# Spread Supersymmetry

## Yasunori Nomura

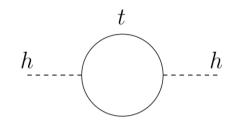
UC Berkeley; LBNL



Is there a New Physics?

— if so, where is it?

### **Naturalness**



h ... We "must" find  $M_{\text{New}} \sim v_{\text{EW}}$ → true?

Shocking news in 1998 Supernova cosmology project; Supernova search team  $\Lambda \neq 0$ !

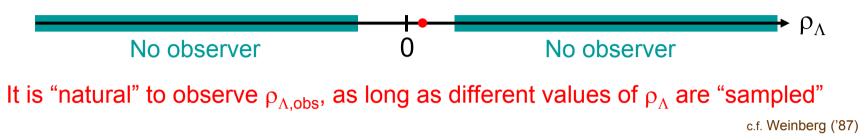
$$\rho_{\Lambda,obs} \sim (10^{-3} \,\mathrm{eV})^4 \, \ll M_{\rm Pl}^4 \, \text{(or TeV^4)}$$

- Naïve estimates *O*(10<sup>120</sup>) too large
- There does not seem new gravitational physics at  $L \sim (10^{-3} \text{ eV})^{-1}$

More significantly,  $\rho_{\Lambda} \sim \rho_{matter}$  — Why now?

## **Emerging picture**

--- Environmental selection in multiple "universes" (the multiverse)



#### Also suggested by theory

String landscape

Compact (six) dimensions  $\rightarrow$  huge number of vacua

• Eternal inflation

Inflation is (generically) future eternal  $\rightarrow$  populate all the vacua

## Significant Impacts on the way we think about physics

• Fundamental theory

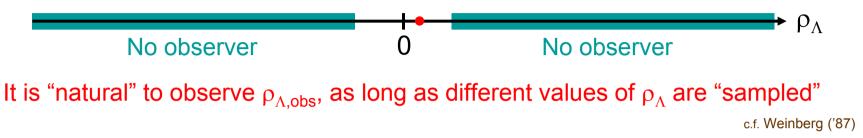
Predictivity crisis / measure problem  $\rightarrow$  A new view of spacetime and gravity ... Quantum mechanics is important even at long distances Multivere = Quantum Many Worlds

c.f. Y.N., arXiv:1205.2675

Implications for TeV physics

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## Significant Impacts on the way we think about physics

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 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Predictivity crisis / measure problem} \rightarrow \mbox{A new view of spacetime and gravity} \\ \mbox{... Quantum mechanics is important even at long distances} & \mbox{Multivere = Quantum Many Worlds} \\ \mbox{c.f. Y.N., arXiv:1205.2675} \end{array}$ 



# Spread Supersymmetry (especially) with $\widetilde{W}$ LSP

L.J.Hall and Y.Nomura, JHEP 01, 082 ('12) [arXiv:1111.4519] L.J.Hall, Y.Nomura, and S.Shirai, arXiv:1210.2395

#### **Building upon**

```
Giudice, Luty, Murayama, Rattazzi ('98) ... (unsequestered) anomaly mediation
Wells ('03,'04) ... scalar particles at PeV
Wino dark matter / collider: Gherghetta, Giudice, Wells; Moroi, Randall; Hisano, Matsumoto, Nagai, Saito, Semani; Hisano, Ishiwata, Nojiri, Saito; Ibe, Moroi, Yanagida; Buckley, Randall, Shuve; ...
Arkani-Hamed, Dimopoulos ('04) ... "split supersymmetry"
Arkani-Hamed, Delgado, Giudice ('06) ... "the simplest model of split"
```

• What is the **simplest** scenario?

(especially in the framework of the multiverse)

• What are the experimental signals?

#### Should the weak scale be natural? ---- No!

ex. Stability of complex nuclei Agrawal, Barr, Donoghue, Seckel ('97) For fixed Yukawa couplings,

no complex nuclei for  $v \ge 2 v_{obs}$  Damour, Donoghue ('07)

... The origin of the weak scale may very well be anthropic / environmental!

Does this mean that there is no weak scale supersymmetry? --- No

The scale of superparticle masses determined by statistics

$$d \mathscr{N} \sim f(\widetilde{m}) \frac{v^2}{\widetilde{m}^2} d\widetilde{m} \qquad f(\widetilde{m}) \sim \widetilde{m}^{p-1}$$

For p < 2, weak scale SUSY results, but for p > 2,  $\tilde{m}$  prefers to be large...

What is the simplest scenario in this case?

## We assume the "simplest": MSSM + *R* parity (I) The simplest high scale mediation

SUSY breaking mediated at the field-theoretic "cutoff" scale  $M_*$  ( $\geq M_{unif}$ ) --- no (need of) flavor symmetry, *CP*, sequestering, ...

SUSY breaking field  $X = \theta^2 F$  is **not** neutral

... scalar masses:  $X^+XQ^+Q$ ,  $B_\mu$  term:  $X^+XH_uH_d$ gaugino mass:  $XW^{\alpha}W_{\alpha}$ , A term:  $XQ^+Q$ ,  $\mu$  term:  $X^+H_uH_d$ 

... supergravity or loop effects

→ "Spread" in the superparticle spectrum

Write down all the possible terms with O(1) couplings in units of  $M_*$ , including  $K = H_{\mu}H_d$ 

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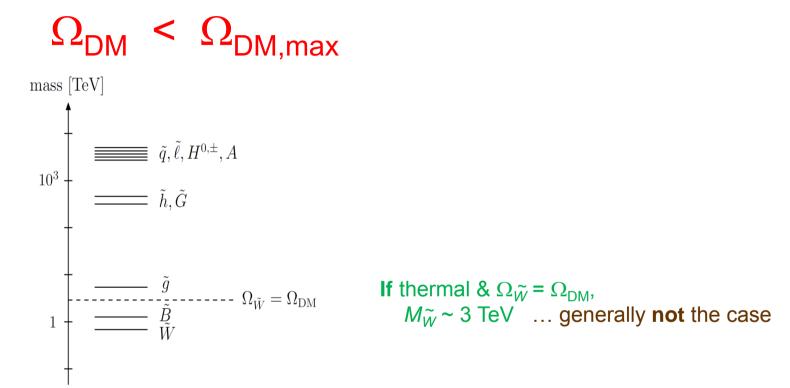
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Write down all the possible terms with O(1) couplings in units of  $M_*$ , including  $K = H_{\mu}H_d$ 

What stops "drifting-up" of the spectrum?(II) The existence of the environmental boundary



Note: This is the same boundary used to argue for axion DM Linde ('88); Tegmark, Aguirre, Rees, Wilczek ('05) In general,

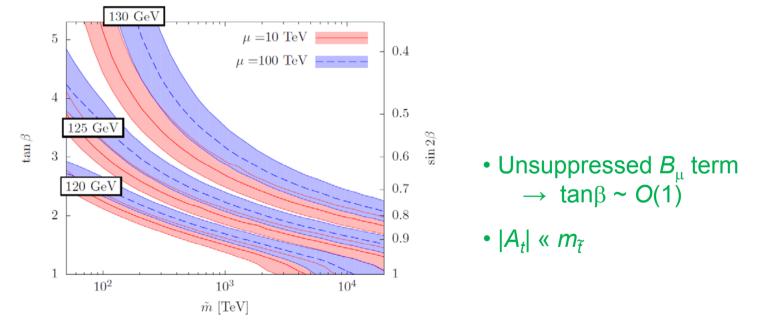
$$\Omega_a + \Omega_{WIMP} < \Omega_{DM,max} \longrightarrow Multi-component DM!$$

## **Immediate gifts**

The two-step hierarchy implies

$$\tilde{m} \sim (10^2 - 10^4) \text{ TeV}$$

Higgs boson mass



- No SUSY flavor or CP problem (but still have a chance to see signals in the future)
- No gravitino problem  $(m_{3/2} \sim 10 100 \text{ TeV})$

## **Experimental signatures**

- depend on the gaugino spectrum & overall mass scale

#### (A) Gaguino spectrum

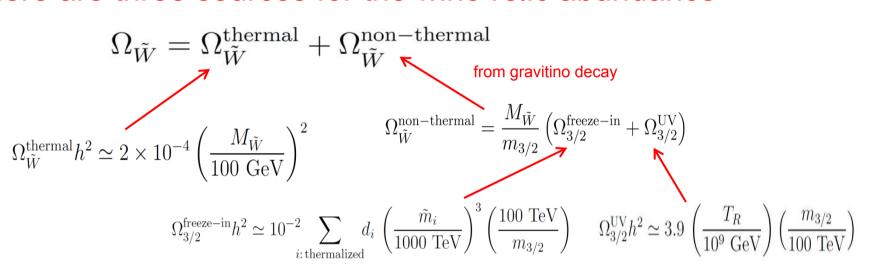
The gaugino masses arise from anomaly mediation and Higgsino-Higgs loops

 $M_1 = \frac{3}{5} \frac{\alpha_1}{4\pi} (11m_{3/2} + L),$ 
$$\begin{split} M_2 &= \frac{\alpha_2}{4\pi} (m_{3/2} + L), \\ M_3 &= \frac{\alpha_3}{4\pi} (-3m_{3/2})(1 + c_{\tilde{g}}). \end{split} \text{ correction from heavy squarks}$$
 $L = \mu \sin(2\beta) \frac{m_A^2}{|\mu|^2 - m_A^2} \ln \frac{|\mu|^2}{m_A^2} \sim 2\mu \sin(2\beta) \ln r_* \quad \dots \text{ from Higgsino/Higgs loops} \qquad \mathbf{f_*} \equiv \frac{\mathbf{M_{Pl}}}{\mathbf{M_{Pl}}}$ Here, 10010Wino non-LSP  $|\mu|/m_{3/2}$ Wino LSP Wino LSP 0.1in most parameter space 0.110 1 1001000  $r_*$ 

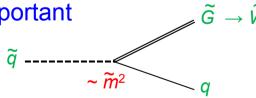
#### (B) The overall mass scale

— controlled by the dark matter abundance through condition  $\Omega_{\rm DM}$  <  $\Omega_{\rm DM,max}$ 

There are three sources for the wino relic abundance



Because of large  $\tilde{m}$ , the "freeze-in" contribution is important



- ... larger wino abundance
  - $\rightarrow$  smaller wino (gaugino) mass

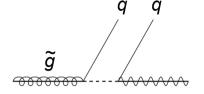
(even smaller mass if significant axion component)

→ The gluino can be within LHC reach!

### **Gluino signals**

Because of large  $\tilde{m}$ , the gluino is "long-lived"

$$c\tau_{\tilde{g}} = O(1 \text{ cm}) \left(\frac{M_{\tilde{g}}}{1 \text{ TeV}}\right)^{-5} \left(\frac{\tilde{m}}{1000 \text{ TeV}}\right)^4$$



...  $r_* \ge O(10) \rightarrow$  long-lived (displaced) gluino signatures

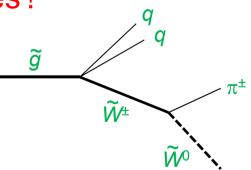
Winos are (nearly-degenerate) co-LSPs

 $M_{\tilde{W}^{\pm}} - M_{\tilde{W}^{0}} \simeq 160 \text{ MeV} \longrightarrow c\tau_{\tilde{W}^{\pm}} = O(10 \text{ cm})$ 

(Tree-level contribution could give a correction)

#### Decay chain with two long-lived particles !

$$\tilde{g} \xrightarrow[]{\text{long-lived}} q\bar{q}(\tilde{W}^{\pm} \xrightarrow[]{O(10 \text{ cm})} \tilde{W}^0 \pi^{\pm})$$

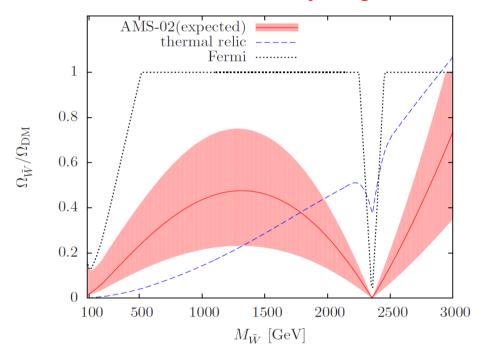


... allows us to measure masses & lifetimes of these particles

#### Measuring flavors of quarks from $\tilde{g}$ decay, we can probe the flavor structure of the squark sector ! e.g. $\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\bar{s}\tilde{\chi}, t\bar{c}\tilde{\chi}$

## Cosmic / astrophysical signals

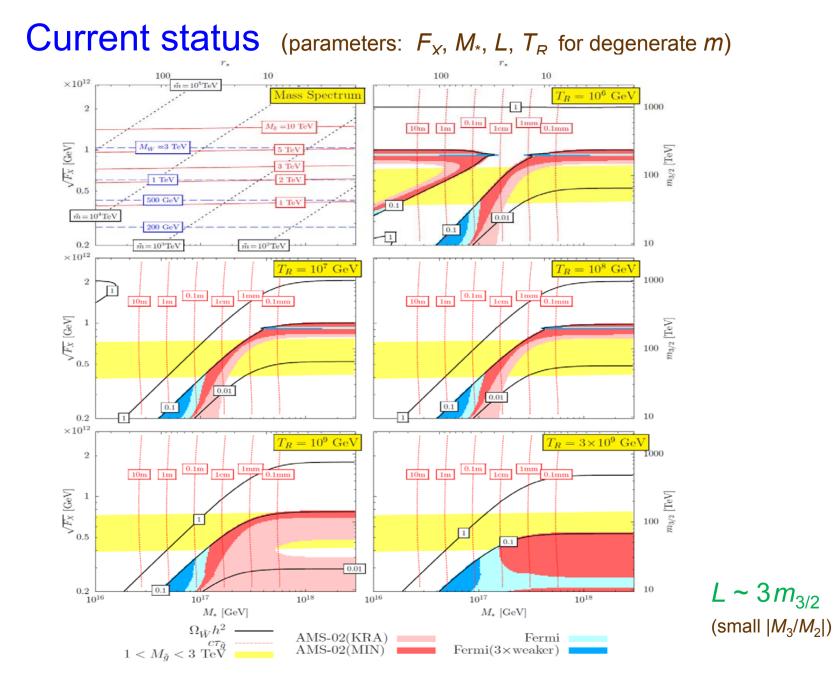
Good prospect for indirect detection because of relatively large wino annihilation section

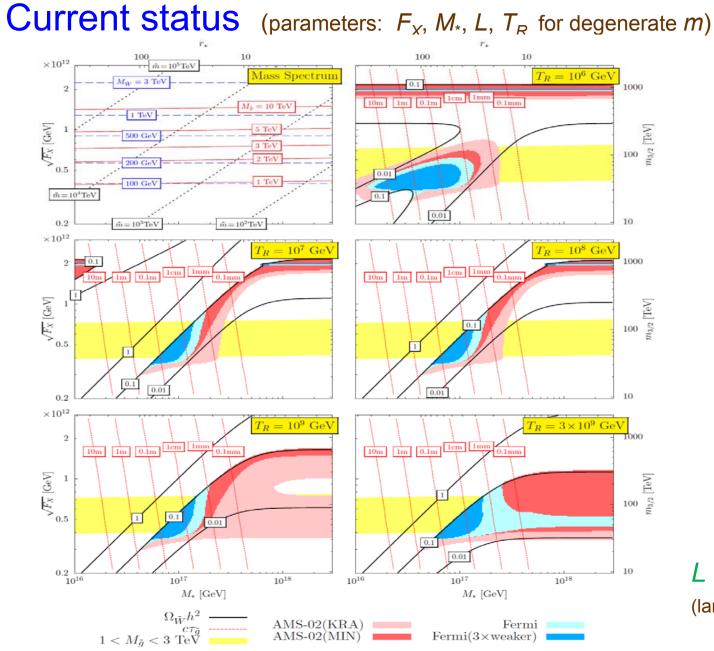


- Fermi gamma ray search already constrains the model
- AMS-02 antiproton search will probe significant parameter space

#### Direct detection is challenging

$$\sigma_{\rm SI} \simeq (0.6 - 2) \times 10^{-46} \text{ cm}^2 \sin^2(2\beta) \left(\frac{|\mu|}{5 \text{ TeV}}\right)^{-2} \left(\cos(\arg(M_2\mu)) + \left|\frac{M_2}{\mu}\right|\right)^2$$







## Future prospects

• AMS-02 will probe a significant portion of parameter space

#### • LHC has a great reach

— gluino

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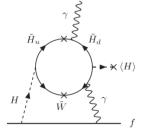
- $c\tau_{\tilde{g}} \ll O(1 \text{ mm}) \dots$  missing energy + high  $P_T$  jets
- $c\tau_{\tilde{g}}\gtrsim O(0.1~{\rm mm})~\dots$  displaced decay
- long-lived charged wino

#### • CMB measurements (recombination history)

... can probe the region

$$n_{\tilde{W}} \lesssim \left(\frac{\Omega_{\tilde{W}}}{\Omega_{\rm DM}}\right)^{2/3} \times \begin{cases} 230 \text{ GeV} \quad (\rm WMAP7) \\ 460 \text{ GeV} \quad (\rm Planck \text{ forecast}) \\ 700 \text{ GeV} \quad (\rm cosmic \ variance \ with \ \ell_{max} = 2500) \end{cases} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{Galli, locco, Bertone, Melchiorri ('09);} \\ \text{Slatyer, Padmanabhan, Finkbeiner ('09)} \end{cases}$$

#### Electric dipole moments



$$d_e \simeq 3 \times 10^{-29} \ e \ \mathrm{cm} \times \sin(2\beta) \ \sin(\mathrm{arg}(M_2\mu)) \ \left(\frac{|\mu|}{10 \ \mathrm{TeV}}\right)^{-1} \left(\frac{M_{\tilde{W}}}{200 \ \mathrm{GeV}}\right)^{-1} f(m_h^2/M_{\tilde{W}}^2)$$
Arkani-Hamed, Dimopoulos, Giudice, Romanino ('04)

current bound:  $d_e < 1.05 imes 10^{-27} \ e \ {
m cm}$  , expected to become  $\ d_e \sim 10^{-31} \ e \ {
m cm}$ 

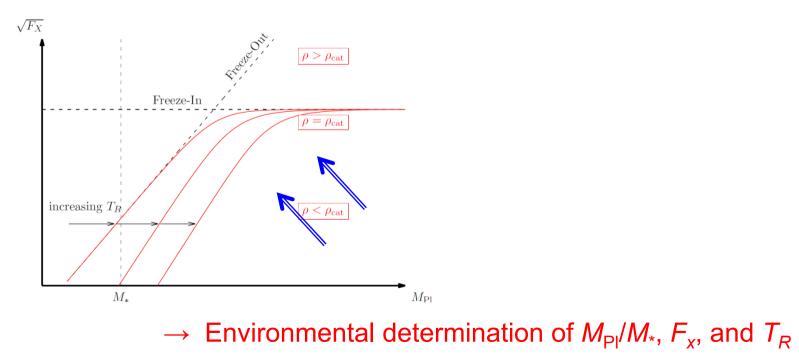
• Direct detection, Gravitational wave, ...

#### Multiverse interpretation

"Strange" coincidences:  $\Omega_{\text{thermal}} \sim \Omega_{\text{freeze-out}} \sim \Omega_{\text{UV}}$ 

$$\begin{split} & (Ym)_{\tilde{W}}|_{\rm FO} ~\sim~ 10^{-10} \ {\rm GeV} \left(\frac{\sqrt{F_X}}{2 \times 10^{12} \ {\rm GeV}}\right)^4 \left(\frac{2 \times 10^{18} \ {\rm GeV}}{M_{\rm Pl}}\right)^3, \\ & (Ym)_{\tilde{W}}|_{\rm FI} ~\sim~ 10^{-10} \ {\rm GeV} \left(\frac{\sqrt{F_X}}{2 \times 10^{12} \ {\rm GeV}}\right)^4 \left(\frac{3 \times 10^{17} \ {\rm GeV}}{M_*}\right)^3, \\ & (Ym)_{\tilde{W}}|_{\rm UV} ~\sim~ 10^{-10} \ {\rm GeV} \left(\frac{T_R}{10^9 \ {\rm GeV}}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{F_X}}{2 \times 10^{12} \ {\rm GeV}}\right)^2 \left(\frac{2 \times 10^{18} \ {\rm GeV}}{M_{\rm Pl}}\right)^2. \end{split}$$

... understood in terms of "scanning" in the multiverse



## Summary

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#### Weak scale supersymmetry

- Naturalness
- Gauge coupling unification
- WIMP dark matter

- SUSY flavor/CP (and  $\mu$ ) problems
- Cosmological gravitino problem

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#### Weak scale supersymmetry

- Naturalness  $\rightarrow$  Typicality
- Gauge coupling unification
- WIMP dark matter

- SUSY flavor/CP (and µ) problems
- Cosmological gravitino problem
- The simplest high scale mediation with non-singlet X
- Environmental selection on the dark matter abundance

→ Spread Supersymmetry

#### Plenty of experimental signatures

- AMS-02 antiproton search
- LHC probe of (displaced) gluino & charged wino decays (probing flavor)
- CMB, EDM measurements, ...

 $\rightarrow$  (further) forces the revision of the concept of naturalness