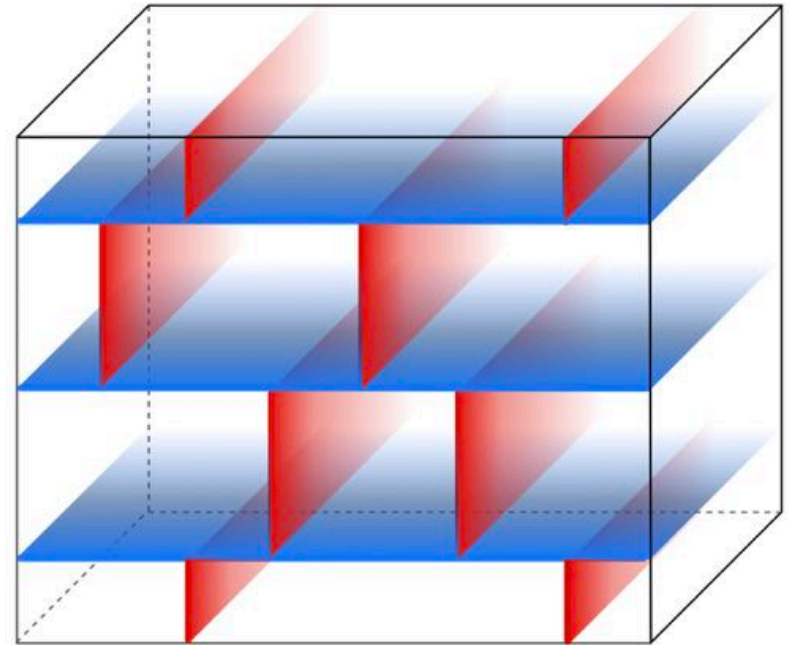


The amazing Super-Maze

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Nejc Čeplak, Shaun Hampton and Nick Warner



JOHN TEMPLETON
FOUNDATION

Agence Nationale de la Recherche
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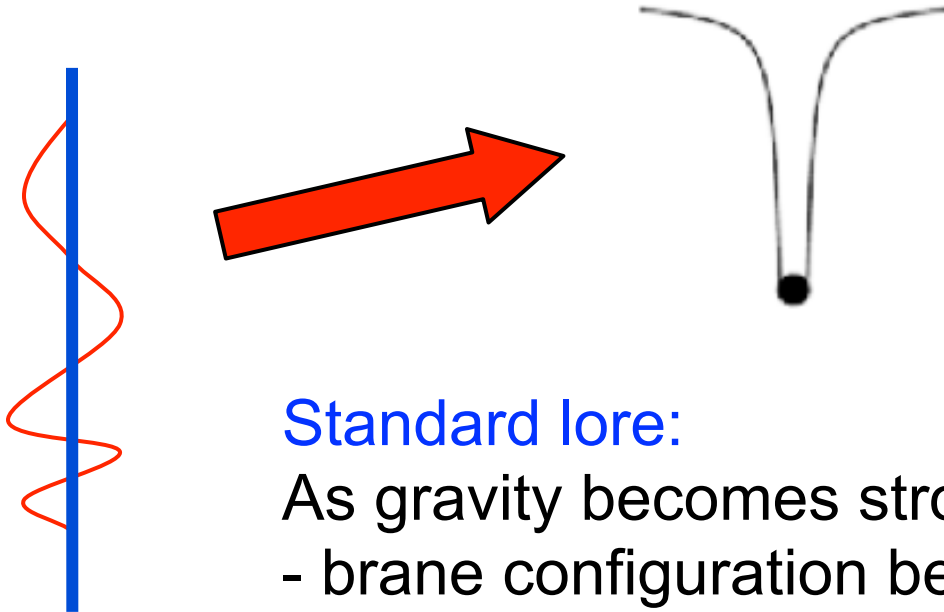
An amazing success of String Theory

Count Black Hole Microstates (branes + strings)

Correctly match B.H. entropy !!!

Zero Gravity

One Particular Microstate at **Finite Gravity**:



Standard lore:

As gravity becomes stronger,

- brane configuration becomes smaller
- horizon develops and engulfs it
- recover standard black hole

Susskind
Horowitz, Polchinski
Chen, Maldacena, Witten

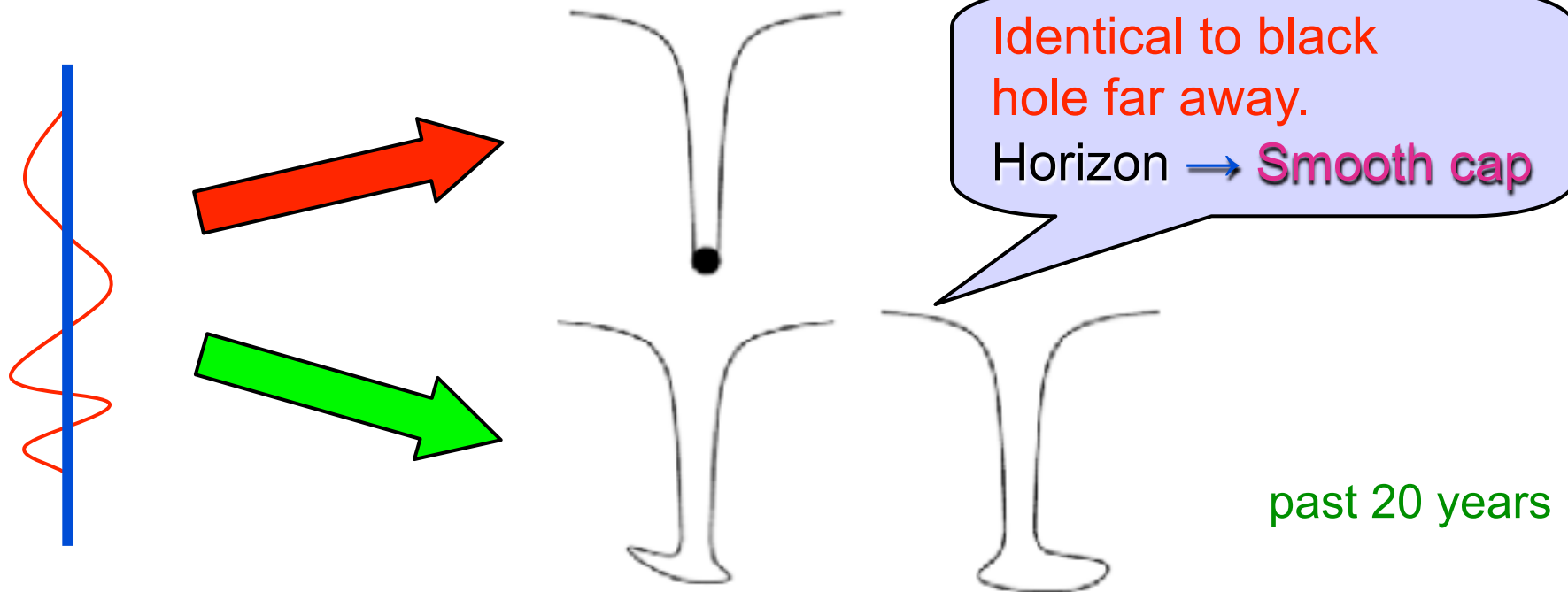
An amazing success of String Theory

Count Black Hole Microstates (branes + strings)

Correctly match B.H. entropy !!!

Zero Gravity

One Particular Microstate at **Finite Gravity**:



The big hope: Track **each and every** BH microstate from zero-gravity regime to fully-backreacted solution

20 years of microstate geometries

Nick's talk

- Huge number of smooth horizonless solutions
 - Bubbling geometries, superstrata
 - Largest class of solutions to Einstein's equations ever
 - Many features of **typical** microstates (mass gap)
 - $S \sim (Q_1 Q_5)^{1/2} (Q_p)^{1/4} < S_{\text{BH}} \sim (Q_1 Q_5 Q_p)^{1/2}$ Mayerson, Shigemori '20
- Link with D1-D5 states that count BH entropy ?
 - Only known for a few solutions
 - ***Needs Elvish Medicine*** (precision holography)
 - momentum modes giving D1-D5 BH entropy are quantized in units of $1/R_y N_1 N_5$ - ***fractionated***
 - Very hard to build in supergravity
Bena, Martinec, Turton, Warner '16; Shigemori '21, '22

The Painful Reality

- We have **not** succeeded to track *typical* D1-D5 Strominger-Vafa microstates from the **zero-gravity regime** to the **finite-gravity regime** where BH exists
- *Fundamental* limitation or *technical* problem ? we can only build superstrata as fibrations on \mathbb{R}^4 **base**
- Bubbling solutions - more general hyper-Kähler base
 - but no holographic dual
 - superstrata-building techniques fail
 - most generic base - not even hyper-Kähler
 - fractionated modes - missing magical ingredient ?

**Do not pray to the saint who
does not help you !**

Romanian proverb

Instead of D1-D5 look at D2-D4 (or F1-NS5 in type IIA)

One F1 inside N_5 NS5 branes $\rightarrow N_5$ little strings.

Dijkgraaf, Verlinde, Verlinde

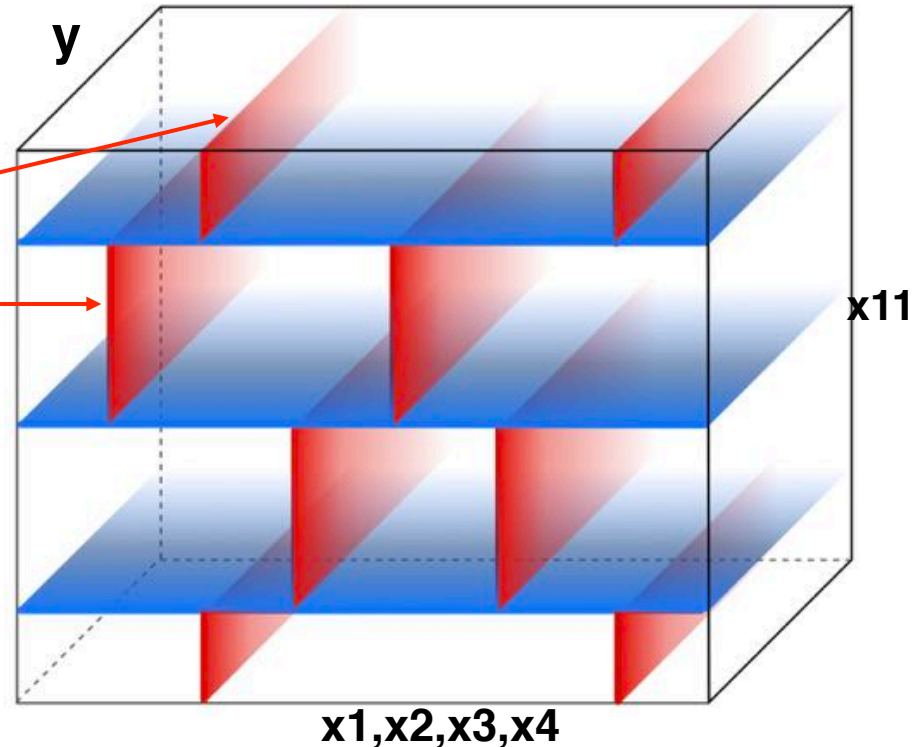
- Visible as **M2 brane strips** in M-theory
- **Total** $N_1 N_5$ independent **momentum carriers**
- each has **4 oscillation directions** (T^4) + **4 fermionic partners**

$$S = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{4+2}{6} N_1 N_5 N_p}$$

M2 along y,11
M5 along y,1234
P along y

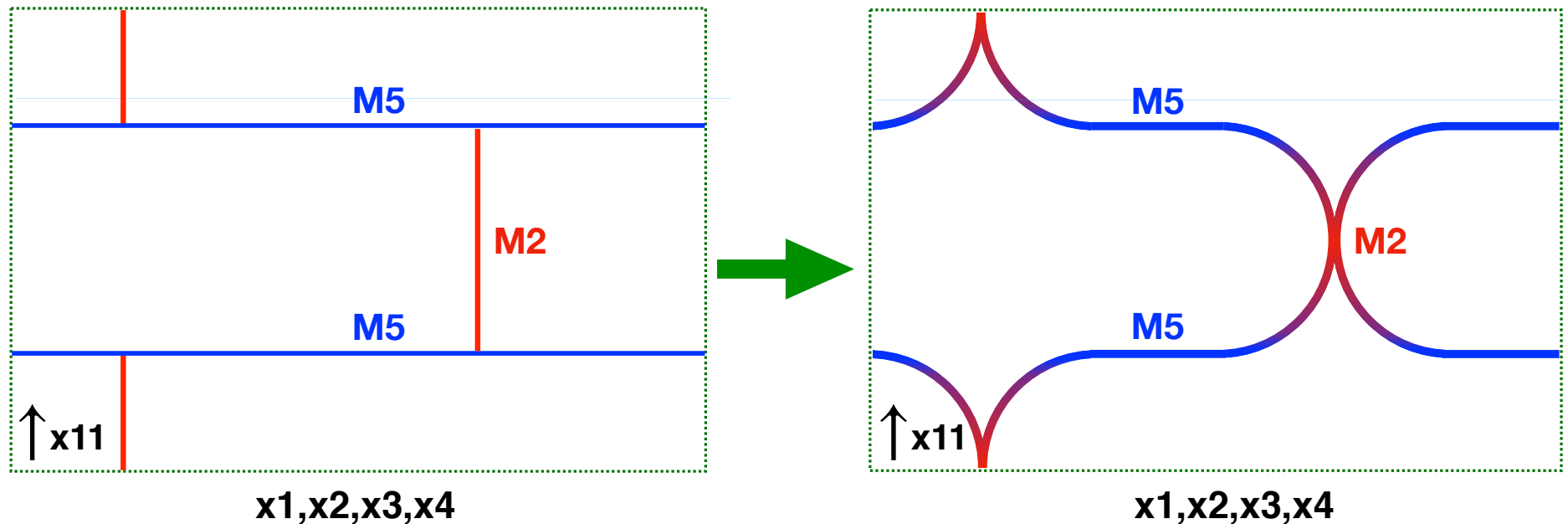
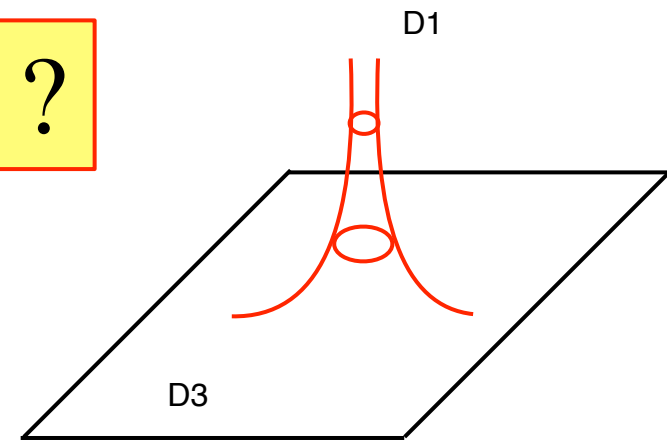
D1-D5: fractionated P
F1-NS5: fractionated F1

zero-coupling picture

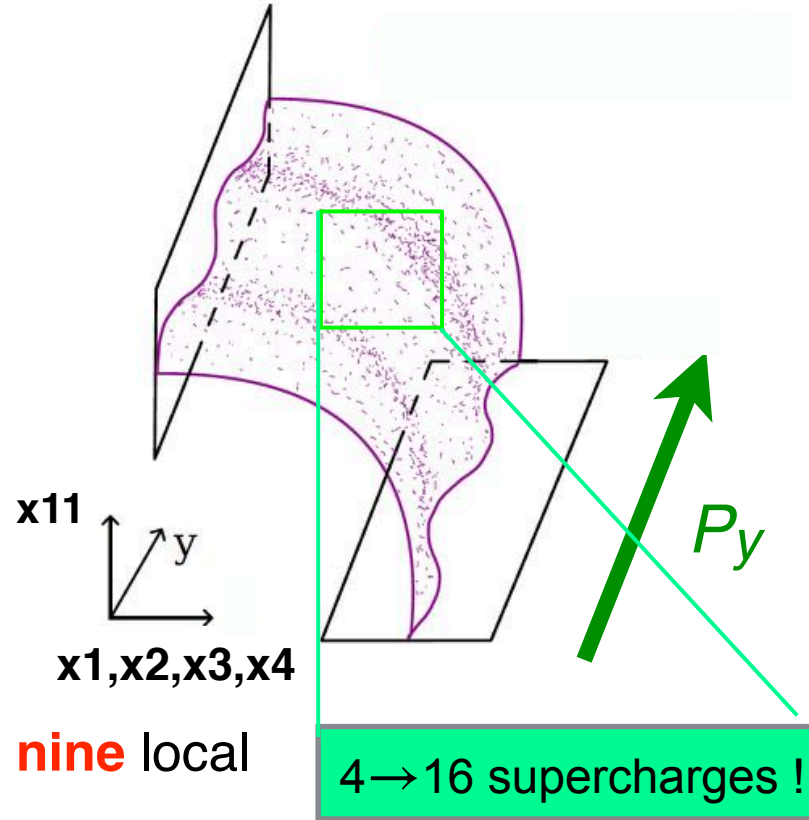
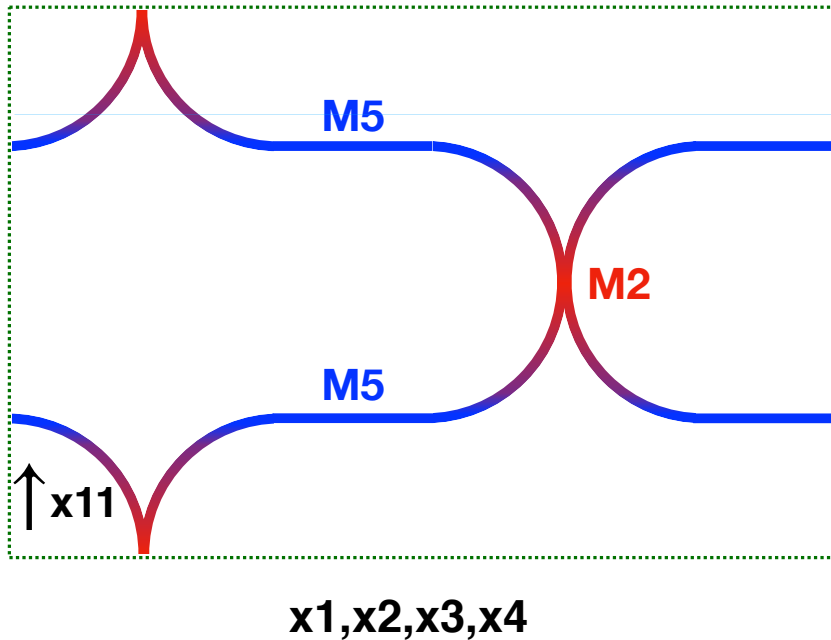


What about finite coupling ?

- Reminder:
Callan-Maldacena spike formed by D1 pulling on an orthogonal D3
- M2 branes also pull on the M5 branes



Except that the spike is a *furrow* carrying momentum waves along y



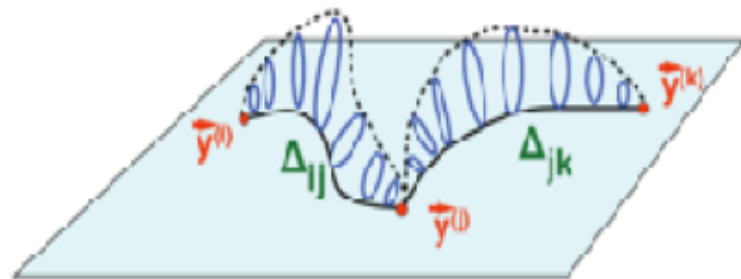
Zoom in on the furrow carrying momentum: **nine** local brane charges: $M2_{x_{11},y}$ $M5_{y,x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4}$ P_y

$M2_{x_1,x_{11}}$ $M5_{x_{11},y,x_2,x_3,x_4}$ $M2_{x_1,y}$ $M5_{x_{11},x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4}$ $P_{x_{11}}$ P_{x_1}

4 → 16 supercharges !

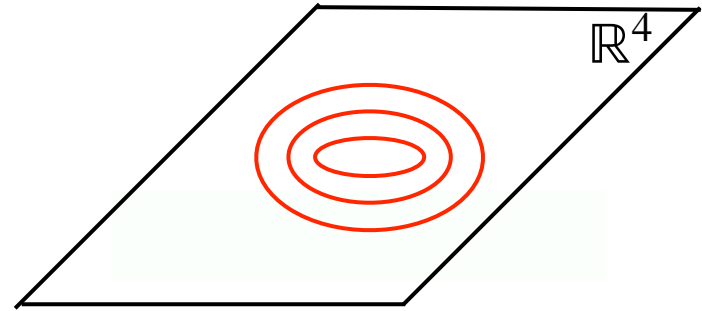
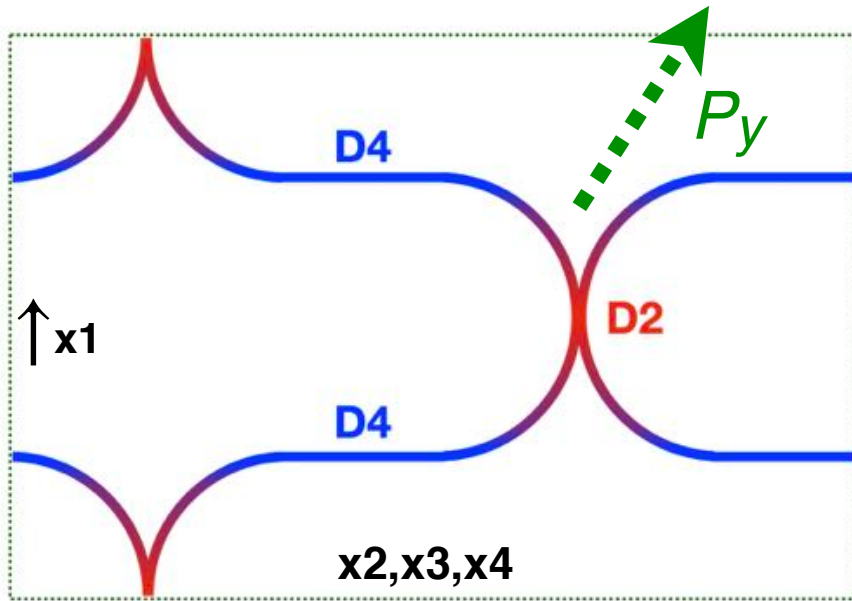
Smoking gun of smooth horizonless solutions

Some history



- First microstate geometries
 - Bubbling solutions with GH centers. Bena Warner '06
 - Smooth in all duality frames. Horizonless
 - Multicenter fluxed D6 branes Balasubramanian & al '06
 - **16 susy** at every center, **4 globally**
- Microstate geometries with supertubes
 - Functions of one variable Bena, Bobev, Giusto, Ruff, Warner '10
 - Smooth \Leftrightarrow **16 susy** when zooming on supertube
- Superstrata. conjectured in Bena, de Boer, Shigemori, Warner '11
 - Fns. of 2 variables; **16 susy locally**, **4 globally**
 - **HABEMUS**: Smooth. Bena, Giusto, Russo, Shigemori, Warner '15
- Pattern: **smooth horizonless sols \Leftrightarrow brane configurations: **16 susy locally**, **4 globally****

Super-Maze entropy



spherically symmetric in \mathbb{R}^4 (x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8)
 same **spacetime** $SO(4)$ symmetry as BH

$SO(4)$ invariant solutions:

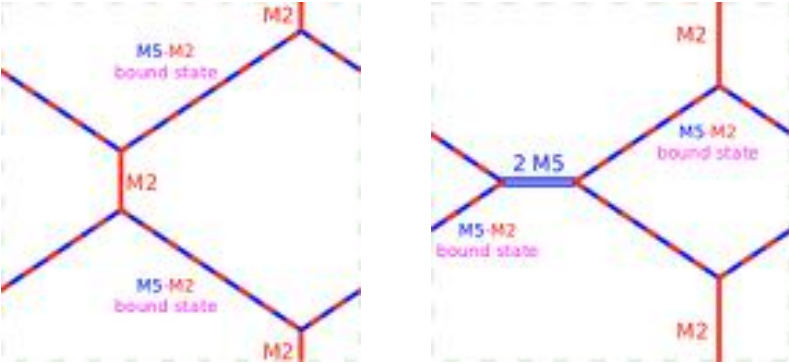
momentum carried by **waves** on fractionated strings (inside T^4) =

bosonic d.o.f. : $S_{bosonic} = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{4}{6}N_1N_5N_p}$

+ 2 **fermionic** d.o.f. preserving $SO(4) \Rightarrow S_{SO(4) \text{ invariant}} = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{5}{6}N_1N_5N_p}$

Remaining 2 **fermionic** d.o.f. **break** $SO(4) \Rightarrow S_{SO(4) \text{ breaking}} = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{1}{6}N_1N_5N_p}$

How will the $SO(4)$ -invariant solution look like ?

- **Two-charge solutions:**
 - Monge-Ampère equation
 - solution at least *cohomog-3*
 - smeared on $T^3 \Rightarrow$ **string web:**
 - Singular brane sources \Rightarrow solution exists (singular)
- 
- Lunin 07
- **Three-charge solutions** with $D2_{y_1} + D4_{y_{234}} + P_y$ at least *cohomogeneity-4* (X_1, X_2, r, y)
 - *16-susy locally* \Rightarrow *no horizon*
 - Branes wrapping compact contractible cycles \Rightarrow **Geometric transition** \Rightarrow Bubbles wrapped by fluxes on internal dimensions.
 - Smooth bubble sources: can we solve ?
 - can we show solution exists ?

How will the $SO(4)$ -invariant solution look like ?

- Expectation based on earlier work:
 - **backreaction** will make bubbles **large**, *irrespective* of T^4 size at infinity
- Microstate geometry differs from BH by T^4 **KK modes**:
- Asympt. $\mathbb{R}^{4,1} \times S^1 \times T^4$: *exponentially-decay*
- Asympt. $AdS_3 \times S^3 \times T^4$: *power-law decay*
 - *High-dimension operators*: $\Delta^2 \sim Q_5 n_{\text{mode}}^2 / L_1^2$
 - **Official '97 Dogma**: *not surviving in decoupling limit*
 - *Νέος Θεολόγος*: *anything asymptotic to $AdS_3 \times S^3 \times T^4 \in CFT$ & can tunnel to anything else*
 - **Operator dimension** depends on T^4 moduli. **SUSY?**
 - Is operator visible at free-orbifold point ?
 - Can CFT distinguish different supermaze solutions ?

How will the **generic solution** look like ?

- Generic microstates will contain
 $SO(4)$ breaking modes + T^4 dependent modes

2-charge systems:

- when both T^4 and $SO(4)$ breaking modes are present
- $S_{\text{total}} = 2\pi\sqrt{2N_1N_5}$
- Smearing on T^4 does not lose info. Can get S_{total} from T^4 -invariant solutions Kanitscheider, Taylor, Skenderis
- If **only T^4 dependent modes** present
- $S_{SO(4) \text{ invariant}} = 2\pi\sqrt{N_1N_5}$
- smearing on T^4 **erases information** \Rightarrow one obtains naïve D1-D5 solution: **singular**, small horizon

How will the **generic solution** look like ?

3-charge story ?

- $SO(4)$ -breaking strands: $(+,+),(-,-),(+,-),(-,+)$
- T^4 -dependent strands: $(\dot{a}b + \dot{b}a), \dot{a}a, \dot{b}b, (\dot{a}b - \dot{b}a) = (00)$
- **Superstrata** = 6D supergravity solutions **smear**ed on T^4
 - When $SO(4)$ -breaking $(++)$ strands are present, superstrata can capture T^4 strands: (00)
 - When no $(++)$ strands are present, superstrata collapse into naïve solution with a horizon

We get horizons only when smearing too much

- **Q1:** Could the presence of $SO(4)$ -breaking modes in generic supermaze allow T^4 smearing without info loss ?
- **Q2:** Would T^4 -dependent supermaze information be lost upon smearing, even when $SO(4)$ -breaking modes exist ?

How will the **generic solution** look like ?

Big fat 3-charge generic beast ?

Combination of $SO(4)$ -breaking modes and T^4 -dependent modes

Themelia

General idea:

Global charges

dipole charges = **Glue**

needed for 16 susy

Object	Coefficient		Object	Coefficient	
F1(y)	α_1	x_1	F1(ψ)	α_5	x_2
NS5(y1234)	α_2		NS5(ψ 1234)	α_6	
P(y)	α_3		P(ψ)	α_7	
KKm(y1234; ψ)	α_4	z_1	KKm(ψ 1234;y)	α_8	z_2
D2(y1)	α_9	u_1	D2(ψ 1)	α_{11}	u_2
D4(y234)	$\alpha_{10} = -\alpha_9$		D4(ψ 234)	$\alpha_{12} = -\alpha_{11}$	
D0	α_{13}	v_1	D2(y ψ)	α_{15}	v_2
D4(1234)	$\alpha_{14} = -\alpha_{13}$		D6(y ψ 1234)	$\alpha_{16} = -\alpha_{15}$	
F1(1)	α_{17}	w_1	NS5(y ψ 234)	α_{19}	w_2
P(1)	$\alpha_{18} = -\alpha_{17}$		KKm(y ψ 234; 1)	$\alpha_{20} = -\alpha_{19}$	

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_1 + iu_2 &= s_1 s_2 e^{i\varphi_1}, \\
 v_1 + iv_2 &= s_2 c_2 e^{i(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2 - \varphi_3)} (e^{-2i\varphi_4} - c_1) \\
 w_1 + iw_2 &= s_1 c_2 e^{i\varphi_2}, \quad x_1 + ix_2 = c_1 e^{i\varphi_3} \\
 y_1 + iy_2 &= e^{i(2\varphi_2 + \varphi_3)} (c_1 c_2^2 + s_2^2 e^{-2i\varphi_4}), \\
 z_1 + iz_2 &= e^{i(2\varphi_1 - \varphi_3)} (c_2^2 e^{2i\varphi_4} + c_1 s_2^2),
 \end{aligned}$$

Most generic beast with 16 supercharges locally

DVV microstates

$$S = S_{\text{BH}}$$

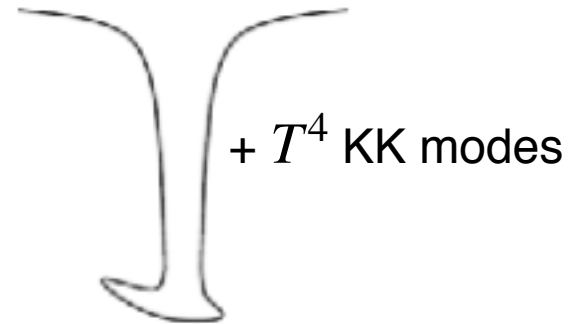
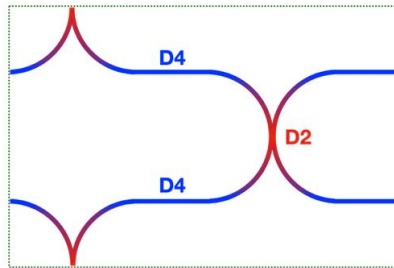
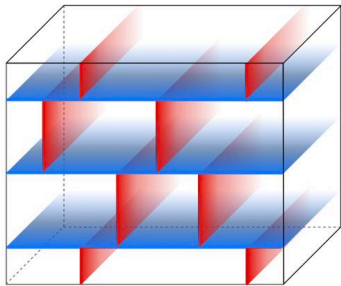
SUPERMAZE

branes pull & merge
16 susy locally !

New Microstate
Geometries

$$S = S_{\text{BH}}$$

Effective coupling (g_s)



- Need to build supergravity solution !
- Precision holography for supermaze with T^4 -dependent modes ?
 $\langle \Psi_{\text{supermaze}} | \mathcal{O}_{T^4\text{-dependent}} | \Psi_{\text{supermaze}} \rangle \neq 0$
- Most generic beast: is 6D sugra enough? or one needs 10D?
- Flat space: supermaze fields decay exponentially.
Universal ?

Generic microstates merging

- Both have **KK modes on the internal direction**
- Some of these modes may be shed off
- KK modes expected decay to **Standard-Model fields**
- BH merger should have **Electromagnetic counterpart**
- **Experimental constraints?**
- **Calculate for 2-charge**

