

## Lecture II :

BRST quantization  
of bosonic  
string

- Quantize the space of solutions

$$S_m[X] + S_{\text{fix}}[b, c] \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} X^m = 0 & (\text{a}) \text{ BVR } \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial b} = \bar{\partial} b = 0 & \text{boundary} \\ \partial \bar{c} = \bar{\partial} c = 0 \end{cases}$$

MATTER

① CLOSER STRING

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} X^m(\omega, \bar{\omega}) = 0$$

$$X^m(\omega, \bar{\omega}) = X_L^m(\omega) + X_R^m(\bar{\omega})$$

$$\omega = t + i\sigma$$

$$\sigma \in [0, 2\pi)$$

$$X^m(\omega + 2\pi i, \bar{\omega} - 2\pi i) = X^m(\omega, \bar{\omega})$$

$$X_L^m(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} X_0^m - i \frac{d}{2} \int p^m(t + i\sigma) + i \sqrt{\frac{d}{2}} \sum_{m \neq 0} \frac{d_m}{m} e^{m\omega}$$

$$X_R^m(\bar{\omega}) = \frac{1}{2} X_0^m - i \frac{d}{2} \int p^m(t - i\sigma) + i \sqrt{\frac{d}{2}} \sum_{m \neq 0} \frac{\bar{d}_m}{m} e^{m\bar{\omega}}$$

MOMENTUM DENSITY

$$P_\mu = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \partial_t X^m} = -i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \partial_t X^m} =$$

$$= \frac{i}{2\pi d} (\partial X_m + \bar{\partial} \bar{X}_m)$$

$$t = -it$$

$$\partial_T = i \partial_b$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial} = \partial_\omega$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\bar{\partial}} = \partial_{\bar{\omega}}$$

CANONICAL QUANTIZATION

$$[X^{\mu}(t, \sigma), P_{\nu}(t, \sigma')] = i \eta^{\mu}_{\nu} \delta(\sigma - \sigma')$$

$$[x_0^{\mu}, p^{\nu}] = i \eta^{\mu\nu}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [\alpha_m^{\mu}, \alpha_n^{\nu}] &= m \eta^{\mu\nu} \delta_{m+n} \\ [\bar{\alpha}_m^{\mu}, \bar{\alpha}_n^{\nu}] &= n \eta^{\mu\nu} \delta_{m+n} \\ [\alpha, \bar{\alpha}] &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{as HARMONIC} \\ \text{OSCILLATOR} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{cases} \alpha_m = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} d_m \\ \alpha_m^+ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} d_m \end{cases}$$

$X$  is REAL  $\Rightarrow \alpha_m^* = \alpha_m$

$$\alpha_m^+ = d_m$$

MOTTER HILBERT SPACE

$$\text{Span} \left\{ d_{-m_1}^{m_1}, \dots, d_{-m_q}^{m_q}, \bar{d}_{-m_1}^{-v_1}, \dots, \bar{d}_{-m_q}^{-v_q} |0, p\rangle \right\}$$

$$\hat{P}^{\mu} |0, p\rangle = p^{\mu} |0, p\rangle$$

$$d_m |0, p\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0$$

$$\bar{d}_m |0, p\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0$$

$$\hat{T}^{m_1-m_q, v_1-v_q}_{(p)}$$

## OPEN STRINGS

$$\{ \partial\bar{\partial} X^\mu(w, \bar{w}) = 0 \}$$

$$\left. \{ \delta X_\mu \partial_\sigma X^\mu = 0 \right|_{\theta=0, \pi}$$

$$i\sigma \uparrow \xrightarrow{\epsilon}$$

$\int \Pi$

$$\omega = t + i\sigma$$

NEUMANN B.C.

$$\partial_\sigma X^\mu|_{\partial S} = 0$$

NO FLOW  
OF  
MOMENTUM  
OFF THE BOUNDARY

DIRICHLET B.C.

$$\delta X^\mu|_{\partial S} = 0$$

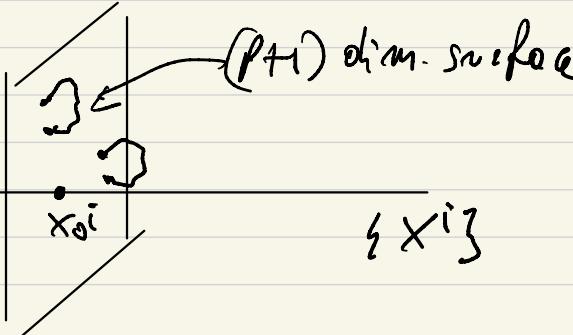
→ FIXED  
END POINTS  
 $X^\mu(t, \theta=0) = X_0^\mu$

## Dp-brane

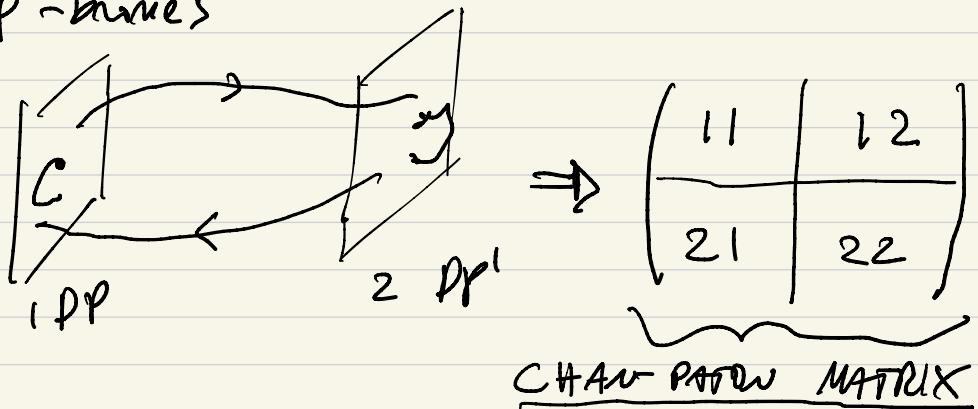
→ configuration in which p+1 directions are  $N$  and the remaining are  $D$

$$\left. \{ \partial_\sigma X^\mu \right|_{\theta=0, \pi} = 0 \quad \mu = 0, \dots, p$$

$$\left. \{ X^i \right|_{\theta=0, \pi} = X_0^i \quad i = p+1, \dots, D-1$$



→ An open string can stretch between 2 Dp-branes



Moving object for the open string is still given by the dual field

$$X_L(\omega) = \frac{x_L}{2} - i d^T P_L \omega + i \sqrt{\frac{\alpha'}{2}} \sum_{m \neq 0} \frac{d_m}{m} e^{im\omega}$$

$$X_R(\bar{\omega}) = \frac{x_R}{2} - i d^T P_R \bar{\omega} + i \sqrt{\frac{\alpha'}{2}} \sum_{m \neq 0} \frac{d_m}{m} e^{im\bar{\omega}}$$

$$N=N \text{ bc } \Rightarrow X_L(\omega) = X_R(\bar{\omega}) \Big|_{\omega=\bar{\omega}}$$

$$\Rightarrow X_L = X_R = \frac{x_0}{2}$$

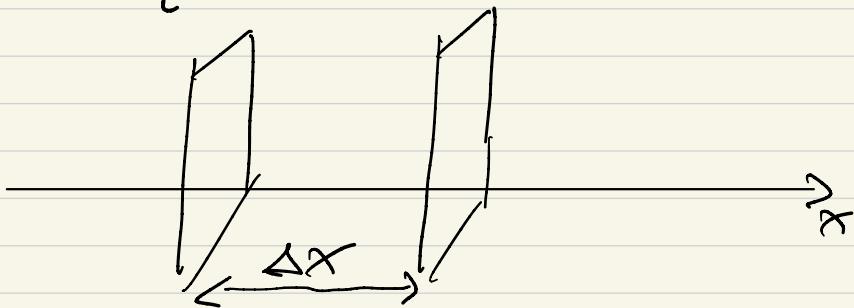
$$\Rightarrow P_L = P_R = \frac{P}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{d}_m = d_m \Rightarrow \text{1 SET OF OSCILLATORS!}$$

$$X^{NN}(\omega, \bar{\omega}) = X_0 + i \int d\mu \left( \frac{\omega + \bar{\omega}}{2} \right) + i \sqrt{\frac{d}{2}} \sum_{n \neq 0} \frac{d\mu}{m} \left( e^{i\omega n} + e^{-i\bar{\omega} n} \right)$$

D-D b.c.

$$\begin{cases} \theta = 0 \rightarrow x_0 \\ \theta = \pi \rightarrow x_0 + \Delta x \end{cases}$$



$$X_L(\omega) = -X_R(\bar{\omega}) \Big|_{\omega = \bar{\omega}}$$

$$X^{DD}(\omega, \bar{\omega}) = X_0 + \frac{\Delta x}{\pi} \frac{\omega - \bar{\omega}}{2i} + i \sqrt{\frac{d}{2}} \sum_{n \neq 0} \frac{d\mu}{m} \left( e^{i\omega n} - e^{-i\bar{\omega} n} \right)$$

## N-D Boundary conditions

⇒ HALF-INTEGRAL OSCILLATOR MODES

⇒ OPEN STRINGS ⇒ 

- DIFFERENT BOUNDARY CONDITIONS → CFT (D-MATRIX)
- ONLY ONE SET OF OSCILLATORS.

# HOST-THEORY

$$S_{bc} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int d^2w (b \bar{\partial} c + \bar{b} \partial \bar{c})$$

EOM       $\bar{\partial} c = \partial \bar{c} = 0$

$$\bar{\partial} b = \partial \bar{b} = 0$$

CLOSED STRNG  
 $\sigma \in (0, \infty)$

$$c(w) = \sum_{m \in \mathbb{Z}} c_m e^{-mw}; \quad \bar{c}(\bar{w}) = \sum_{m \in \mathbb{Z}} \bar{c}_m e^{-m\bar{w}}$$

$$b(w) = \sum_{m \in \mathbb{Z}} b_m e^{-mw}; \quad \bar{b}(\bar{w}) = \sum_{m \in \mathbb{Z}} \bar{b}_m e^{-m\bar{w}}$$

$b \rightarrow$  "momentum" of  $c$        $\bar{b} \rightarrow$  "momentum" of  $\bar{c}$

$$[b(t+i\sigma), c(t+i\sigma')]_+ = \delta(\sigma - \sigma')$$

$$[b_m, c_n] = \delta_{m+n}$$

$$[\bar{b}_m, \bar{c}_n] = \delta_{m+n}$$

$$[b, \bar{c}] = [\bar{b}, c] = 0$$

$[ , ] =$  **GRADED COMMUTATOR**

$$[b, b] = \text{COMM}$$

$$[f, b] \approx \text{COMM}$$

$$[f, f] = \{ , \}$$

$$c_{-m} = c_m^+$$

$$b_{-m} = b_m^+$$

GHOST VACUUM

$$|\downarrow\rangle \quad / \quad c_m |\downarrow\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0 \quad \langle \downarrow | c_m = 0$$

$$b_m |\downarrow\rangle = 0 \quad m > 0 \quad \langle \downarrow | b_m = 0$$

$$[c_0, b_0] = 1 \quad c_0 |\downarrow\rangle \equiv |\uparrow\rangle$$

$$c_0^2 = 0 = b_0^2 \quad b_0 |\uparrow\rangle = |\downarrow\rangle \rightarrow \boxed{b_0 |\downarrow\rangle = 0}$$

$$\langle \uparrow | \downarrow \rangle = 0 = \langle \downarrow | [c_0, b_0] |\downarrow \rangle =$$

$$\langle \uparrow | \uparrow \rangle = 0$$

$$\boxed{\langle \downarrow | \uparrow \rangle = \langle \uparrow | \downarrow \rangle = \langle \downarrow | c_0 |\downarrow \rangle = 1}$$

$$|\downarrow\rangle = c_1 |0\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle = b_{-1} |\downarrow\rangle$$

$\hookrightarrow$  CONFORMAL

VACUUM

$SL(2, \mathbb{C})$  INVARIANT  
VACUUM

## GHOST HILBERT SPACE

$$\text{ghost number} = \# \text{ of ghosts} - \# \text{ of antighosts}$$

(c) (b)

$$Q_{\text{gh}} = - \sum_{K \geq 2} b_{-2} c_K + \sum_{K \geq -1} c_K b_K$$

$$Q_{\text{gh}} | \downarrow \rangle = +1 | \downarrow \rangle$$

$$\langle \downarrow | \uparrow \rangle = 1$$

$$Q_{\text{gh}} | \uparrow \rangle = +2 | \uparrow \rangle$$

$$Q_{\text{gh}} | 0 \rangle = 0$$

$$Q_{\text{gh}} | \hat{0} \rangle = 3 | \hat{0} \rangle \quad | \hat{0} \rangle \equiv c_{-1} c_0 c_1 | 0 \rangle =$$

$$= c_1 c_0 | b \rangle =$$

$$= c_{-1} | \uparrow \rangle$$

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$$[ \langle \downarrow | \uparrow \rangle = \langle \hat{0} | 0 \rangle = \langle 0 | c_{-1} c_0 c_1 | 0 \rangle = 1 ]$$


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Hilbert space

$$(b_{-m_1} \dots b_{-m_n} c_{-m_1} \dots c_{-m_q}) | \downarrow \rangle \otimes (\text{ghost part})$$

$$H^{\text{TOT}} = H^{\text{matter}} \otimes H^{\text{ghost}}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Space of all possible (unphysical) configurations  
of two strings.

### BRST - QUANTIZATION

$$\delta_B X^\mu = c \partial X^\mu + \bar{c} \bar{\partial} X^\mu$$

$$\delta_B c = c \partial c \quad \delta_B \bar{c} = \bar{c} \bar{\partial} \bar{c}$$

$$\delta_B b = -\frac{1}{d!} \partial X \cdot \partial X + (cb \partial c + (\delta b)c)$$

$$\delta_B \bar{b} = -\frac{1}{d!} \bar{\partial} X \cdot \bar{\partial} X + (c \bar{b} \bar{\partial} \bar{c} + (\delta \bar{b}) \bar{c})$$

$$\delta_B \rightarrow \text{NOETHER CHARGE} \Rightarrow Q_B$$

### AXIOM OF QUANTIZATION

$$\delta_B = [Q_B, \cdot]$$

$$\delta_B^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{Q_B^2 = 0} \quad ! \rightarrow \text{DELICATE}$$

$$h\omega, \bar{h}\omega$$

$$\delta_B = [Q_B + \bar{Q}_B, \cdot]$$

$$\delta_B \phi = [Q_B, \phi] + [\bar{Q}_B, \phi]$$

$$Q_B = \sum_{m \in \mathbb{Z}} C_m L_m^{(m)} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{m \in \mathbb{Z}} :C_{-m} L_m^{(ph)}:$$

$$L_m^{(m)} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} :d_{m-k}^{\mu} d_k^{\nu}: \eta_{\mu\nu} \quad d_0^{\mu} = \sqrt{\frac{d^1}{2}} p^{\mu}$$

$$L_m^{(ph)} = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (m-k) :b_{m+k} c_{m+k}:$$

CLOSED STATE

### NORMAL ORDERING

- CREATION - ANNIHILATOR & 0.

MATTER :  $|0, p\rangle$   $\partial_{n>0}$  ARE ANNIHILATORS

$$\text{GHOST} = \boxed{N.O. \text{ on } |0\rangle = b_{-1} |\downarrow\rangle}$$

$$|0\rangle \left\{ \begin{array}{l} C_m |0\rangle = 0 \quad m \geq 2 \\ b_m |0\rangle = 0 \quad m \geq -1 \end{array} \right.$$

# $L_m^{(m)}$ / $L_m^{(q)}$ ARE VACUUM OPERATORS

## EXERCISE 1

$$[L_m^{(m)}, L_m^{(m)}] = (M-m) L_{M+m}^{(m)} + \frac{D}{12} (M^3 - m) S_{M+m}$$

↗ SPACE-TIME  
DIMENSION

## EXERCISE 2

$$[L_m^{(q)}, L_m^{(q)}] = (M-m) L_{M+m}^{(q)} + \frac{-26}{12} (M^3 - m) S_{M+m}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{CENTRAL CHARGE } C \quad \begin{cases} C = D \text{ (MATTER)} \\ C = -26 \text{ (CONST)} \end{cases}$$

$$L_m^{(\text{TOT})} = L_m^{(m)} + L_m^{(q)} \Rightarrow C^{\text{TOT}} = D - 26$$

$$[Q_B, b_m] = L_m^{\text{TOT}}$$

$$[Q_B, Q_B] = \sum_{m \in \mathbb{Z}} \frac{D-26}{12} (m^3 - m) C_{-m} C_m$$

$$Q_B^2 \leftrightarrow C_{\text{TOT}}$$

$$C_{\text{TOT}} = 0 \rightarrow Q_B^2 = 0$$

$$Q_B^2 = 0 \rightarrow C_{\text{TOT}} = 0$$

$$[L_m^{\text{TOT}}, L_m^{\text{TOT}}] = [Q, b_m], L_m^{\text{TOT}} = \\ = [Q, [b_m, L_m^{\text{TOT}}]] = (m-m) [Q, b_{m+m}] = 0$$

$$[b_m, L_m^{\text{TOT}}] = [b_m, L_m^{(4)}] = (m-m) b_{m+m}$$

$$C_B = (m-m) L_{m+m}^{\text{TOT}}$$

$$C_{\text{TOT}} = 0$$

$$Q_B^2 = 0 \leftrightarrow C_{\text{TOT}} = 0 \quad (D=26)$$

## PHYSICAL STATES

$$\delta_{GF} \langle f | i \rangle = 0$$



(AMPLITUDES DON'T DEPEND ON THE OUTER FIXING)

$$\langle f | [Q_B, \cdot] | i \rangle = 0 \quad (Q_B^+ = Q_B)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{Q_B | i \rangle = 0; Q_B | f \rangle = 0} \quad \boxed{Q_B^2 = 0}$$

$$① \quad Q_B |\text{phys}\rangle = 0 \quad (\text{Ker } Q_B)$$

$$② \quad |\text{phys}\rangle \sim |\text{phys}\rangle + Q_B |1\rangle \quad (\text{Im } Q_B)$$

$$\text{COHOMOLOGY of } Q_B = \frac{\text{Ker } Q_B}{\text{Im } Q_B}$$

PHYSICAL STATES  $\longleftrightarrow$  COHOMOLOGY OF  $Q_B$

## COHOMOLOGY OF $Q_B$

①  $|0\rangle \rightarrow$  conformal vacuum  
 $|0, p=0\rangle \otimes |0\rangle \quad SL(2(\mathbb{C}))$ -vacuum

$$Q_B |0\rangle = 0 \quad |0\rangle \neq Q_B |1\rangle$$

$$\langle L_m^{(m)} |0\rangle = 0 \quad \langle 0| L_m^{(m)} = 0 \quad [m=-1, 0, 1]$$

$$\langle L_m^{(s)} |0\rangle = 0 \quad \langle 0| L_m^{(s)} = 0 \quad [m=-1, 0, 1]$$

$$[L_i, L_j] = (i-j)L_{i+j} \quad i, j \in -1, 0, 1$$

$$\Rightarrow SL(2(\mathbb{C}))$$

$$L_{-1}, L_0, L_1$$

$f_4 = 0$  COHOMOLOGY

- Physical states are found of  $h=1$

$$|\Psi\rangle = c_1 |\phi^{(m)}\rangle$$

$$Q_B |\Psi\rangle \Rightarrow \begin{cases} (L_0^{(m)} - 1) |\phi^{(m)}\rangle = 0 \\ L_m |\phi^{(m)}\rangle = 0 \end{cases} \quad (2.1)$$

↳ PHYSICAL STATE CONDITION

$$b_0 |\Psi\rangle = 0 \rightarrow \text{"Siegel gauge" condition}$$

$$Q_B |\Psi\rangle = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{L_0^{\text{TOT}} |\Psi\rangle = 0} \quad (2.2)$$

2D-CFT Point of view

(x1)  $|\phi^{(m)}\rangle$  is a CONFORMAL PRIMARY OF WEIGHT  $h=1$   
 (WEIGHT IS EIGENVALUE OF  $L_0$ )

(x2)  $|\Psi\rangle = c_1 |\phi^{(m)}\rangle$  is a CONFORMAL PRIMARY OF WEIGHT  $[h^{\text{TOT}} = 0]$

# COTTO MOLOGY

$$|0\rangle_{SL(2|\mathbb{C})}$$

$$f_4 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow$$

$$c_1 |\phi^{(m)}\rangle = |\psi^1\rangle \quad f_4 = 1$$

$\hookrightarrow$  CONFORMAL  
PRIMARY OF  
VERTEX 1.

$$c_0 c_1 |\phi^{(m)}\rangle = |\psi^2\rangle \quad f_4 = 2$$

$$|\tilde{0}\rangle. \quad f_4 = 3$$

$$\langle \psi^1 | \psi^2 \rangle = \langle \phi_1^{(m)} | c_0 c_1 |\phi_2^{(m)} \rangle$$

$\hookrightarrow$  "NO GHOST THEOREM"

$\rightarrow$   $f_4 >$  inner products

POSITIVE DEFINITE [IN THE  
cotology]