

Cortona Young
27-29 May 2020

Gravitational wave signatures of exotic compact objects

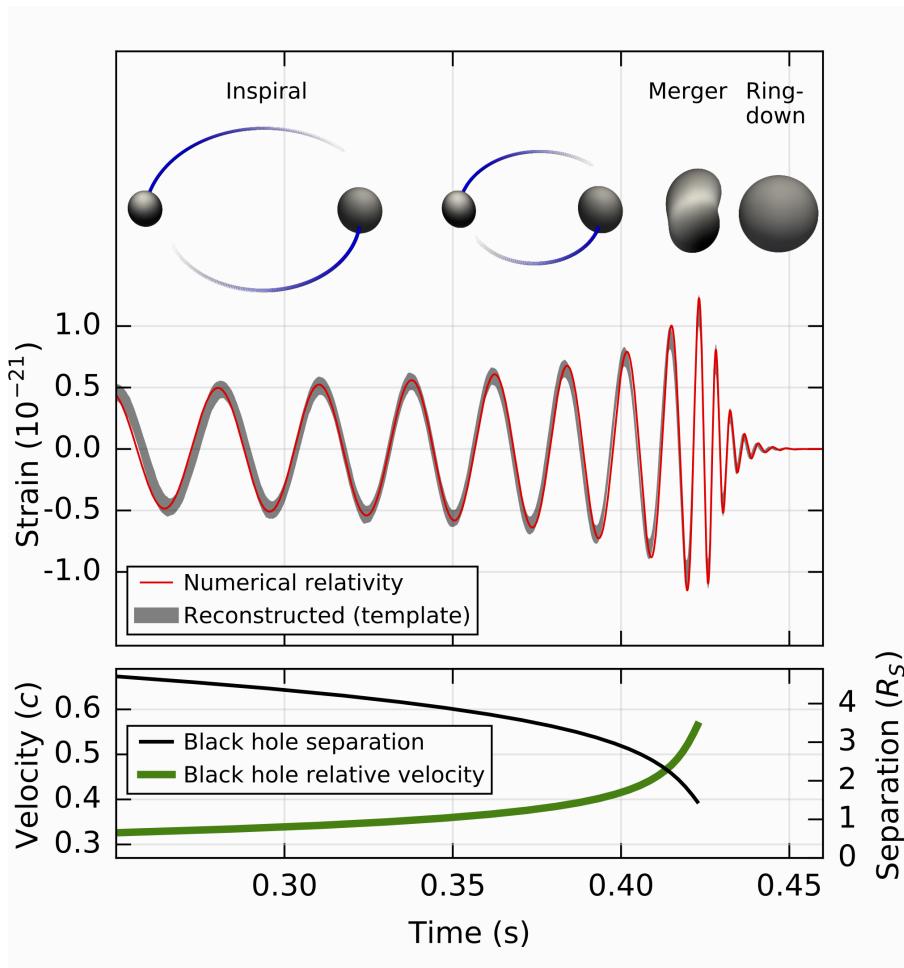
Elisa Maggio
Sapienza University of Rome



Outline

- Gravitational waves as probes of strong gravity
- Exotic compact objects
- Ergoregion instability
- Gravitational wave echoes

Compact binary coalescence



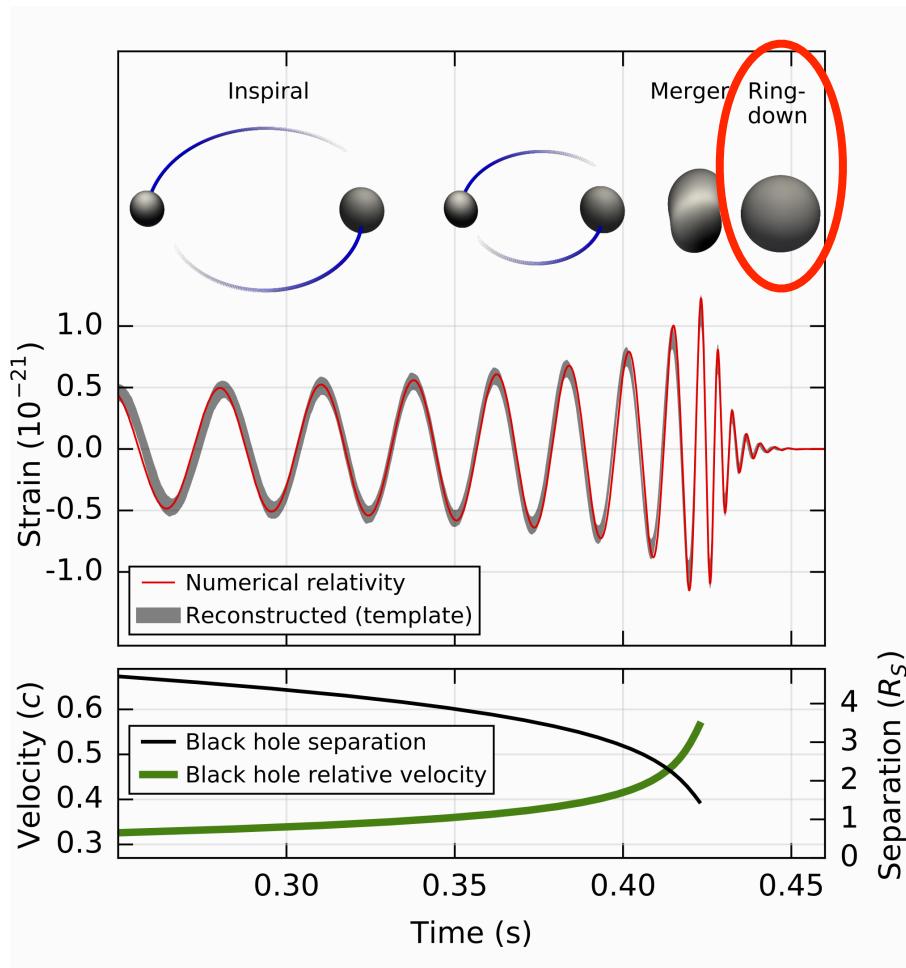
LVC, PRL **116** (2016) 061102

On September 14th 2015 the first gravitational wave from a compact binary merger was detected.

Three stages:

- Inspiral
- Merger
- Ringdown

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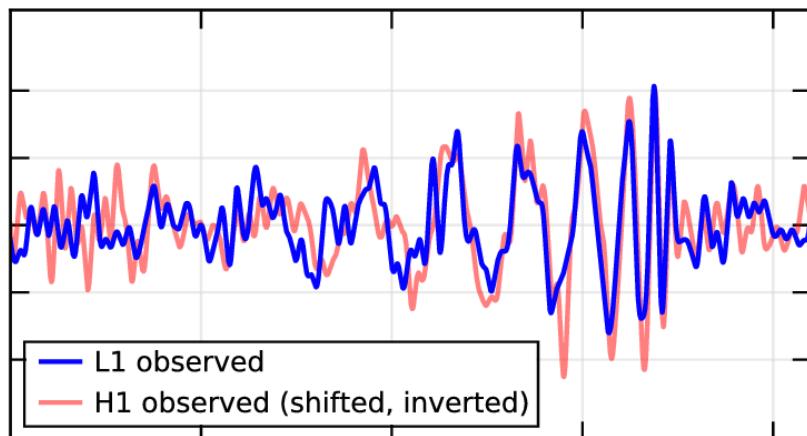
- Inspiral
- Merger
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Ringdown stage

The ringdown stage is dominated by the **quasi-normal modes** of the remnant which describe the response of the compact object to a perturbation.

$$\omega = \omega_R + i\omega_I$$

The signal is a sum of exponentially damped sinusoids:

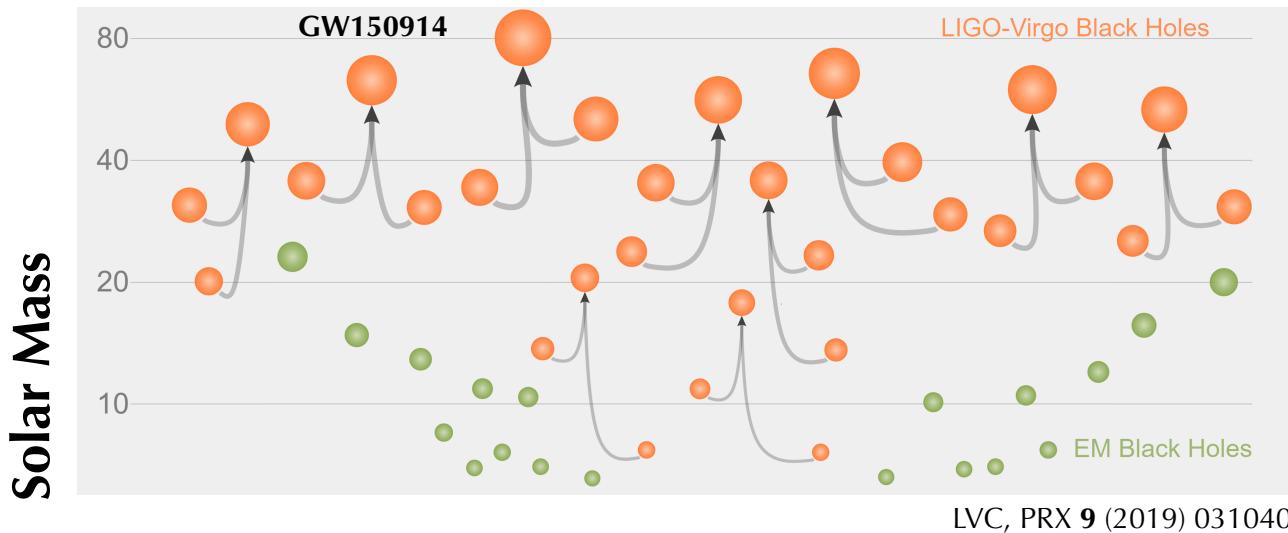


$$f_{\text{GW}} = \frac{\omega_R}{2\pi}$$

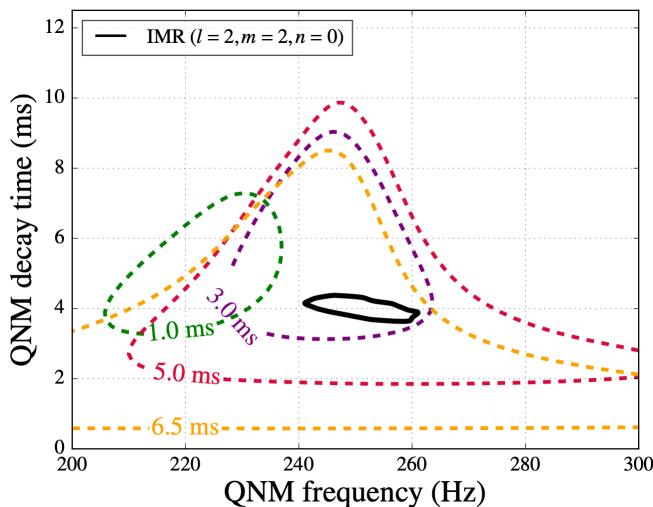
$$\tau_{\text{damp}} = -\frac{1}{\omega_I}$$

LVC, PRL **116** (2016) 061102

Gravitational wave detections



LVC, PRL **116** (2016) 221101



During the 1st and 2nd observing runs, LIGO and Virgo detected **1 quasi-normal mode** compatible with a Kerr black hole:

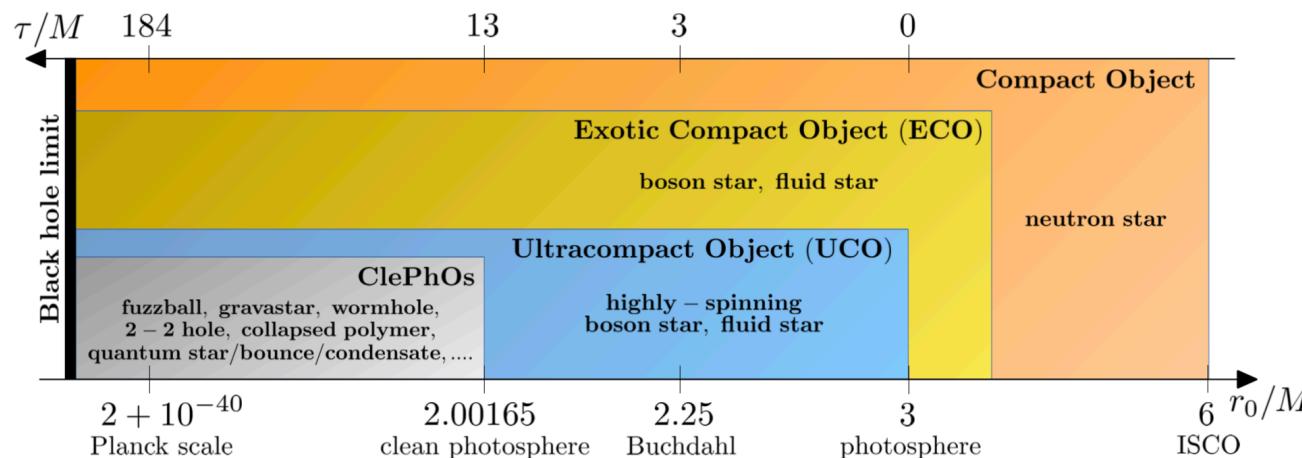
$$f_{\text{QNM}} = 251^{+8}_{-8} \text{ Hz}$$

$$\tau_{\text{QNM}} = 4.0^{+0.3}_{-0.3} \text{ ms}$$

Exotic compact objects

ECOs are theoretical compact objects **without horizon** which

- can mimic black holes in terms of electromagnetic observations
Abramowicz+, A&A 396, L31-L34 (2002)
- can overcome paradoxes of BHs Mazur, Mottola, PNAS (2004)
 - thermodynamical instability
 - huge entropy

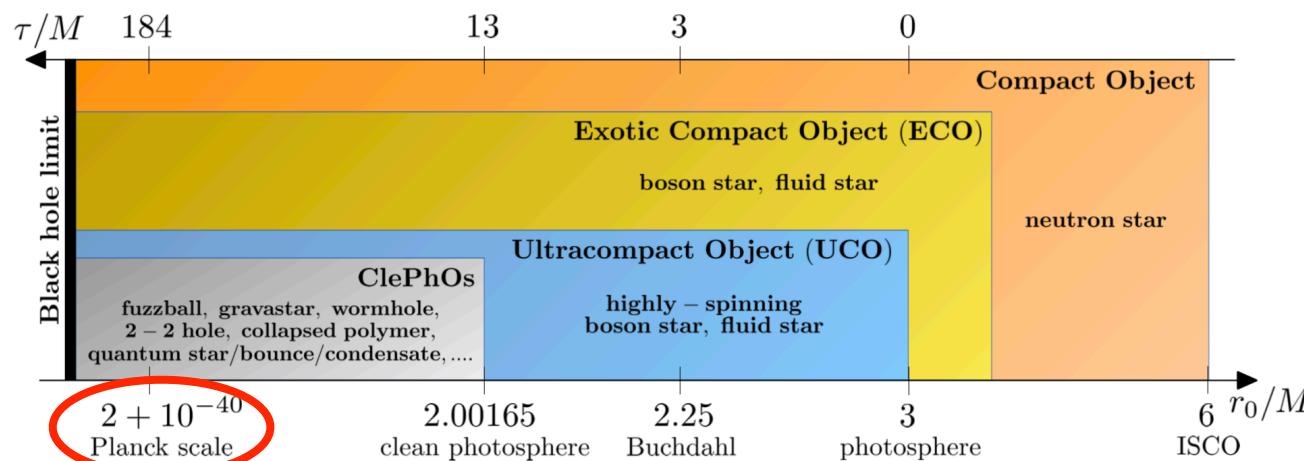


Cardoso, Pani, Nat. Astron. 1, 586 (2017)

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Rotating exotic compact object

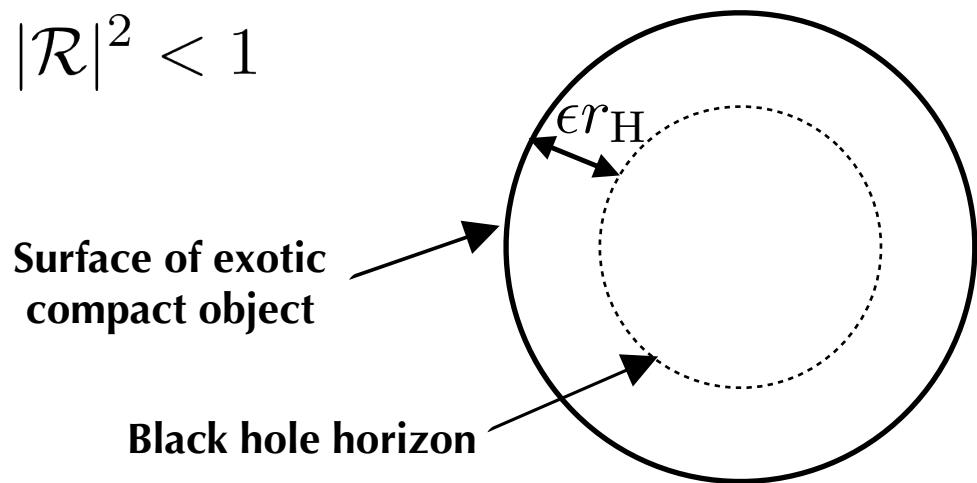
EM, Pani, Ferrari, PRD **96** (2017) 104047

We analyze a compact object described by the Kerr metric with radius

$$r_0 = r_H(1 + \epsilon), \quad \epsilon \ll 1$$

whose surface is parametrized by a **complex reflectivity coefficient \mathcal{R}** :

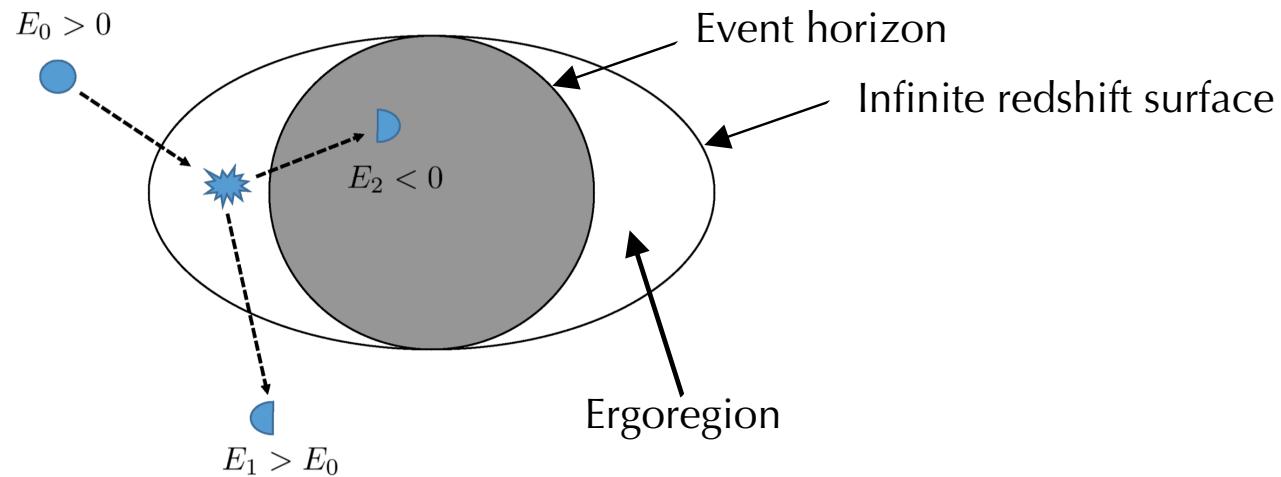
- Perfectly reflecting surface $|\mathcal{R}|^2 = 1$
- Partially absorbing surface $|\mathcal{R}|^2 < 1$



Ergoregion instability

Friedman, Commun. Math. Phys. **63** (1978) 243

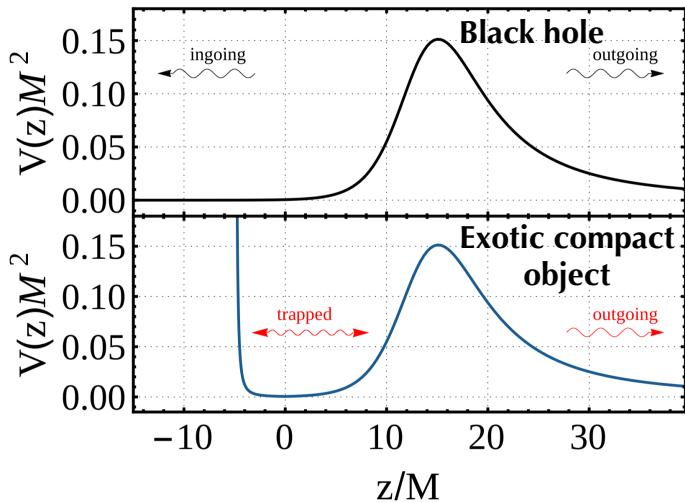
Spinning compact objects with an ergoregion but without an event horizon might be unstable due to the ergoregion instability.



Bravo, Cardoso, Pani, Lect. Notes Phys. **906** (2016)
Penrose, Nuovo Cimento J. **Serie 1** (1969) 252

The only way to prevent the instability is by absorbing negative-energy states through **dissipation mechanisms** at the surface of the object.

Ringdown of exotic compact objects

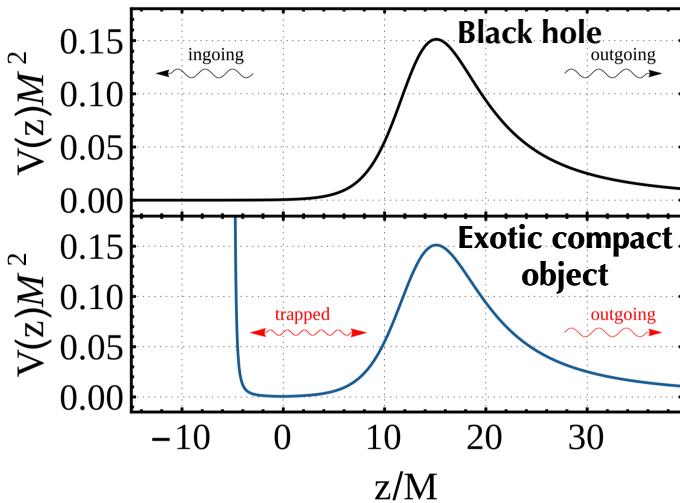


The quasi-normal modes are derived by

$$\frac{d^2\psi}{dz^2} + V(z)\psi = 0$$

No horizon → Trapped Modes → Different QNMs

Ringdown of exotic compact objects

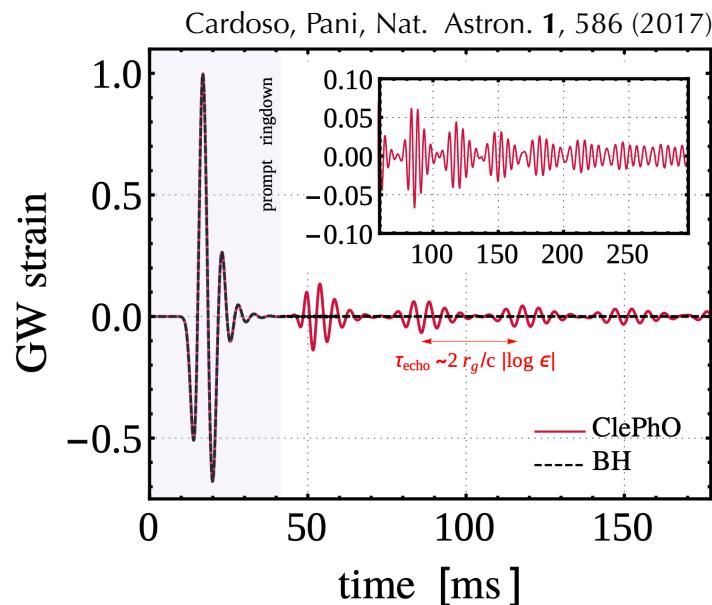


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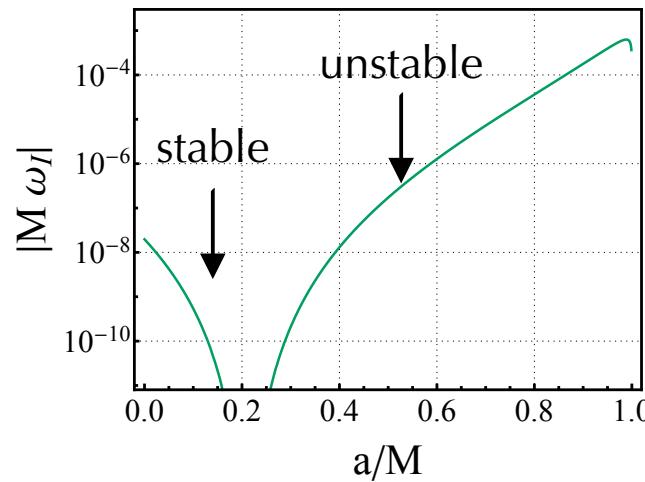
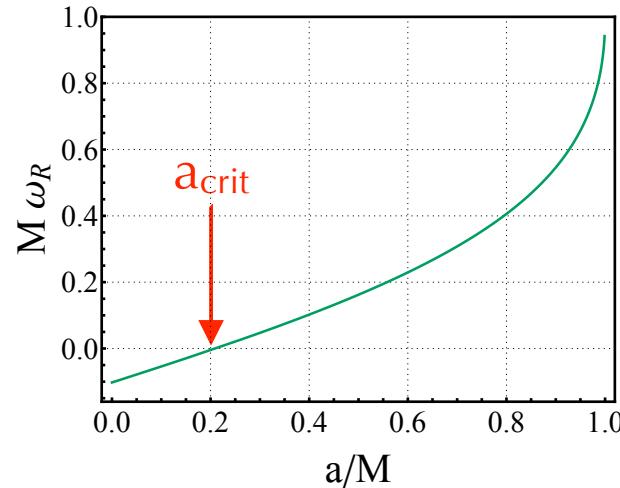
- **Same prompt ringdown** due to excitation of the light-ring
- **Echoes** due to trapped modes



Quasi-normal mode spectrum

EM, Pani, Ferrari, PRD **96** (2017) 104047

Exotic compact objects with a perfectly reflecting surface turn unstable above a critical value of the spin due to the **ergoregion instability**.

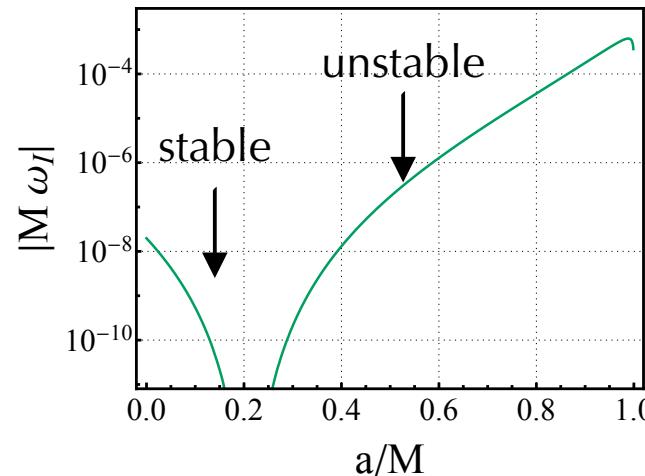
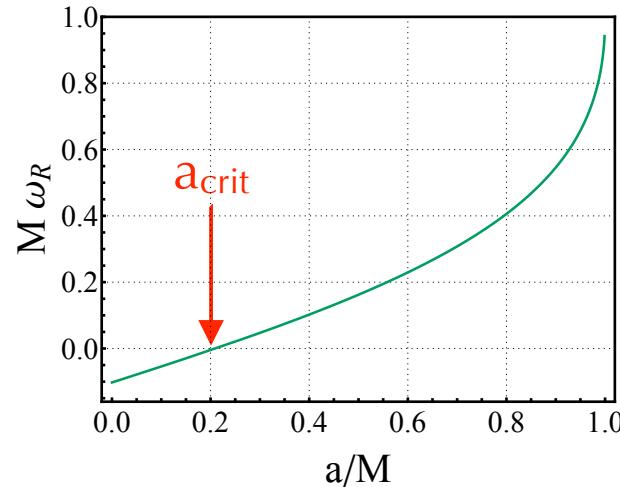


$$|\mathcal{R}|^2 = 1$$
$$\epsilon = 10^{-10}$$

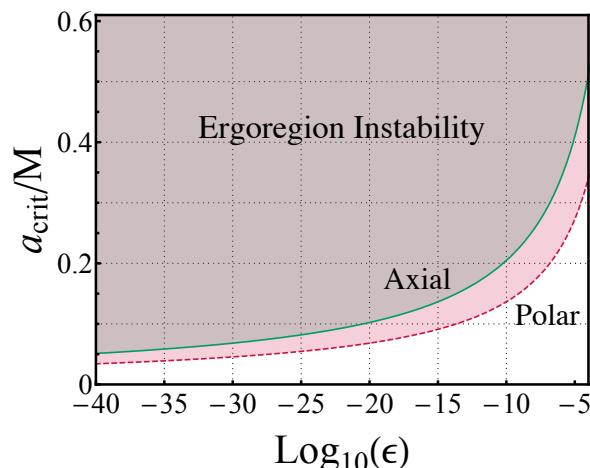
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$$|\mathcal{R}|^2 = 1$$
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- For $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$, slowly spinning ECOs are unstable.
- The timescale of instability is short compared to astrophysical timescales

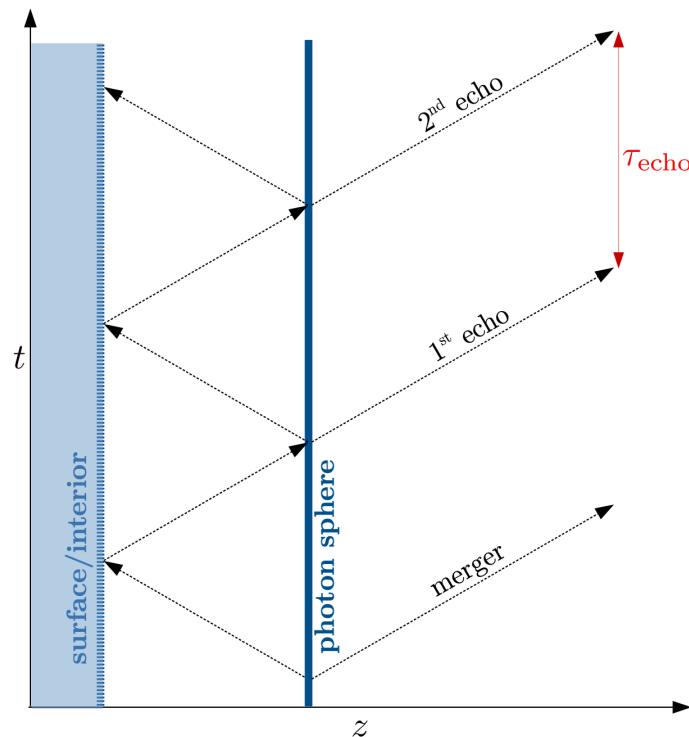
$$\tau_{\text{inst}} \sim 50 \left(\frac{M}{10M_\odot} \right) \text{s}$$

EM, Cardoso, Dolan, Pani, PRD **99** (2019) 064007

How to quench ergoregion instability

Partial absorption at the surface $|\mathcal{R}|^2 < 1$ destroys the instability.

The minimum absorption rate to quench the instability is the maximum amplification factor of superradiance of black holes.



Spin	Absorption
0.7	0.3%
0.9	6%
any	~60%

EM, Cardoso, Dolan, Pani, PRD **99** (2019) 064007

Cardoso, Pani, LRR (2019) 22:4
Vilenkin, Phys. Lett. 78B (1978) 301

Template for echoes

The signal emitted by an ECO at infinity can be written in terms of the signal emitted by a BH: Mark+, PRD **96** (2017) 084002

$$\tilde{Z}_{\text{ECO}}^+(\omega) = \tilde{Z}_{\text{BH}}^+(\omega) + \mathcal{K} \tilde{Z}_{\text{BH}}^-(\omega)$$

↓
Transfer function

Parameters:

- Standard BH ringdown: $M, \chi, A_{+,\times}, \phi_{+,\times}, t_0$
- 2 of the ECO: ϵ, \mathcal{R}

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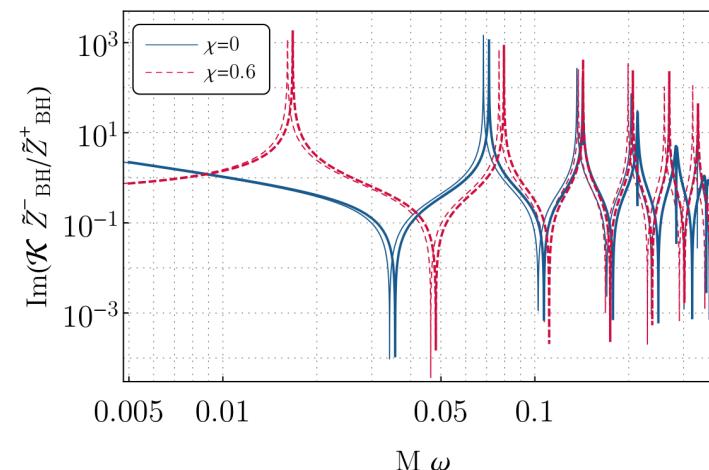
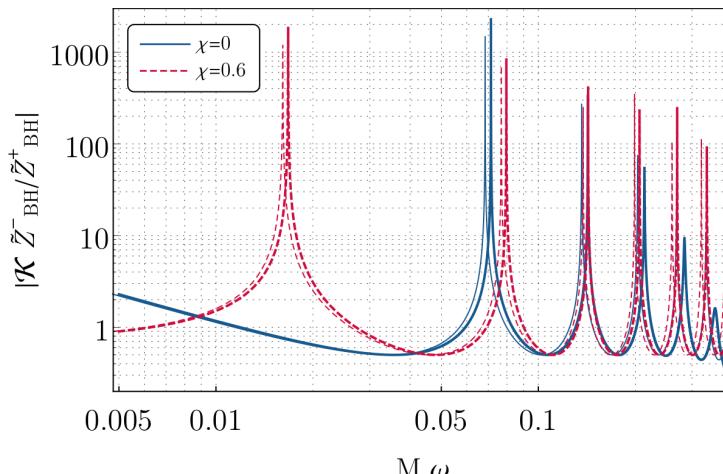
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Analytical template

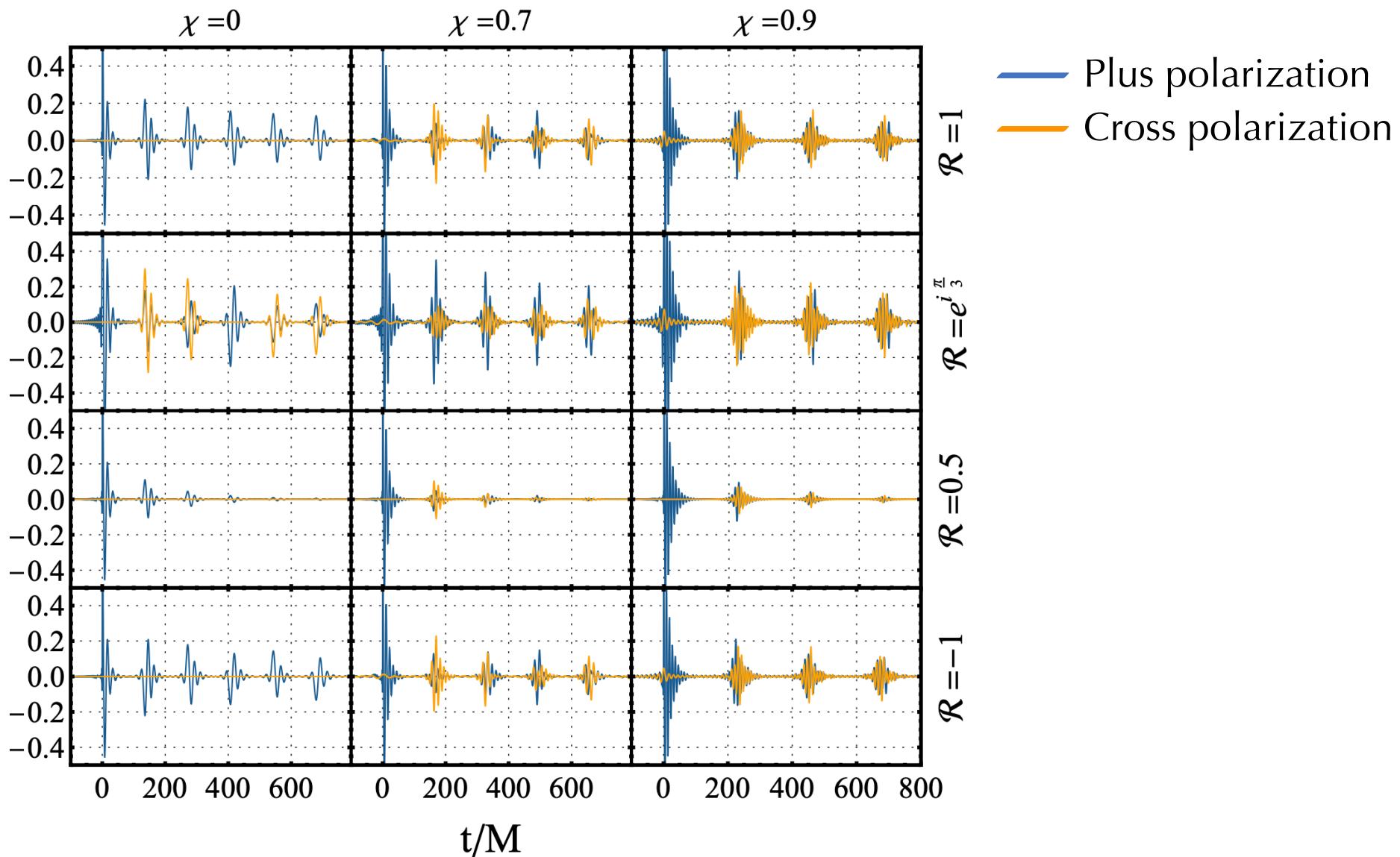
EM, Testa, Bhagwat, Pani,
PRD **100** (2019) 064056

Parameters: • Standard BH ringdown: $M, \chi, A_{+,\times}, \phi_{+,\times}, t_0$
• 2 of the ECO: ϵ, \mathcal{R}



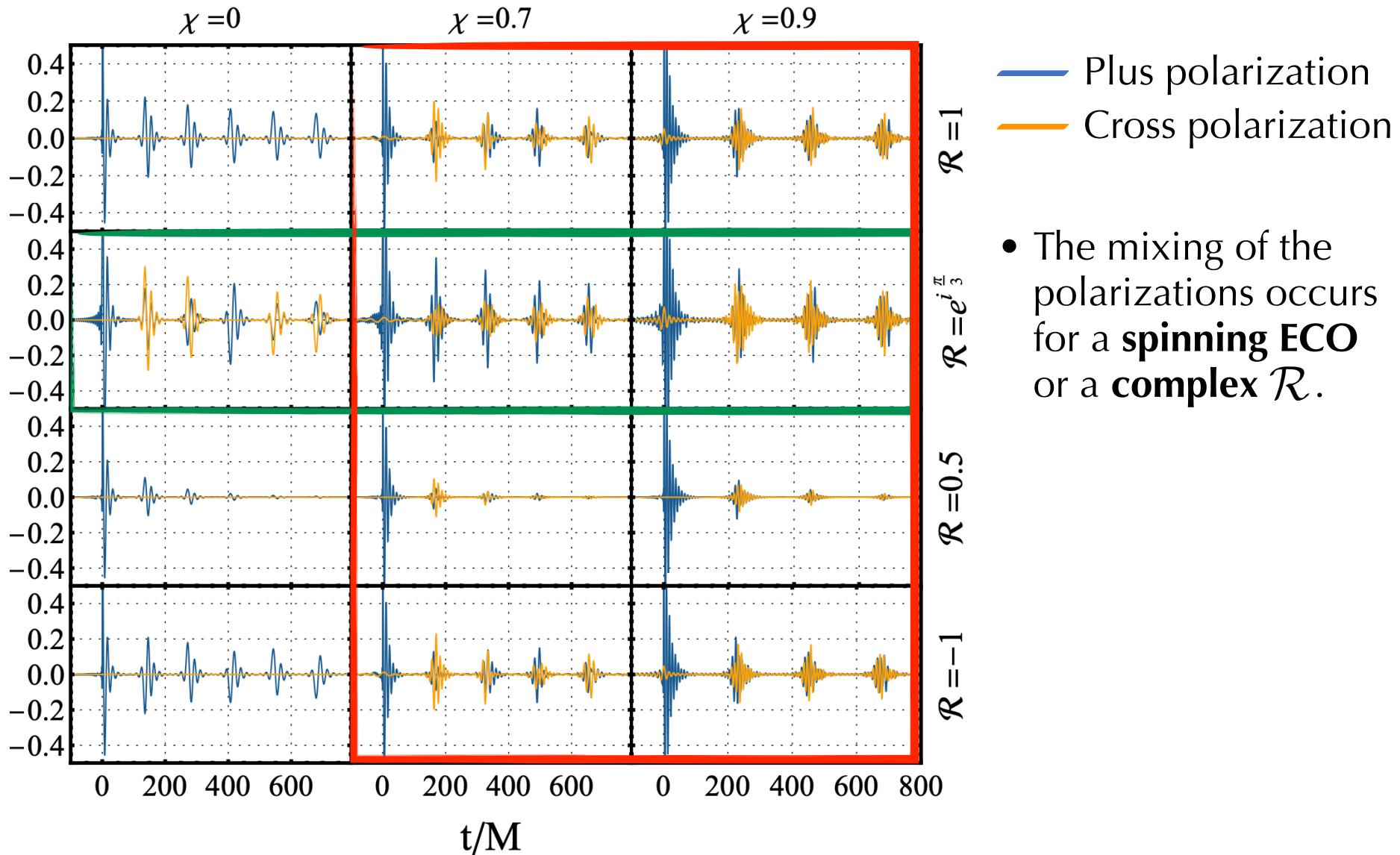
Ringdown+echo waveforms

EM, Testa, Bhagwat, Pani, PRD **100** (2019) 064056



Ringdown+echo waveforms

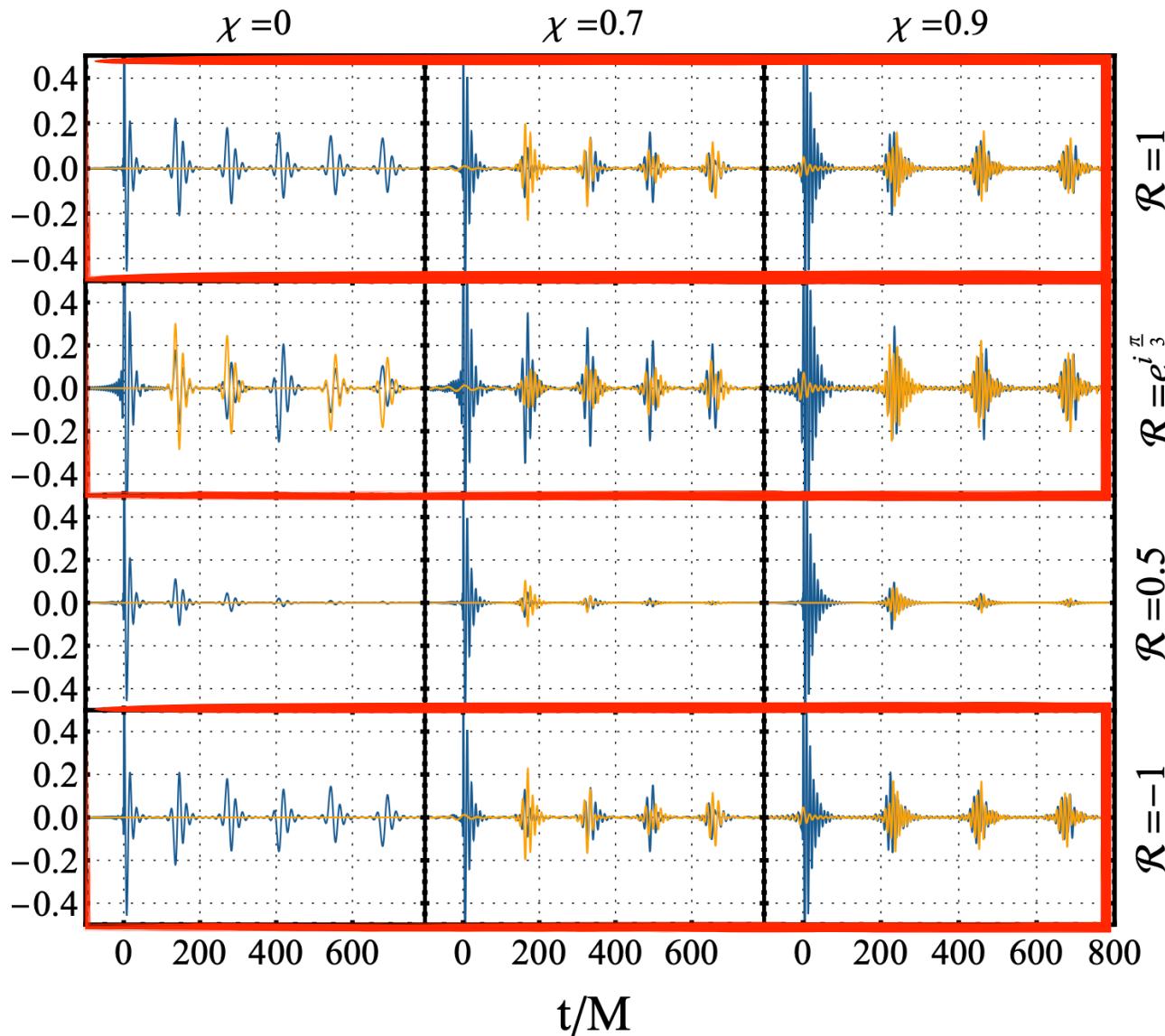
EM, Testa, Bhagwat, Pani, PRD **100** (2019) 064056



- The mixing of the polarizations occurs for a **spinning ECO** or a **complex R** .

Ringdown+echo waveforms

EM, Testa, Bhagwat, Pani, PRD **100** (2019) 064056



- The mixing of the polarizations occurs for a **spinning ECO** or a **complex \mathcal{R}** .
- The **phase** in \mathcal{R} modifies the echo pattern.

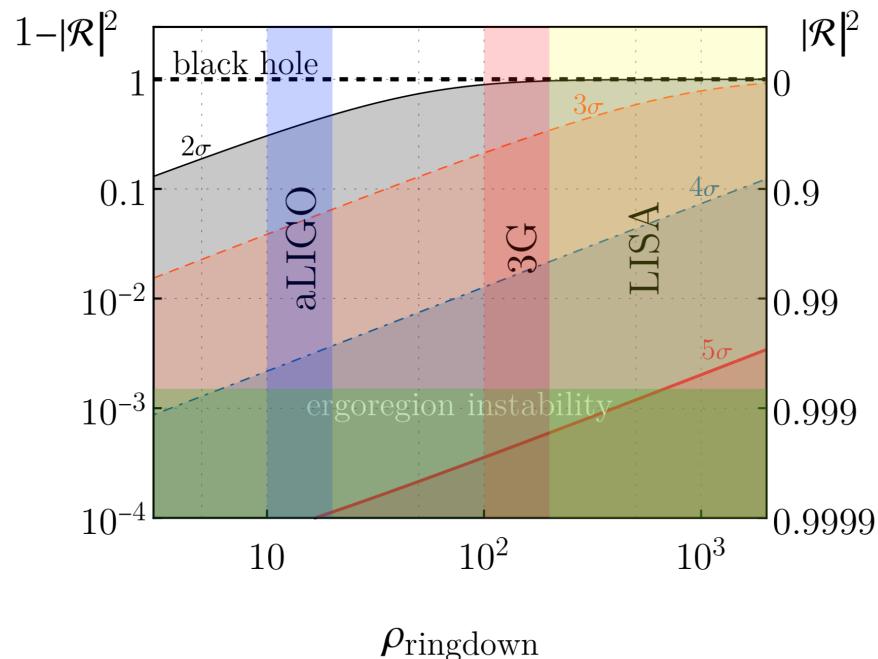
Detection of exotic compact objects?

- Debate on the evidence of echoes in LIGO/Virgo data

Abedi+, PRD **96** (2017) 082004, Conklin+, PRD **98** (2018) 044021

Westerweck+, PRD **97** (2018) 124037, Tsang+, PRD **101** (2020) 064012

- Third generation and space based detectors will allow us to detect or exclude exotic compact objects with a partially absorbing surface.



EM, Testa, Bhagwat, Pani, PRD **100** (2019) 064056

Conclusions and future prospects

- We can understand the nature of compact objects and look for new physics at the horizon scale through **gravitational waves**.
- We analyzed the stability of a rotating **exotic compact object**:
 - Perfectly reflecting surface → Ergoregion instability
 - Partially absorbing surface → Stability
- We derived an analytical **gravitational-wave template** for the postmerger ringdown and the echo signal.
- Accurate matched-filter searches for gravitational wave echoes