

# $SO(10)$ Yukawa unification after the first run of the LHC

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June 18, 2013



DEPARTMENT OF  
**PHYSICS**

## Outline

- SO(10) Yukawa unification
- $m_{top}, m_{bottom}, m_{tau}$
- Large  $\tan \beta \sim 50$
- Boundary conditions at  $M_{GUT}$ 
  1. Universal gaugino masses
  2. effective “Mirage” mediation
- Flavor violation ( $B \rightarrow s \text{ gamma}, B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ )
- Higgs masses
- Soft SUSY breaking masses

## Hierarchical $SO(10)$ Yukawas

$$W \supset 16_3 \textcolor{red}{10} \ 16_3 + 16_3 \textcolor{red}{10} \ \frac{45}{M} \ 16_2 + \dots$$

Albright, Ananthanarayan, Anderson, Babu, Barr, Barbieri,  
Berezhiani, Blazek, Carena, Chang, Dermisek, Dimopoulos,  
Hall, Lazarides, Masiero, Murayama, Pati, Raby,  
Romanino, Rossi, Shafi, Starkman, Tavartkiladze, Wagner,  
Wilczek, Wiesenfeldt, Willenbrock

Effective higher dimension operators,  
Small rep's + Many predictions !!

Possible UV completion to strings !!

# Yukawa Unification & Soft SUSY breaking

Blazek, Dermisek & Raby PRL 88, 111804 (2002)

PRD 65, 115004 (2002)

Baer & Ferrandis, PRL 87, 211803 (2001)

Auto, Baer, Balazs, Belyaev, Ferrandis & Tata  
JHEP 0306:023 (2003)

Tobe & Wells NPB 663, 123 (2003)

Baer, Kraml, Sekmen & Summy  
JHEP 0909:005 (2009)

Badziak, Olechowski & Pokorski  
JHEP 1108:147 (2011)

Gogoladze, Shafi & Saleh Un JHEP 1208:028 (2012)

Anandakrishnan, Raby & Wingerter arXiv:1212.0542

Anandakrishnan & Raby arXiv:1303.5125

$\lambda \quad 16_3 \quad 10 \quad 16_3$ 

$$\lambda_t = \lambda_b = \lambda_\tau = \lambda_{\nu_\tau} \equiv \lambda$$

Note, CANNOT predict top mass due to  
large SUSY threshold corrections to  
bottom and tau mass

Hall, Rattazzi & Sarid

Carena, Olechowski, Pokorski & Wagner

So instead use Yukawa unification to predict  
soft SUSY breaking masses !!

## Bottom mass corrections

$$\frac{\delta m_b}{m_b} \propto \frac{\alpha_3 \mu M_g \tan \beta}{m_{\tilde{b}}^2} + \frac{\lambda_t^2 \mu A_t \tan \beta}{m_{\tilde{t}}^2} + \log corr.$$

$$\frac{\delta m_b}{m_b} \leq -2\%$$

Needed to fit data

$$\mu M_g > 0 \Rightarrow \mu A_t < 0$$

Anandakrishnan, Raby & Wingerter

arXiv:1212.0542

Anandakrishnan, Bryant, Raby & Wingerter  
in preparation

Global  $\chi^2$  analysis

# Free parameters - w/ Universal gaugino masses

Sector	Third Family Analysis	#
gauge	$\alpha_G, M_G, \epsilon_3$	3
SUSY (GUT scale)	$m_{16}, M_{1/2}, A_0, m_{H_u}, m_{H_d}$	5
textures	$\lambda$	1
neutrino		0
SUSY (EW scale)	$\tan \beta, \mu$	2
Total #		11

# Radiative EWSB requires

$$\Delta m_H^2 \equiv \frac{\left(m_{H_d}^2 - m_{H_u}^2\right)}{2m_{10}^2} \approx 13\%$$

Roughly  $\frac{1}{2}$  comes  
From RG running from

$$M_G \rightarrow m_{\nu_\tau}$$

Blazek, Dermisek & Raby

“Just so” = “NUHM”

# Low energy observables

Observable	Exp. Value	Ref.	Program	Th. Error
$\alpha_3(M_Z)$	$0.1184 \pm 0.0007$	[23]	maton	0.5%
$\alpha_{\text{em}}$	$1/137.035999074(44)$	[23]	maton	0.5%
$G_\mu$	$1.16637876(7) \times 10^{-5} \text{ GeV}^{-2}$	[23]	maton	1%
$M_W$	$80.385 \pm 0.015 \text{ GeV}$	[23]	maton	0.5%
$M_Z$	$91.1876 \pm 0.0021$	[23]	Input	0.0%
$M_t$	$173.5 \pm 1.0 \text{ GeV}$	[23]	maton	0.5%
$m_b(m_b)$	$4.18 \pm 0.03 \text{ GeV}$	[23]	maton	0.5%
$M_\tau$	$1776.82 \pm 0.16 \text{ MeV}$	[23]	maton	0.5%
$M_h$	$125.3 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.5 \text{ GeV}$	[24]	Ref. [25]	3 GeV
$\text{BR}(b \rightarrow s\gamma)$	$(343 \pm 21 \pm 7) \times 10^{-6}$	[26]	SuperIso	$(181 - 505) \times 10^{-6}$
$\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$	$3.2 \times 10^{-9}$	[27]	susy_flavor	$1.5 \times 10^{-9}$

## Yukawa Unification

$$\lambda \ 16_3 \ 10 \ 16_3$$

## Universal Gaugino Masses

Fit t,b,tau requires

$$A_0 \approx -2m_{16} \quad m_{10} \approx \sqrt{2}m_{16}$$

$$m_{16} > \text{few TeV} \quad \mu, M_{1/2} \ll m_{16}$$

$$\tan \beta \approx 50$$

# Inverted scalar mass hierarchy

Bagger, Feng, Polonsky & Zhang  
PLB473, 264 (2000)

Third family scalars lighter than first two !  
Suppresses flavor & CP violation

$$A_0 \approx -2m_{16} \quad m_{10} \approx \sqrt{2}m_{16}$$

$$m_{16} > \text{few TeV} \quad \mu, M_{1/2} \ll m_{16}$$

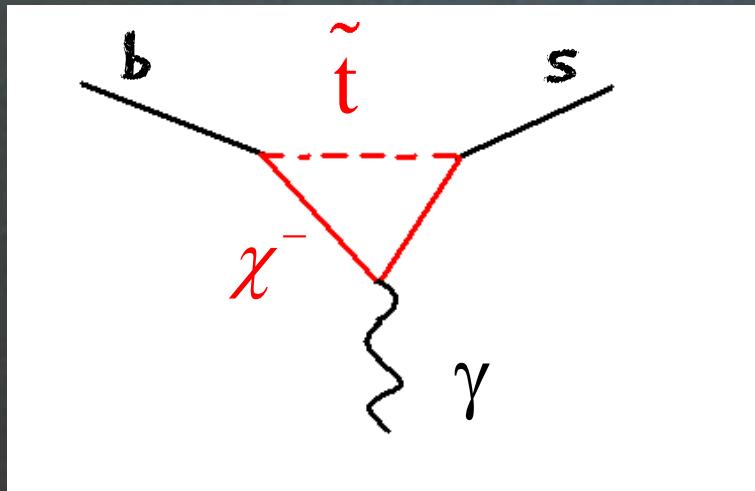
$$\tan \beta \approx 50$$

# Heavy scalars

Argue need Heavy scalars !

$$BR(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma) = (3.55 \pm 0.26) \times 10^{-4} \quad \text{Exp.}$$

$$BR(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)_{SM} = (3.15 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-4} \quad \text{NNLO Th.}$$



$$C_7^{eff} = C_7^{SM} + C_7^{SUSY}$$

$$C_7^{eff} \approx \mp C_7^{SM}$$

$$C_7^{\chi^+} \propto \frac{\mu A_t}{m^2} \tan \beta \times \text{sign}(C_7^{SM}) \approx \begin{cases} -2C_7^{SM} \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\mu M_g > 0 \Rightarrow \mu A_t < 0$$

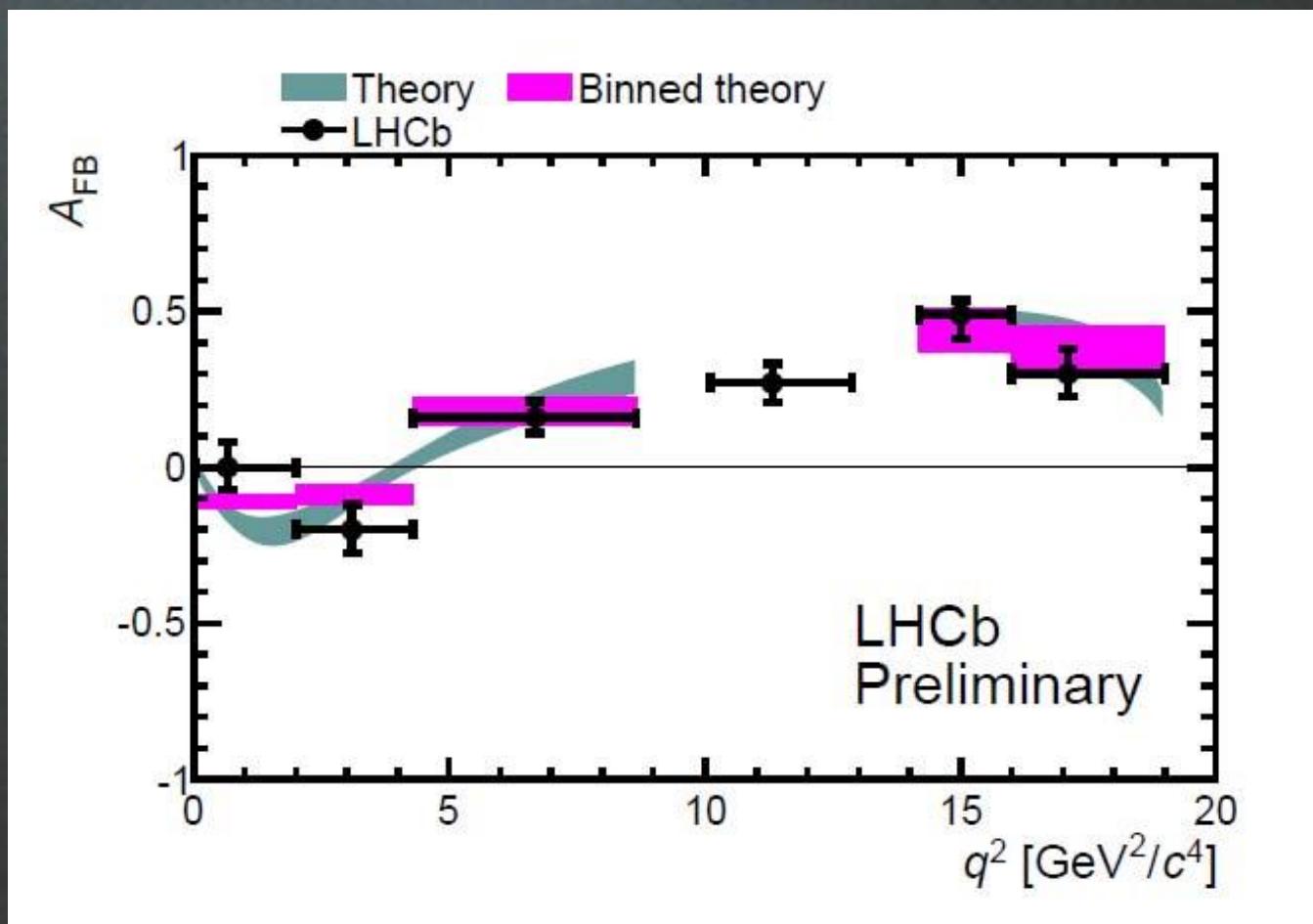
$$m_{16} \sim 4 - 5 \text{ TeV}$$

light squarks and sleptons !!

$$C_7^{\chi^+} \approx -2C_7^{\text{SM}} \quad \text{or}$$

$$C_7 = C_7^{\text{SM}} + C_7^{\chi^+} \approx -C_7^{\text{SM}}$$

*LHCb*     $\text{BR}(\text{B} \rightarrow \text{K}^* \mu^+ \mu^-)$     favors  $C_7 \approx +C_7^{\text{SM}}$



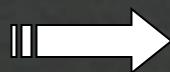
tension between  $b \rightarrow s \gamma$  &  $b \rightarrow s l^+ l^-$

Albrecht, Altmannshofer, Buras, Guadagnoli, & Straub

JHEP 0710:055 (2007)

$$C_7^{\chi^+} \approx 0 \quad \text{or}$$

$$C_7 = C_7^{\text{SM}} + C_7^{\chi^+} \approx +C_7^{\text{SM}}$$



$$m_{16} \geq 8 \text{ TeV}$$

Observable	Exp. value	Fit value	Pull ( $\sigma$ )
$M_W$	80.403	80.6	0.5
$M_Z$	91.1876	90.7	1.1
$G_F \times 10^5$	1.16637	1.16	0.3
$1/\alpha_{\text{em}}$	137.036	136.8	0.4
$\alpha_s(M_Z)$	0.1176	0.117	0.2
$M_t$	170.9	170.6	0.2
$m_b(m_b)$	4.2	4.22	0.3
$m_c(m_b)$	1.25	1.14	1.2
$m_s(2 \text{ GeV})$	0.095	0.107	0.5
$m_d(2 \text{ GeV})$	0.005	0.00741	1.2
$m_u(2 \text{ GeV})$	0.00225	0.00461	<b>3.1</b>
$M_\tau$	1.777	1.78	0.1
$M_\mu$	0.10566	0.106	0.1
$M_e$	0.000511	0.000511	0.0
$ V_{us} $	0.2258	0.225	0.6
$ V_{ub}  \times 10^3$	4.1	3.26	<b>2.1</b>
$ V_{cb} $	0.0416	0.0416	0.1
$\sin 2\beta$	0.675	0.639	1.4
$\Delta m_{31}^2 \times 10^{21}$	2.6	2.6	0.0
$\Delta m_{21}^2 \times 10^{23}$	7.9	7.9	0.0
$\sin^2 2\theta_{12}$	0.852	0.852	0.0
$\sin^2 2\theta_{23}$	0.996	1.0	0.2
$\epsilon_K \times 10^3$	2.229	2.33	0.4
$\text{BR}(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma) \times 10^4$	3.55	2.86	1.3
$\text{BR}(B \rightarrow X_s \ell^+ \ell^-) \times 10^6$	1.6	1.62	0.0
$\Delta M_s / \Delta M_d$	35.05	31.1	1.1
$\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu) \times 10^4$	1.31	0.517	1.7
total $\chi^2:$		<b>27.4</b>	

$m_{16}$	10000
$\mu$	1200
$\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \times 10^8$	2.1
$\hat{s}_0$	0.14
$\text{BR}(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma) \times 10^{13}$	0.0026
$\delta a_\mu^{\text{SUSY}} \times 10^{10}$	+0.52
$M_{h_0}$	129
$M_A$	842
$m_{\tilde{t}_1}$	1903
$m_{\tilde{b}_1}$	2366
$m_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$	3933
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$	60
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^+}$	120
$m_{\tilde{g}}$	506

Light Higgs  
SMA-like

## Light Higgs mass

$$m_h^2 \approx M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta$$

$$+ \frac{3g^2 m_t^4}{8\pi^2 m_W^2} \left[ \ln \left( \frac{M_{SUSY}^2}{m_t^2} \right) + \frac{X_t^2}{M_{SUSY}^2} \left( 1 - \frac{X_t^2}{12M_{SUSY}^2} \right) \right]$$

$$X_t = A_t - \frac{\mu}{\tan \beta} \quad \frac{X_t}{M_{SUSY}} \sim -\sqrt{6} \quad \text{Max mixing}$$

Large  $A_t$  &  $M_{SUSY} \Rightarrow m_h \simeq 125 \text{ GeV}$  Easy

$\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) :$

**Light Higgs SM-like**

**SMA:**  $3 \times 10^{-9}$       **MSSM:**  $\sim (\tan \beta)^6 / m_A^4$

CDF  $1.8^{+1.8}_{-0.9} \times 10^{-8}$  (95% CL) w/  $7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

*LHCb*  $(3.2^{+1.5}_{-1.2} \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-9}$

w/  $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  (7TeV)+ $1.1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  (8TeV)

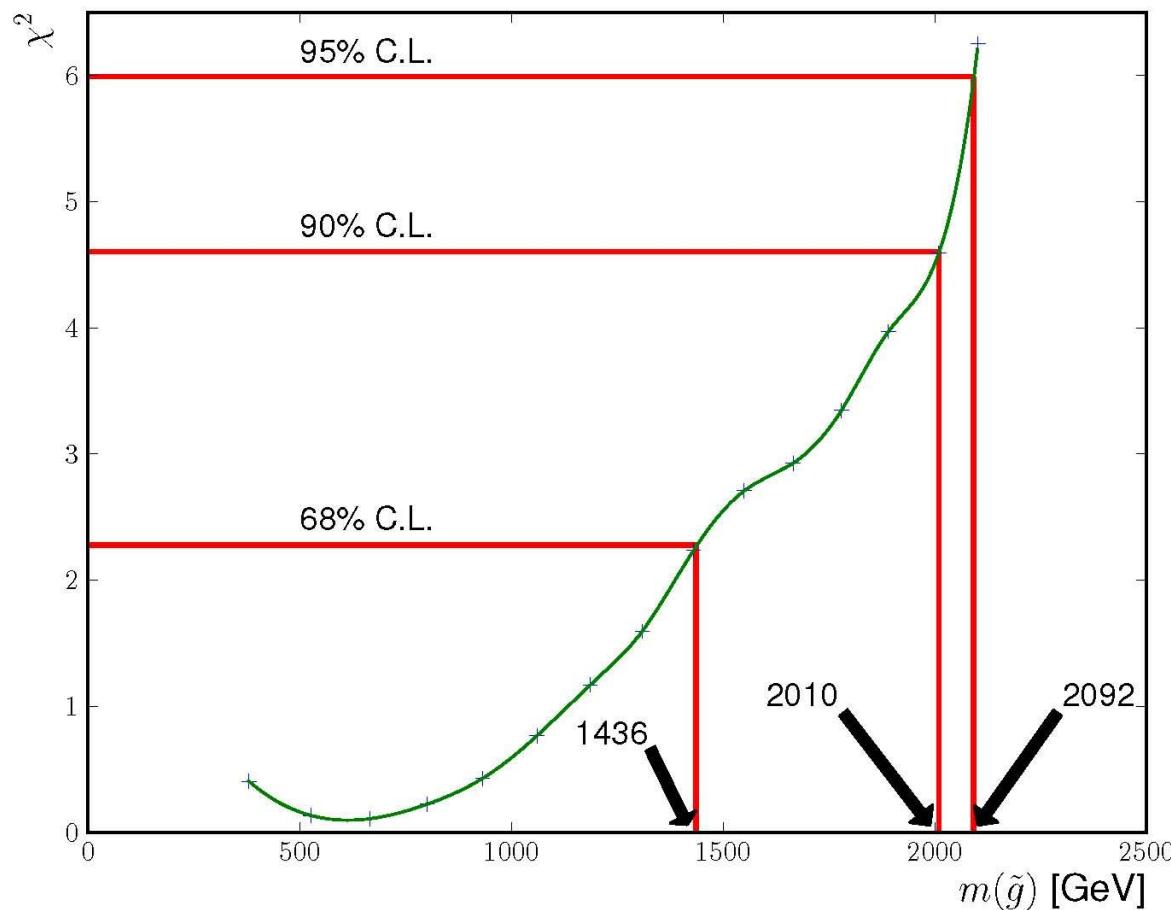
$$m_A \geq 1 \text{ TeV}$$

$m_A \sim m_H \sim m_{H^\pm} \Rightarrow h \text{ SM-like}$

Gluino mass  $\leq 2$  TeV

# Gluino mass bound

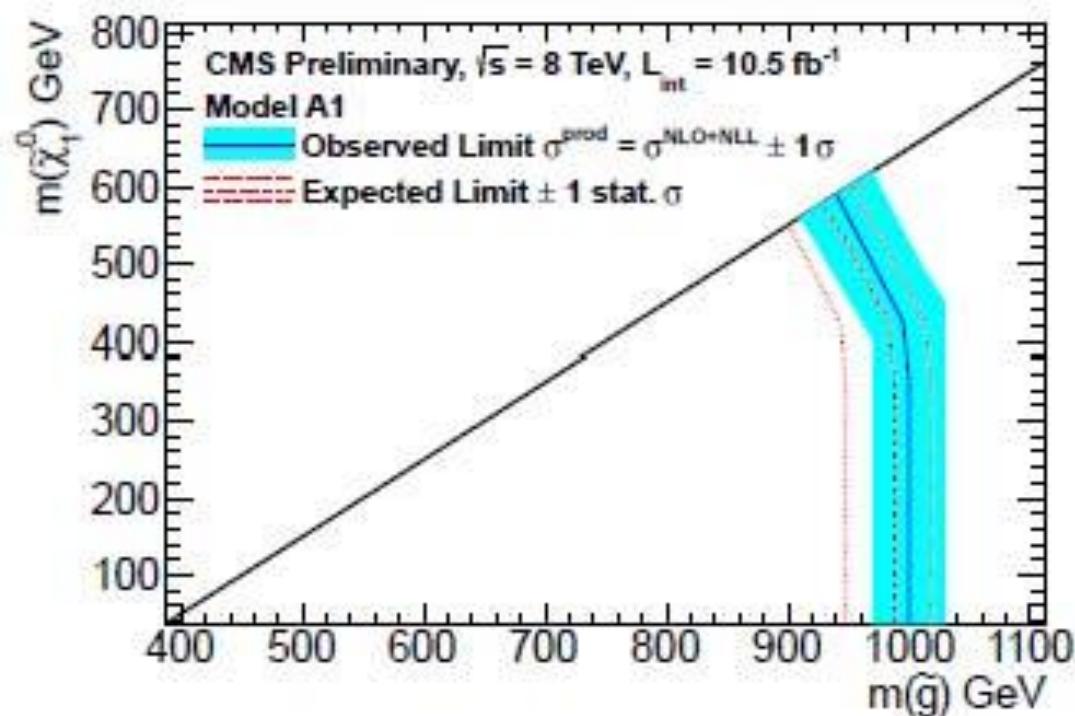
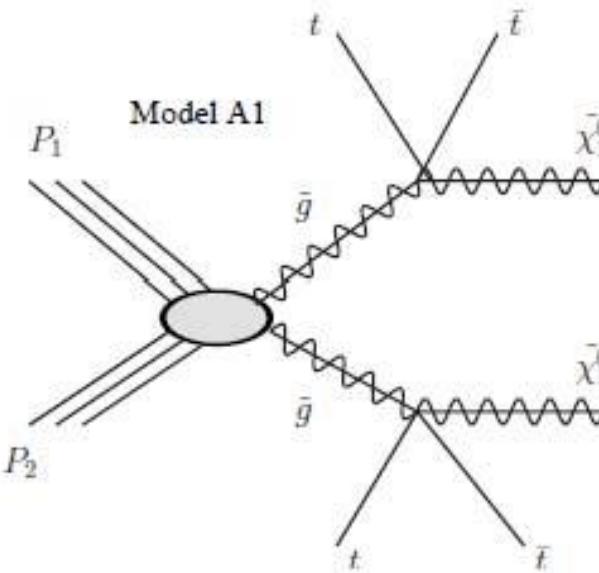
$$M_{16} = 20 \text{ TeV}$$



# Simplified model bound

CMS PAS SUS-12-029  
same sign di-leptons

$$m_g \geq 1000 \text{ GeV}$$



## Benchmark point

$\alpha_G^{-1}, M_G, \varepsilon_3 : 25.9, 2.9 \times 10^{16} \text{ GeV}, -0.01$

$\lambda, \tan\beta, M_{1/2}, m_{16} : 0.6, 49.7, 150 \text{ GeV}, 20 \text{ TeV}$

$m_{H_d}, m_{H_u}, A_0 : 1.9 m_{16}, 1.6 m_{16}, -41 \text{ TeV}$

$g$	801			
$\chi^\pm$	264	877		
$\chi^0$	129 (bino)	264	876	873
U	$2 \times 10^4$	$4.7 \times 10^3$	3775	
D	$2 \times 10^4$	$4.6 \times 10^3$	4962	
E	$2 \times 10^4$	$1.2 \times 10^4$	$7.8 \times 10^3$	
N	$2 \times 10^4$	$1.2 \times 10^4$		

# LHC - Gluino decay modes using SDecay

$\tilde{g} \rightarrow t\bar{t} \tilde{\chi}_{1,2}^0$  26%

$t\bar{b} \tilde{\chi}_{1,2}^-$  26%

$b\bar{t} \tilde{\chi}_{1,2}^+$  26%

$g \tilde{\chi}_{1,2}^0$  20%

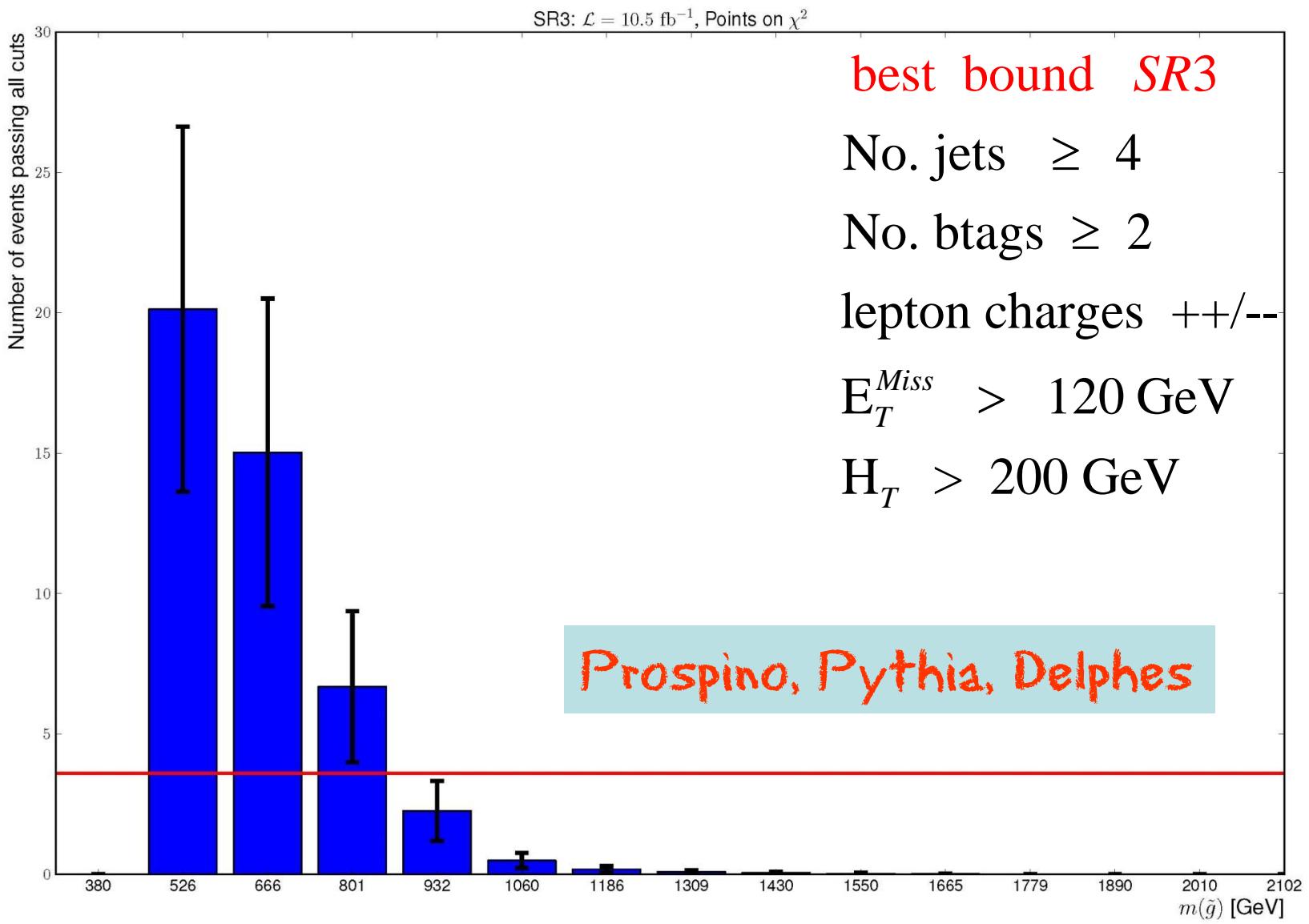
NOT  
Simplified  
Model

# CMS PAS SUS-12-029 - same sign di-leptons

Table 2: A summary of the combination of results for this search. For each signal region (SR), we show its most distinguishing kinematic requirements, the prediction for the three background (BG) components as well as the total, and the observed number of events. Note that the count of the number of jets on the first line of the table includes both tagged and untagged jets.

**SR3**

No. of jets	$\geq 2$	$\geq 2$	$\geq 2$	$\geq 4$	$\geq 4$	$\geq 4$	$\geq 4$	$\geq 3$	$\geq 4$
No. of btags	$\geq 2$	$\geq 2$	$\geq 2$	$\geq 2$	$\geq 2$	$\geq 2$	$\geq 2$	$\geq 3$	$\geq 2$
Lepton charges	$++ / --$	$++ / --$	$++$	$++ / --$	$++ / --$	$++ / --$	$++ / --$	$++ / --$	$++ / --$
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$> 0 \text{ GeV}$	$> 30 \text{ GeV}$	$> 30 \text{ GeV}$	$> 120 \text{ GeV}$	$> 50 \text{ GeV}$	$> 50 \text{ GeV}$	$> 120 \text{ GeV}$	$> 50 \text{ GeV}$	$> 0 \text{ GeV}$
$H_T$	$> 80 \text{ GeV}$	$> 80 \text{ GeV}$	$> 80 \text{ GeV}$	$> 200 \text{ GeV}$	$> 200 \text{ GeV}$	$> 320 \text{ GeV}$	$> 320 \text{ GeV}$	$> 200 \text{ GeV}$	$> 320 \text{ GeV}$
Charge-flip BG	$3.35 \pm 0.67$	$2.70 \pm 0.54$	$1.35 \pm 0.27$	$0.04 \pm 0.01$	$0.21 \pm 0.05$	$0.14 \pm 0.03$	$0.04 \pm 0.01$	$0.03 \pm 0.01$	$0.21 \pm 0.05$
Fake BG	$24.77 \pm 12.62$	$19.18 \pm 9.83$	$9.59 \pm 5.02$	$0.99 \pm 0.69$	$4.51 \pm 2.85$	$2.88 \pm 1.69$	$0.67 \pm 0.48$	$0.71 \pm 0.47$	$4.39 \pm 2.64$
Rare SM BG	$11.75 \pm 5.89$	$10.46 \pm 5.25$	$6.73 \pm 3.39$	$1.18 \pm 0.67$	$3.35 \pm 1.84$	$2.66 \pm 1.47$	$1.02 \pm 0.60$	$0.44 \pm 0.39$	$3.50 \pm 1.92$
Total BG	$39.87 \pm 13.94$	$32.34 \pm 11.16$	$17.67 \pm 6.06$	$2.22 \pm 0.96$	$8.07 \pm 3.39$	$5.67 \pm 2.24$	$1.73 \pm 0.77$	$1.18 \pm 0.61$	$8.11 \pm 3.26$
Event yield	43	38	14	1	10	7	1	1	9
$N_{UL}$ (13% unc.)	27.2	26.0	9.9	3.6	10.8	8.6	3.6	3.7	9.6
$N_{UL}$ (20% unc.)	28.2	27.2	10.2	3.6	11.2	8.9	3.7	3.8	9.9
$N_{UL}$ (30% unc.)	30.4	29.6	10.7	3.8	12.0	9.6	3.9	4.0	10.5



CMS PAS SUS-12-029 - same sign di-leptons

Dark Matter ?

LSP bino

Over-closes the universe

Axion, axino DM ???

Or non-thermal DM !

Anandakrishnan & Raby

arXiv:1303.5125

Anandakrishnan, Carpenter & Raby

in preparation

# New boundary conditions at $M_{\text{GUT}}$

## Non-Universal Gaugino Masses “Mirage” mediation

$$M_i = \left( 1 + \frac{g_G^2 b_i \alpha}{16\pi^2} \log \left( \frac{M_{Pl}}{m_{16}} \right) \right) M_{1/2}, \quad b_i = \left( \frac{33}{5}, 1, -3 \right)$$

Note

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha \geq 4, \quad M_{1/2} < 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad M_3 > 0, \quad M_{1,2} < 0 \\ \mu < 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \mu M_3 < 0, \quad \mu M_{1,2} > 0 \end{aligned}$$

## Bottom mass corrections

$$\frac{\delta m_b}{m_b} \propto \frac{\alpha_3 \mu M_g \tan \beta}{m_{\tilde{b}}^2} + \frac{\lambda_t^2 \mu A_t \tan \beta}{m_{\tilde{t}}^2} + \log corr.$$

$$\frac{\delta m_b}{m_b} \leq -2\%$$

Needed to fit data

$$\mu M_g < 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \mu A_t \geq 0$$

# Non-Universal Higgs Mass

$$m_{H_{u(d)}}^2 = m_{10}^2 - (+) 2D$$

Squark & Slepton masses

$$m_a^2 = m_{16}^2$$

“Just-so” Higgs  
splitting

$$m_a^2 = m_{16}^2 + Q_a D$$

D term splitting

$$\left\{ Q_a = +1, \left\{ Q, \bar{u}, \bar{e} \right\}; -3, \left\{ L, \bar{d} \right\} \right\}$$

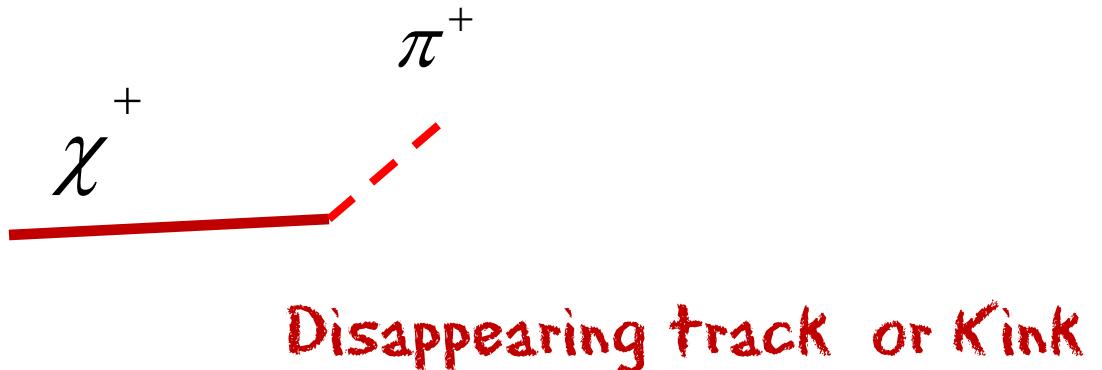
# Free parameters - Non-Universal gaugino masses

Sector	Third Family Analysis
gauge	$\alpha_G, M_G, \epsilon_3$
SUSY (GUT scale)	$m_{16}, M_{1/2}, \alpha, A_0, m_{10}, D$
textures	$\lambda$
SUSY (EW scale)	$\tan \beta, \mu$
Total #	12

# Benchmark points with $\chi^2 \ll 1$

NUHM	“Just-so”	D-term
$m_{16}$	5.00 TeV	5.00 TeV
$D$	$3.53 \text{ TeV}^2$	$1.85 \text{ TeV}^2$
$m_{10}$	6.10 TeV	5.58 TeV
$A_0$	8.07 TeV	5.69 TeV
$\mu$	-615 GeV	-2.42 TeV
$M_{1/2}$	-105 GeV	-157 GeV
$\alpha$	11.59	9.29
$M_A$	1558	1285
$m_{\tilde{t}_1}$	1975	3852
$m_{\tilde{b}_1}$	2049	3200
$m_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$	2473	4552
$m_{\tilde{u}}$	4905	5106
$m_{\tilde{d}}$	4975	4361
$m_{\tilde{e}}$	5075	5228
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$	231.98	292.39
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^+}$	232.05	292.39
$\Delta m \equiv m_{\tilde{\chi}^+} - m_{\tilde{\chi}^0}$	519 MeV	451 MeV
$M_{\tilde{g}}$	882	954

$$\tilde{\chi}^+ \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0 + \pi^+$$



$$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \{ 63\% \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0 g,$$

and the rest to  $\rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^+ b\bar{t}, \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^- t\bar{b} \}$

Just-so splitting

$$\tilde{g} \rightarrow \{ 56\% \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^+ b\bar{t}, \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^- t\bar{b}; 17\% \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0 t\bar{t}; 10\% \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}^0 b\bar{b},$$

and the rest to light quarks }

D term splitting

Dark Matter ?

LSP wino

Abundance  $\sim 10^{-5}$

Non-thermal DM ???

## Conclusions

- SO(10) Yukawa unification
- Boundary conditions at  $M_{\text{GUT}}$ 
  - 1) Universal gaugino masses
  - 2) effective “Mirage” mediation
- Light Higgs - SM-like
- simplified models NOT applicable
  - a) gluino w/ multi-leptons  
LSP - bino
  - b) chargino-neutralino degenerate  
LSP - wino

Three family model gives good fits to  
Low energy data

## 3 Family $SO(10)$ + family symmetry

Dermisek & Raby

PLB 622:327 (2005).

Dermisek, Harada & Raby PRD74, 035011 (2006)

Albrecht, Altmannshofer, Buras, Guadagnoli & Straub  
JHEP 0710:055 (2007)

AnandaKrishnan, Raby & Wingerter

arXiv:1212.0542

# 3 family $SO_{10}$ SUSY Model

- $D_3 \times U(1)$  Family Symmetry
- Superpotential
- Yukawa couplings
- $\chi^2$  analysis
- Charged fermion masses & mixing
- Neutrino masses & mixing

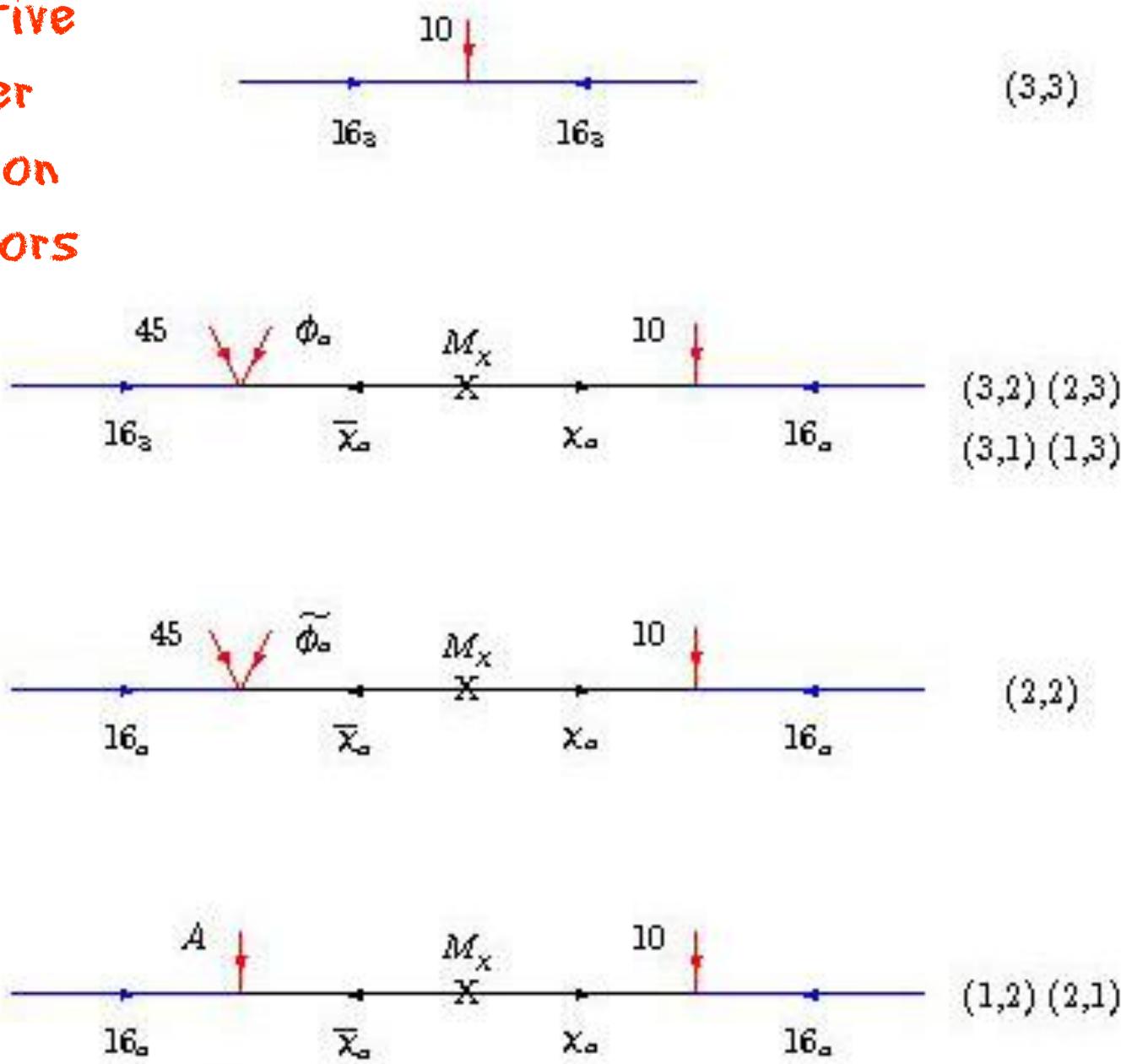
## Superpotential for charged fermion Yukawa couplings

$$W_{ch, \text{fermions}} = 16_3 10 16_3 + 16_a 10 \chi_a \\ + \overline{\chi}_a \left( M_\chi \chi_a + 45 \frac{\phi_a}{M} 16_3 + 45 \frac{\phi_a}{M} 16_a + A 16_a \right)$$

$$\langle \phi \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \langle \phi \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \phi_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \langle 45 \rangle = (B - L) M_G$$

Familon VEVs assumed

# Effective higher dimension operators



# $SO(10) \times (D_3 \times U(1))$ family sym. Yukawa Unification for 3<sup>rd</sup> Family

7 real para's  
+ 4 phases

+ 3 real Majorana  
Neutrino masses

Dermisek & Raby  
PLB 622:327 (2005)

$$Y_u = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \epsilon' \rho & -\epsilon \xi \\ -\epsilon' \rho & \tilde{\epsilon} \rho & -\epsilon \\ \epsilon \xi & \epsilon & 1 \end{pmatrix} \lambda$$

$$Y_d = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \epsilon' & -\epsilon \xi \sigma \\ -\epsilon' & \tilde{\epsilon} & -\epsilon \sigma \\ \epsilon \xi & \epsilon & 1 \end{pmatrix} \lambda$$

$$Y_e = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\epsilon' & 3 \epsilon \xi \\ \epsilon' & 3 \tilde{\epsilon} & 3 \epsilon \\ -3 \epsilon \xi \sigma & -3 \epsilon \sigma & 1 \end{pmatrix} \lambda$$

$$Y_\nu = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\epsilon' \omega & \frac{3}{2} \epsilon \xi \omega \\ \epsilon' \omega & 3 \tilde{\epsilon} \omega & \frac{3}{2} \epsilon \omega \\ -3 \epsilon \xi \sigma & -3 \epsilon \sigma & 1 \end{pmatrix} \lambda$$

Extend to neutrino sector

$$W_{neutrino} = \overline{16}(\lambda_2 N_a 16_a + \lambda_3 N_3 16_3) + \frac{1}{2}(S_a N_a N_a + S_3 N_3 N_3)$$

$$\langle S_a \rangle = M_a \quad \langle S_3 \rangle = M_3 \quad \langle \overline{16} \rangle = v_{16}$$



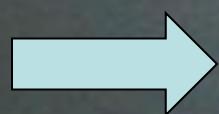
Assume 3 new real para's

$$W_{neutrino}= \nu m_\nu^- \bar{\nu} + \bar{\nu} V N + \not{\! \! \! /}_2 N M_N N$$

$$Y_v=\begin{pmatrix}0&-\varepsilon'\omega&\frac{3}{2}\varepsilon\xi\omega\\\varepsilon'\omega&3\varepsilon\omega&\frac{3}{2}\varepsilon\omega\\-3\varepsilon\xi\sigma&-3\varepsilon\sigma&1\end{pmatrix}\lambda\qquad\omega=\frac{2\sigma}{(2\sigma-1)}$$

$$m_\nu=Y_\nu\,\frac{\nu}{\sqrt{2}}\sin\beta\qquad\qquad V=v_{16}\begin{pmatrix}0&\lambda_2&0\\\lambda_2&0&0\\0&0&\lambda_3\end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_N=diag\begin{pmatrix}M_1 & M_2 & M_3\end{pmatrix}$$

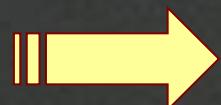


$$M_\nu = U_e^T \left( m_\nu \left( V^T \right)^{-1} M_N V^{-1} m_\nu^T \right) U_e$$

Using  $\chi^2$  analysis, fit

15 charged fermion & 5 neutrino  
low energy observables with

II arbitrary Yukawa & 3 Majorana mass  
parameters



4 & 2 d.o.f. or 6 predictions

# Global $\chi^2$ analysis

Sector	#	Parameters
gauge	3	$\alpha_G, M_G, \epsilon_3,$
SUSY (GUT scale)	5	$m_{16}, M_{1/2}, A_0, m_{H_u}, m_{H_d},$
textures	11	$\epsilon, \epsilon', \lambda, \rho, \sigma, \tilde{\epsilon}, \xi,$
neutrino	3	$M_{R_1}, M_{R_2}, M_{R_3},$
SUSY (EW scale)	2	$\tan \beta, \mu$

24 parameters at GUT scale

compared to SM - 27 parameters

CMSM - 32 parameters

$\chi^2/\text{dof} = 2$  $m_{16} = 20 \text{ TeV}$ 

Observable	Fit value	Exp value	Pull	Sigma
$M_Z$	91.1876	91.1876	0.0000	0.4559
$M_W$	80.6452	80.3850	0.3982	0.4022
$1/\alpha_{em}$	137.0726	137.0360	0.0633	0.6852
$G_\mu \times 10^5$	1.1713	1.1664	0.4250	0.0117
$\alpha_3$	0.1184	0.1184	0.0467	0.0009
$M_1$	174.0184	173.5000	0.3916	1.3238
$m_b(m_b)$	4.1849	4.1800	0.1334	0.0366
$M_\tau$	1.7755	1.7768	0.1462	0.0089
$m_c(m_c)$	1.2547	1.2750	0.7876	0.0258
$m_s$	0.0964	0.0960	0.2807	0.0050
$m_d/m_s$	0.0692	0.0526	2.9891	0.0055
$1/Q^2$	0.0018	0.0019	0.4749	0.0001
$M_\mu$	0.1056	0.1057	0.1049	0.0005
$M_s \times 10^4$	5.1122	5.1100	0.0862	0.0255
$ V_{us} $	0.2243	0.2262	0.6964	0.0014
$ V_{cb} $	0.0415	0.0406	0.4511	0.0020
$ V_{ub}  \times 10^3$	3.2023	3.7700	0.6678	0.8602
$ V_{td}  \times 10^3$	8.9819	8.4000	0.9675	0.6015
$ V_{ts} $	0.0407	0.0429	0.8518	0.0026
$\sin 2\beta$	0.6304	0.6790	2.3959	0.0203
$\epsilon_K$	0.0023	0.0022	0.3823	0.0002
$\Delta M_{Bs}/\Delta M_{Bd}$	39.4933	36.0600	0.6311	7.0246
$\Delta M_{Bd} \times 10^{13}$	3.9432	3.3370	0.9072	0.6682
$m_{21}^2 \times 10^5$	7.5126	7.5450	0.0693	0.5463
$m_{31}^2 \times 10^5$	2.4828	2.4800	0.0135	0.2104
$\sin^2 \theta_{12}$	0.2949	0.3060	0.2880	0.0360
$\sin^2 \theta_{23}$	0.5156	0.5060	0.0640	0.1650
$\sin^2 \theta_{13}$	0.0131	0.0230	1.4134	0.0070
$M_b$	124.07	125.30	0.4010	3.0676
$BR(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma) \times 10^4$	3.4444	3.4300	0.0058	1.6374
$BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \times 10^9$	1.6210	3.2000	0.9682	1.6308
$BR(B_d \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) \times 10^{10}$	1.0231	8.1000	0.0000	5.2559
$BR(B \rightarrow \tau \nu) \times 10^5$	6.3866	16.6000	1.1436	8.9320
$BR(B \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-)(\text{low}) \times 10^6$	5.1468	19.7000	1.2123	12.0051
$BR(B \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-)(\text{high}) \times 10^8$	7.7469	12.0000	0.5839	7.2835
$q_0^2(B \rightarrow K^* \mu^+ \mu^-)$	4.5168	4.9000	0.2945	1.3009
Total $\chi^2$			26.5812	

	10 TeV	15 TeV	20 TeV	25 TeV	30 TeV
$m_{16}$					
$\chi^2$	49.65	31.02	26.58	27.93	29.48
$M_A$	2333	3662	1651	2029	2036
$m_{\tilde{t}_1}$	1681	2529	3975	4892	5914
$m_{\tilde{b}_1}$	2046	2972	5194	6353	7660
$m_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$	3851	5576	7994	9769	11620
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$	133	134	137	149	167
$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^+}$	260	263	279	309	351
$M_{\tilde{g}}$	853	850	851	910	1004

## $SO(10)$ Yukawa unification

- Still alive after LHC 7, 8  
Light Higgs is SM-like !
- Gluino mass < 2 TeV  
Great fun at LHC 13 !!
- 3<sup>rd</sup> family scalars lighter than first two
- NOT simplified model !!!