

Dark Matter Freeze-in and LHC displaced signatures

Alberto Mariotti



HEP@



VRIJE
UNIVERSITEIT
BRUSSEL

Based on arXiv:1805.04423 with:

Lorenzo Calibbi, Laura Lopez Honorez, Steven Lowette

GGI workshop - Beyond Standard Model: Where do we go from here?

27 August 2018

Plan of the Talk

★ *Introduction on DM simplified models*

★ *Recap on Weakly interactive massive particle (WIMP)*

★ *Feebly Interacting Massive Particle (FIMP)*

★ *Displaced Signatures at the LHC*

★ *Interplay of FIMP displaced signatures and cosmology*

★ *FIMP and Displaced signatures in a minimal model*

Beyond the WIMP paradigm

Beyond Standard Model Physics

Many fundamental questions still open ...



Hierarchy problem ?

Force Unification ?

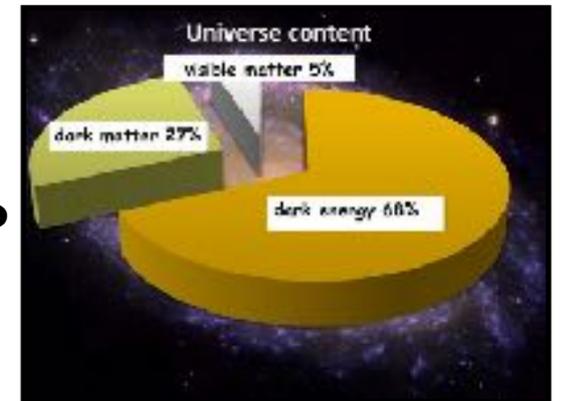
Inflation ?



Dark matter nature?

Flavour hierarchies ?

Baryogenesis ?



? Where do we go ?

Beyond Standard Model Physics

Many fundamental questions still open ...



Hierarchy problem ?

Force Unification ?

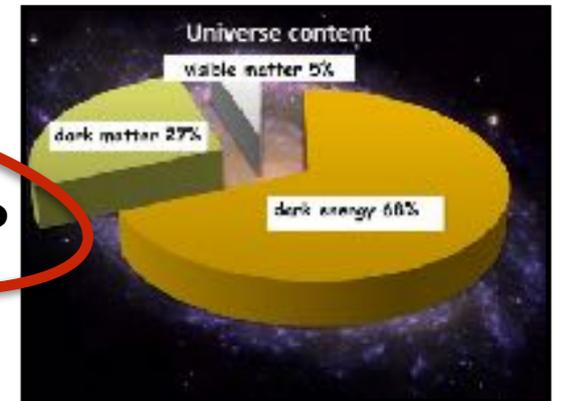
Inflation ?



Dark matter nature?

Flavour hierarchies ?

Baryogenesis ?



? Where do we go ?

Particle Dark Matter

Assume Dark Matter is a new elementary particle



Three Generations of Matter (Fermions)

Simplified models of Dark Matter

Useful framework for pheno studies

	I	II	III	
mass	2.4 MeV/c ²	1.27 GeV/c ²	171.2 GeV/c ²	0
charge	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0
spin	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
name	u up	c charm	t top	γ photon
Quarks	4.8 MeV/c ²	104 MeV/c ²	4.2 GeV/c ²	0
	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{1}{3}$	0
	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
	d down	s strange	b bottom	g gluon
Leptons	<2.2 eV/c ²	<0.17 MeV/c ²	<15.5 MeV/c ²	91.2 GeV/c ²
	0	0	0	0
	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino	Z⁰ Z boson
Gauge Bosons	0.511 MeV/c ²	105.7 MeV/c ²	1.777 GeV/c ²	80.4 GeV/c ²
	-1	-1	-1	±1
	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	W[±] W boson



Dark Sector

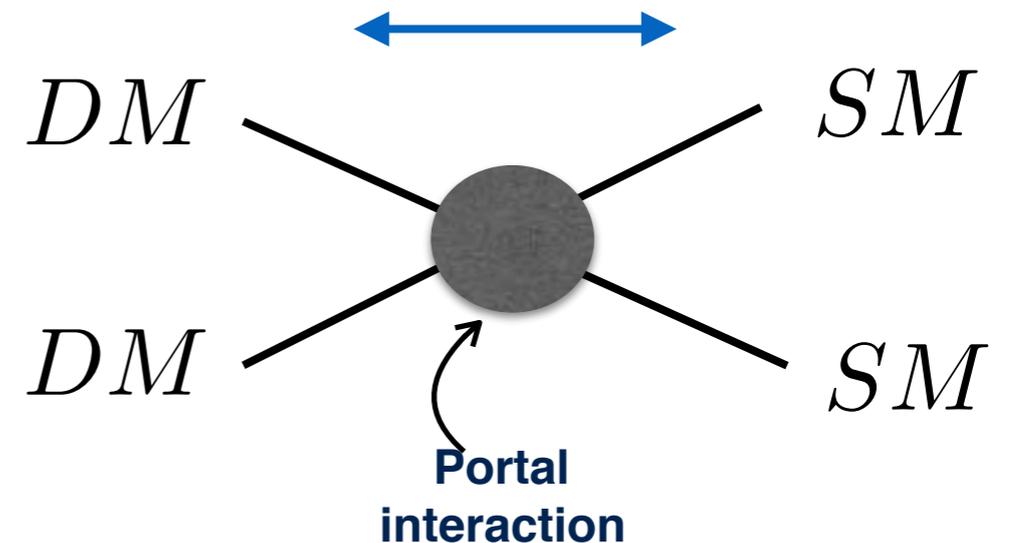
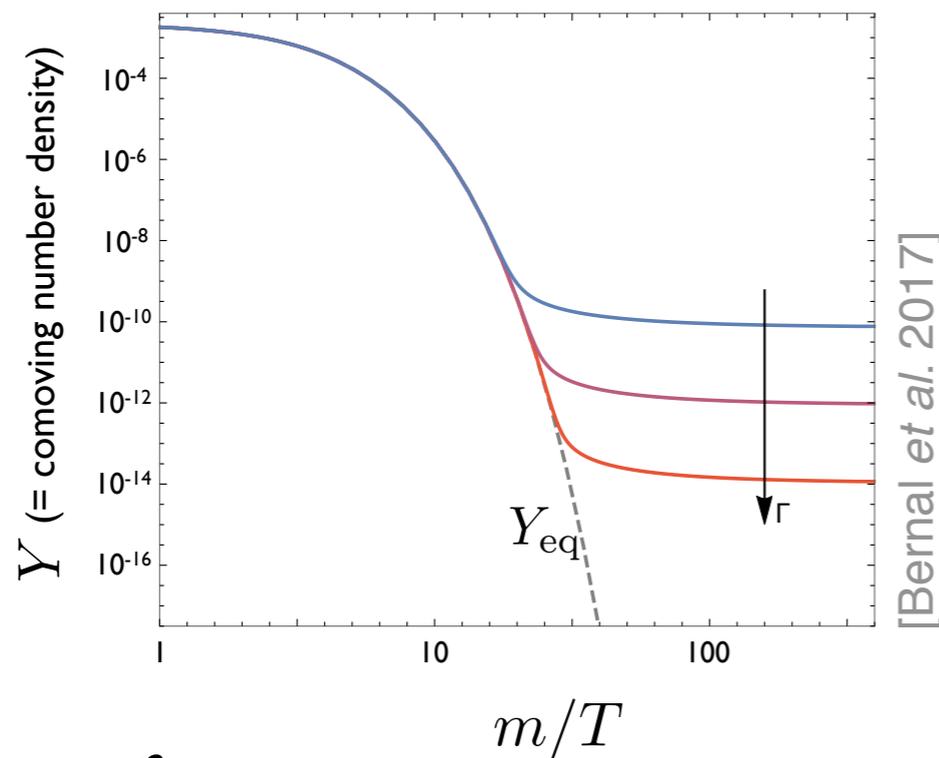
Typically inspired by the WIMP miracle



WIMP miracle

Dark Matter abundance through freeze-out mechanism

- ◆ *Dark Matter annihilates into Standard Model Particles*
- ◆ *Dark Matter abundance freeze-out during cooling of universe*



Independent on initial conditions

$$\Omega h^2 \sim 0.12 \times \frac{m_{DM}}{100\text{GeV}} \times \frac{0.2\text{pb}}{\langle\sigma v\rangle}$$

Typical weak coupling cross section

!!! Correct abundance for weakly interacting massive particle !!!

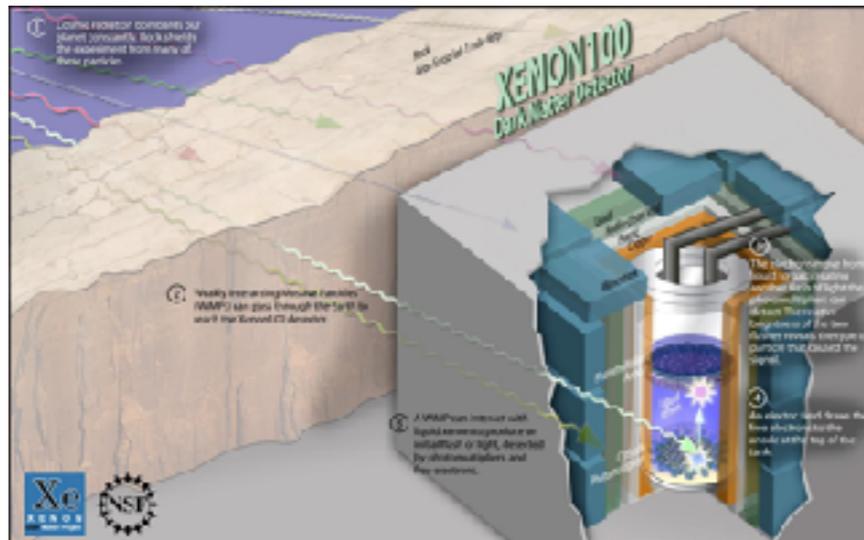
Probing DM at experiments

WIMP-like DM is prototype of DM simplified models

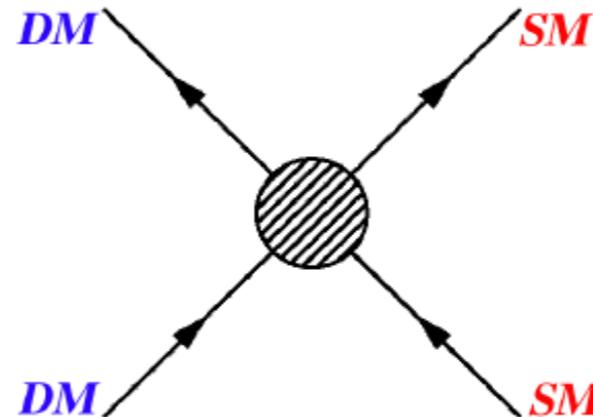
e.g. Neutralino dark matter in SUSY

1

thermal freeze-out (early Univ.)
indirect detection (now)



direct detection

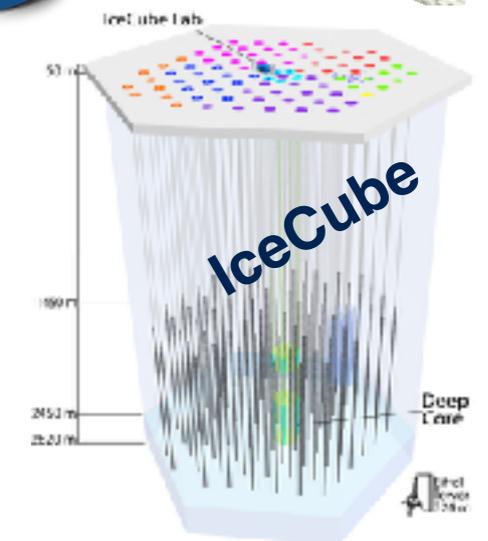


2

production at colliders



Large Hadron Collider

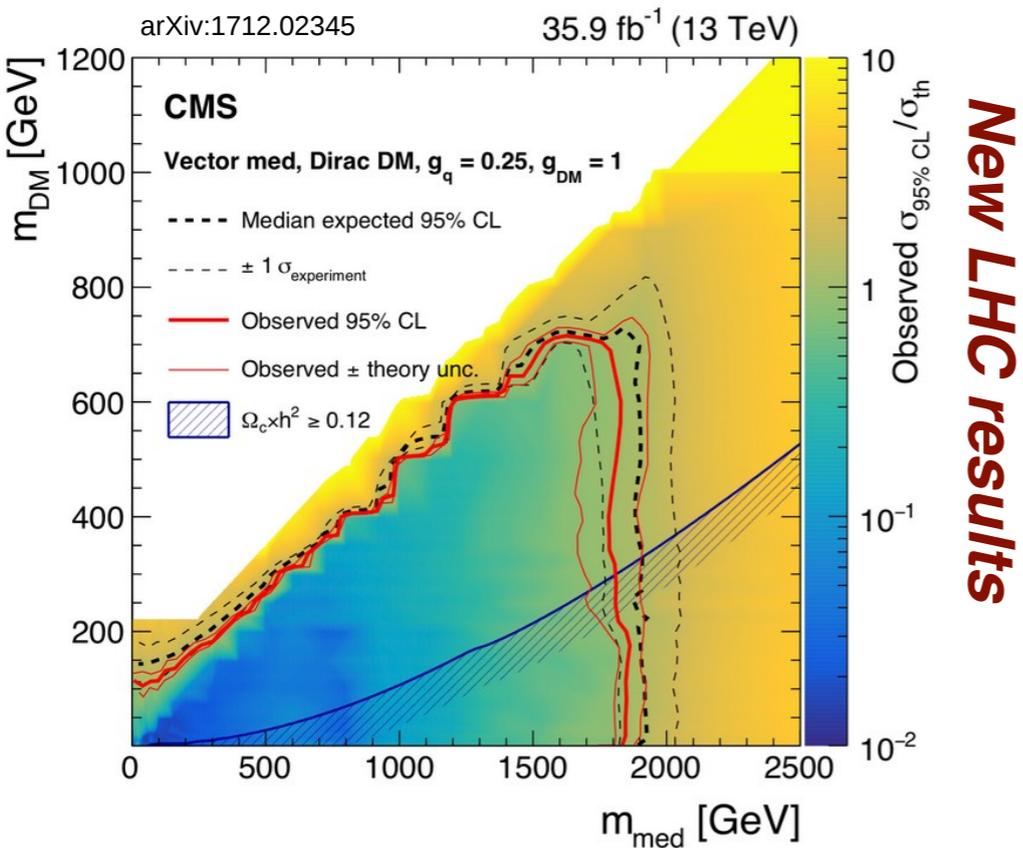
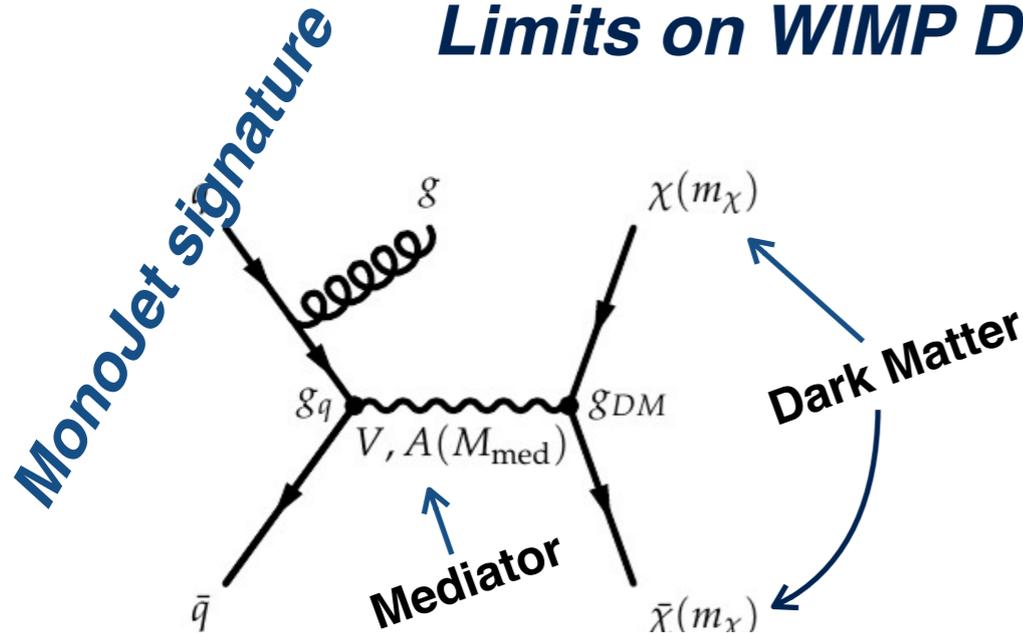


3

Three-fold way

WIMP under pressure

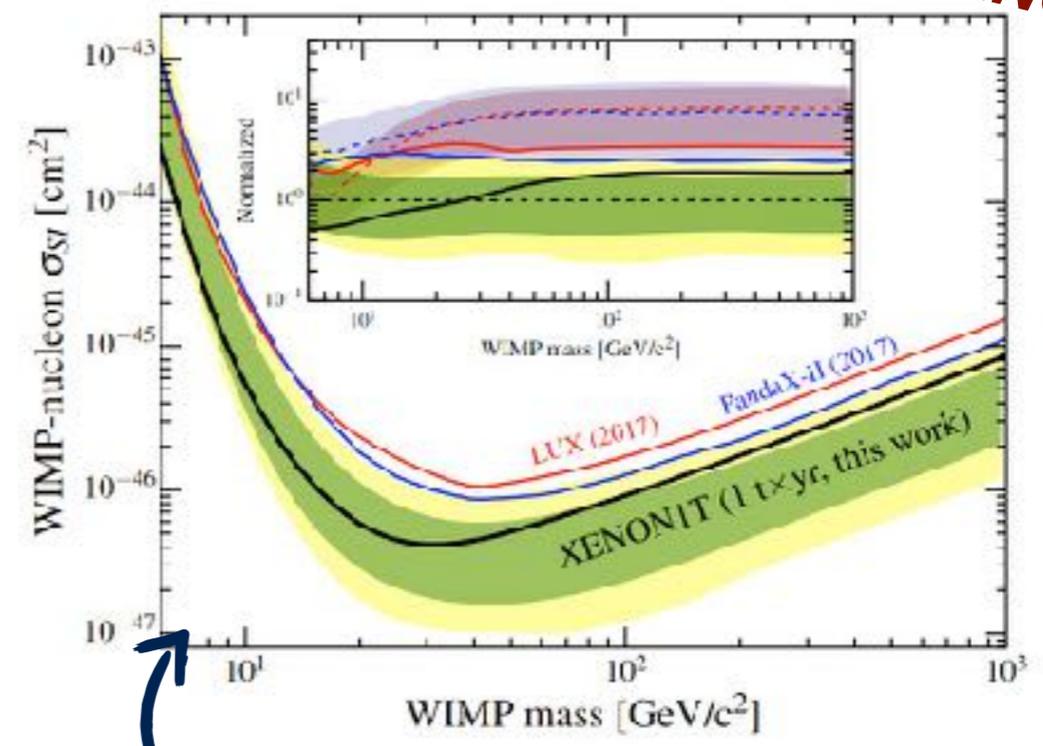
Limits on WIMP DM are improving continuously



Mediator search

New LHC results

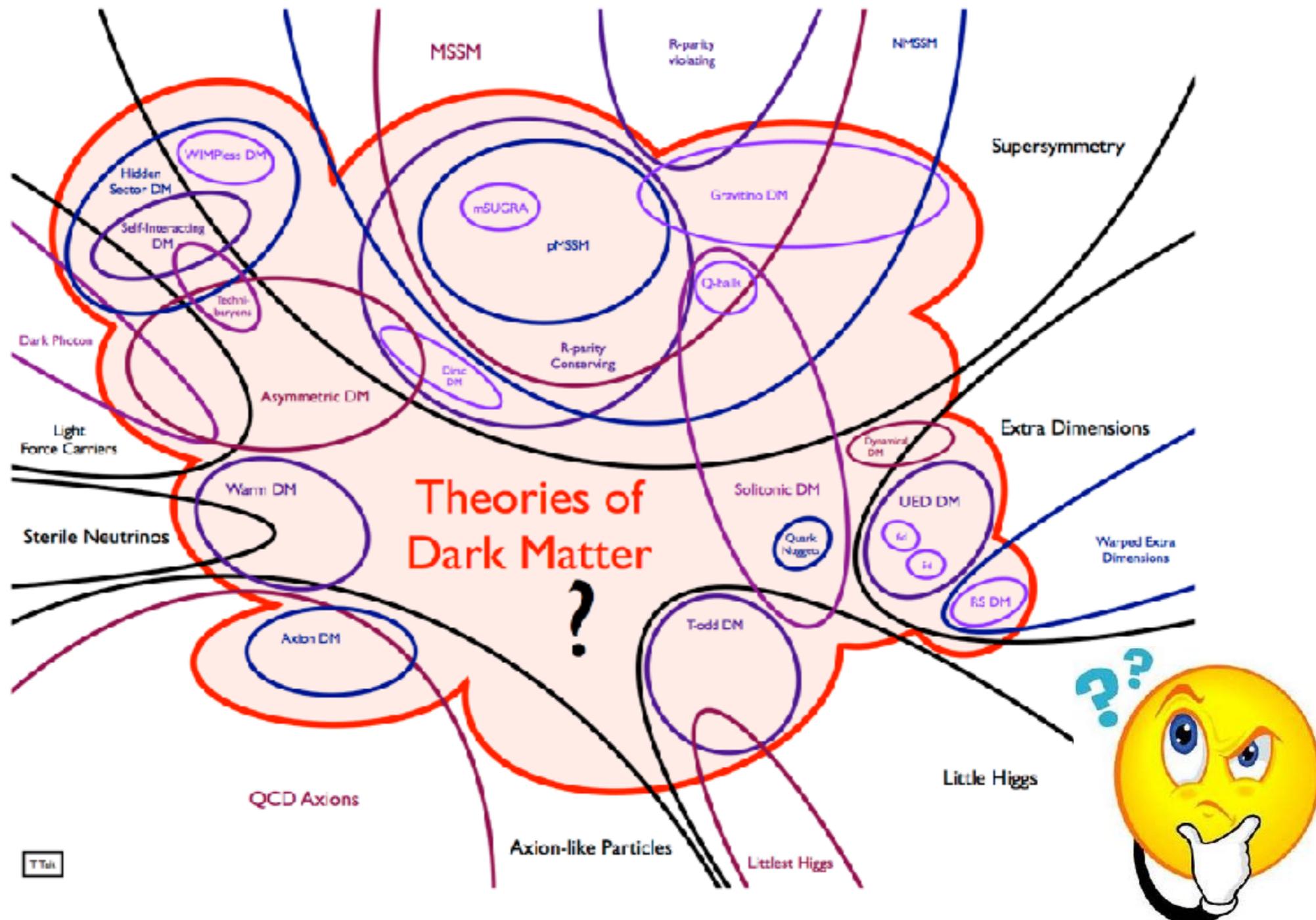
Recent limits from XENON1T



Very sensitive in 5-1000 GeV DM mass range

Dark Matter ZOO

But possibility for Dark Matter are much vaster



Feebly Interacting Massive Particle

Dark Matter abundance through freeze-in mechanism

- ♦ *Dark matter not in thermal equilibrium with SM bath*
- ♦ *Produced via decay or scattering of particles in thermal equilibrium*

Hall, Jedamzik, March-Russell, West '09

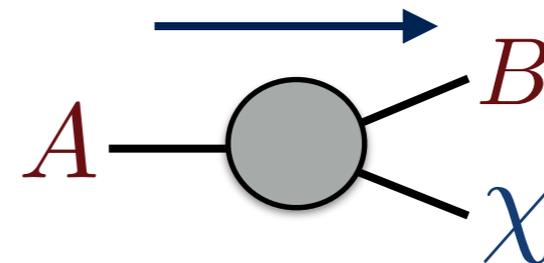
Blennow, Fernandez-Martinez, Zaldivar '13

Bernal, Heikinheimo, Tenkanen, Tuominen, Vaskonen '17

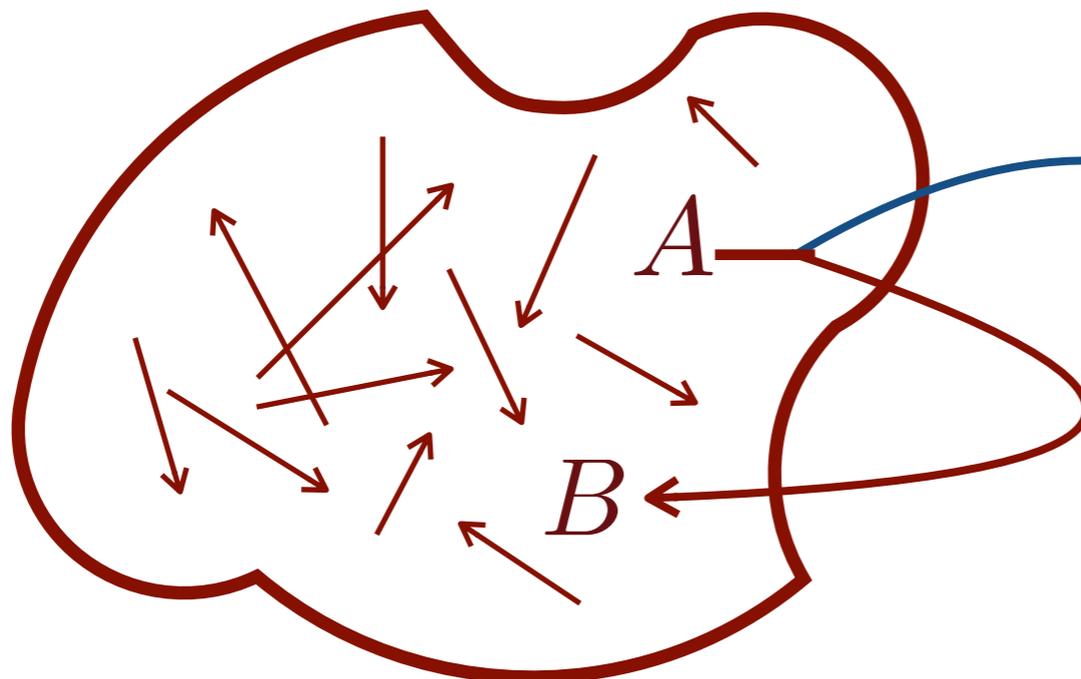
Co, D'Eramo, Hall, Pappadopulo '15

Bélanger, Cai, Desai, Goudelis, Harz, Lessa, J.No, Pukhov, Sekmen, Sengupta, Zaldivar, Zurita '18

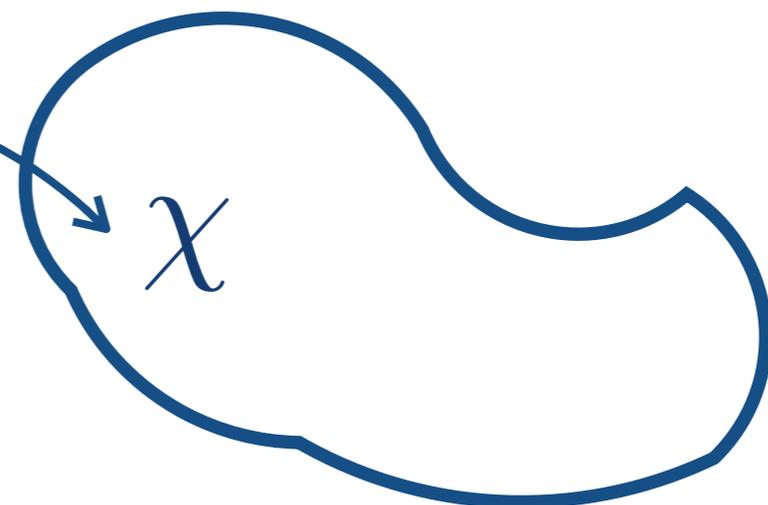
Freeze-in through decay



Standard Model bath

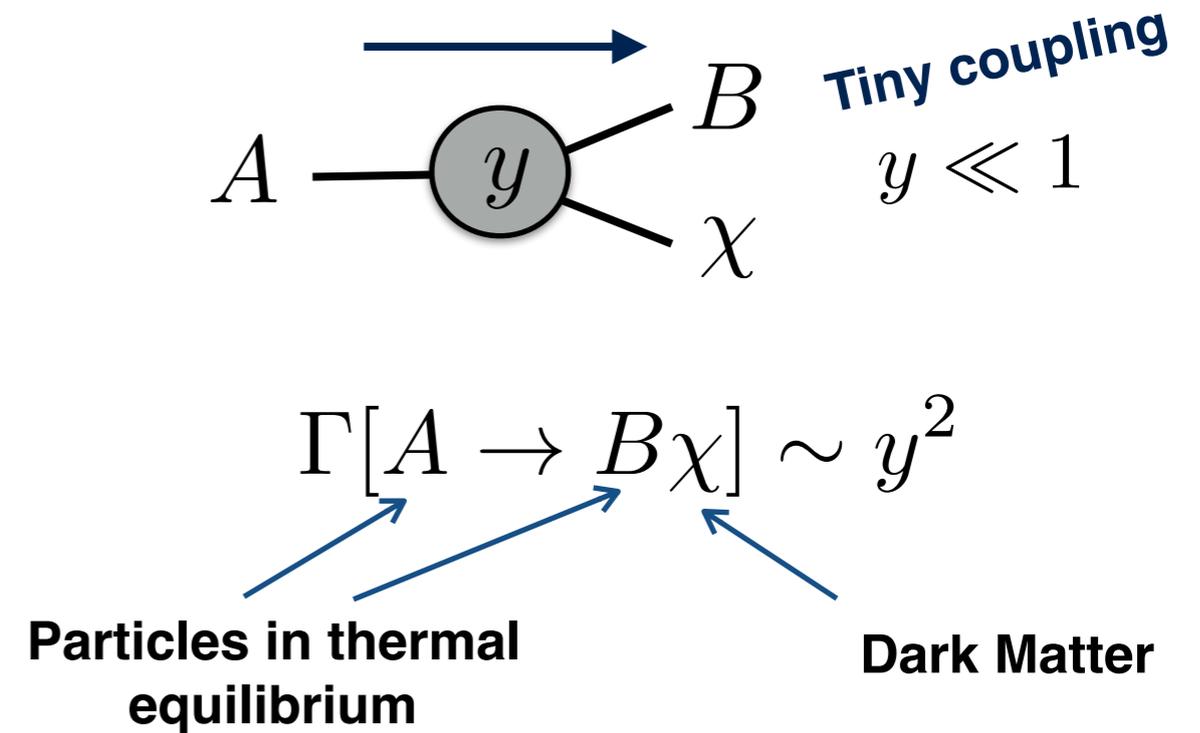
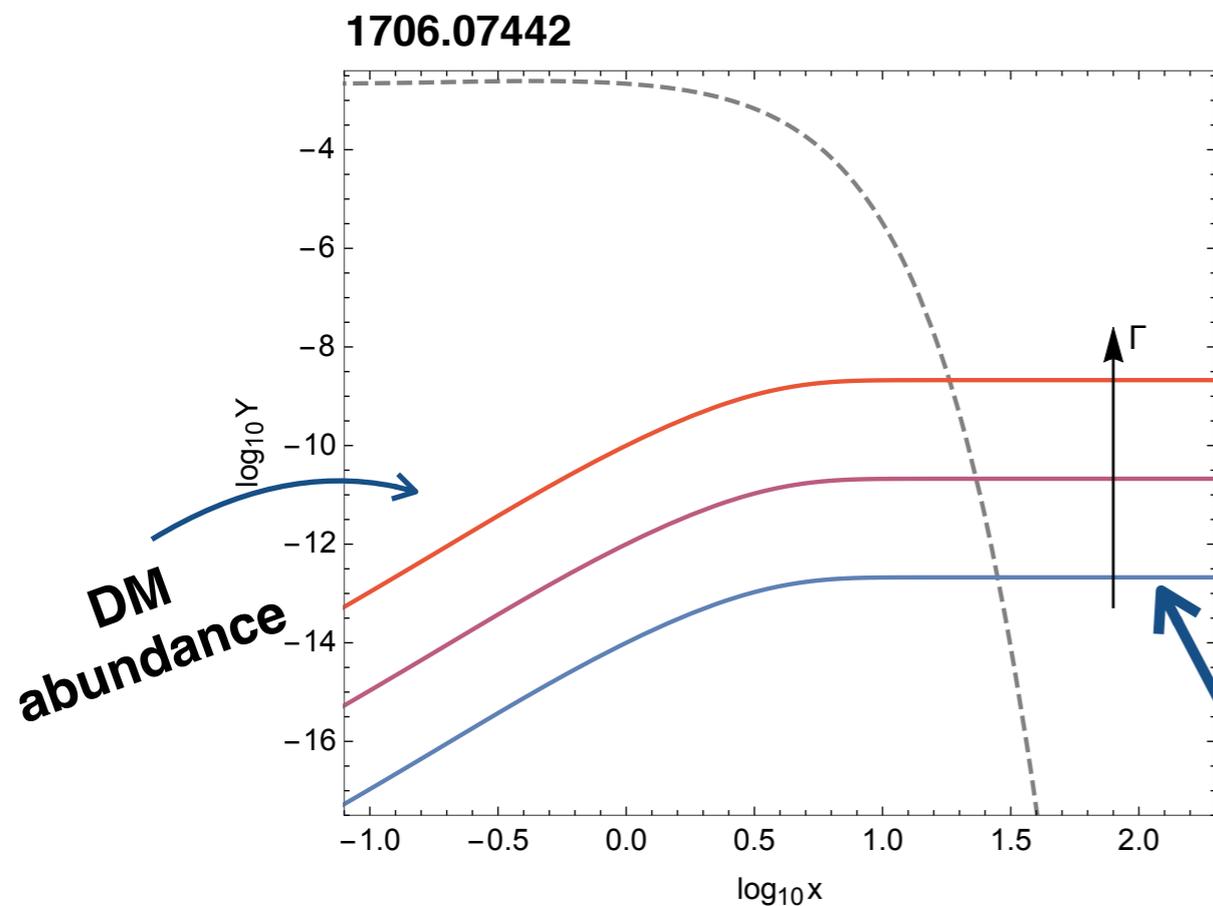


Dark Matter



Freeze-in through decay

- ★ *Mother (mediator) A in thermal equilibrium*
- ★ *Mediator A decays to Dark Matter and produce it*



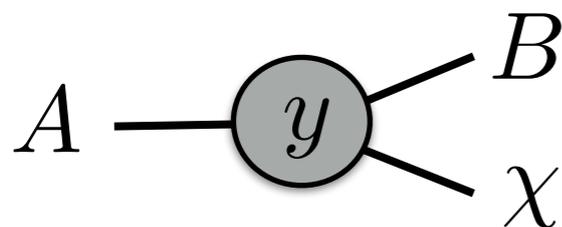
Width (lifetime) of the mediator A determines the DM abundance

FIMP phenomenology

- ♦ *What is typical value of portal coupling?*
- ♦ *Can we probe FIMP DM experimentally?*

FIMP Dark Matter abundance

$$\Omega h^2 \sim 0.12 \left(\frac{\Gamma_A}{4 \times 10^{-15} \text{ GeV}} \right) \left(\frac{600 \text{ GeV}}{m_A} \right)^2 \left(\frac{m_{DM}}{10 \text{ keV}} \right)$$



$$\Gamma_A \sim \frac{y^2}{8\pi} m_A \quad \longrightarrow \quad y \sim 10^{-8}$$

Very small coupling !!!

- ★ *Suppressed signal in direct detection*
- ★ *Suppressed signal in indirect detection*

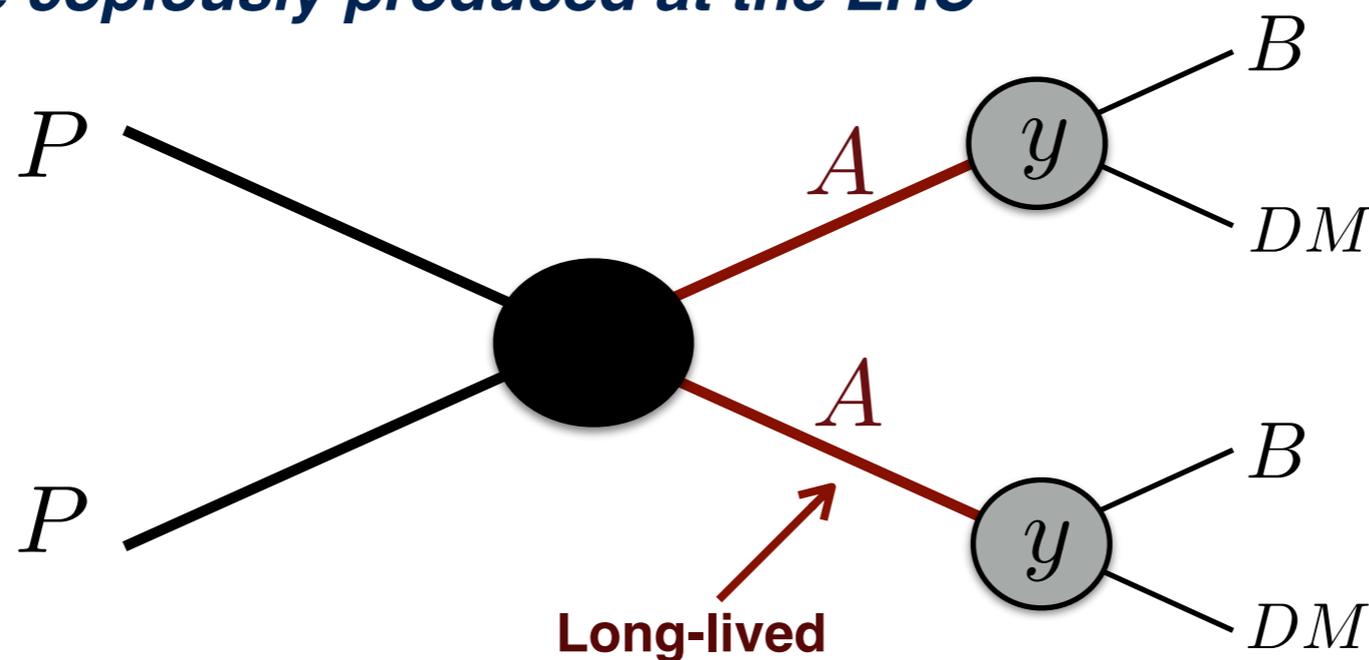
Can LHC probe FIMP?

FIMP phenomenology

♦ *Can we probe FIMP DM at LHC? YES!*

- ♦ *Mediator has sizeable coupling with SM particles*
- ♦ *Can be copiously produced at the LHC*

To be in thermal equilibrium



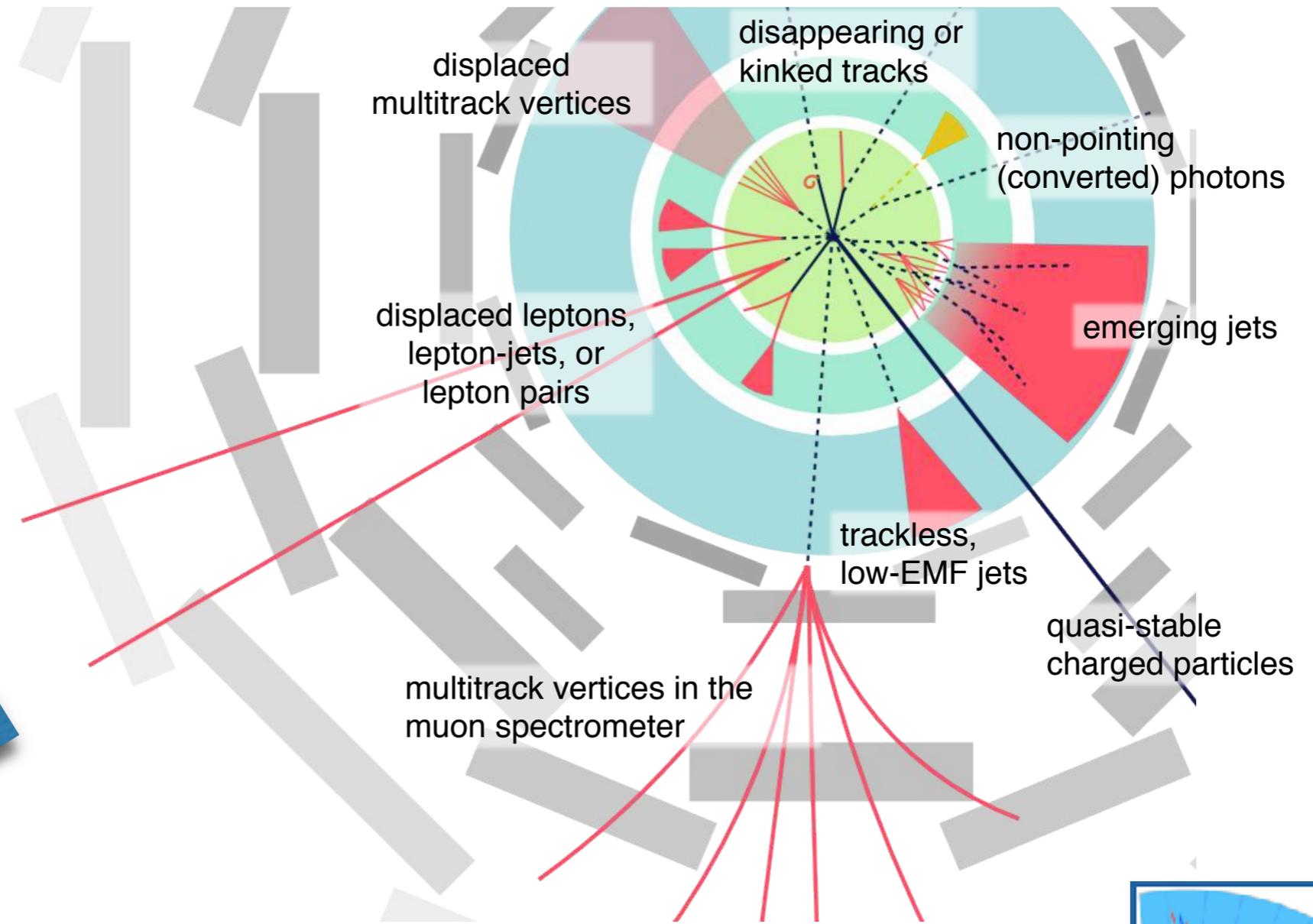
*Typical mediator decay length
is macroscopic:
EXOTIC SIGNALS @ LHC !!!*

$$c\tau_A = \frac{10^{-15} \text{ GeV}}{\Gamma_A} \times 19 \text{ cm}$$

LongLived Signatures @ LHC

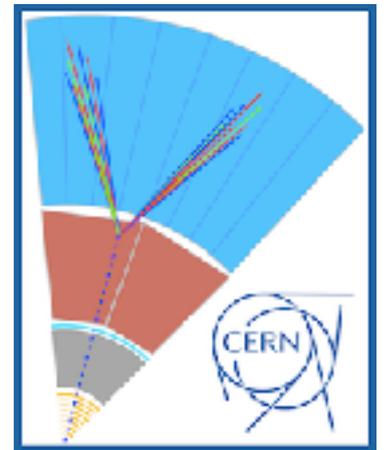
SM is mainly prompt

Signatures with low background



[Figure from Heather Russell]

Challenging but powerful



FIMP (decay) phenomenology

Standard
Cosmology
history

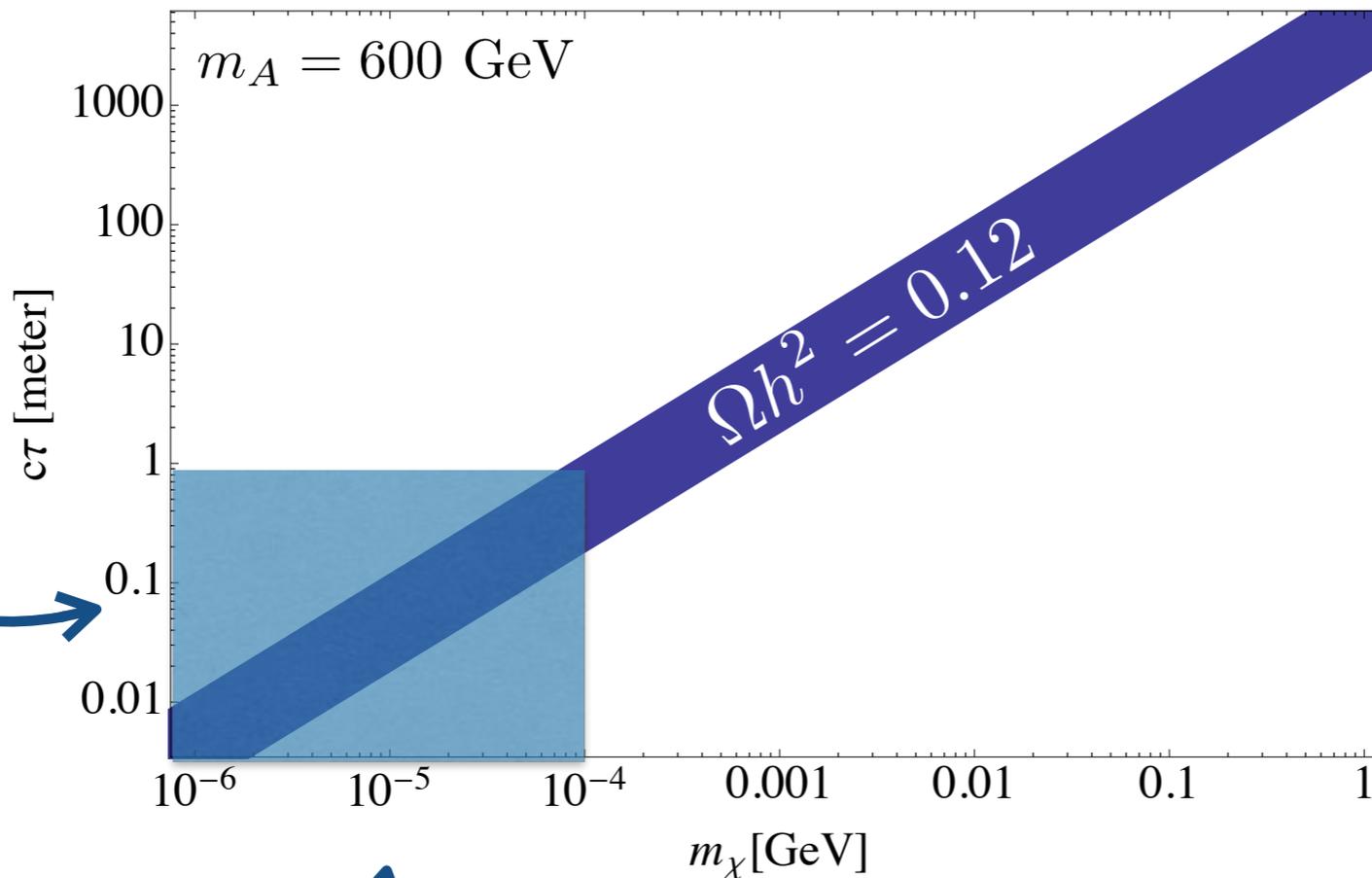
$$\Omega h^2 \sim 0.12 \left(\frac{5 \text{ cm}}{c\tau_A} \right) \left(\frac{600 \text{ GeV}}{m_A} \right)^2 \left(\frac{m_\chi}{10 \text{ keV}} \right)$$

Macroscopic decay
visible at LHC

Mediator accessible
at the LHC

Very light
Dark Matter

Typical
size for
detector



Light Dark
Matter regime

FIMP (decay) phenomenology

Standard
Cosmology
history

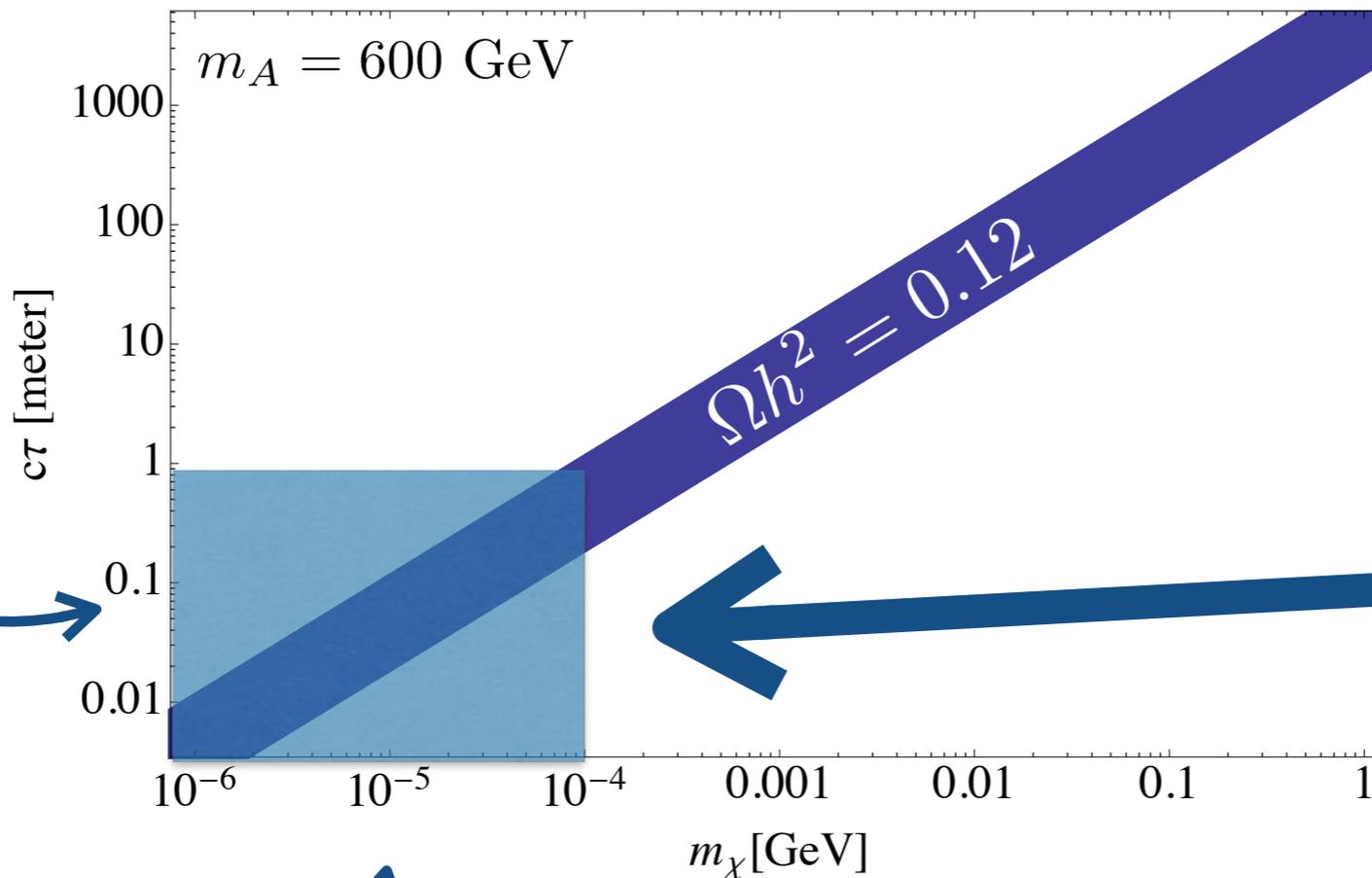
$$\Omega h^2 \sim 0.12 \left(\frac{5 \text{ cm}}{c\tau_A} \right) \left(\frac{600 \text{ GeV}}{m_A} \right)^2 \left(\frac{m_\chi}{10 \text{ keV}} \right)$$

Macroscopic decay
visible at LHC

Mediator accessible
at the LHC

Very light
Dark Matter

Typical
size for
detector



Displaced dark
matter at LHC

WDM signatures

Light Dark
Matter regime

Dark Matter and Long-lived signatures

Can we classify DM models with long-lived signatures?

Some explored cases

* **FIMP** Hall, Jedamzik, March-Russell, West '09
Co, D'Eramo, Hall, Pappadopulo '15

* **SuperWIMP** Feng, Rajaraman, Takayama '03
Chang, Luty '09

* **Asymmetric DM** Kaplan, Luty, Zurek '09
Schwaller, Stolarski, Weiler '15

* **Pseudo-Dirac DM** Davoli, De Simone, Jacques, Sanz '17

* **Conversion driven FO (co-annihilation)**

Garny, Heisig, Lülf, Vogl '17

Hall, March-Russell, West '10

Schwaller, Stolarski, Weiler '15

Hessler, Ibarra, Molinaro, Vogl '16

Buchmueller, De Roeck, McCullough, Hahn, Sung, Schwaller, Yu '17
Stolarski '17

Ghosh, Mondal, Mukhopadhyaya '18

Davolia, De Simone, Jacquesa, Morandini '18

D'Eramo, Fernandez, Profumo '18

Garny, Heisig, Hufnagel, Lülf '18

Typically
non thermal
production

Singlet Doublet Freeze In

- ♦ *Minimal model with few extra fermionic states* Mahbubani, Senatore '05

$$(\psi_u)_{2, \frac{1}{2}} = \begin{pmatrix} \psi^+ \\ \psi_u^0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (\psi_d)_{2, -\frac{1}{2}} = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_d^0 \\ \psi^- \end{pmatrix}, \quad (\psi_s)_{1, 0}$$

Improve
gauge coupling
unification

- ♦ *Lagrangian coupling with the Higgs*

$$-\mathcal{L} \supset \mu \psi_d \cdot \psi_u + y_d \psi_d \cdot H \psi_s + y_u H^\dagger \psi_u \psi_s + \frac{1}{2} m_s \psi_s \psi_s + h.c.$$

Similar to Higgsino-Bino, but with arbitrary couplings

Regime for Freeze-in

$$|y_u|, |y_d| \ll 1, \quad |m_s| \ll |\mu|,$$

Feeble yukawa
couplings

Singlet much
lighter

$$y_u \equiv y \sin \theta, \quad y_d \equiv y \cos \theta.$$

Singlet Doublet Freeze In

- ◆ *Minimal model with few extra fermionic states* Mahbubani, Senatore '05

$$(\psi_u)_{2, \frac{1}{2}} = \begin{pmatrix} \psi^+ \\ \psi_u^0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (\psi_d)_{2, -\frac{1}{2}} = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_d^0 \\ \psi^- \end{pmatrix}, \quad (\psi_s)_{1,0}$$

- ◆ *Lagrangian coupling with the Higgs*

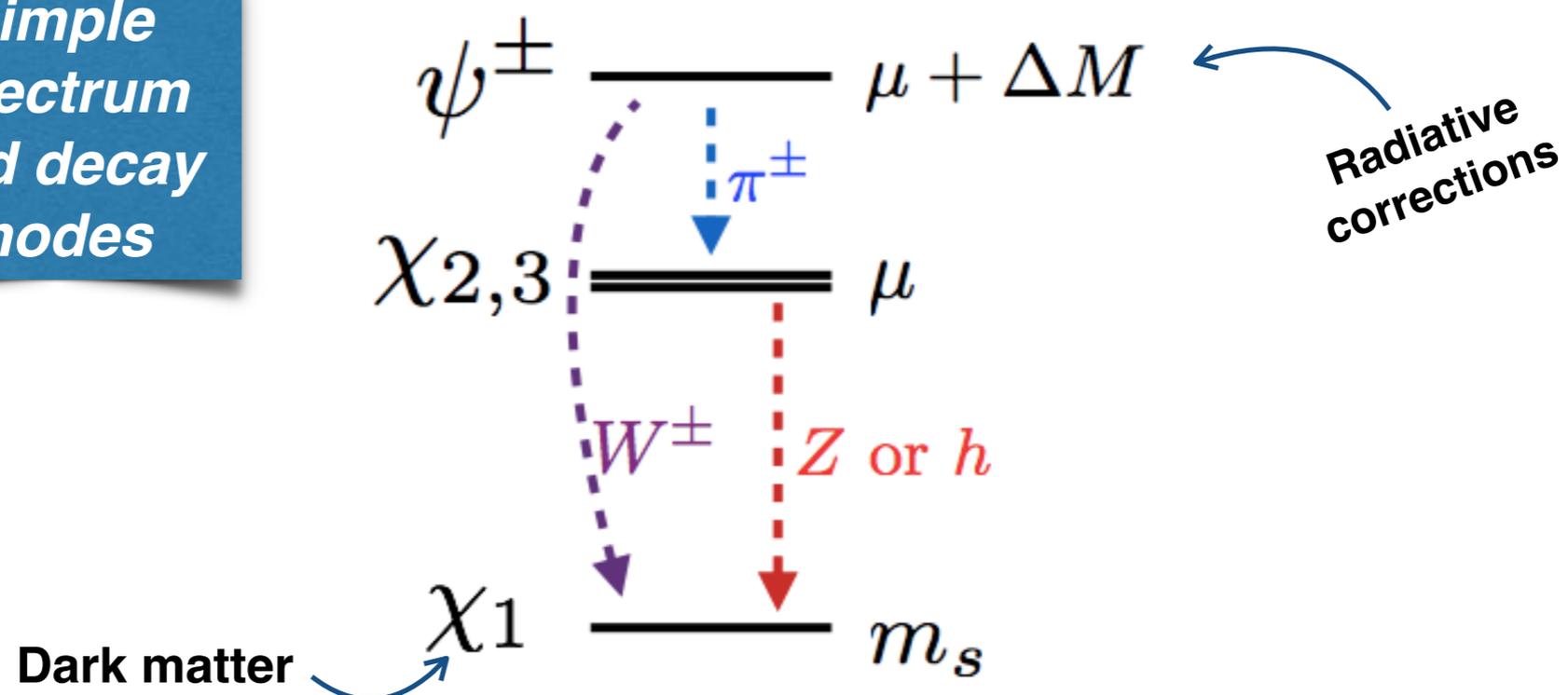
$$-\mathcal{L} \supset \mu \psi_d \cdot \psi_u + y_d \psi_d \cdot H \psi_s + y_u H^\dagger \psi_u \psi_s + \frac{1}{2} m_s \psi_s \psi_s + h.c.$$

$$y_u \equiv y \sin \theta, \quad y_d \equiv y \cos \theta.$$

- ◆ *Regime for Freeze-in:* $y \ll 1, \quad |m_s| \ll |\mu|$

Similar to
Higgsino-Bino
with tiny mixing

Simple
spectrum
and decay
modes



Freeze-in

Where is region of parameter space suitable for freeze-in ?

$$Y_{\chi_1} = \frac{270 M_{Pl}}{(1.66) 8\pi^3 g_*^{3/2}} \left(\sum_{B=Z,h} \frac{\Gamma[\chi_3 \rightarrow B\chi_1]}{m_{\chi_3}^2} + \sum_{B=Z,h} \frac{\Gamma[\chi_2 \rightarrow B\chi_1]}{m_{\chi_2}^2} + g_\psi \frac{\Gamma[\psi^+ \rightarrow W^+\chi_1]}{m_\psi^2} \right)$$

Dark matter abundance

Decay width of heavy doublet components into dark matter

Freeze-in

Where is region of parameter space suitable for freeze-in ?

Dark matter abundance

$$Y_{\chi_1} = \frac{270 M_{Pl}}{(1.66) 8\pi^3 g_*^{3/2}} \left(\sum_{B=Z,h} \frac{\Gamma[\chi_3 \rightarrow B\chi_1]}{m_{\chi_3}^2} + \sum_{B=Z,h} \frac{\Gamma[\chi_2 \rightarrow B\chi_1]}{m_{\chi_2}^2} + g_\psi \frac{\Gamma[\psi^+ \rightarrow W^+\chi_1]}{m_\psi^2} \right)$$

Decay width of heavy doublet components into dark matter

→

$$\Omega_{\chi_1} h^2 \simeq 0.11 \left(\frac{y}{10^{-8}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{m_{\chi_1}}{10 \text{ keV}} \right) \left(\frac{700 \text{ GeV}}{\mu} \right)$$

Typical coupling size for displacement

Very light DM mass, cosmological constraints

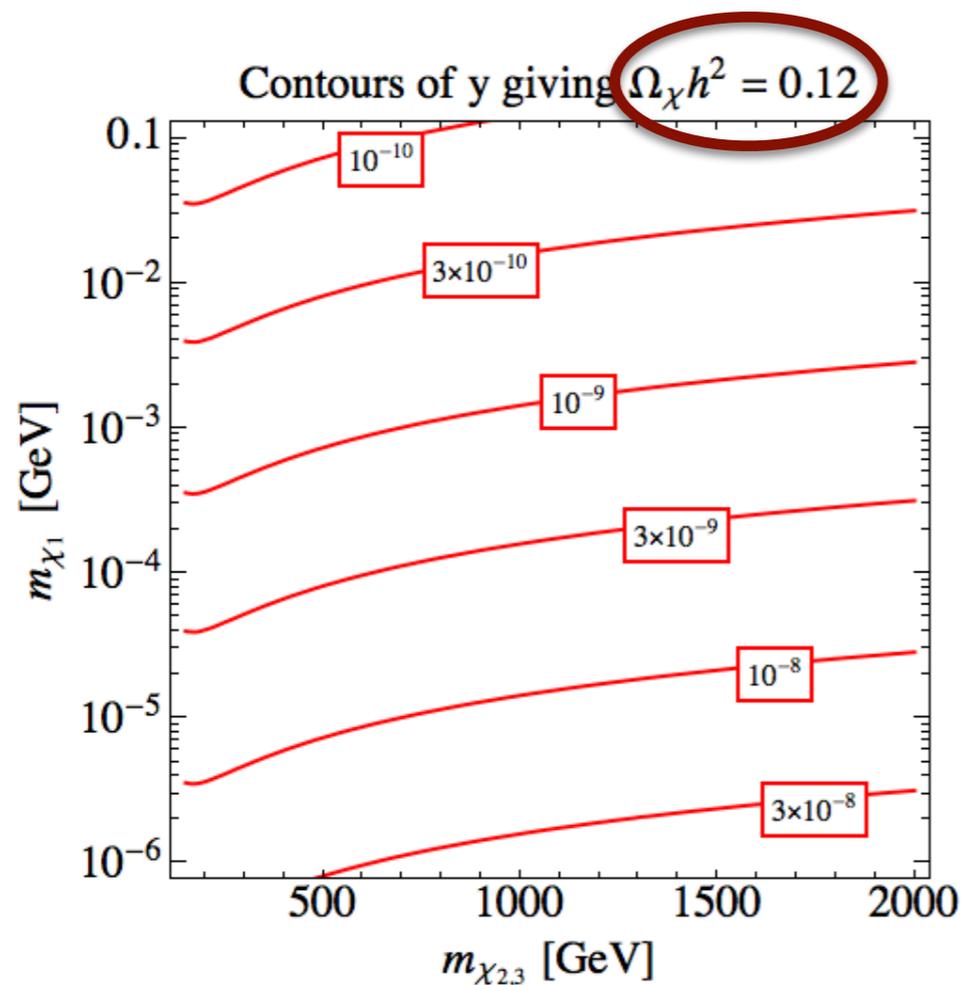
Doublet mass scale accessible at the LHC

One can impose the correct relic abundance and reduce the parameter space

Freeze-in

$$\Omega_{\chi_1} h^2 \simeq 0.11 \left(\frac{y}{10^{-8}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{m_{\chi_1}}{10 \text{ keV}} \right) \left(\frac{700 \text{ GeV}}{\mu} \right)$$

Fix Dark Matter abundance to correct value



$$10^{-8} \lesssim y \lesssim 10^{-10}$$

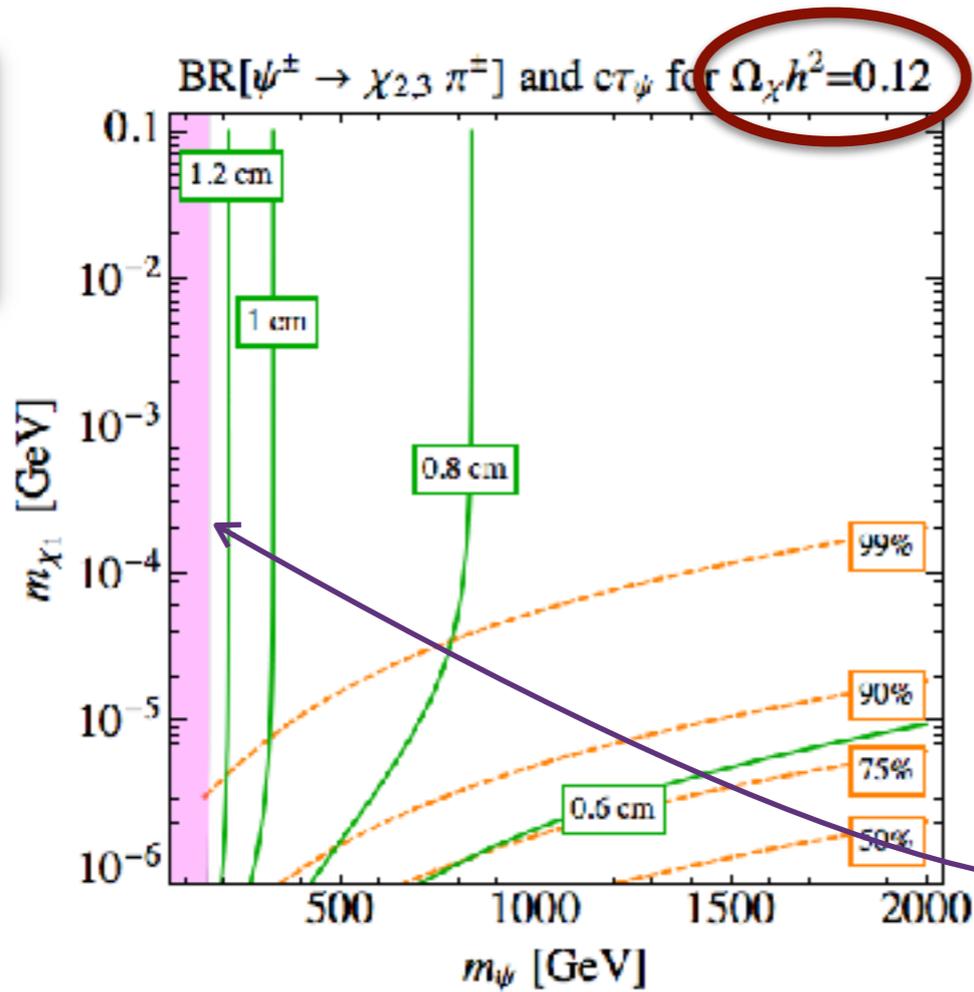
**Typical coupling size
compatible with DM abundance**

Freeze-in

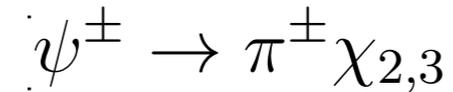
$$\Omega_{\chi_1} h^2 \simeq 0.11 \left(\frac{y}{10^{-8}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{m_{\chi_1}}{10 \text{ keV}} \right) \left(\frac{700 \text{ GeV}}{\mu} \right)$$

Fix Dark Matter abundance to correct value

Charged fermion decay



Decays mainly to pions and $\chi_{2,3}$ on relevant parameter space



Typical decay length is ~cm

Disappearing track limit ~ 150 GeV

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2017-019

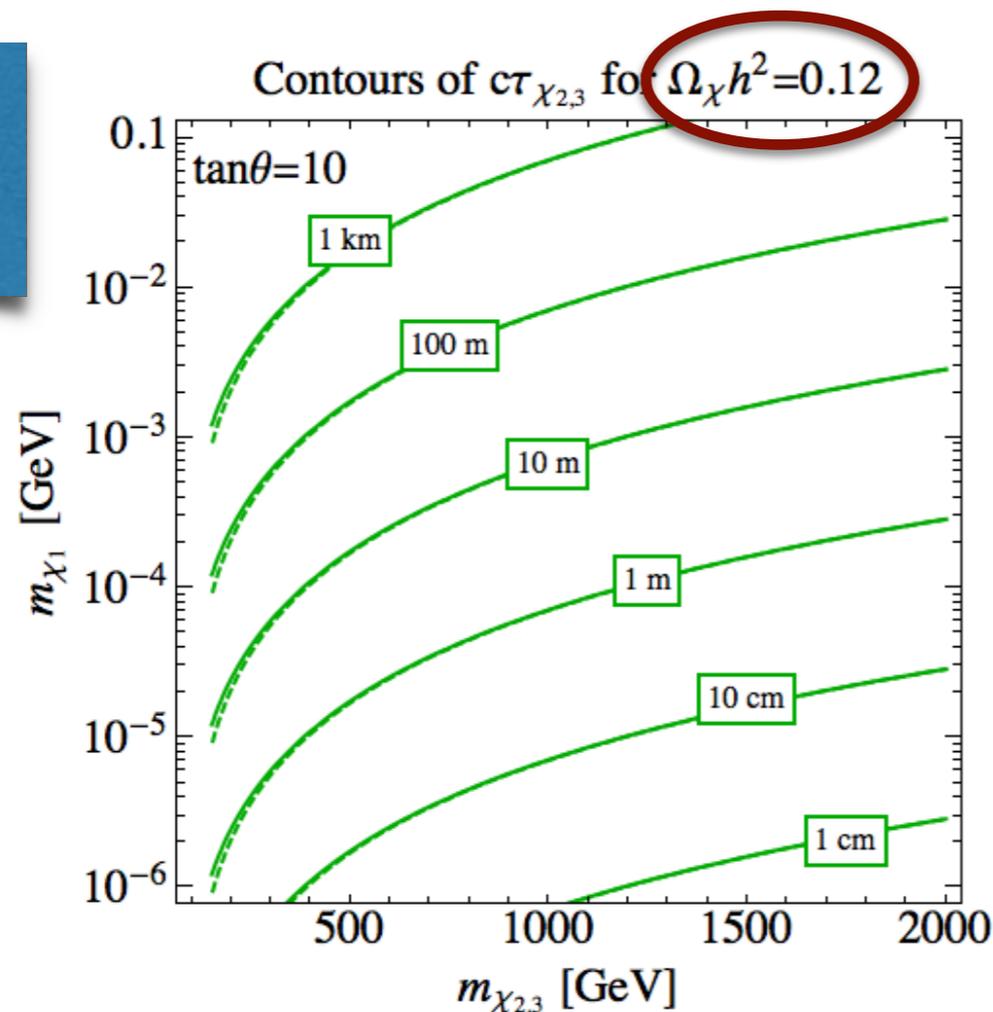
...
for pure Higgsino see e.g.
Mahbubani, Schwaller, Zurita '17
Fukuda, Nagata, Otono, Shirai '17

Freeze-in

$$\Omega_{\chi_1} h^2 \simeq 0.11 \left(\frac{y}{10^{-8}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{m_{\chi_1}}{10 \text{ keV}} \right) \left(\frac{700 \text{ GeV}}{\mu} \right)$$

Fix Dark Matter abundance to correct value

Neutral fermions decay



Decays to Z and h almost democratically

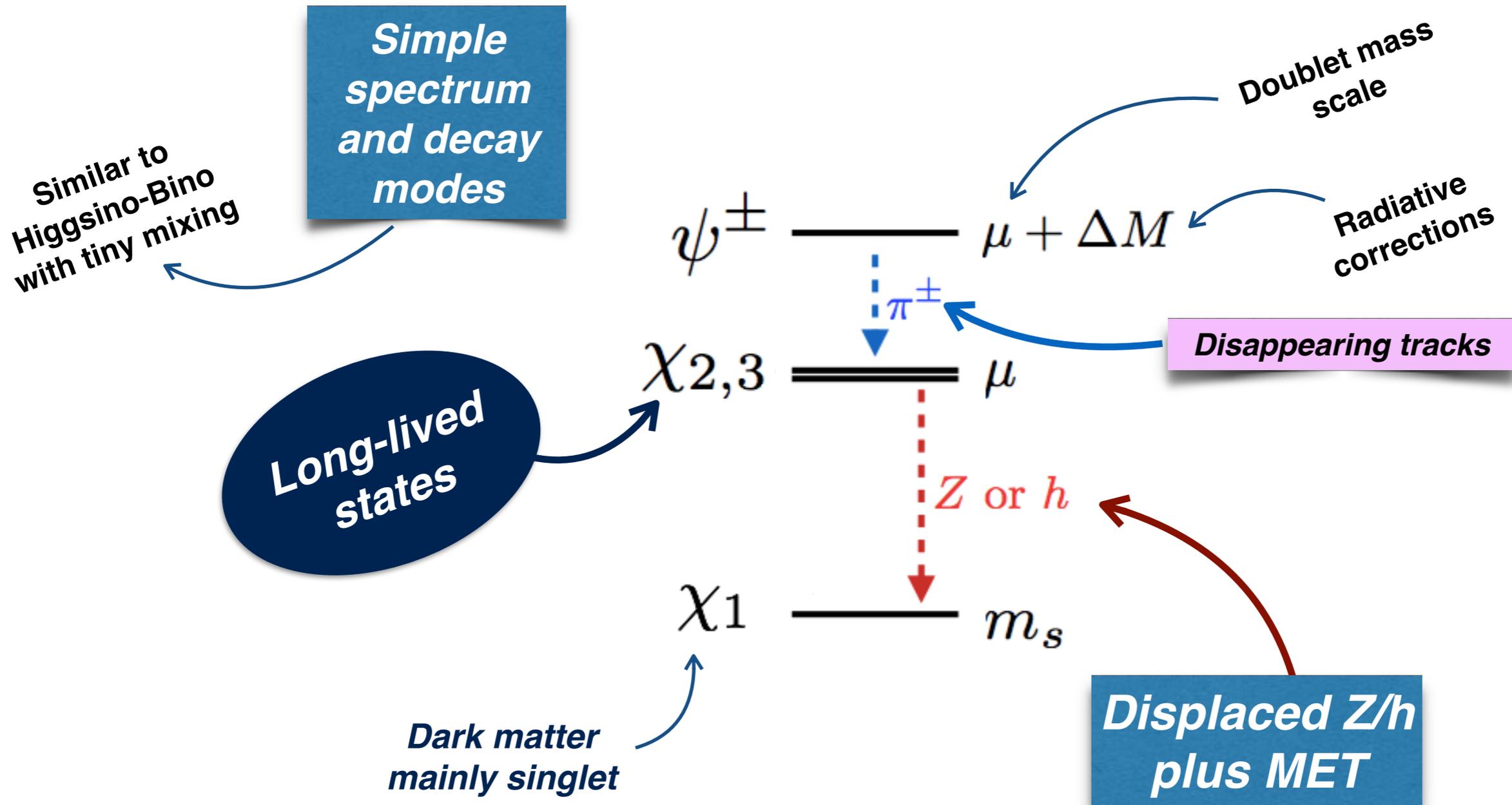
$$\chi_{2,3} \rightarrow h/Z + \chi_1$$

Decay length ranges from 0.1 to 1000 cm

Displaced Z/h plus MET

...
for Higgsino-gravitino see
Meade, Reece, Shih '10
Liu, Tweedie, '15

Recap on Singlet Doublet Freeze In



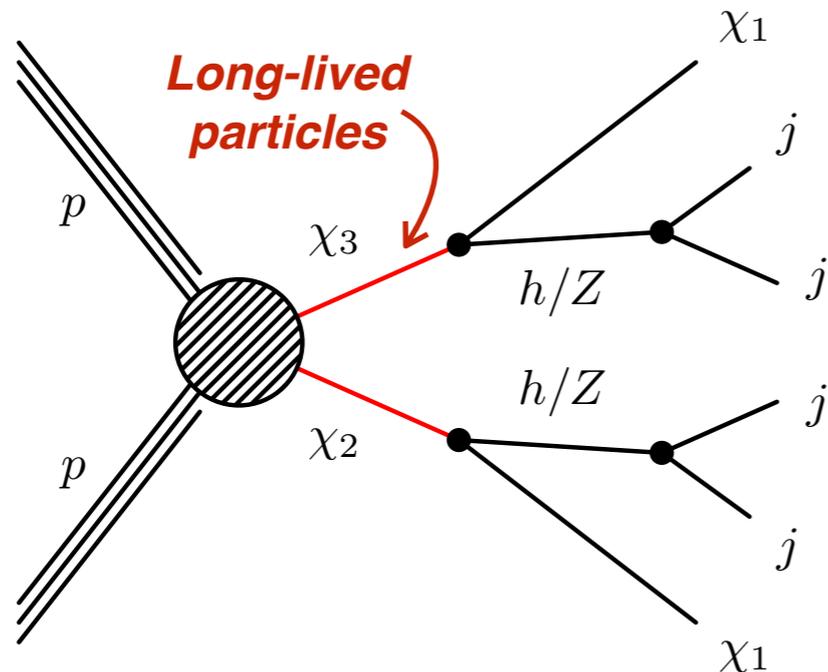
★ **Phenomenological probes:**
LHC displaced signatures -- Light dark matter cosmology

Collider signatures

Production modes at the LHC

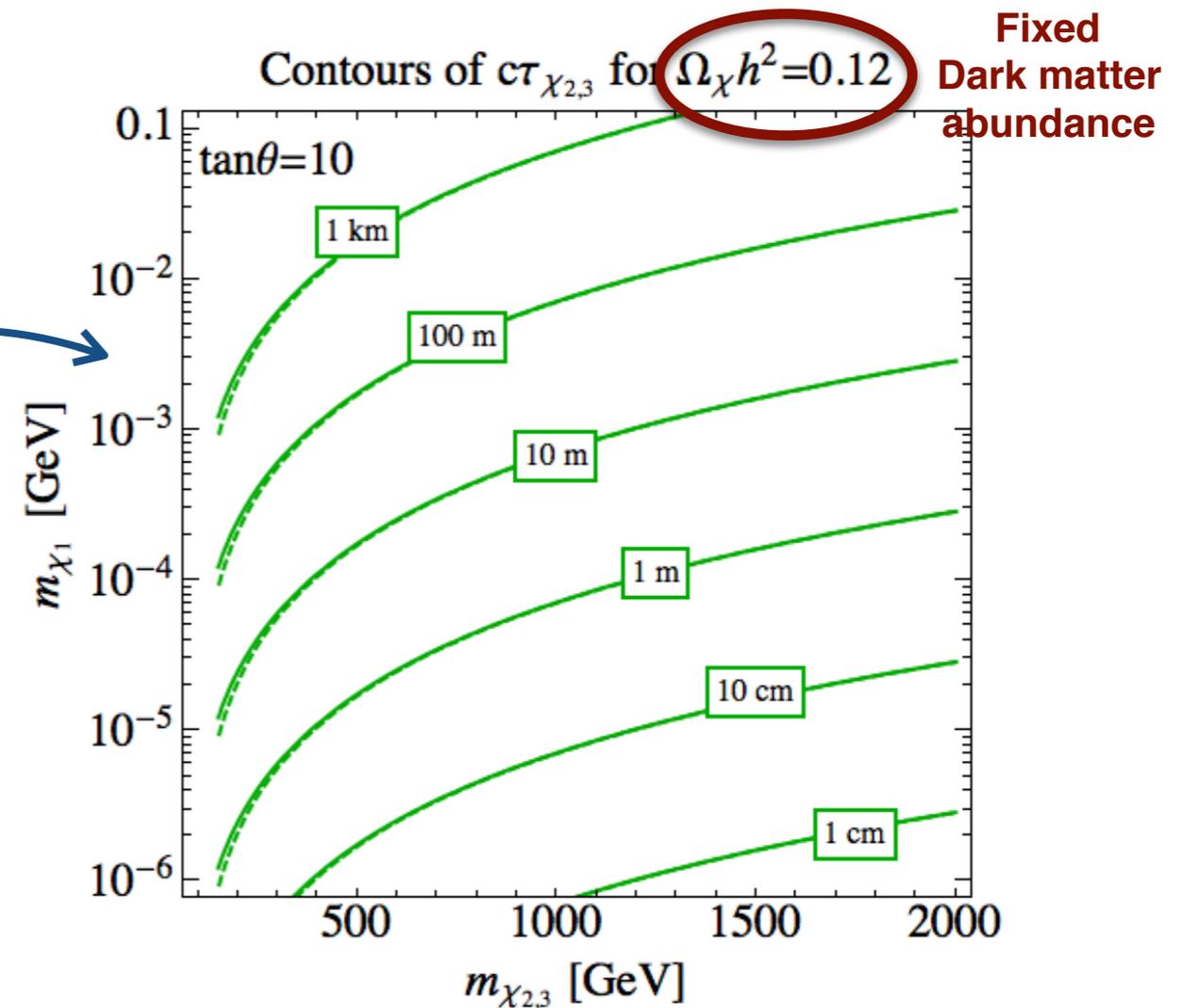
$$pp \rightarrow \chi_2\chi_3 + X, \quad pp \rightarrow \psi^+\psi^- + X, \quad pp \rightarrow \chi_{2,3}\psi^\pm + X.$$

Doublets production modes



Displacement in region of parameter space with correct relic abundance (from 1cm to 1Km)

Displaced Z/h+MET is main signature of the model !



Recasting ATLAS DV+MET

ATLAS arXiv: 1710.04901
CERN-EP-2017-202

***Search for
Displaced Vertices + MET***

♦ ***Follow object selection of
auxiliary materials***

$E_T^{\text{truth}}, d_0, n_{\text{tracks}}^{DV}, m_{DV}, R_{\text{decay}}, z_{\text{decay}}$

♦ ***Apply the efficiency grids***

♦ ***Validate recasting with model
in ATLAS paper as advocated
in Les Houches 2017***

G. Cottin, N. Desai, J. Heisig, A. Lessa

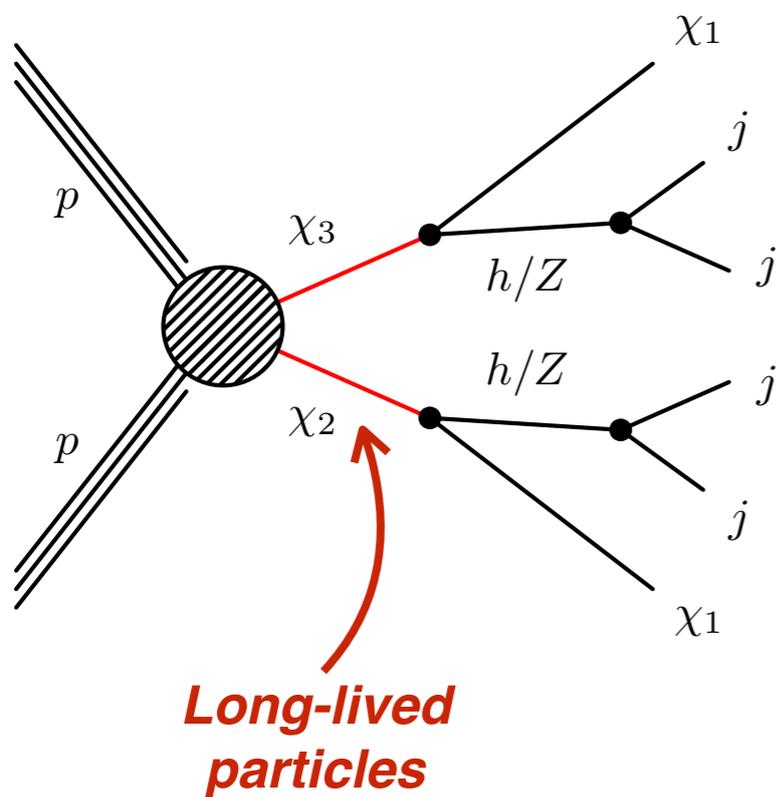
See also Allanach, Badziak, Cottin, Desai, Hugonie, Ziegler '16

Recasting ATLAS DV+MET

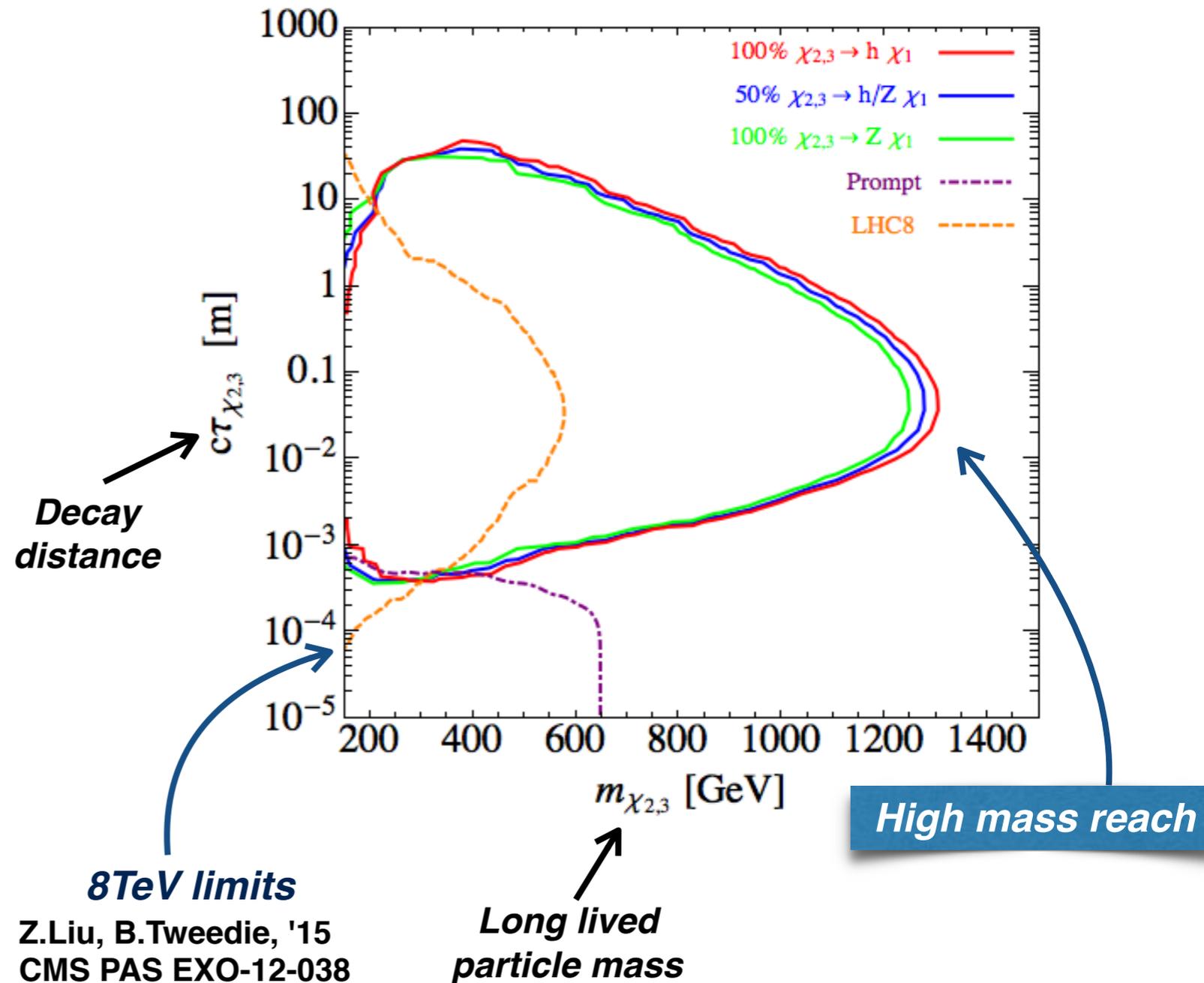
**ATLAS arXiv: 1710.04901
CERN-EP-2017-202**

**Search for
Displaced Vertices + MET**

**We reinterpreted it for
our final state**

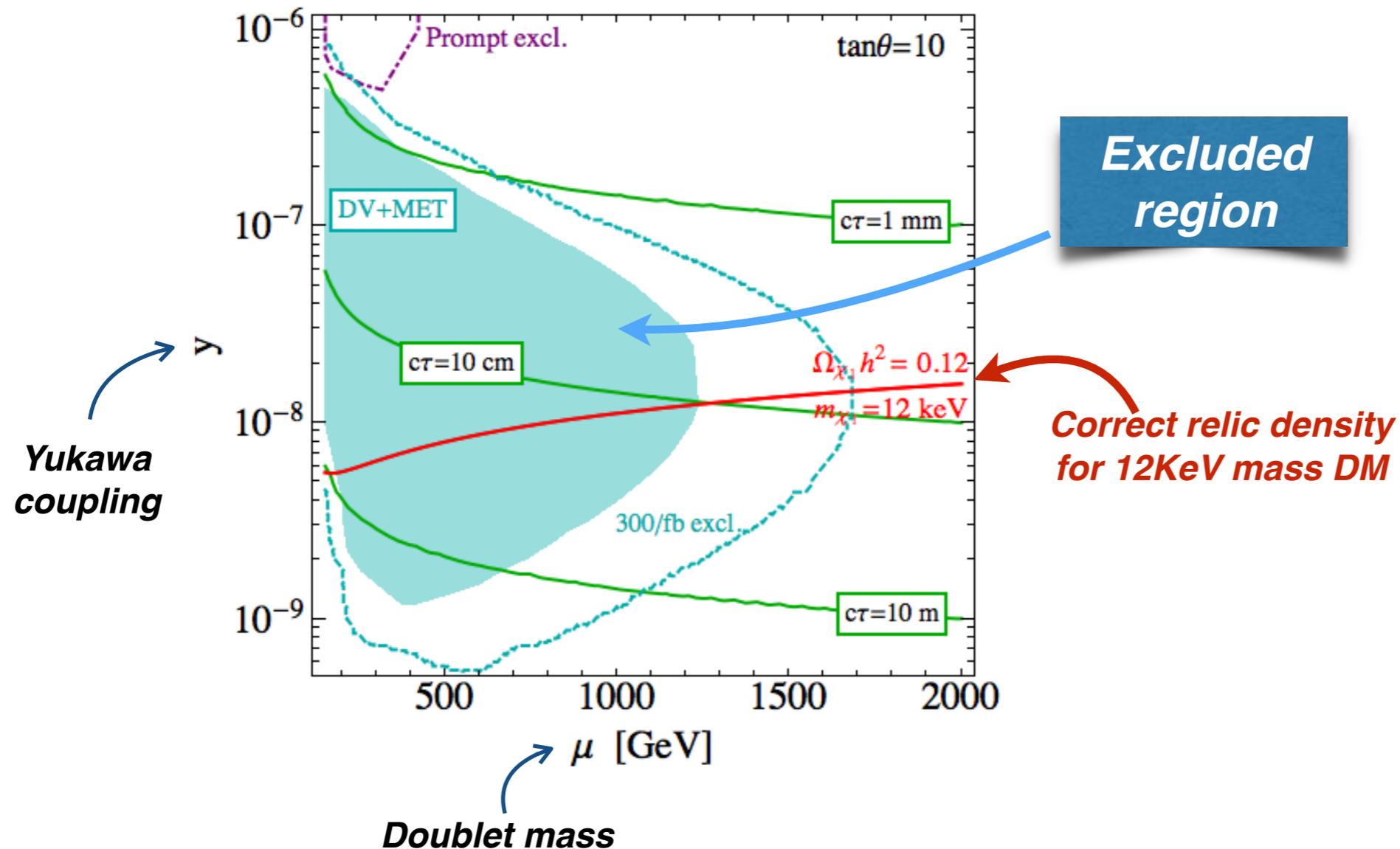


**Simplified models with
fixed BR into h(+MET) or Z(+MET)**



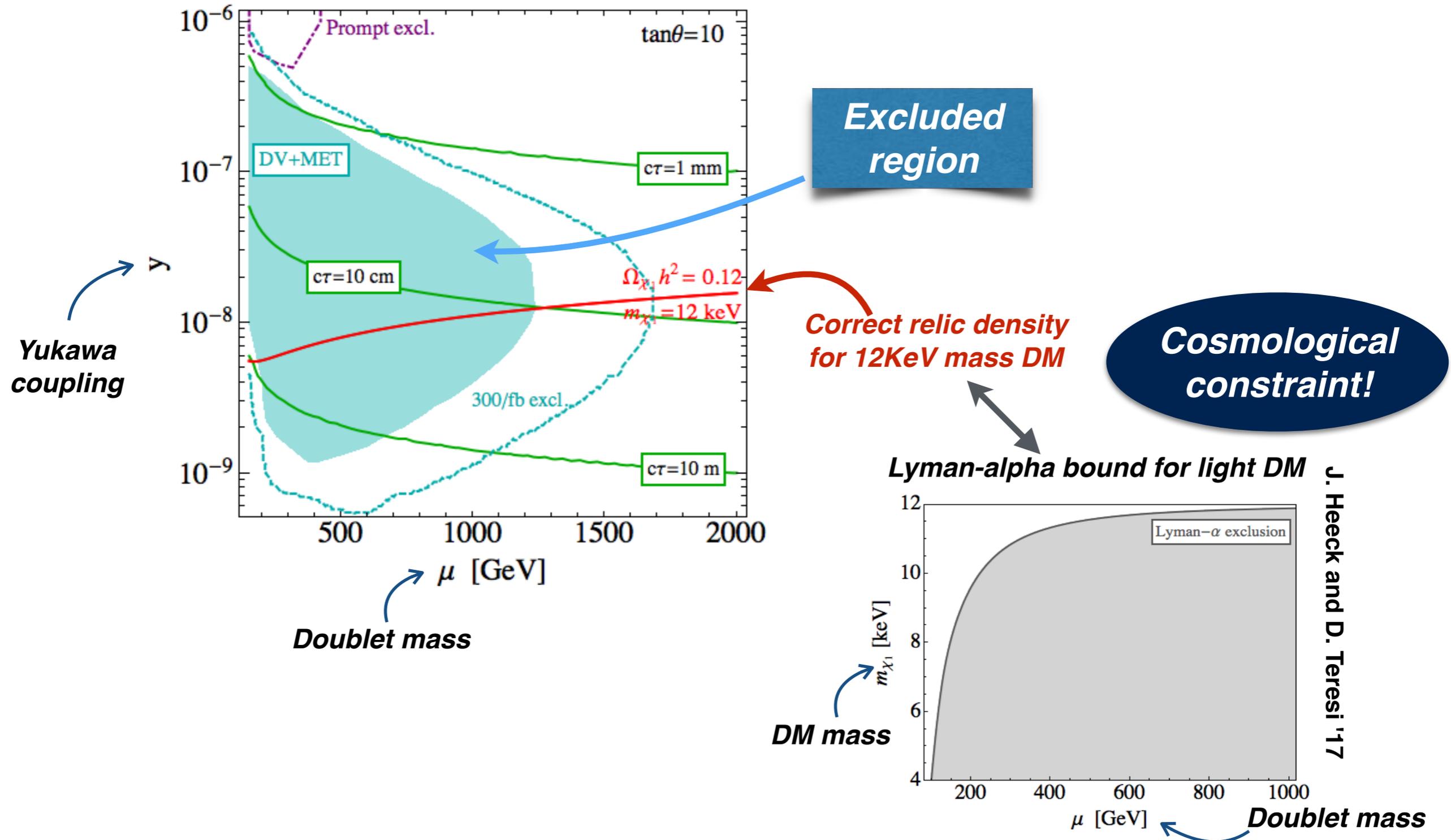
Impact on Singlet Doublet DM

Translate model independent bound on Singlet Doublet DM model



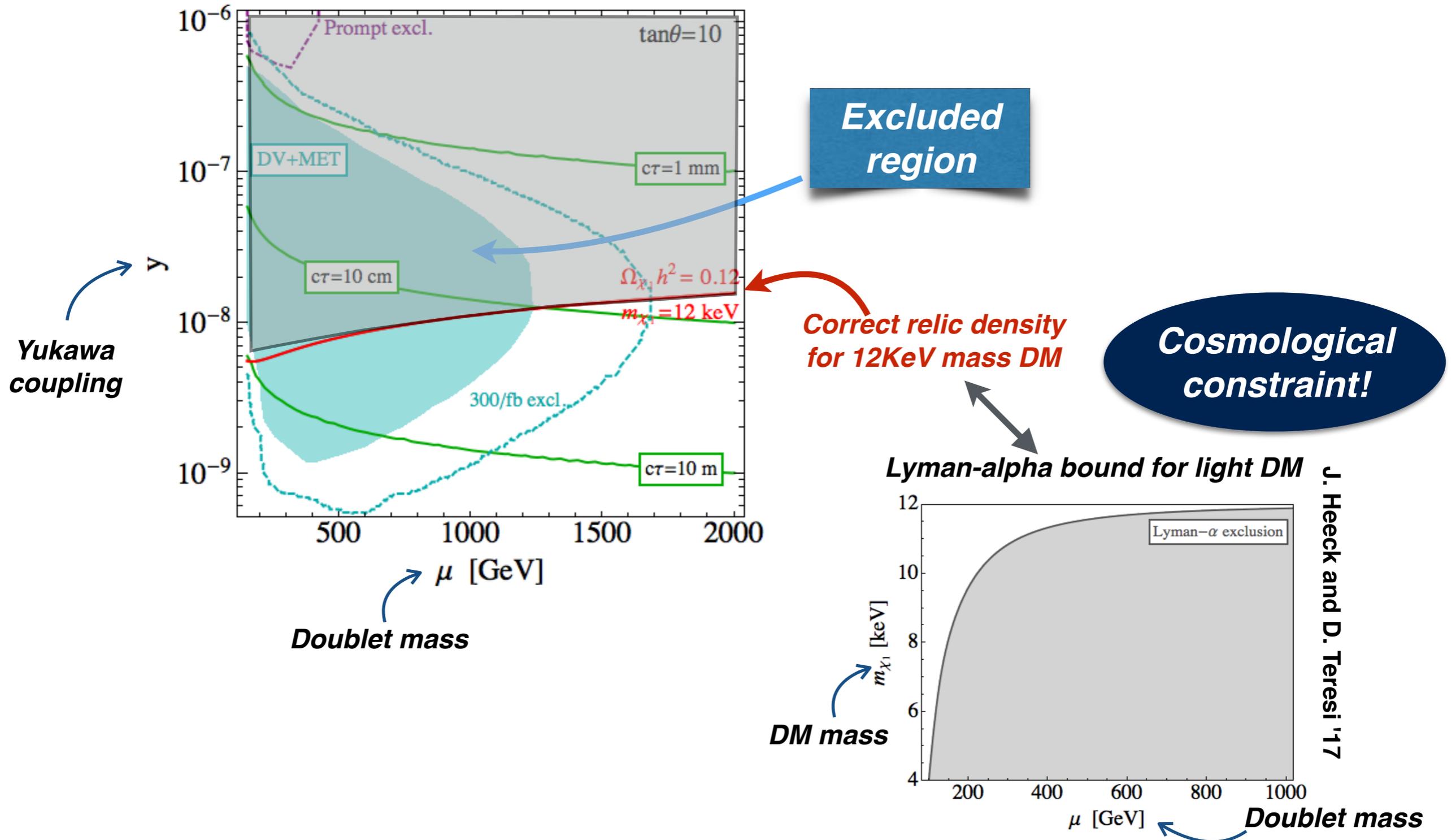
Impact on Singlet Doublet DM

Translate model independent bound on Singlet Doublet DM model



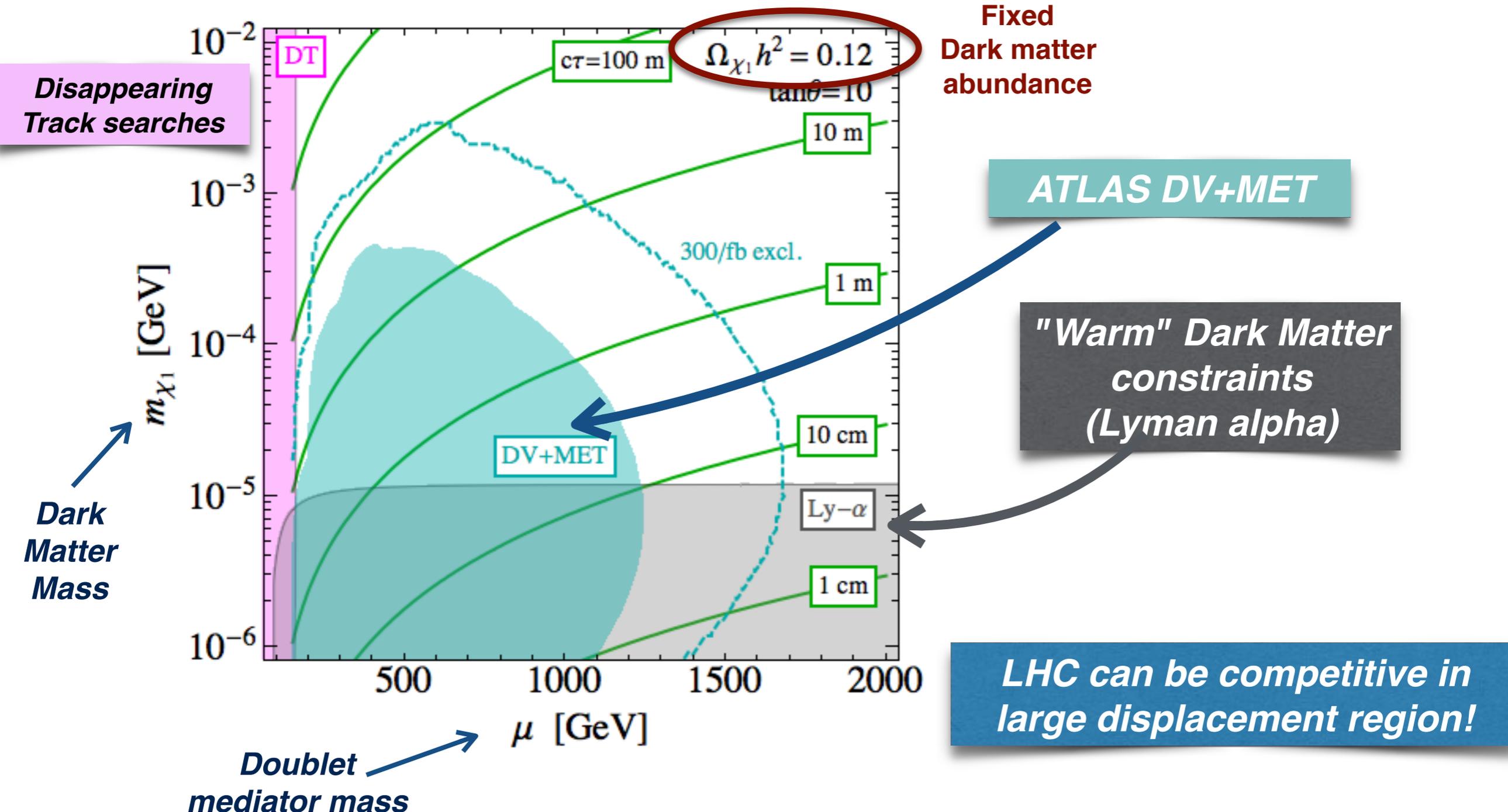
Impact on Singlet Doublet DM

Translate model independent bound on Singlet Doublet DM model



Combining LHC and Cosmo

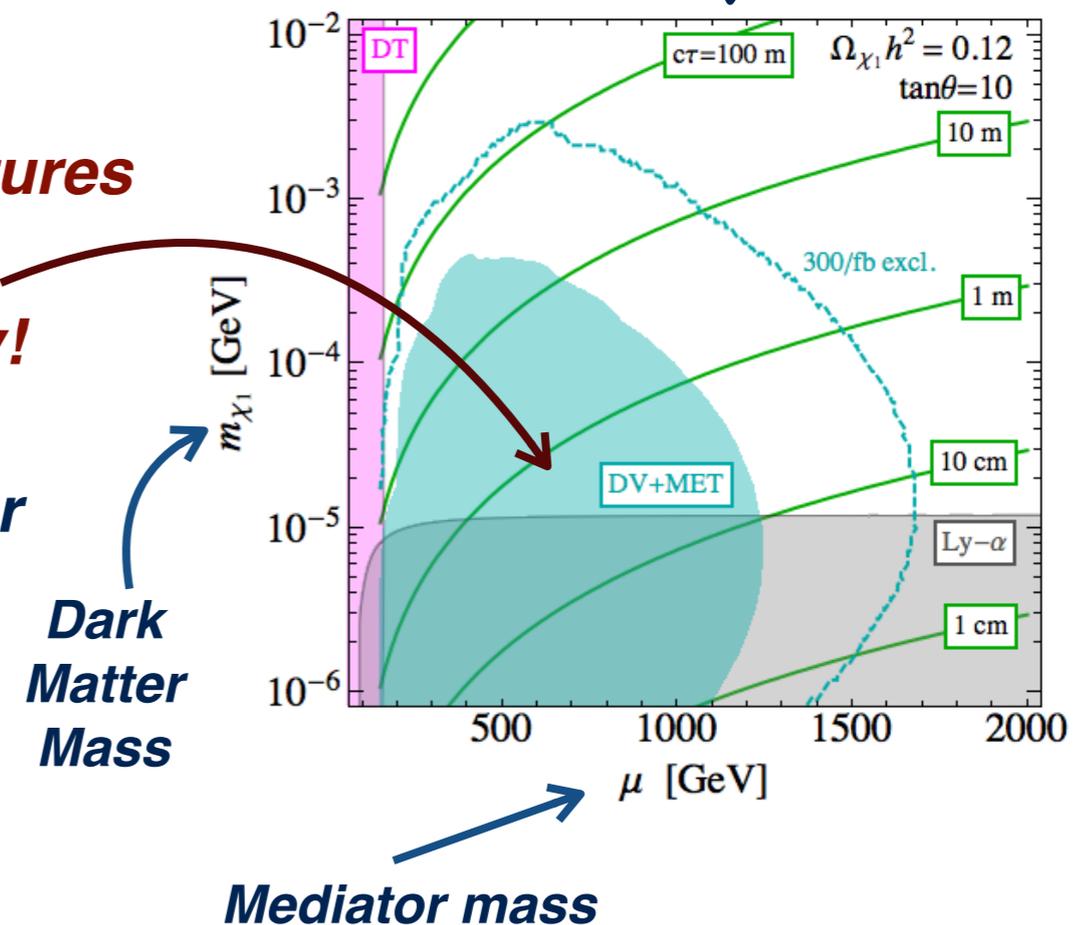
Viable region on parameter space and pheno probes



FIMP at the LHC

Feebly Interacting Singlet Doublet Model

- ★ *FIMP is alternative paradigm to set dark matter abundance*
- ★ *Naturally involves feeble coupling*
- ★ *Extremely hard to detect in experiments*
- ★ *LHC can probe these models via exotic signatures*
- ★ *Interplay of displaced vertices and cosmology!*
- ★ *LHC reach can extend to not-warm dark matter*



Conclusions

- ★ *LHC negative results challenge BSM proposals*
- ★ *Dark matter remains as important BSM motivation*
- ★ *Alternative scenarios should be explored!*
- ★ *FIMP links DM to long-lived/displaced signatures @ LHC*
- ★ *Interplay with cosmology and WDM constraints*
- ★ *Singlet-Doublet DM as illustrative minimal prototype*

- ★ *Several directions to explore in FIMP phenomenology*
- ★ *Other FIMP-like models: non-reno operators, co-ann. ...*
- ★ *Reheating temperature dependence, inflation ...*
- ★ *Neutrino physics connection ...*