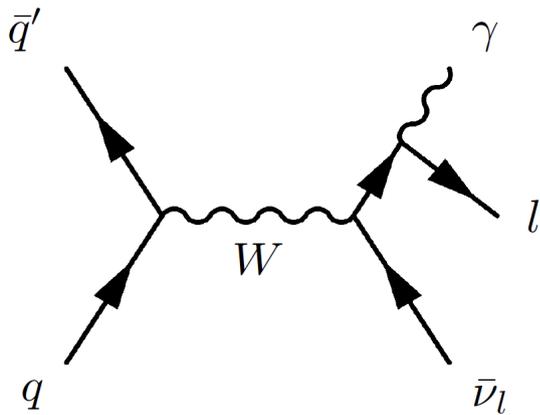
- ▶ Search for ATGC: high $p_T(\gamma)$ region in exclusive $N_{\text{jet}}=0$ selection
- ▶ No deviations found from SM predictions



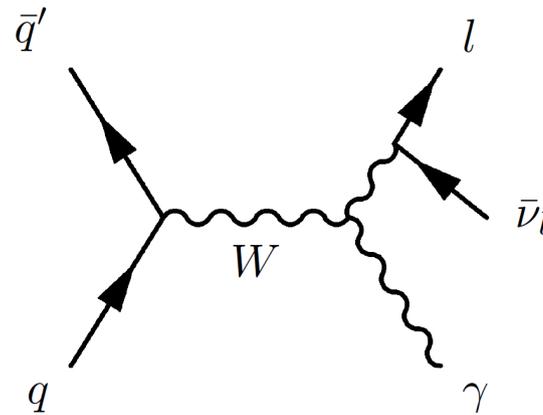
▶ New Physics phenomena

- ▶ Background for SuperSymmetry processes
- ▶ Search for narrow resonances: techni-mesons ($\omega_T \rightarrow Z\gamma$, $a_T \rightarrow W\gamma$)

LO Feynman diagrams for $W\gamma$ production

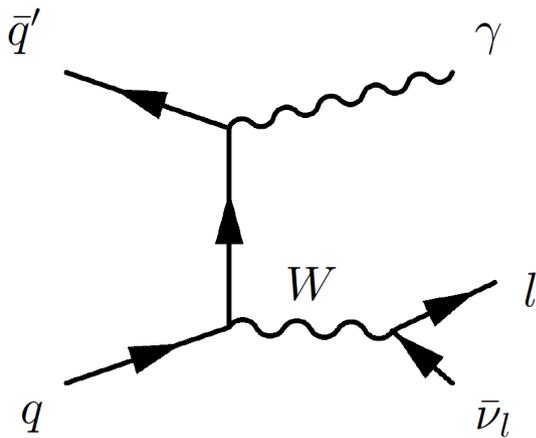


Final state radiation
from lepton

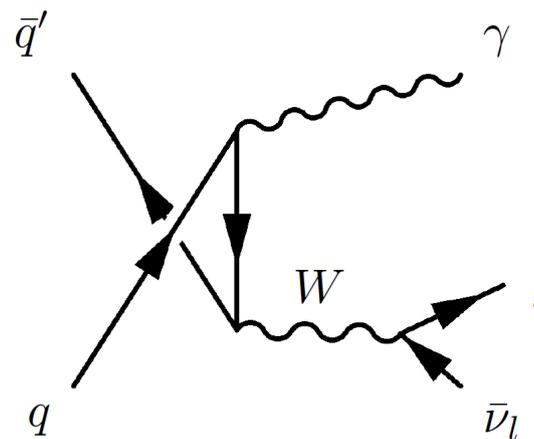


s-channel

**Triple gauge
coupling**



t-channel

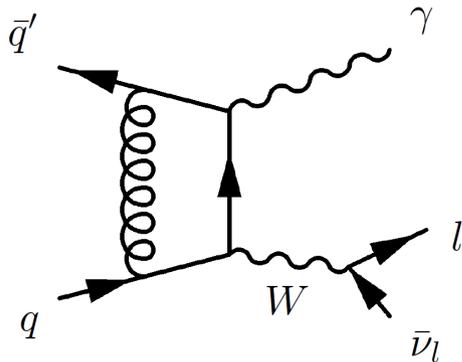


u-channel

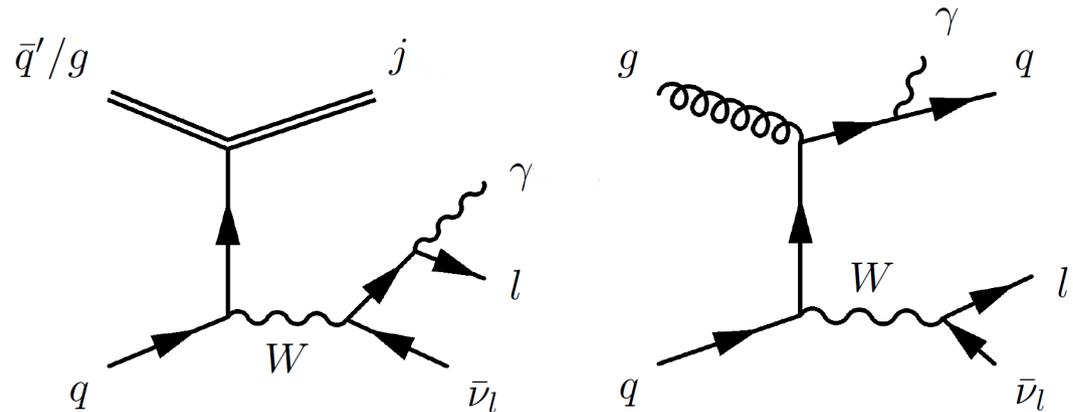
QCD NLO corrections to $W\gamma$

- ▶ NLO corrections are very sizeable
K-factor ~ 2 for some event selections*

Virtual corrections



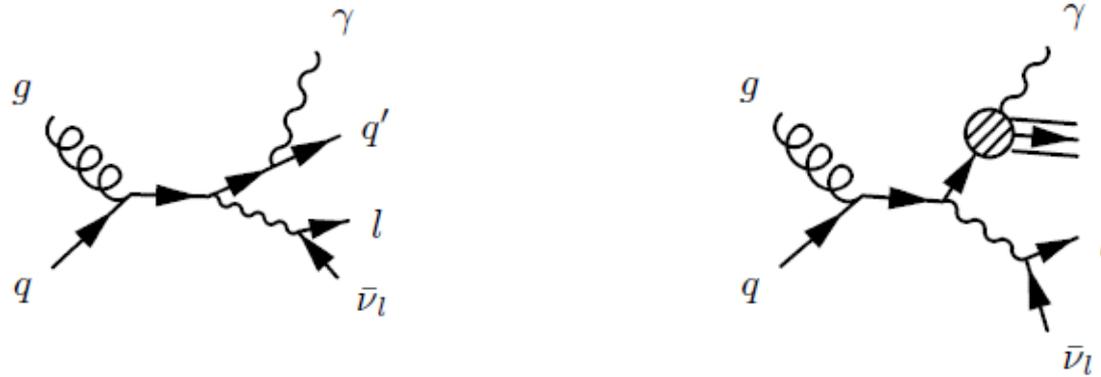
Real corrections



- ▶ **Glauon-induced processes** strongly enhanced at the energies of the LHC (large gluon PDFs)
- ▶ Divergent for collinear photon emission (no virtual counterpart)

* J. M. Campbell et al., Vector boson pair production at the LHC, JHEP 1107 (2011)

Isolated photons in hadronic collisions (I)



- ▶ Higher orders in QCD: a series of consecutive collinear splittings from a high- p_T parton, ending up with a quark-photon splitting.
 - Collinear singularities factorized to all orders in a_s and absorbed into **photon fragmentation functions***

$$D_{g \rightarrow \gamma}(z, M_F)$$

$$D_{q \rightarrow \gamma}(z, M_F)$$

Fragmentation scale

Longitudinal momentum fraction

* S. Catani, M. Fontannaz, J. Ph. Guillet and E. Pilon, Cross section of isolated prompt photons in hadron-hadron collisions, JHEP 0205 (2002)

Isolated photons in hadronic collisions (II)

Direct and fragmentation contributions (depending on M_F)

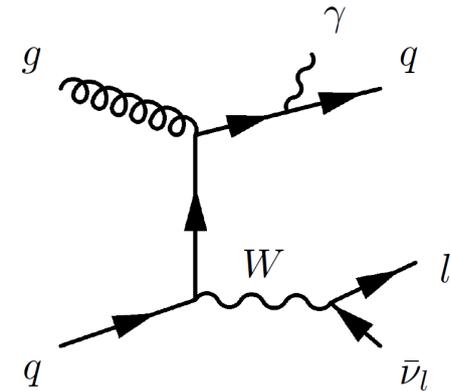
$$\sigma(p_\gamma) = \sigma_\gamma^{(D)}(p_\gamma; M_F) + \sum_a \int_0^1 \frac{dz}{z} \sigma_a^{(F)}(p_\gamma/z; M_F) D_{a \rightarrow \gamma}(z, M_F)$$

- ▶ For $M_F > 1$ GeV, fragmentation contribution $O(\alpha_{em}/\alpha_s(M_F))$
 - Same order of the Born term
- ▶ Non perturbative contributions arising in parton fragmentation
 - Fragmentation functions extracted from experimental data
 - ▶ Large uncertainties
 - ▶ Pure collinear approximation

Isolated photons in hadronic collisions (III)

▶ Smooth isolation prescription*

$$\sum_j E_{Tj} \Theta(R - R_{j\gamma}) \leq \epsilon_h E_{T\gamma} \left(\frac{1 - \cos R}{1 - \cos R_0} \right) \quad \forall R < R_0$$



- ▶ Fragmentation contribution fully removed
- ▶ Soft radiation can be integrated over the whole phase space. Cancellation of QCD infrared singularities in inclusive R+V not spoiled
- ▶ Difficult experimental application

▶ Standard isolation cuts

$$\sum_j E_{Tj} \Theta(R_0 - R_{j\gamma}) \leq \epsilon_h E_{T\gamma}$$

* S. Frixione, Isolated photons in perturbative QCD, Phys.Lett. B429 (1998)

The POWHEG method*

- ▶ Cross section for the hardest emission

$$d\sigma = \sum_{f_b} \bar{B}^{f_b}(\Phi_n) d\Phi_n \left\{ \Delta^{f_b}(\Phi_n, p_T^{min}) + \sum_{\alpha_r \in \{\alpha_r | f_b\}} \frac{\left[d\Phi_{rad} \Theta(k_T - p_T^{min}) \Delta^{f_b}(\Phi_n, k_T) R(\Phi_{n+1}) \right]_{\alpha_r}^{\bar{\Phi}_n^{\alpha_r} = \Phi_n}}{B^{f_b}(\Phi_n)} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{B}^{f_b}(\Phi_n) = & [B(\Phi_n) + V(\Phi_n)]_{f_b} + \sum_{\alpha_r \in \{\alpha_r | f_b\}} \int \left[d\Phi_{rad} (R(\Phi_{n+1}) - C(\Phi_{n+1})) \right]_{\alpha_r}^{\bar{\Phi}_n^{\alpha_r} = \Phi_n} \\ & + \sum_{\alpha_\oplus \in \{\alpha_\oplus | f_b\}} \int \left[\frac{dz}{z} G_{\oplus}^{\alpha_\oplus}(\Phi_{n,\oplus}) \right]^{\bar{\Phi}_n = \Phi_n} + \sum_{\alpha_\ominus \in \{\alpha_\ominus | f_b\}} \int \left[\frac{dz}{z} G_{\ominus}^{\alpha_\ominus}(\Phi_{n,\ominus}) \right]^{\bar{\Phi}_n = \Phi_n} \end{aligned}$$

NLO
inclusive

$$\Delta^{f_b}(\Phi_n, p_T) = \exp \left\{ - \sum_{\alpha_r \in \{\alpha_r | f_b\}} \int \frac{\left[d\Phi_{rad} R(\Phi_{n+1}) \Theta(k_T(\Phi_{n+1}) - p_T) \right]_{\alpha_r}^{\bar{\Phi}_n^{\alpha_r} = \Phi_n}}{B^{f_b}(\Phi_n)} \right\}$$

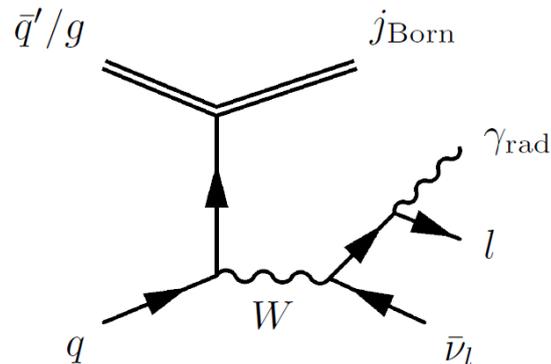
Sudakov
form factors

- ▶ Then add softer radiation in the shower approximation

* P. Nason, A new method for combining NLO QCD with SMC algorithms, JHEP 11 (2004)
S. Frixione, P. Nason, and C. Oleari, Matching NLO QCD computations with Parton Shower simulations: the POWHEG method, JHEP 11 (2007)

Fragmentation contribution in POWHEG+PYTHIA (I)

→ Apply the POWHEG method to both QCD and QED radiation



- ▶ Remove photon collinear singularity through the subtraction method*
- ▶ Perform hardest radiation within the POWHEG framework also for photon emission from a Wj underlying Born
- ▶ ISR and lepton-FSR are also included

QED corrections to Wj

Simulation of the fragmentation contribution through

QED emission in POWHEG + QCD+QED shower (PYTHIA)

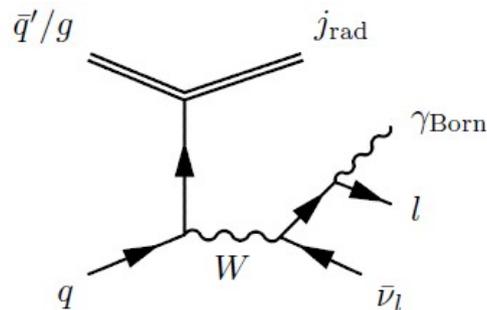
→ Reproduce perturbative and non-perturbative effects of the fragmentation mechanism

* S. Frixione, Z. Kunszt and A. Signer, Nucl. Phys. B 467 (1996)

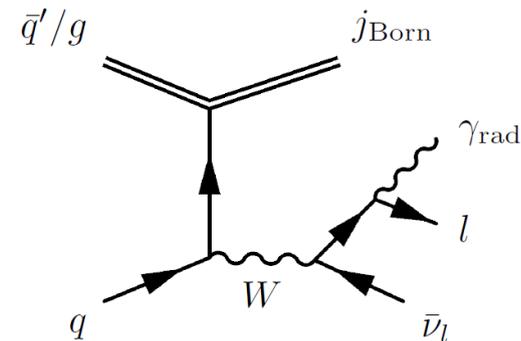
Fragmentation contribution in POWHEG+PYTHIA (II)

Separate QCD and QED singular regions:

$$R = \sum_{\alpha_r \in QCD} R_{W\gamma;j}^{\alpha_r} + \sum_{\alpha_r \in QED} R_{Wj;\gamma}^{\alpha_r}$$



$W\gamma$ underlying Born
+ parton emission



Wj underlying Born
+ photon emission

$$d\sigma = \bar{B}_{W\gamma} \left(\Delta^{QCD} + \sum_{\alpha_r \in QCD} \left[\frac{\Delta^{QCD}(k_T) R_{W\gamma;j}}{B_{W\gamma}} \right]_{\alpha_r} \right) + B'_{Wj} \left(\Delta^{QED} + \sum_{\alpha_r \in QED} \left[\frac{\Delta^{QED}(k_T) R_{Wj;\gamma}}{B_{Wj}} \right]_{\alpha_r} \right)$$

- ▶ Separation of phase space domains
- ▶ QCD or QED hardest emission

$W\gamma$ in POWHEG+MiNLO

- ▶ $W\gamma$ Born: divergent for collinear parton emission
 - need a cut at the generation level
- ▶ But: must be inclusive over colored radiation

The MiNLO method*

- ▶ Reweight with Sudakov form factors and α_s evaluated at dynamical scales (based on CKKW)
- ▶ NLO accuracy preserved
 - Integrate over the whole phase space:
 $p_T(W)$ reliable and smooth behavior down to very small p_T
 - Dynamically motivated choice of μ_R and μ_F scales

* K. Hamilton, P. Nason, G. Zanderighi, MINLO: Multi-scale improved NLO, arXiv:1206.3572

W γ implementations in POWHEG+MiNLO

POWHEG-NC

- ▶ W γ NLO cross section + parton emission
- ▶ W γ cross section + photon emission
- ▶ Need to account for colored radiation in competition with photons
 - Can be done in an effective way

POWHEG-C-LO

- ▶ Photon/parton emission in competition
- ▶ W γ cross section at QCD LO accuracy

POWHEG-C-NLO

- ▶ W γ cross section at QCD NLO accuracy

W γ in POWHEG+MiNLO: NC method

- ▶ W γ underlying Born (photon harder than parton)

$$\bar{B}_{W\gamma} = B_{W\gamma} + V_{W\gamma(j)} + \sum_{\alpha_r \in QCD} \int [d\Phi_{rad}(R_{W\gamma;j} - C)]^{\alpha_r}$$

Scalup choice
(POWHEG standard)

$$\Delta_{W\gamma}^{QCD} = \exp\left\{ - \sum_{\alpha_r \in QCD} \int \left[d\Phi_{rad} \frac{R_{W\gamma;j}}{B_{W\gamma}} \right]^{\alpha_r} \right\}$$

- ▶ $p_T(j_{rad})$

- ▶ Wj underlying Born (parton harder than photon)

$$B'_{Wj} = B_{Wj} + \sum_{\alpha_r \in QED} \int [d\Phi_{rad}(R_{Wj;\gamma} - C)]^{\alpha_r}$$

Effective choice for *scalup**

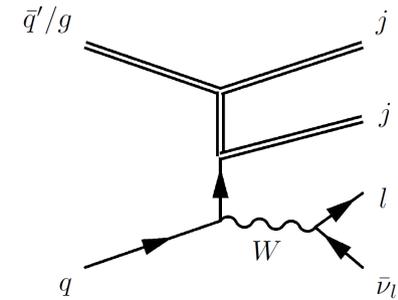
$$\Delta_{Wj}^{QED} = \exp\left\{ - \sum_{\alpha_r \in QED} \int \left[d\Phi_{rad} \frac{R_{Wj;\gamma}}{B_{Wj}} \right]^{\alpha_r} \right\}$$

- ▶ $p_T(j_{Born})$ QCD shower
- ▶ $p_T^{rel}(\gamma_{rad})$ QED shower

* L. D'Errico, P. Richardson, Next-to-Leading-Order Monte Carlo Simulation of Diphoton Production in Hadronic Collisions, JHEP 1202 (2012)

W γ in POWHEG+MiNLO: C-LO method

- ➔ For W γ underlying Born include also colored radiation dynamics (in competition with photon radiation)



$$B'_{Wj} \left(\Delta_{Wj}^{QED} + \sum_{\alpha_r \in QED} \left[\frac{\Delta_{Wj}^{QED}(k_T) R_{Wj;\gamma}}{B_{Wj}} \right]_{\alpha_r} + \Delta_{Wj}^{QCD} + \sum_{\alpha_r \in QCD} \left[\frac{\Delta_{Wj}^{QCD}(k_T) R_{Wj;j}}{B_{Wj}} \right]_{\alpha_r} \right)$$

- ▶ Generated events:

W γ (+j) photon harder than partons

Wj+ γ photon softer than one parton

Wj+j+ γ _{PS} photon softer than at least two partons

- ▶ Scalup choice: POWHEG standard (dynamically motivated)
- ▶ W γ normalization at QCD LO (same as for NC)

W γ in POWHEG+MiNLO: C-NLO method

→ W γ component normalized at QCD NLO

$$\bar{B}_{W\gamma} = B_{W\gamma} + V_{W\gamma(j)} + \sum_{\alpha_r \in QED} \int [d\Phi_{rad}(R_{W\gamma;\gamma} - C)]^{\alpha_r} + \sum_{\alpha_r \in QCD} \int [d\Phi_{rad}(R_{W\gamma;j} - C)]^{\alpha_r}$$

- ▶ Radiation dynamics same as for C-LO
- ▶ NLO corrections to the fragmentation contribution
 - Very important, as fragmentation $\sim O(a_{em}/a_s)$
 - gg channel opened (high gluon PDFs)
- ▶ Goes in the direction of W γ at NNLO+PS, but...
 - ▶ Exact real W γ jj and 2-loop virtual still missing
→ NNLO calculations available*
(+20% for leptonic cuts + smooth isolation)

*M. Grazzini, Vector-boson pair production at NNLO, arXiv:1407.1618

Results: selection cuts

Selection cuts: ATLAS setup*

$$p_T(\gamma) > 15\text{GeV}, \quad |\eta_\gamma| < 2.37, \quad \Delta R_{l\gamma} > 0.7$$

$$p_T(l) > 25\text{GeV}, \quad |\eta_l| < 2.47, \quad E_T^{\text{miss}} > 35\text{GeV}$$

$$R_0 = 0.4, \quad \epsilon_h = 0.5 \quad \sum_j E_{Tj} \Theta(R_0 - R_{j\gamma}) \leq \epsilon_h E_{T\gamma}$$

Jet cuts for exclusive N_{jet} selections
(anti-kt jet-finding algorithm, $r=0.4$)

$$E_T(\text{jet}) > 30\text{GeV}, \quad |\eta_{\text{jet}}| < 4.4, \quad \Delta R(e/\mu/\gamma, \text{jet}) > 0.3$$

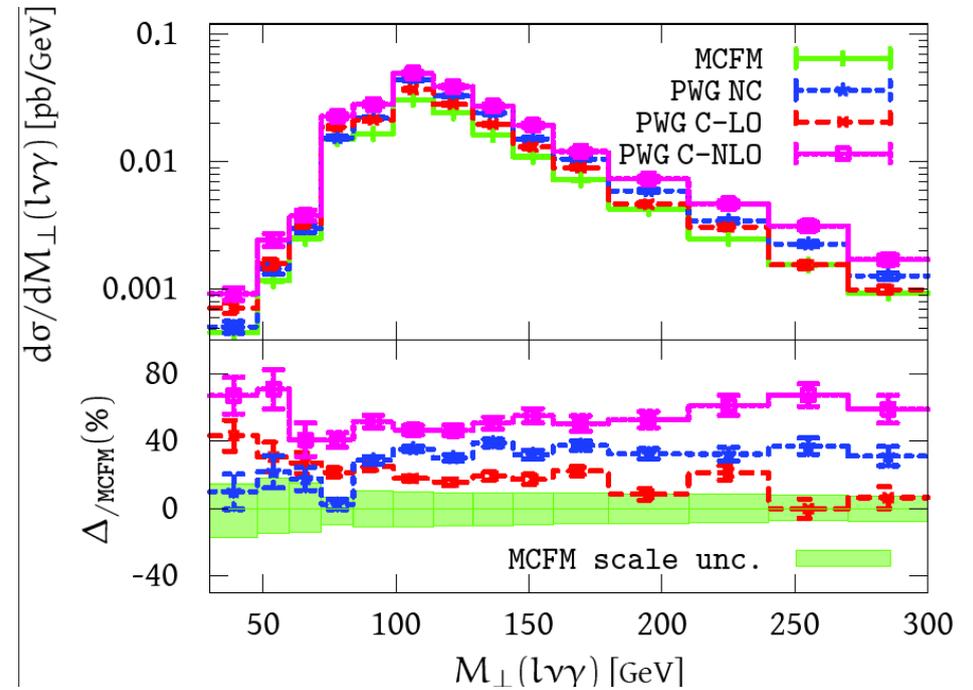
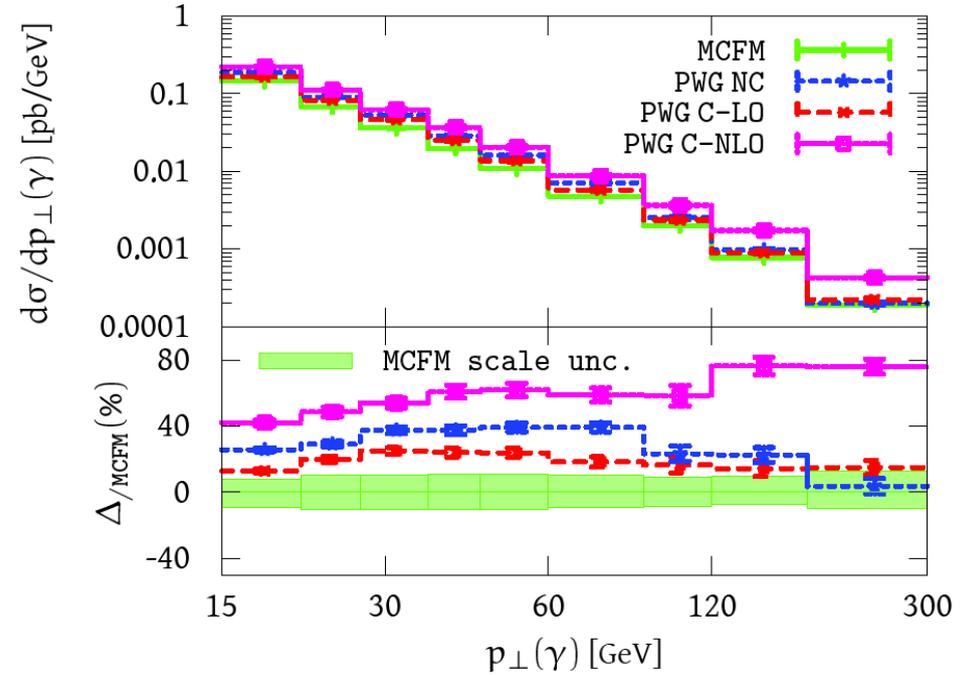
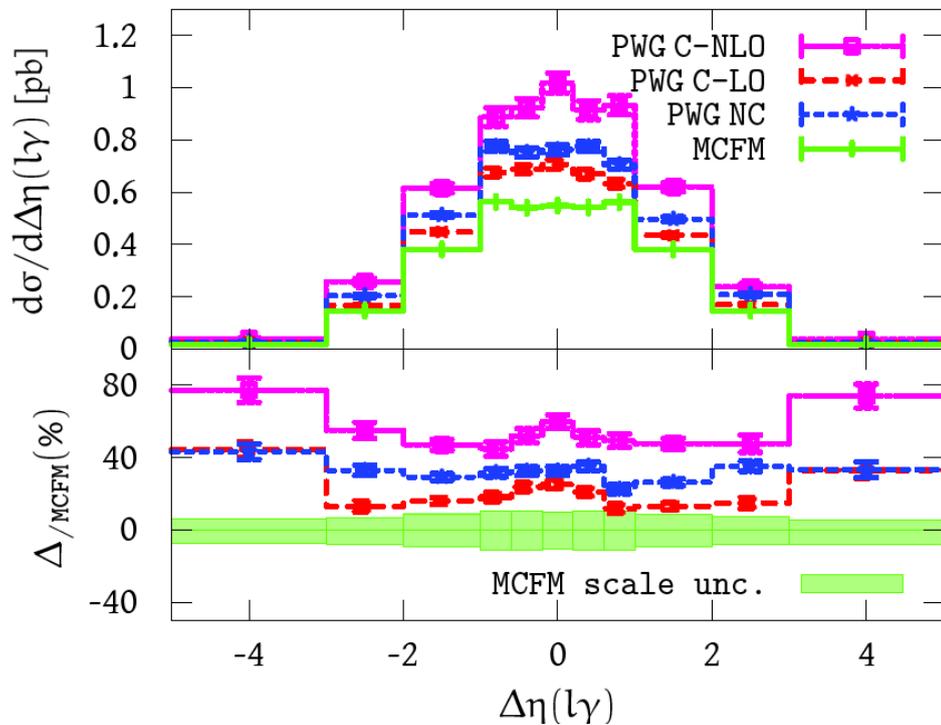
→ Results obtained with **POWHEG+PYTHIA8**

* The ATLAS Collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 87 (2013)

Results: comparisons with MCFM

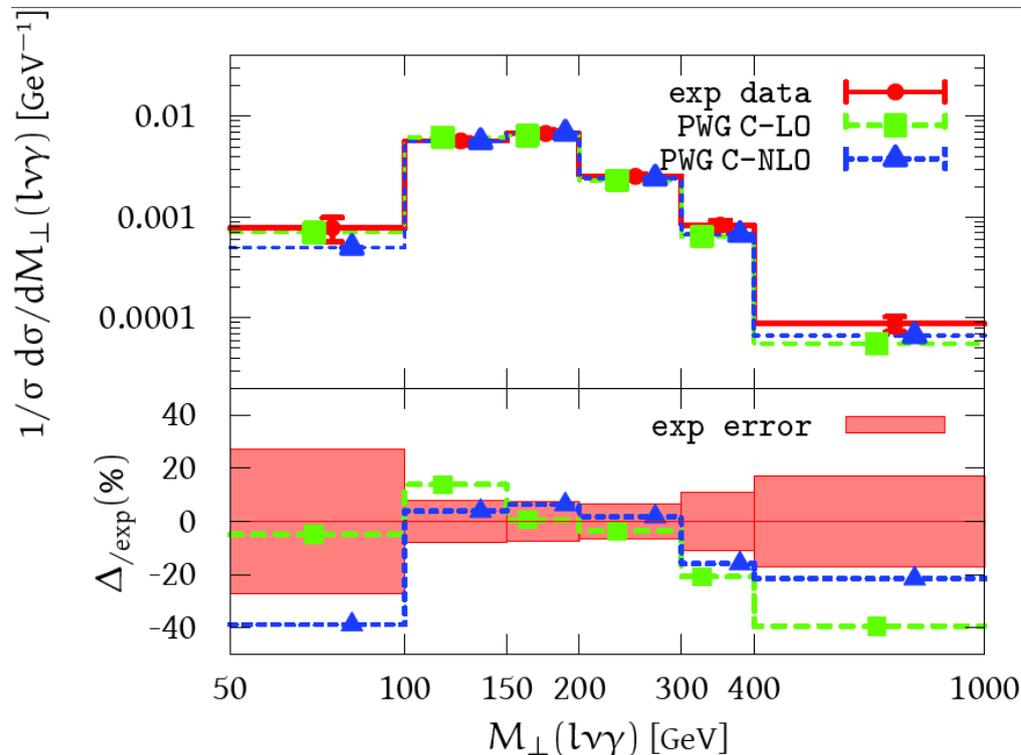
$$pp \rightarrow l^+ \nu_l \gamma + X \quad \sqrt{s} = 14\text{TeV}$$

MCFM	PWG-NC
$2.227(1)^{+9\%}_{-10\%}$	$3.03(2)^{+14\%}_{-15\%}$
PWG-C-LO	PWG-C-NLO
$2.67(2)^{+16\%}_{-17\%}$	$3.76(5)^{+17\%}_{-13\%}$



Results: comparisons with ATLAS data* (I)

[pb]	Exclusive $N_{jet} = 0$	Inclusive $N_{jet} \geq 0$
Exp.	$1.77^{+0.04\text{stat}}_{+0.08\text{lumi}} \pm 0.24 \text{ syst}$	$2.74^{+0.05\text{stat}}_{+0.14\text{lumi}} \pm 0.32 \text{ syst}$
MCFM	1.39 ± 0.17	1.96 ± 0.17
PWG-C-LO	$1.42^{+0.15}_{-0.15}$	$2.25^{+0.24}_{-0.24}$
PWG-C-NLO	$1.69^{+0.11}_{-0.22}$	$2.95^{+0.20}_{-0.38}$



$$pp \rightarrow l \nu_l \gamma + X \quad \sqrt{s} = 7\text{TeV}$$

Electron and muon channels combined

$$M_{\perp}^2(l\nu_l\gamma) = \left(\sqrt{m_{l\gamma}^2 + |\mathbf{p}_T^{\gamma} + \mathbf{p}_T^l|^2} + p_T^{\nu_l} \right)^2 - |\mathbf{p}_T^{\gamma} + \mathbf{p}_T^l + \mathbf{p}_T^{\nu_l}|^2$$

$$p_T(\gamma) > 40 \text{ GeV}$$

* The ATLAS Collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 87 (2013)

Results: comparisons with ATLAS data (II)

$$pp \rightarrow l\nu_l\gamma + X$$

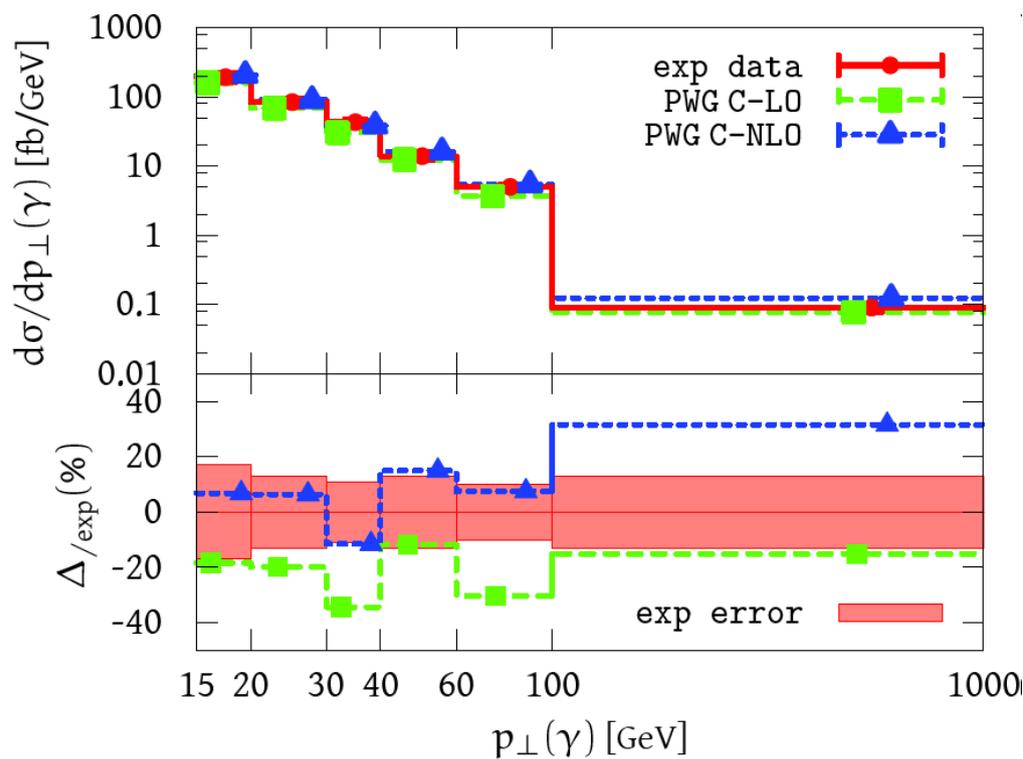
$$\sqrt{s} = 7\text{TeV}$$

Data 2011

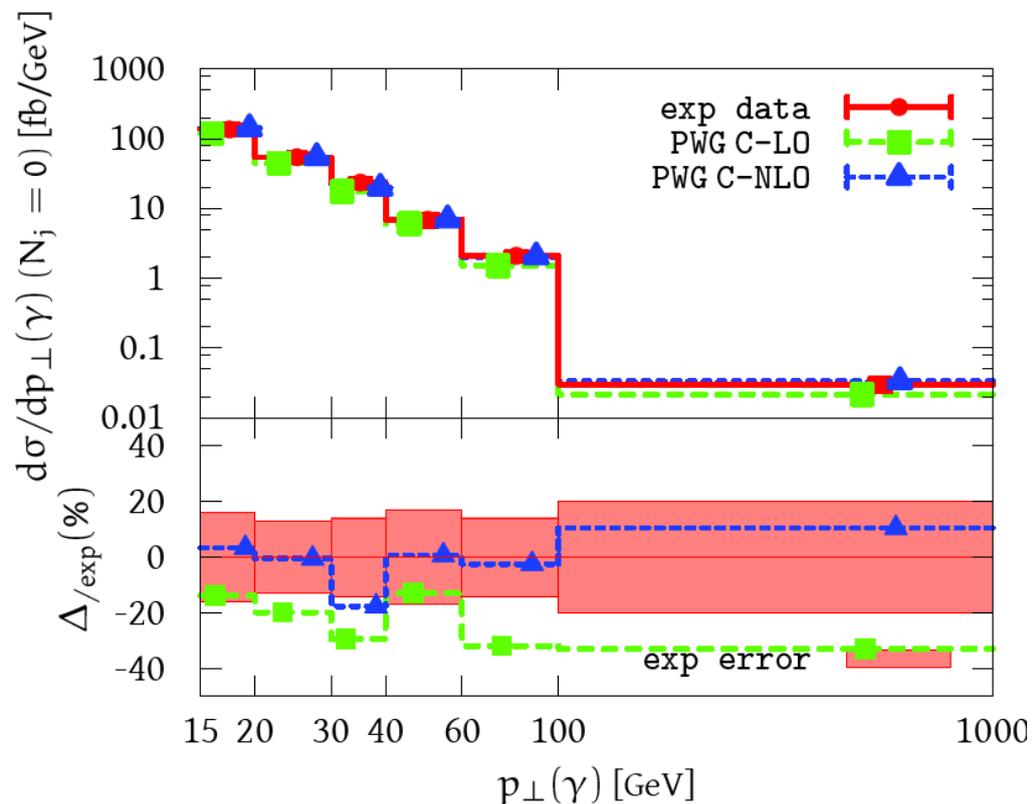
$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

Photon transverse momentum

Inclusive selection $N_{\text{jet}} \geq 0$



Exclusive selection $N_{\text{jet}} = 0$



Results: comparisons with ATLAS data (III)

$$pp \rightarrow l\nu_l\gamma + X$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 7\text{TeV}$$

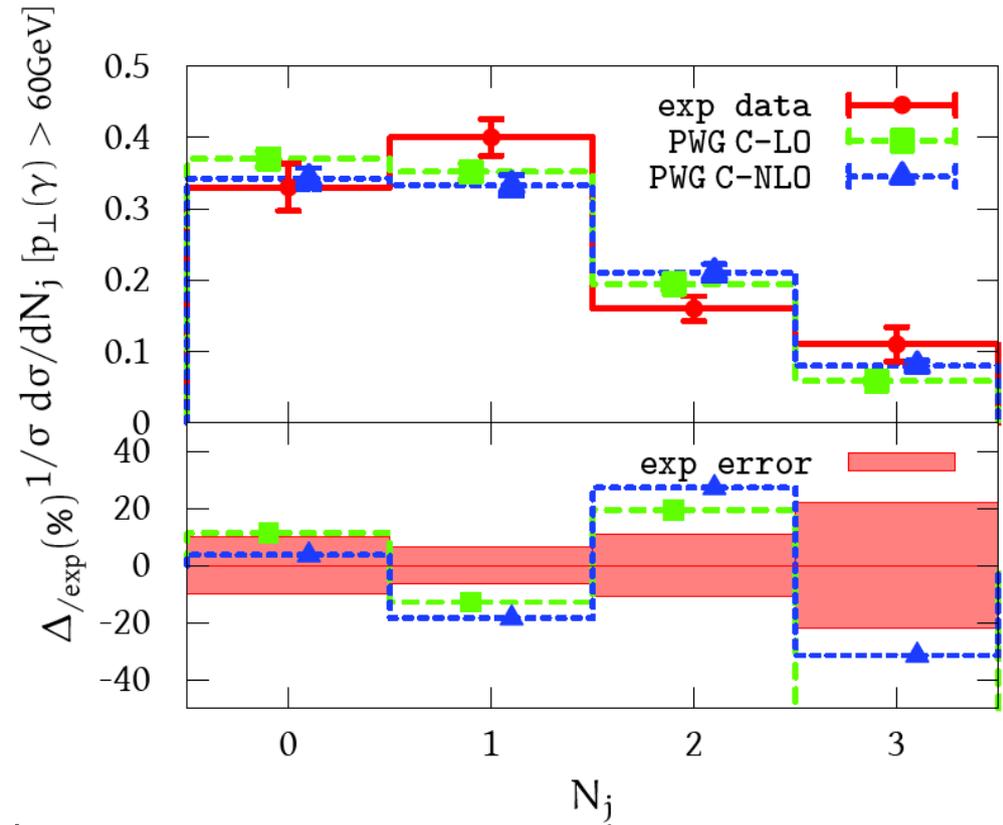
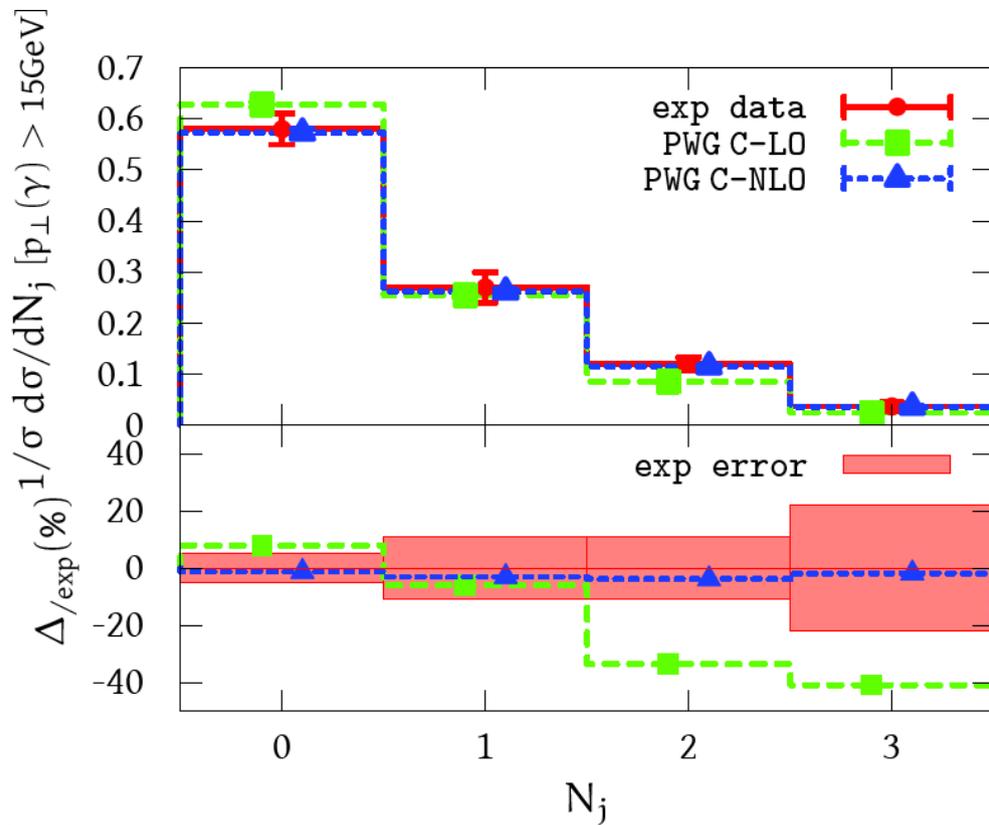
Data 2011

$$\int \mathcal{L} dt = 4.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

Jet multiplicity

$$p_T(\gamma) > 15 \text{ GeV}$$

$$p_T(\gamma) > 60 \text{ GeV}$$



Conclusions and outlook

- ★ NLO QCD corrections to $W\gamma$ production in pp collisions:
 - ▶ NLO+PS description within POWHEG-MiNLO+PYTHIA
 - ▶ Photon fragmentation contribution included
 - ▶ NLO corrections to the fragmentation contribution
- ★ Improvements in data/theory comparison
- ★ General treatment of isolated photons in hadronic collisions
 - ▶ Future applications to $Z\gamma/\gamma\gamma$ production
- ★ The code will be available on the POWHEG-BOX-V2 repository
<http://powhegbox.mib.infn.it>

Backup slides

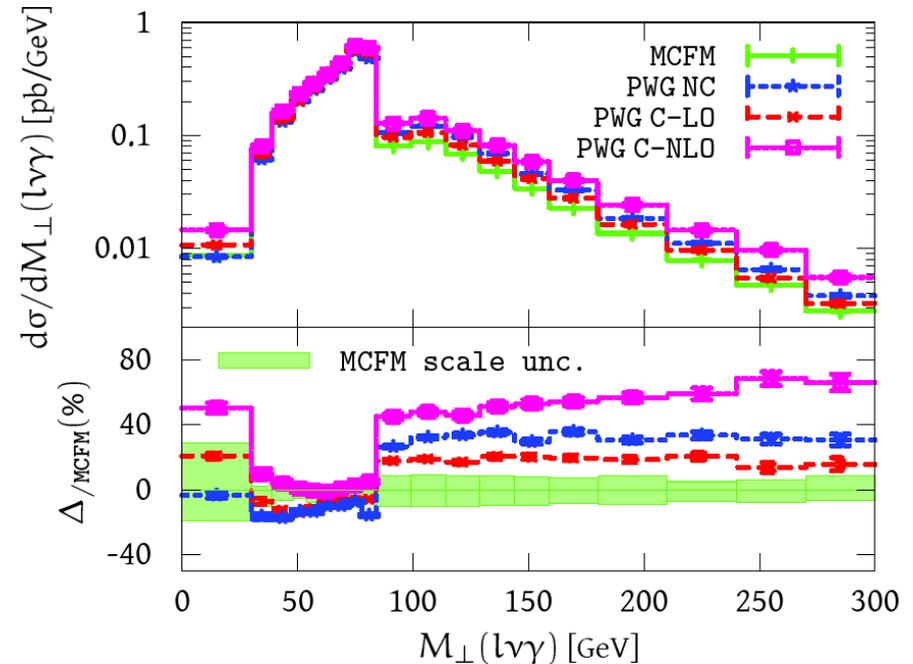
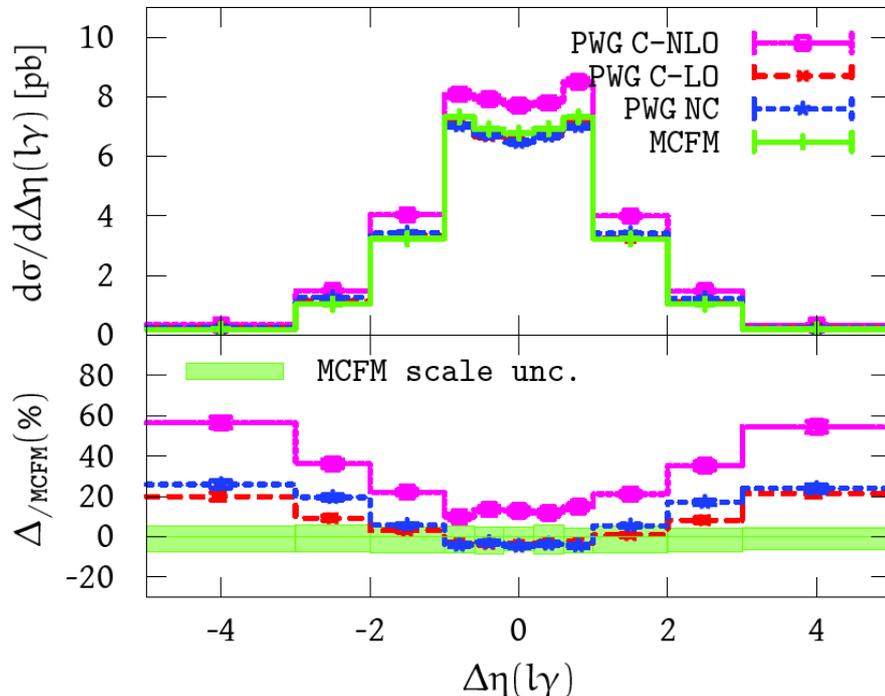
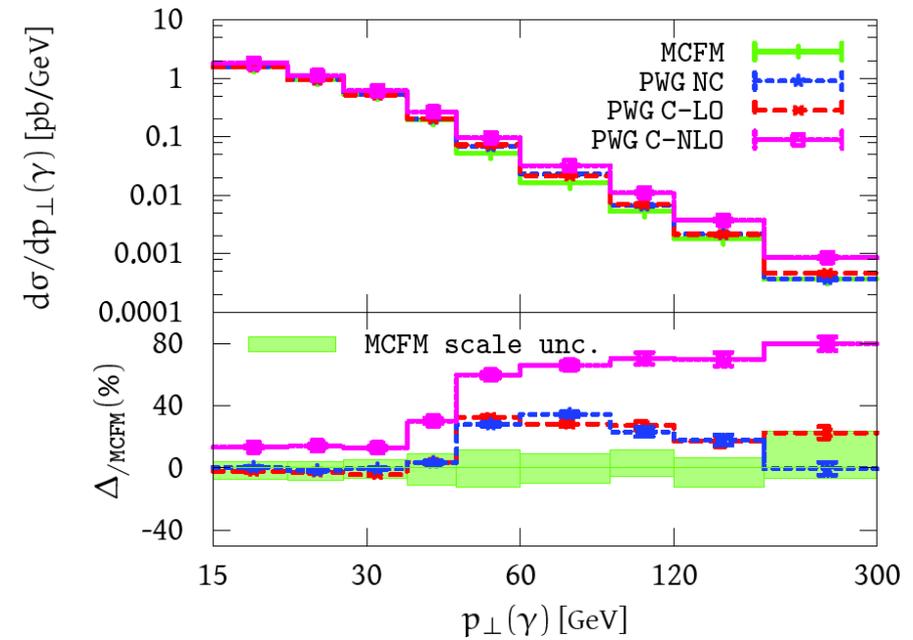
Results: comparisons with MCFM (II)

Basic photon cuts:

$$\sqrt{s} = 14\text{TeV}$$

$$p_T(\gamma) > 15\text{GeV}, \quad |\eta_\gamma| < 2.37, \quad \Delta R_{l\gamma} > 0.7$$

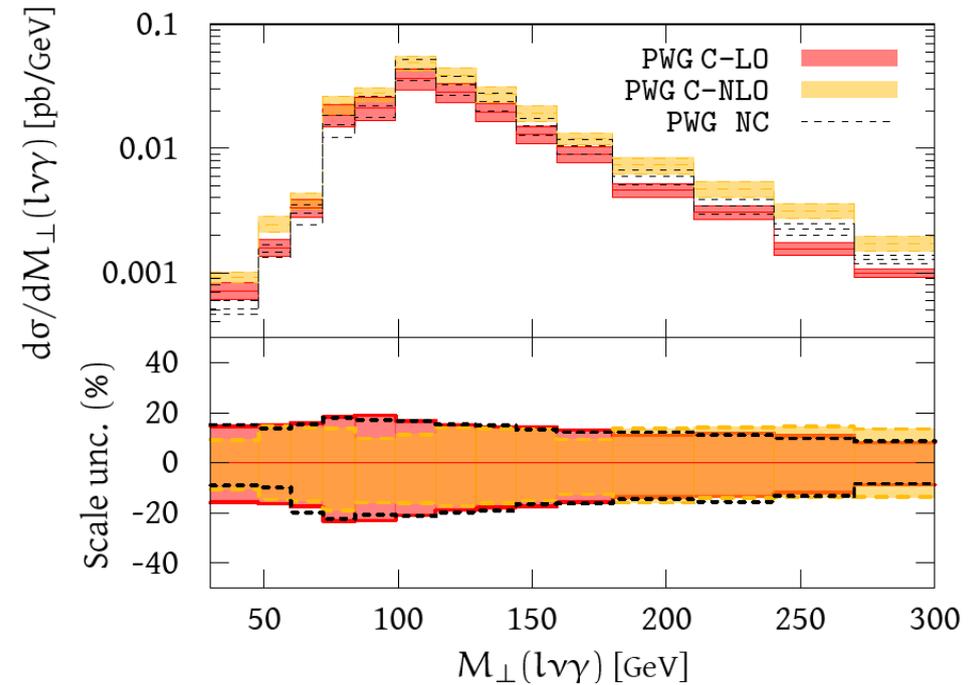
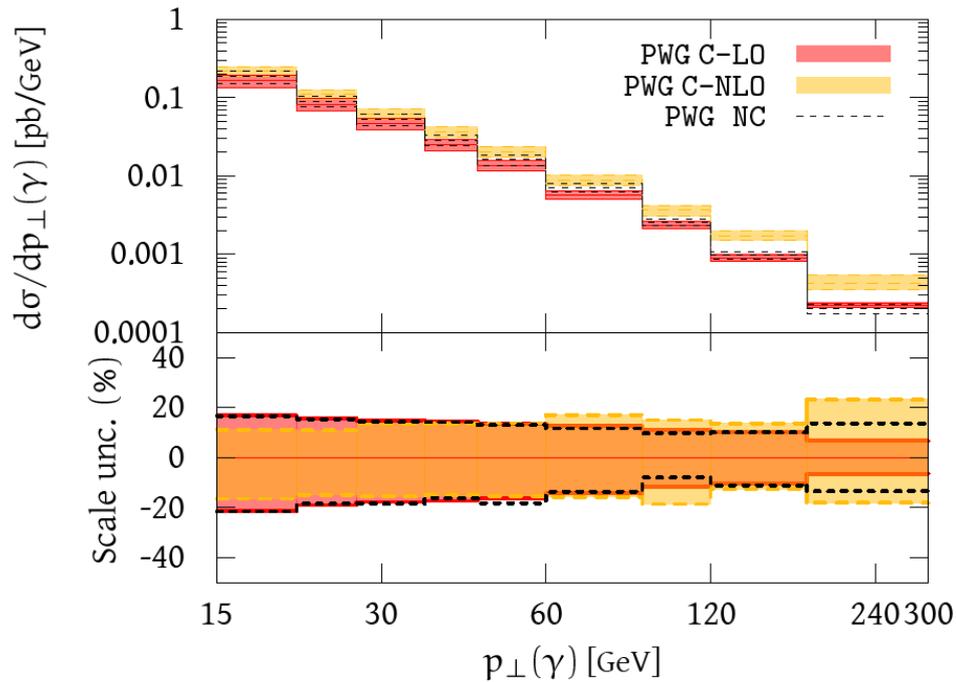
MCFM	PWG-NC
$23.47(1)^{+5\%}_{-8\%}$	$23.96(7)^{+10\%}_{-15\%}$
PWG-C-LO	PWG-C-NLO
$23.52(7)^{+11\%}_{-16\%}$	$28.51(13)^{+4\%}_{-11\%}$



Results: uncertainties from scale variations

Photon + lepton cuts

$\sqrt{s} = 14\text{TeV}$



- ▶ Upper and lower boundings from variations in opposite direction

$$(K_R, K_F) \in \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2}, 2 \right), \left(2, \frac{1}{2} \right) \right\}$$