

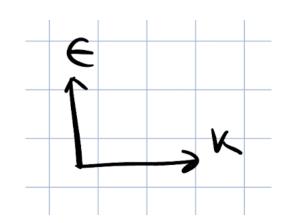


Anomalous fluid dynamics as bosonization

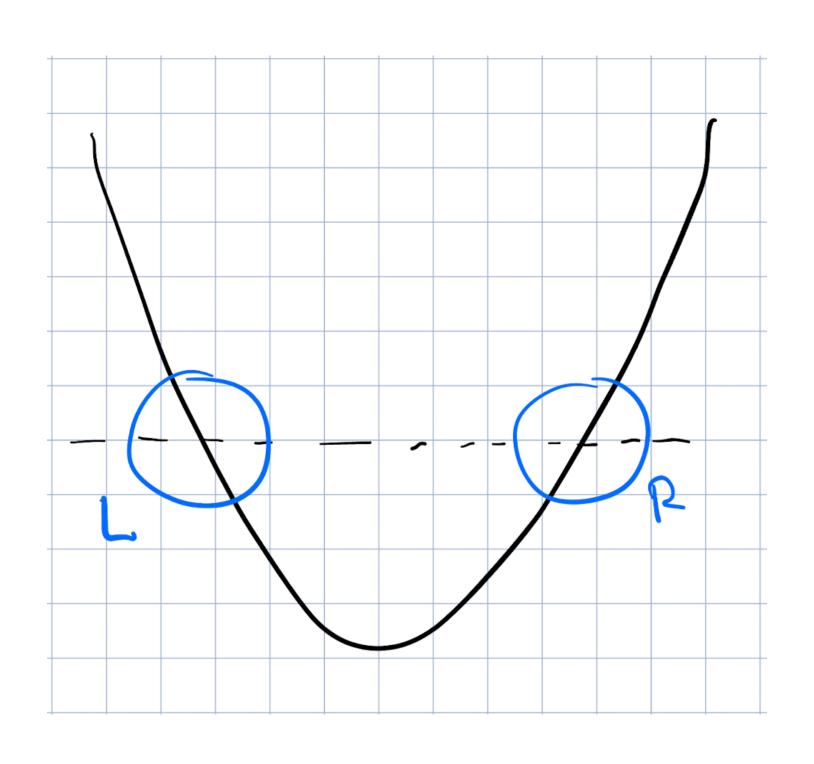
Alexander G Abanov Stony Brook University

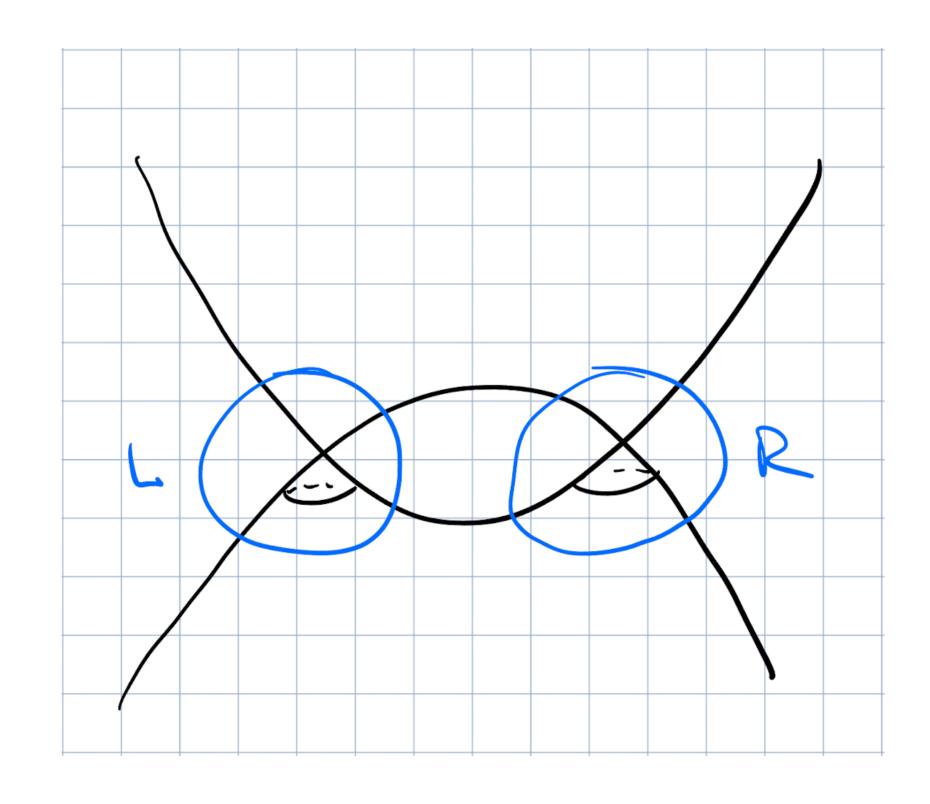
with: Paul Wiegmann and Andrea Cappelli

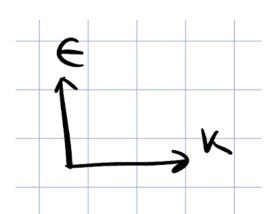




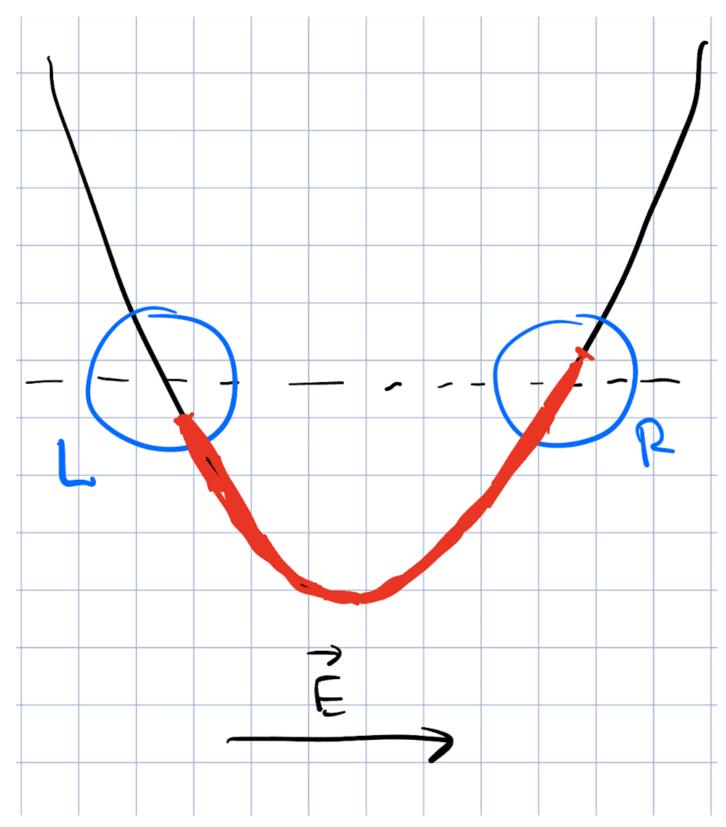
Chiral anomaly in pictures

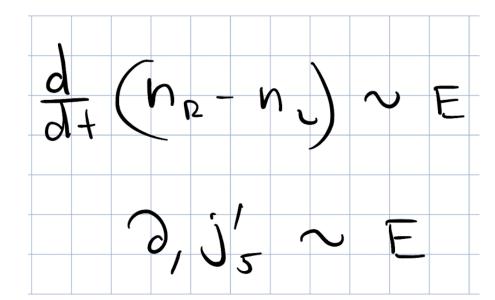


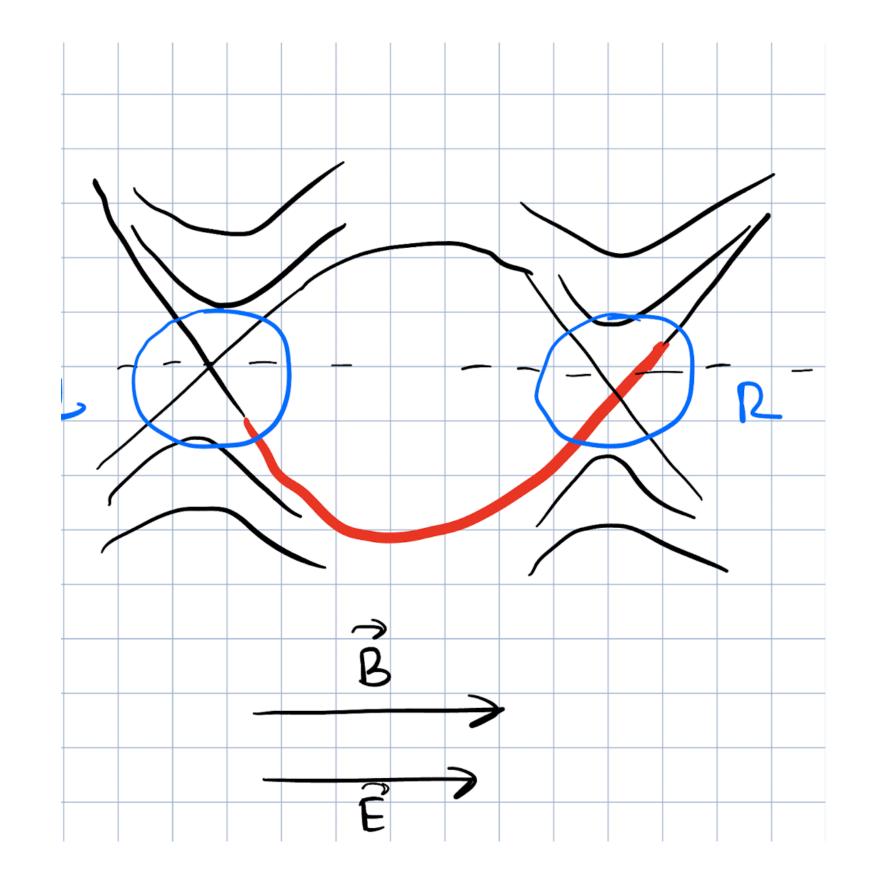




Chiral anomaly in pictures







$$\frac{d}{d+}(n_{R}-n_{L}) \sim \vec{E} \cdot \vec{B}$$

$$\frac{d}{d+}(n_{R}-n_{L}) \sim \vec{E} \cdot \vec{B}$$

1+1 charged boson

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} (\partial \phi)^2$$

$$j^{\mu} = \partial^{\mu} \phi$$

Noether current

$$\partial_{\mu}j^{\mu}=0$$

$$\tilde{j}^{\mu} = \epsilon^{\mu\nu} \partial_{\nu} \phi$$

Topological current

$$\partial_{\mu}\tilde{j}^{\mu} = 0$$

1+1 charged boson

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} (\partial \phi)^2$$

$$j = \partial \phi$$

Noether current

$$\partial j = 0$$

$$\tilde{j} = [d\phi]$$

Topological current

$$\partial \tilde{j} = 0$$

Gauging 1+1 charged boson

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} (\partial \phi - A)^2$$

$$j = \partial \phi - A$$

Noether current

$$\partial j = 0$$

$$\tilde{j} = [d\phi]$$

Topological current

$$\partial \tilde{j} = 0$$



Gauging 1+1 charged boson

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} (\partial \phi - A)^2$$

$$j = \partial \phi - A$$

Noether current

$$\partial j = 0$$

$$\tilde{j} = [d\phi - A]$$

Topological current

$$\partial \tilde{j} = -[dA]$$

Gauge-invariant!

Not conserved

Gauging 1+1 charged boson

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial \phi - A)^2 + \tilde{A} \wedge (d\phi - A)$$

$$j = \partial \phi - A$$
 Noether current

$$\partial j = [d\tilde{A}]$$

$$\tilde{j} = [d\phi - A]$$
 Topological current $\partial \tilde{j} = -[dA]$

Both covariant currents are not conserved! Mixed vector-axial anomaly.

Anomaly Inflow

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial \phi - A)^2 + \tilde{A} \wedge (d\phi - A) - \int_{M_3} \tilde{A} \wedge dA$$

$$j = \partial \phi - A$$
 Noether current

$$\partial j = [dA]$$

$$\tilde{j} = [d\phi - A]$$
 Topological current $\partial \tilde{j} = -[dA]$

Both covariant currents are not conserved! Mixed vector-axial anomaly.

Anomaly Inflow

$$\mathcal{L} = P(\partial \phi - A) + \tilde{A} \wedge (d\phi - A) - \int_{M_3} \tilde{A} \wedge dA$$

Pressure, equation of state

$$j = \partial \phi - A$$
 Noether current

$$\partial j = [d\tilde{A}]$$

$$\tilde{j} = [d\phi - A]$$
 Topological current $\partial \tilde{j} = -[dA]$

Both covariant currents are not conserved! Mixed vector-axial anomaly.

$$v_t + (v\nabla)v = -\nabla\mu$$

$$\rho_t + \nabla(\rho v) = 0$$

$$dP = \mu d\rho$$

barotropic equation of state

Consequence of equations: conservation of helicity

$$\partial_t \int v(\nabla \times v) = 0$$

$$\partial_t(v\omega) + \nabla(\ldots) = 0$$

additional conservation law!

$$\omega = \nabla \times v$$
 - vorticity

$$h = v \cdot \omega$$

- helicity

$$v_t + (v\nabla)v = -\nabla\mu$$

$$\rho_t + \nabla(\rho v) = 0$$

$$dP = \mu d\rho$$

barotropic equation of state

$$\partial_t(v\omega) + \nabla(\ldots) = 0$$

Is there a mixed anomaly between two conservation laws?

$$v_t + (v\nabla)v = -\nabla\mu + E + v \times B$$

$$\rho_t + \nabla(\rho v) = 0$$

$$\partial_t \left((v + A) \cdot (\omega + B) \right) + \nabla(\dots) = 0$$

Not gauge-invariant!

$$v_t+(v
abla)v=-
abla\mu+E+v imes B$$

$$ho_t+
abla(
ho v)=0$$

$$ho_t\Big(v\cdot(\omega+2B)\Big)+
abla(\ldots)=2E\cdot B$$
 Gauge-invariant! Not conserved

Anomaly for axial current in presence of vector gauge field!

Covariant notations

$$\pi_0 - A_0 = -\mu - \frac{v^2}{2}$$

$$\pi_i - A_i = v_i$$

covariant notations

$$d\pi \wedge d\pi = 0$$

covariant form of helicity conservation

$$\partial_{\mu} \left(\epsilon^{\mu\nu\lambda\rho} \pi_{\nu} \partial_{\lambda} \pi_{\rho} \right) = 0$$
 for A=0 $\partial_{t} (v\omega) + \nabla (...) = 0$



Covariant notations

$$\pi_0 - A_0 = -\mu - \frac{v^2}{2}$$

$$\pi_i - A_i = v_i$$

- covariant notations

$$d\pi \wedge d\pi = 0$$

covariant form of helicity conservation

$$v \cdot (\omega + 2B)$$

$$2E \cdot B$$

$$d((\pi - A) \wedge d(\pi + A)) = d\pi \wedge d\pi - dA \wedge dA = -dA \wedge dA$$

Gauge-invariant!

Not conserved

$$\partial \tilde{j} = 2E \cdot B$$

Actions in 1d and 3d

$$\mathcal{L} = P(\pi - A) + \tilde{A} \wedge (\pi - A) - \int_{M_3} \tilde{A} \wedge dA$$

$$d\pi = 0 \qquad \qquad \pi = d\phi$$

$$\partial j = [d\tilde{A}]$$

$$\partial \tilde{j} = -[dA]$$

$$\mathcal{L} = P(\pi - A) + \tilde{A} \wedge (\pi - A) \wedge d(\pi + A) - \int_{M_5} \tilde{A} \wedge dA \wedge dA$$

$$d\pi \wedge d\pi = 0 \qquad \qquad \pi = d\phi + \alpha d\beta$$

$$\partial j = -2 \left[dA \wedge d\tilde{A} \right] \qquad \qquad \partial \tilde{j} = - \left[dA \wedge dA \right]$$

Even more general!

$$\mathcal{L} = P(\pi - A) + \tilde{A} \wedge (\pi - A) \wedge d(\pi + A) - \int_{M_5} \tilde{A} \wedge dA \wedge dA$$
$$+ \psi \left[d\pi \wedge d\pi + \alpha d\tilde{A} \wedge d\tilde{A} \right] - \int_{M_5} \alpha \tilde{A} \wedge d\tilde{A} \wedge d\tilde{A}$$

$$\partial j = -2 \left[dA \wedge d\tilde{A} \right]$$

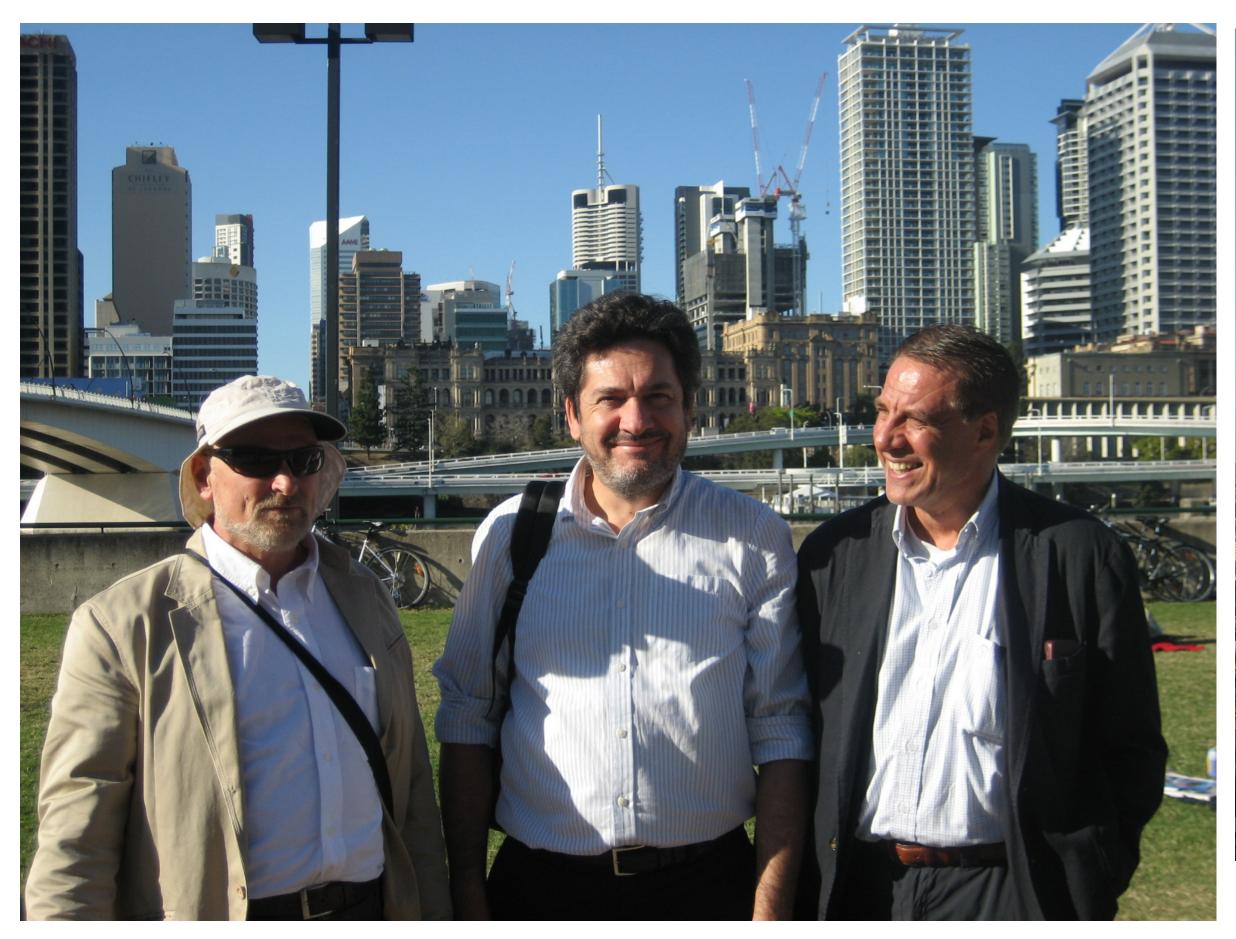
$$\partial \tilde{j} = - \left[dA \wedge dA \right] - 3\alpha \left[d\tilde{A} \wedge d\tilde{A} \right]$$

Most general axial-vector mixed anomaly as in fermionic theories

Conclusions

- A variational principle constructed for a fluid with mixed axial-vector anomaly
- The anomaly inflow picture for 3+1 fluid is analogous to 1+1 bosonization picture
- The most general mixed anomaly requires two 5d Chern-Simons terms
- Mixed axial-gravitational anomalies can be obtained similarly
- There are multiple versions of anomalous fluid dynamics to be explored...

Buon Compleanno, Andrea!





Grazie per aver condiviso la tua passione per la fisica, la musica e molte altre cose!