Deconfinement transition in $N_c = 2$ lattice QCD at low temperature and high quark density *Vitaly Bornyakov*

31.03.2022 "Phase transitions in particle physics", GGI, Firenze

The work is completed in collaboration with

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Based on - e-Print: <u>2203.04909</u> [hep-lat] - Phys.Rev.D 102 (2020) 114511 - JHEP 05 (2019) 171

OUTLINE

- Motivation

- QC₂D, lattice setup

- Confinement-deconfinement transition at low temperature

- Gluon propagators
- Conclusions and perspectives

Motivation

- There are still problems with getting solid results in lattice QCD at nonzero μ_B (sign problem)
- Study of SU(2) QCD should help to check various methods and approaches to real QCD :

 1) lattice methods (analytic continuation, Taylor expansion) can be checked (*yesterday's talk by Roman Rogalyov*).
 2) to check predictive power of other approaches (DSE, FRG, ChPT, effective actions,...) to nonperturbative QCD by comparison of their results for QCD-like theories with respective lattice results

3) There are hopes that SU(2) QCD reflects some properties of real QCD

Other lattice studies of QC₂D

Dedicated workshop

YITP workshop 'Probing the physics of high-density and low-temperature matter with ab initio calculations in 2-color QCD'

3rd - 6th November, 2020

$N_f = 2$, staggered

- Braguta, Ilgenfritz, Kotov, Molochkov, Nikolaev, Study of the phase diagram of dense two-color QCD within lattice simulation, Phys. Rev. D 94 (2016)114510
- Holicki, Wilhelm, Smith, Wellegehausen and von Smekal, Two-colour QCD at finite density with two flavours of staggered quarks, PoS(LATTICE2016)052
- Astrakhantsev, Bornyakov, Braguta, Ilgenfritz, Kotov, Lattice study of static quark-antiquark interactions in dense quark matter, JHEP 05 (2019) 171

 $N_f = 2$, Wilson

- Boz, Giudice, Hands and Skullerud, Dense Two-Color QCD Towards Continuum and Chiral Limits, Phys. Rev. D101 (2020) 074506
- lida, Itou, Lee, Relative scale setting for two-color QCD with N_f=2 Wilson fermions, PTEP 2021 (2021)1, 013B05
- lida, Itou, Lee, Two-colour QCD phases and the topology at low temperature and high density, JHEP 01 (2020) 181

Phase Diagram of QC₂D at T=0



The position of the deconfinement line in $\mu - T$ plane drastically changed over time in the works of one group :

Hands, Kim, Skullerud, Deconfinement in dense 2-color QCD, Eur.Phys.J.C 48 (2006) 193

Cotter, Giudice, Hands, Skullerud Towards the phase diagram of dense two-color matter, Phys.Rev.D 87 (2013) 3, 034507

Boz, Giudice, Hands, Skullerud, Dense Two-Color QCD Towards Continuum and Chiral Limits, Phys. Rev. D101 (2020) 074506

Boz, Giudice, Hands, Skullerud, Dense Two-Color QCD Towards Continuum and Chiral Limits, Phys. Rev. D101 (2020) 074506



Lattice setup I

- SU(2) lattice QCD with $N_f = 2$ flavors of staggered Dirac operator
- Lattice size 40^4 and 32^4
- Lattice spacing a = 0.048 fm (fixed by $r_0 = 0.468$ fm)
- Pion mass $m_{\pi} = 680(40)$ MeV
- $L_1 = 1.92 \text{ fm}, T_1 = 103 \text{ MeV}; L_2 = 1.54 \text{ fm}, T_2 = 128 \text{ MeV}$
- $0 \le \mu_q \le 2000 \text{ MeV}$ ($0 \le a\mu_q \le 0.5$)

Lattice setup II

$$S_{G} = \frac{\beta}{2} [c_{0} \sum_{pl} \operatorname{Re} \operatorname{Tr} (1 - U_{pl}) + c_{1} \sum_{pl} \operatorname{Re} \operatorname{Tr} (1 - U_{rt})]$$

$$S_{stag} = \sum_{x} \bar{\psi}_{x} [\sum_{\mu} \frac{\eta_{x,\mu}}{2} (U_{x,\mu} e^{a\mu_{q}\delta_{\mu,0}} \psi_{x+\mu} - U_{x-\mu,\mu}^{\dagger} e^{-a\mu_{q}\delta_{\mu,0}} \psi_{x-\mu}) + am \psi_{x}] + \sum_{x} \frac{1}{2} \lambda [\psi_{x}^{T} \sigma_{2} \psi_{x} + \bar{\psi}_{x} \sigma_{2} \bar{\psi}_{x}^{T}]$$

- $c_0 = 5/3$, $c_1 = -1/12$, $U_{\chi,\mu}$ are stout smeared variables

- $\eta_{x,\mu}$ staggered sign function
- $\beta = 1.75$, $am_q = 0.0075$, $\lambda = 0.00075 = \frac{am_q}{10}$

Definitions

Wilson loop

$$W(C) = \frac{1}{N_c} Tr \{ P \exp(i \oint_C dx_\mu A_\mu(x)) \}$$

To compute $V_{\bar{q}q}(r)$ the contour *C* is

$$x_{4} \uparrow \qquad < W(r,t) >= C_{0}e^{-E_{0}(r)t} + C_{1}e^{-E_{1}(r)t} + \dots$$
$$E_{0}(r) = V_{\bar{q}q}(r)$$
$$V_{\bar{q}q}(r) = -\lim_{t \to \infty} \frac{1}{t} \log < W(r,t) >$$

Spectral representation of WL

Confinement phase:

Ground state – hadron string up to distance r_{sb} , then – 2 h-l mesons

WL has very small overlap with h-I mesons state, $C_{hl} \ll 1$

For this reason one does not see string breaking, but clearly see hadron string state

Deconfinement phase:

Ground state – color interaction is screened, Debye screening

Static potentials for 40⁴ lattice



Static potentials for 32^4 lattice



String tension vs. chemical potential



Result for string tension from

Ishiguro, Iida, Itou, Flux tube profiles in two-color QCD at low temperature and high density, e-Print: 2111.13067 [hep-lat]



Polyakov loop for 40^4 and 32^4 lattices



Polyakov loop susceptibility for 40^4 and 32^4 lattices



Transition line in the $\mu_q - T$ plane



Schematic phase diagram of two-colour QCD

borrowed from lida, Itou, Lee, JHEP 01 (2020) 181



The gluon propagators in lattice QC_2D (Landau gauge)

- $N_f = 2$, staggered quarks
- Lattice: 32⁴
- β = 1.8, a = 0.044 fm, $L_s \approx$ 1.4 fm
- $am_q = 0.0075$, $\lambda = 0.00075$, $m_\pi = 740(40)$ MeV

Ref.: VB, Braguta, Nikolaev, R.N. Rogalyov, Effects of Dense Quark Matter on Gluon Propagators in Lattice QC_2, Phys.Rev.D 102 (2020) 114511

Another study: **Boz, Hajizadeh, Maas, Skullerud**, Finite-density gauge correlation functions in QC2D, Phys.Rev.D 99 (2019) 7, 074514

$D_L(p)$, $D_T(p)$ propagators



 $D_L(p)\,\sigma$

Definitions

•
$$m_E^2 = \frac{1}{D_L(0)}$$
 $m_M^2 = \frac{1}{D_T(0)}$

•
$$D_{L,T}^{-1}(p) = Z^{-1}(\widetilde{m}_{E,M}^2 + p^2 + c_4 \cdot (p^2)^2)$$

Drastic difference from results of **Boz et al**. for m_E





Comparison of \widetilde{m}_E and m_D



Conclusions and Outlook

- Simulations of lattice QC_2D with $N_f = 2$ staggered Dirac operator on large 40^4 and 32^4 lattices with small lattice spacing a = 0.048 fm
- String tension, Polyakov loop and its susceptibility were used to locate the deconfinement transition
- The deconfinement transition line was determined in the ranges 800 $\lesssim~\mu_q~\lesssim 1700$ MeV, 100 $\lesssim~T~\lesssim 140$ MeV
- Differences with the Wilson fermions results call for careful checks of lattice artefacts
- Results for the gluon propagator show nontrivial dependence on μ_q contrary to earlier claims