

Coarse Deconstruction of AdS_5

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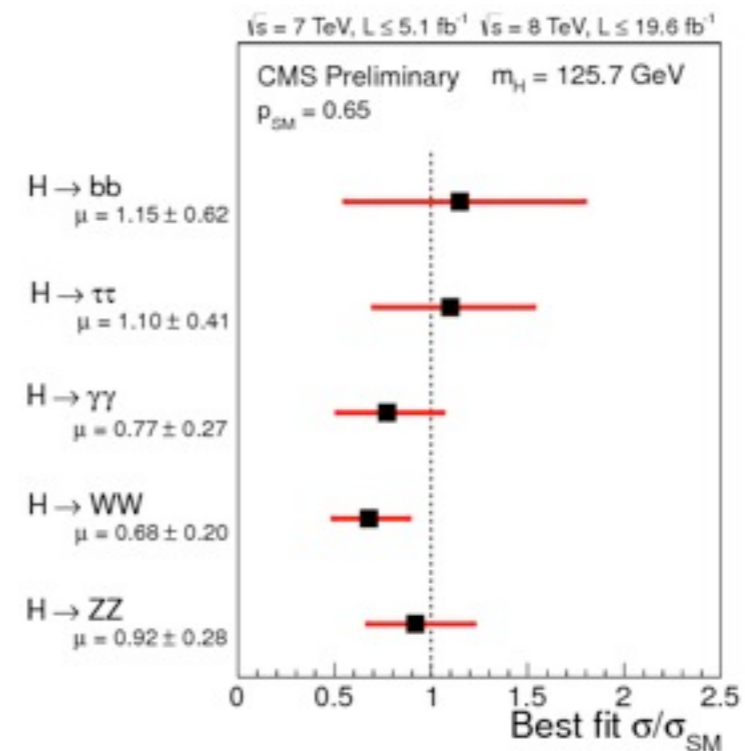
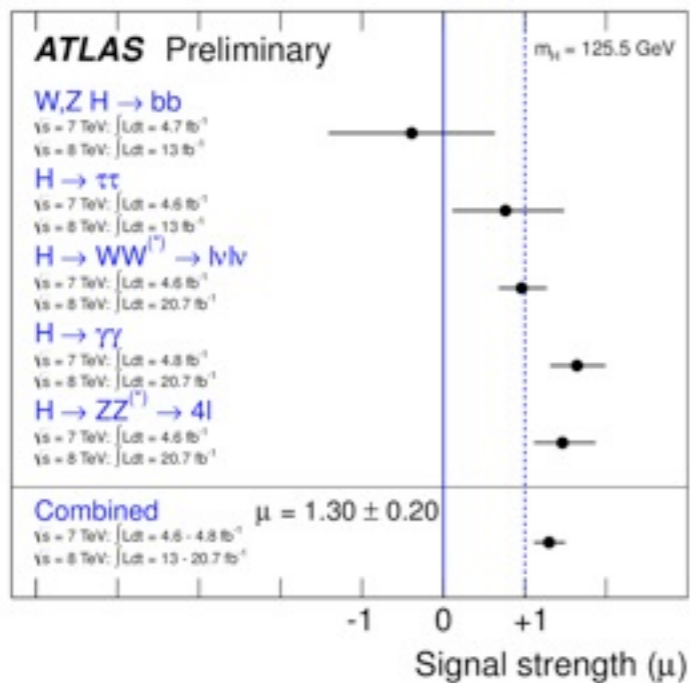
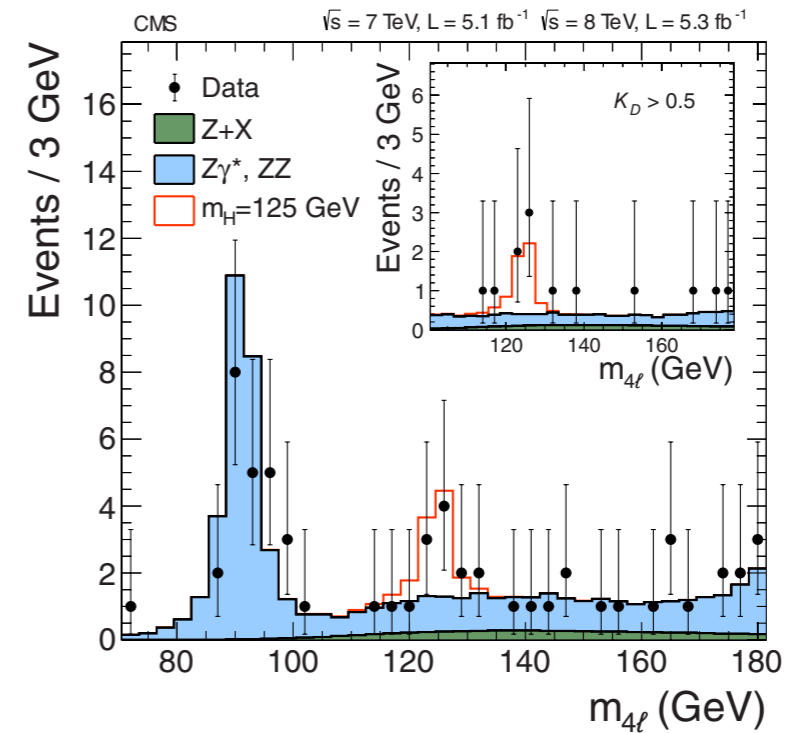
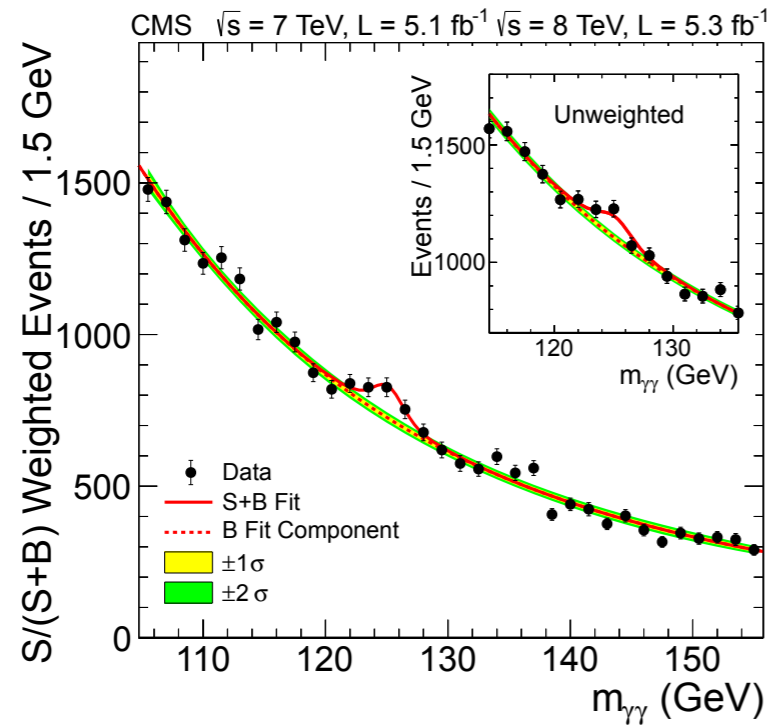
arxiv:1210.5568, JHEP 1301(2013) 094, 1207.xxxx, ...

Outline

- Introduction/Motivation
- Deconstruction of AdS_5 : quiver theories of EWSB and fermion masses
- Phenomenology:
 - Flavor physics and EWPC
 - Bounds on Resonances
 - The (pNGB) Higgs
- Conclusions/Outlook

The Standard Model

The Standard Model is now complete $m_h \simeq 125 \text{ GeV}$



Separation of Scales

Higgs is light compared to UV cutoff

If Higgs is a composite from an IR strong sector

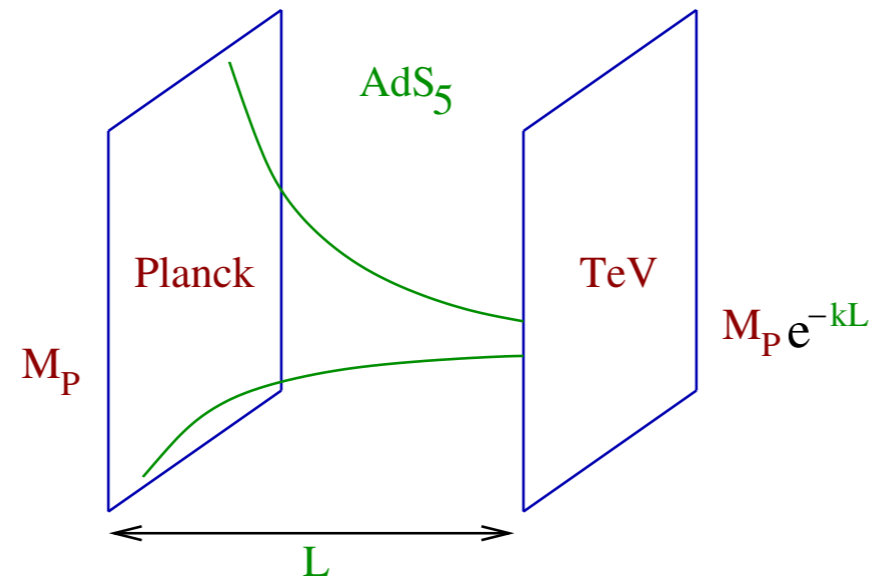
Why is $m_h \ll O(1) \text{ TeV}$?

Higgs should be a pNGB: scale of new physics is separated by $O(4\pi)$ from m_h

How do we model strong dynamics separating m_h from the UV and even from the TeV scale

Separation of Scales in AdS₅

- One compact extra dimension. Non-trivial metric induces a small energy scale from a high one. (Randall, Sundrum '99)



- Geometry of extra dimension generates exponential hierarchy

$$\Lambda_{\text{TeV}} \sim M_{\text{Planck}} e^{-k L}$$

- Higgs must be IR localized to solve HP.

E.g. Gauge-Higgs unification \longleftrightarrow Composite Higgs models

Fermion Fields in AdS Bulk

- Massive fermion in curved 5D space

$$S_f = \int d^4x dy \sqrt{g} \left\{ \frac{i}{2} \bar{\Psi} \hat{\gamma}^M \left[\mathcal{D}_M - \overleftarrow{\mathcal{D}}_M \right] \Psi - M_f \bar{\Psi} \Psi \right\}$$

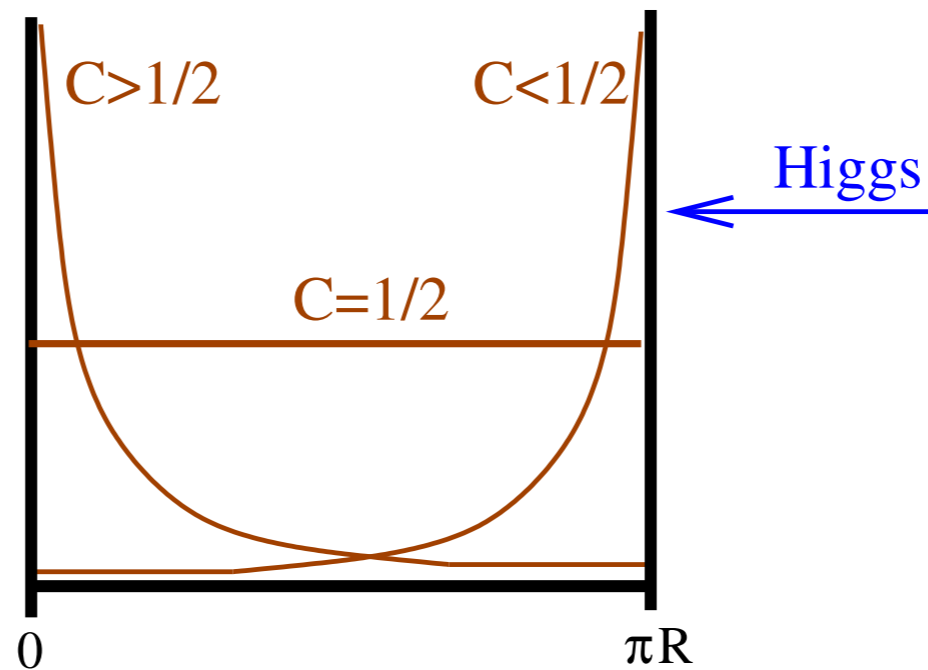
- To be natural $M_f \simeq O(1)k$

$$M_f \equiv c_f k \text{ with } c_f \simeq O(1)$$

- The parameter c_f determines the localization of the ZM fermion

Fermion Fields in AdS Bulk

$O(1)$ flavor breaking in bulk can give fermion mass hierarchy



- Fermions localized near TeV brane have $O(1)$ Yukawas
- Those localized near the Planck brane have highly suppressed Yukawas
- Flavor violation at tree level \Rightarrow stringent bounds

Hierarchies of Scales and Fermion Masses

AdS_5 is a representation of a strongly coupled 4D theory

Can we build a 4D representation
with the good features of AdS_5 ?

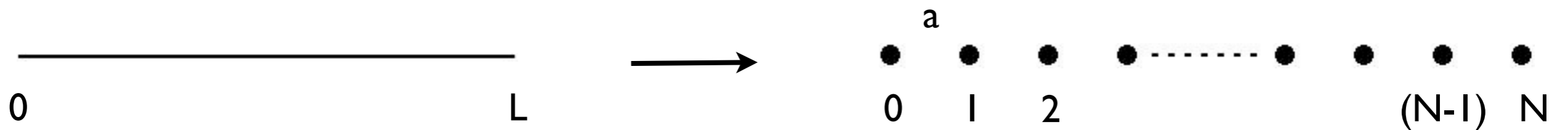
- Large scale separation
- Fermion hierarchies with small flavor violation
- A light Higgs + heavy new physics

Deconstructing AdS₅

Gauge theory in AdS_5 (Randall, Shadmi, Weiner and Falkowski, Kim '02)

$$S_5 = \int d^4x \int_0^L dy \sqrt{g} \left[-\frac{1}{2g_5^2} \text{Tr}[F_{MN}^2] + \dots \right]$$

Discretize the extra dimension



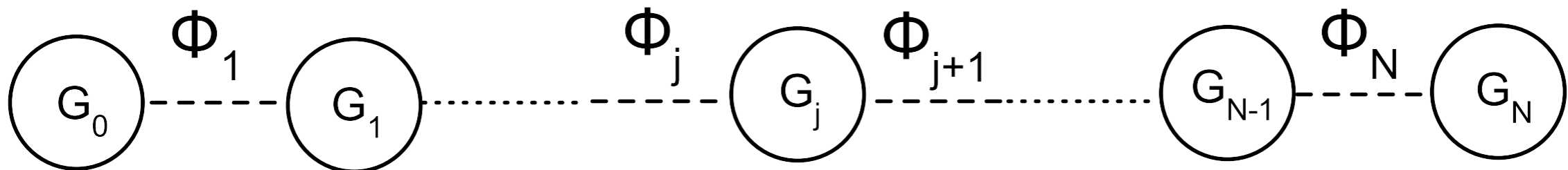
with $L = aN$

Deconstructing AdS₅

$$S_4 = \int d^4x \left\{ - \sum_{j=0}^N \frac{1}{2g_j^2} \text{Tr} [F_{\mu\nu}^j F^{j\mu\nu}] + \sum_{j=1}^N \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} [v_j^2 (A_\mu^j - A_\mu^{j-1})^2] \right\}$$

Equivalent to (N+1) Gauge theories $F_{\mu\nu}^j$

N bi-fundamental scalar fields Φ_j



➔ Quiver 4D Theory

Gauge Couplings

S_4 reproduces continuum limit if

$$g_0(v) = g_1(v_1) = \cdots = g_j(v_j) = g_{j+1}(v_{j+1}) = \cdots \equiv g$$

→ { matches the continuum
mimics (quasi) conformal behavior

Quiver Theories

Link field Φ_j transforms as (F, \bar{F}) under $G_{j-1} \times G_j$

Breaks $G_{j-1} \times G_j \rightarrow G_{j-1,j}^D$

$$\Phi_j = \frac{v_j}{\sqrt{2}} e^{\sqrt{2} \pi_j / v_j}$$

To match discretized 5D theory we need

$$\frac{1}{g^2} \leftrightarrow \frac{a}{g_5^2}$$

$$v_j \leftrightarrow \frac{e^{-ka_j}}{a}$$

Quiver Theories and Large Hierarchies

- 4D theories with N gauge “sites”

$$S_4 = \int d^4x \left\{ - \sum_{j=0}^N \frac{1}{2g^2} \text{Tr} [F_{\mu\nu}^j F^{j\mu\nu}] + \sum_{j=1}^N \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} [v_j^2 (A_\mu^j - A_\mu^{j-1})^2] \right\}$$

- N Link fields break $(N+1)$ gauge groups to $G_{0,\dots,N}^D$

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 \text{ massless zero-mode} \\ N \text{ massive gauge bosons} \end{array} \right.$$

- Mass Eigenstates :

$$A_\mu^{(n)} = \sum_{j=0}^N f_{j,n}^* A_\mu^j$$

Quiver Theories and Large Hierarchies

For instance, if we want M_P at UV and M_W at IR

$$k a N \simeq 35$$

Continuum Limit

$$k \ll \frac{1}{a}$$

\Rightarrow For $N \gg 35$ we recover AdS_5

Build theories in the coarse limit, small N

Quiver Theories and Large Hierarchies

- Large hierarchy between UV and IR (0 and N sites):

$$v_j = e^{-kaj} v \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{large } kaN$$

- Define $q \equiv e^{-ka}$

Continuum limit $a \rightarrow 0, N \rightarrow \infty$

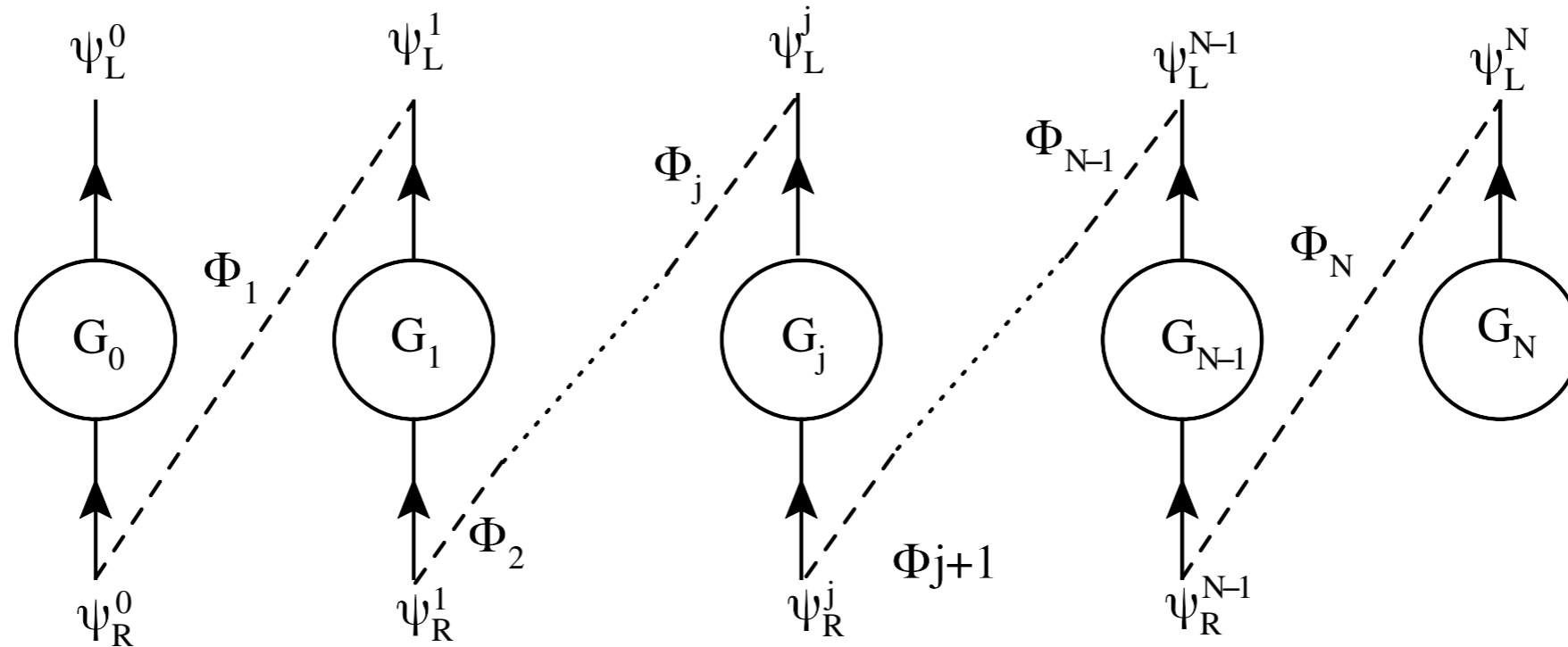
$$\Rightarrow q \rightarrow 1_-$$

- Ordered vacua

$$v_j = q^j v$$

Fermion Masses in FHQT

(Bai, GB, Hill '09, De Curtis, Redi, Tesi '12)



E.g.:left-handed zero mode

$$S_f = \int d^4x \sum_{j=0}^N \left\{ \bar{\psi}_L^j i \mathcal{D}_j \psi_L^j + \bar{\psi}_R^j i \mathcal{D}_j \psi_R^j - (\mu_j \bar{\psi}_L^j \psi_R^j + \lambda_j \bar{\psi}_R^{j-1} \Phi_j \psi_L^j + \text{h.c.}) \right\}$$

Fermion Masses in FHQT

- Diagonalization of fermion masses: 1 zero mode + excited states

$$\chi_{L,R}^{(n)} = \sum_{j=0}^N h_{L,R}^{*j,n} \psi_{L,R}^j$$

- Equations of Motion

$$\begin{aligned} (\mu_j^2 + \frac{\lambda_j^2 v_j^2}{2} - m_n^2) h_L^{j,n} - \frac{\lambda_j v_j}{\sqrt{2}} \mu_{j-1} h_L^{j-1,n} - \frac{\lambda_{j+1} v_{j+1}}{\sqrt{2}} \mu_j h_L^{j+1,n} &= 0 \\ (\mu_j^2 + \frac{\lambda_{j+1}^2 v_{j+1}^2}{2} - m_n^2) h_R^{j,n} - \frac{\lambda_j v_j}{\sqrt{2}} \mu_j h_R^{j-1,n} - \frac{\lambda_{j+1} v_{j+1}}{\sqrt{2}} \mu_{j+1} h_R^{j+1,n} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

\Rightarrow difference eqns. for $h^{j,n}$

Fermion Zero-Modes

- For $m_n = 0$

$$\mu_j h_L^{j,0} + \frac{\lambda_{j+1}}{\sqrt{2}} v_{j+1} h_L^{j+1,0} = 0$$

$$\mu_j h_R^{j,0} + \frac{\lambda_j}{\sqrt{2}} v_j h_R^{j-1,0} = 0$$

Freedom in the choice of μ_j 's and λ_j 's

\Rightarrow localize zero-mode fermions in quiver

$$\sqrt{2} \frac{\mu_j}{v \lambda_{j+1}} \equiv -q^{j+c_L+1/2} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{h_L^{j+1,0}}{h_L^{j,0}} = q^{c_L-1/2}$$

$$\sqrt{2} \frac{\mu_j}{v \lambda_j} = -q^{j+c_R+1/2} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{h_R^{j,0}}{h_R^{j-1,0}} = q^{-(c_R+1/2)}$$

Fermion Zero-Modes

Localization parameters c_L, c_R

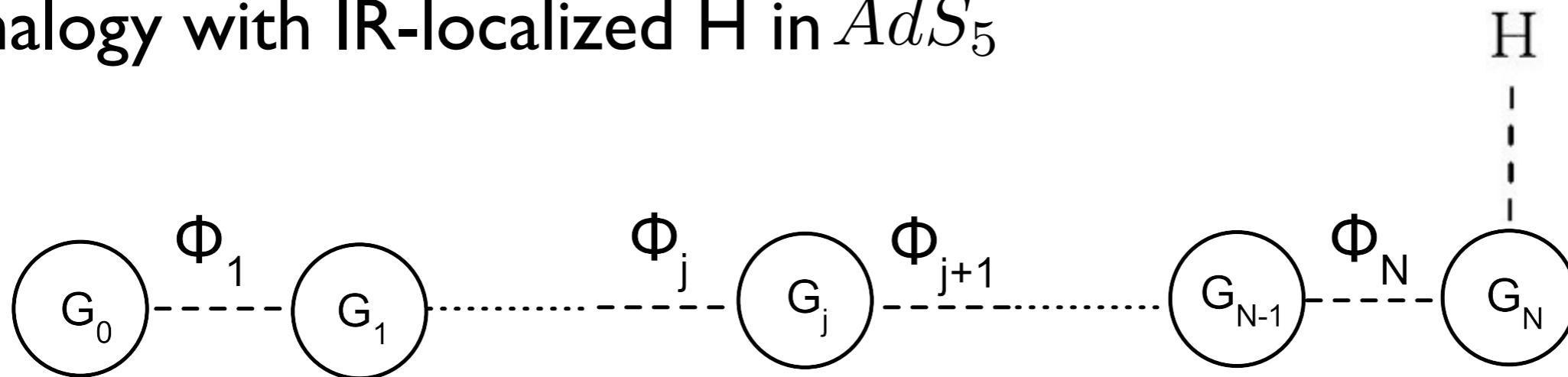
how much of each $\psi_{L,R}^j$ is the zero mode

It determines $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Couplings to gauge excited states } A_\mu^{(n)} \\ \text{Couplings to Higgs} \end{array} \right.$

Higgs Sector in Quiver Theories

Need Higgs mostly close to Nth site

Analogy with IR-localized H in AdS_5



Dynamical origin of N-site localization:

H is remnant of breaking with “defective” G_0 and G_N

E.g.: $(SU(2) \times U(1))_0 \times \cdots SU(3)_j \cdots (SU(2) \times U(1))_N$

\Rightarrow H is a pNGB similar to composite H models

Phenomenology of Quiver Theories

- Flavor Violation: can we build models with good FV properties ?
- EWPT: Compatibility with S and T
- Higgs sector
- Current direct bounds from LHC
- Predictions for the LHC

Flavor Violation

- Tree-level FV from couplings of ZM fermions to excited gauge bosons
- Compute coupling to first excited state of gauge bosons

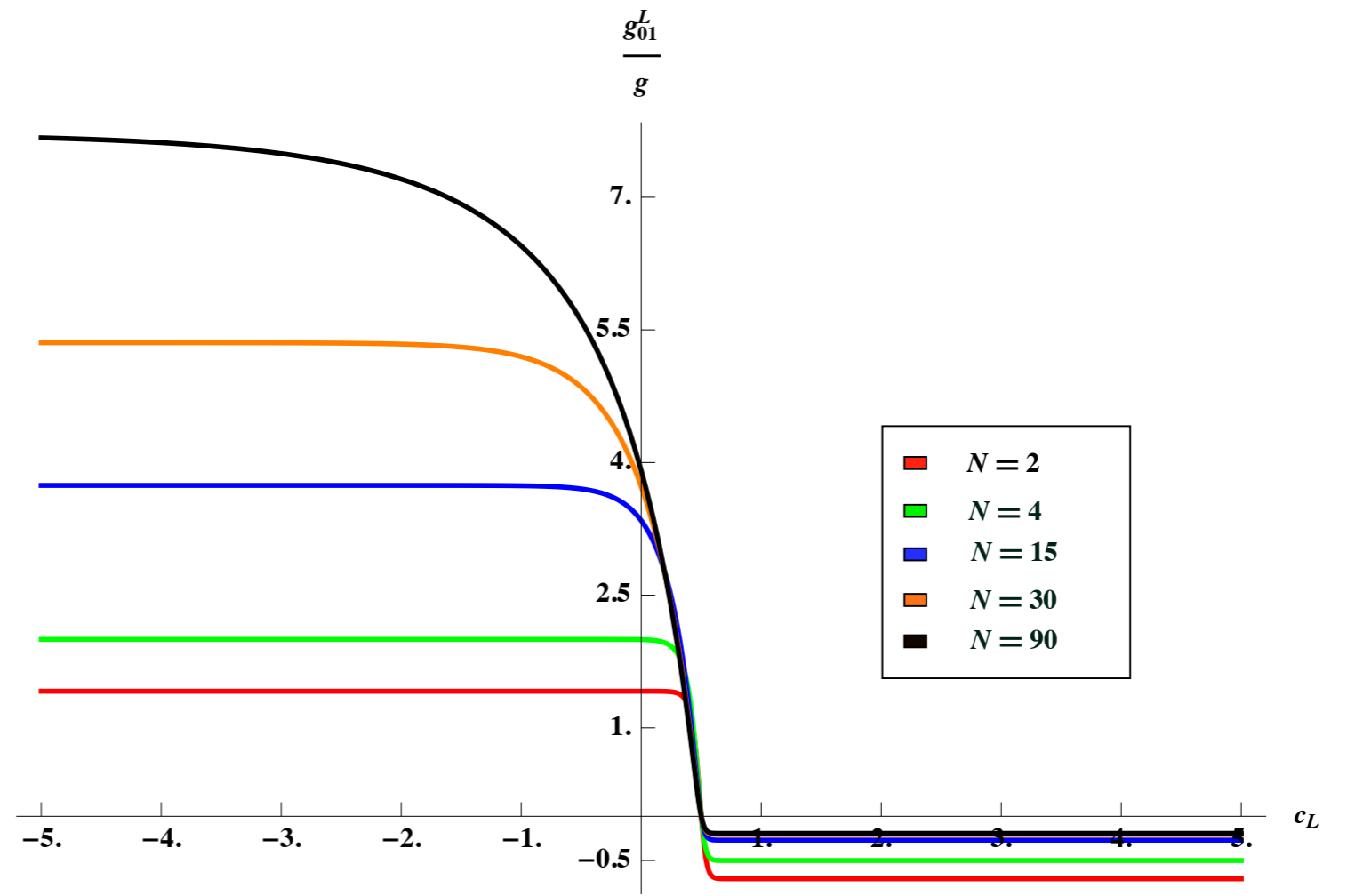
$$g_{L,R}^{01} \bar{\chi}_{L,R}^{(0)} \gamma^\mu A_\mu^{(1)} \chi_{L,R}^{(0)}$$

with

$$g_{L,R}^{01} = \sum_{j=0}^N g_j \left| h_{L,R}^{j,0} \right|^2 f_{j,1}$$

Flavor Violation at Tree Level

Coupling of first gauge excitation to zero-mode fermion

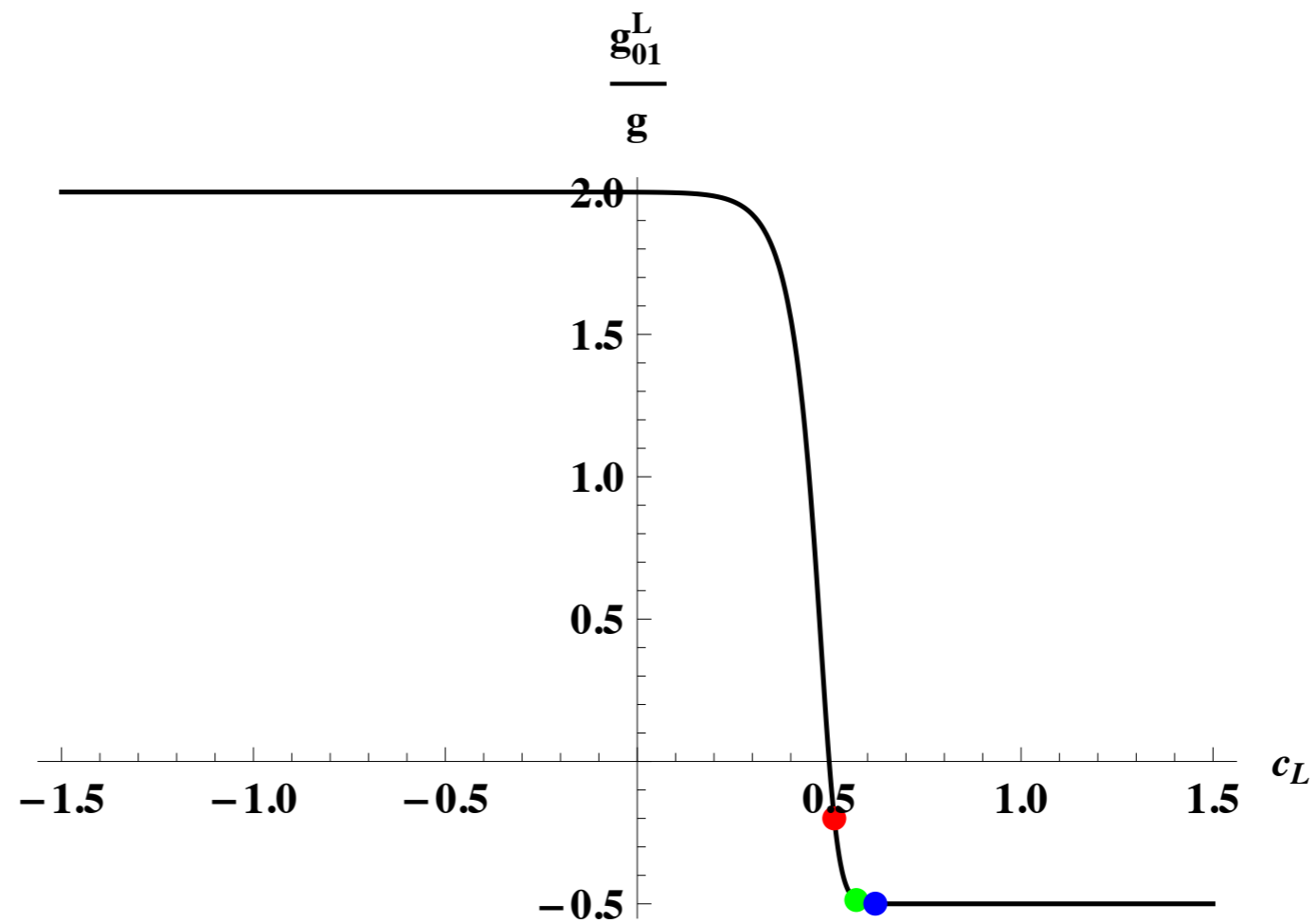


Flavor Violation

Tree-level couplings of ZM fermions to 1st excited state

N=4 (5 sites)

Left-handed

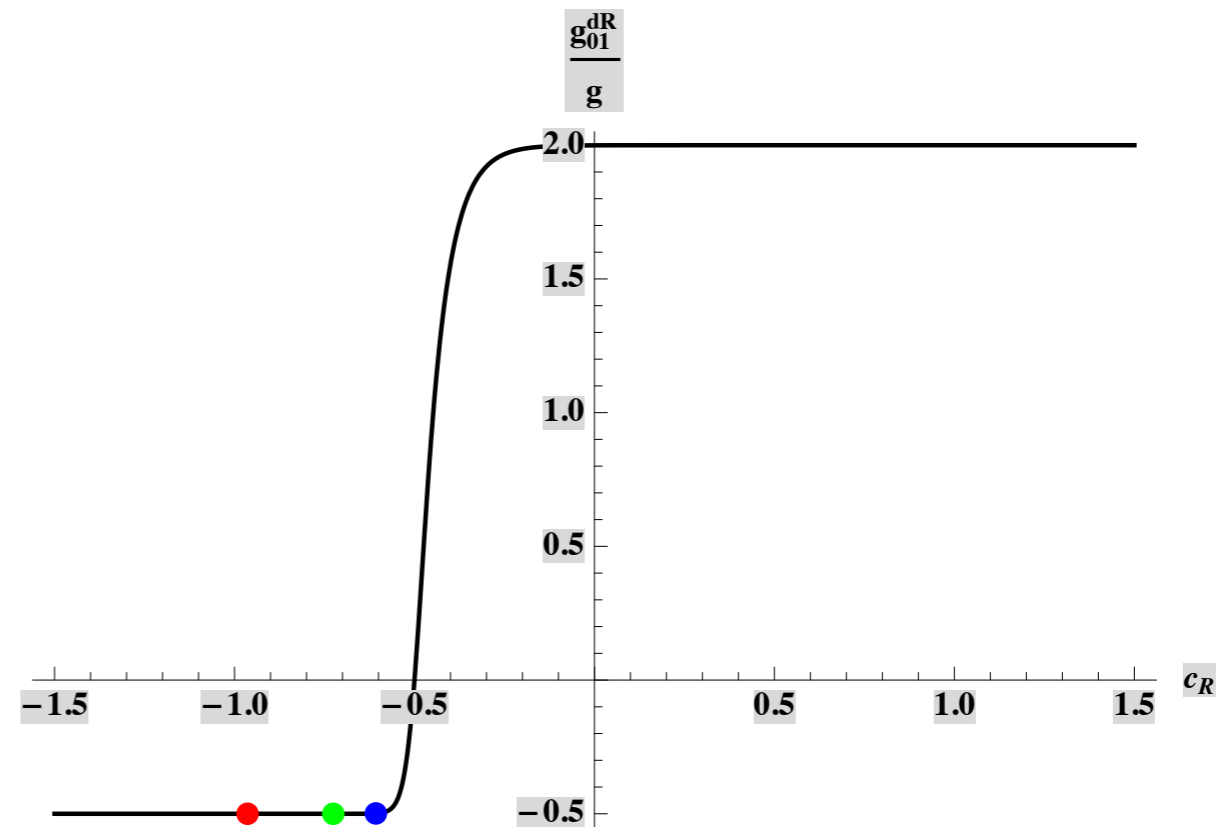


Flavor Violation

Tree-level couplings of ZM fermions to 1st excited state

N=4

Right-handed down



D_R sector is nearly universal

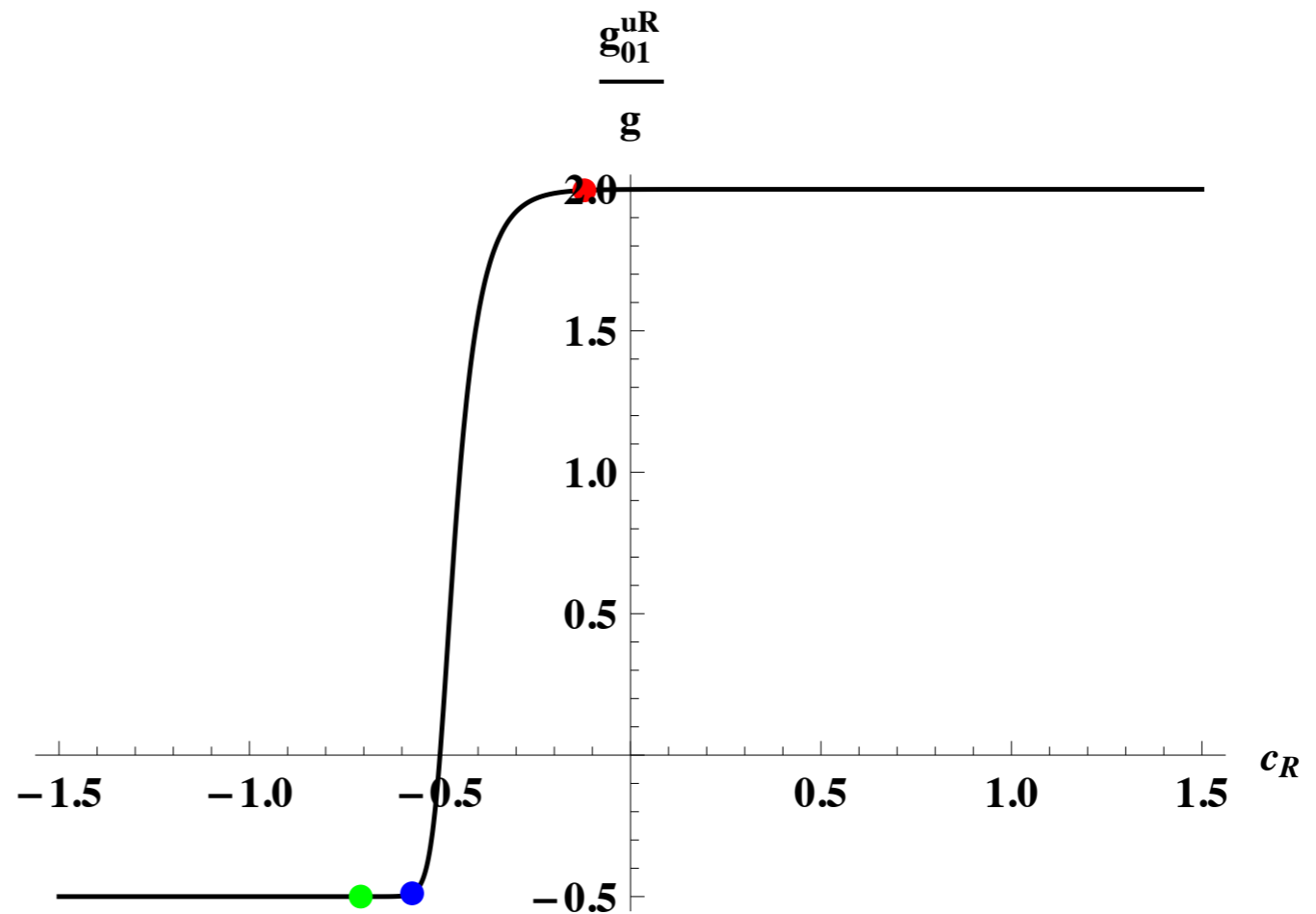
\Rightarrow no conflict with $K^0 \bar{K}^0, B^0 \bar{B}^0$

Flavor Violation

Tree-level couplings of ZM fermions to 1st excited state

$N=4$

Right-handed up



\Rightarrow largest flavor violation in the up sector

Flavor Violation Bounds

Bounds from $\Delta F = 2$ assuming $SU(3)_c$ propagates in quiver

Parameter	95% allowed range (GeV ⁻²)	Lower limit on Λ (TeV) for arbitrary NP	Bound on Color-octet Mass in FHQT (TeV)
$\text{Re}C_K^1$	$[-9.6, 9.6] \cdot 10^{-13}$	$1.0 \cdot 10^3$	0.2
$\text{Re}C_K^4$	$[-3.6, 3.6] \cdot 10^{-15}$	$17 \cdot 10^3$	0.1
$\text{Re}C_K^5$	$[-1.0, 1.0] \cdot 10^{-14}$	$10 \cdot 10^3$	0.1
$\text{Im}C_K^1$	$[-2.6, 2.8] \cdot 10^{-15}$	$1.9 \cdot 10^4$	2.6
$\text{Im}C_K^4$	$[-4.1, 3.6] \cdot 10^{-18}$	$49 \cdot 10^4$	3.0
$\text{Im}C_K^5$	$[-1.2, 1.1] \cdot 10^{-17}$	$29 \cdot 10^4$	1.0
$ C_D^1 $	$< 7.2 \cdot 10^{-13}$	$1.2 \cdot 10^3$	1.0
$ C_D^4 $	$< 4.8 \cdot 10^{-14}$	$4.6 \cdot 10^3$	2.9
$ C_D^5 $	$< 4.8 \cdot 10^{-13}$	$1.4 \cdot 10^3$	0.5
$ C_{B_d}^1 $	$< 2.3 \cdot 10^{-11}$	$0.21 \cdot 10^3$	0.3
$ C_{B_d}^4 $	$< 2.1 \cdot 10^{-13}$	$2.2 \cdot 10^3$	0.3
$ C_{B_d}^5 $	$< 6.0 \cdot 10^{-13}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^3$	0.1
$ C_{B_s}^1 $	$< 1.1 \cdot 10^{-9}$	30	0.1
$ C_{B_s}^4 $	$< 1.6 \cdot 10^{-11}$	250	0.1
$ C_{B_s}^5 $	$< 4.5 \cdot 10^{-11}$	150	0.03

UTFit collaboration

$M_{G(1)}$

Flavor Violation Bounds

All flavor bounds satisfied for $M_1 > 3 \text{ TeV}$

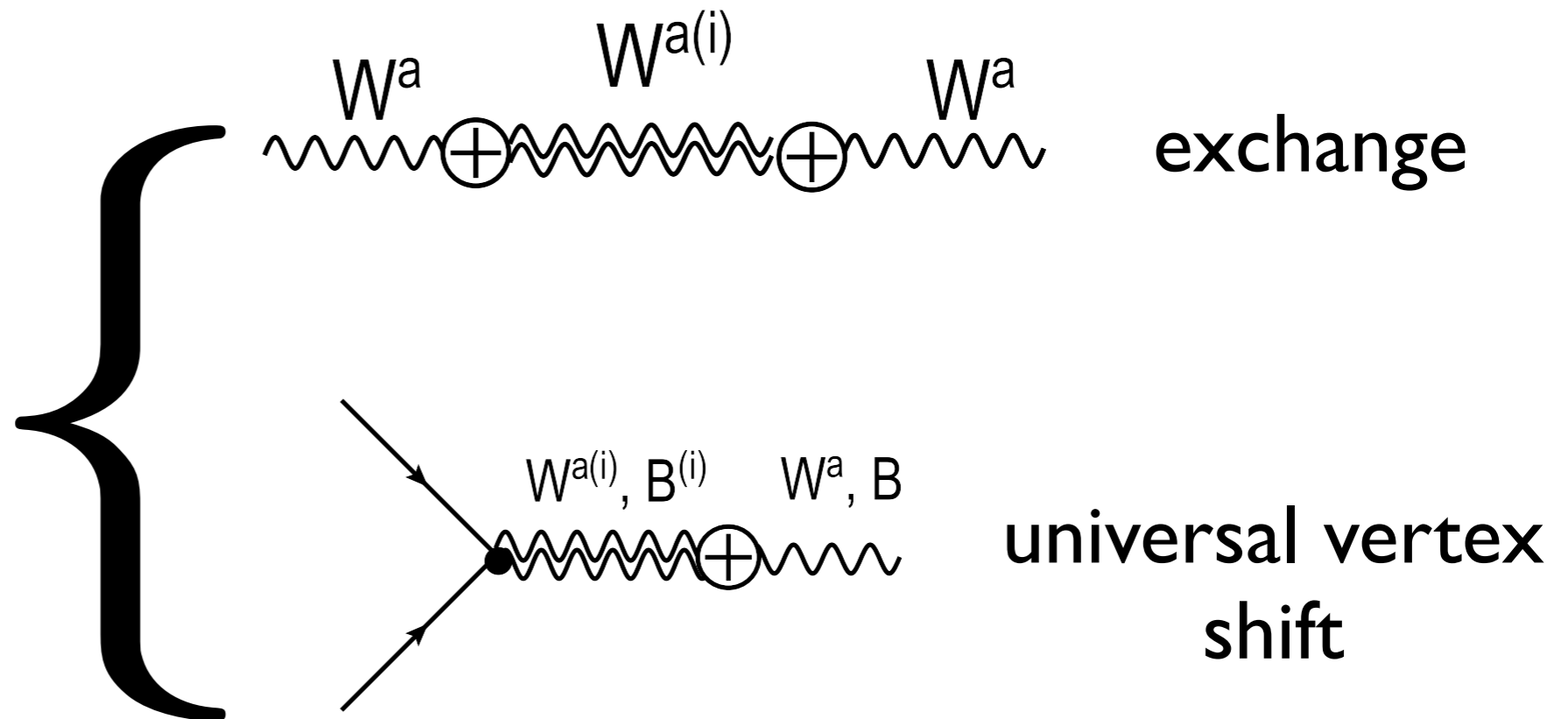
Bounds weaker if $SU(3)_c$ does not propagate in quiver

Electroweak Precision Bounds

In a generic model w.o. custodial symmetry

E.g.: $[SU(2) \times U(1)]^{N+1}$ i.e. the SM in the quiver

Leading contributions



Electroweak Precision Bounds

Tree-level contributions to S and T

E.g.: $N=4$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} S &\simeq 0.16 \left(\frac{3 \text{ TeV}}{M_1} \right)^2 \\ T &\simeq 0.15 \left(\frac{3 \text{ TeV}}{M_1} \right)^2 \end{aligned} \right\} \text{OK with fit}$$

- Custodial protection not forced by tree-level contributions to T
- Might be needed at one loop (fermions)

Higgs as a pseudo NGB

(in progress)

Dynamical origin of N-site localization:

H is remnant of breaking with “defective” G_0 and G_N

E.g.: $(SU(2) \times U(1))_0 \times \cdots SU(3)_j \cdots (SU(2) \times U(1))_N$



H: from excess d.o.f. in link fields \Rightarrow H is a pNGB

Higgs as a pseudo NGB

N-localization:

$$H^a = C \sum_{j=1}^N q^{N-j} \pi_j^a$$

Extract Higgs h from H^a

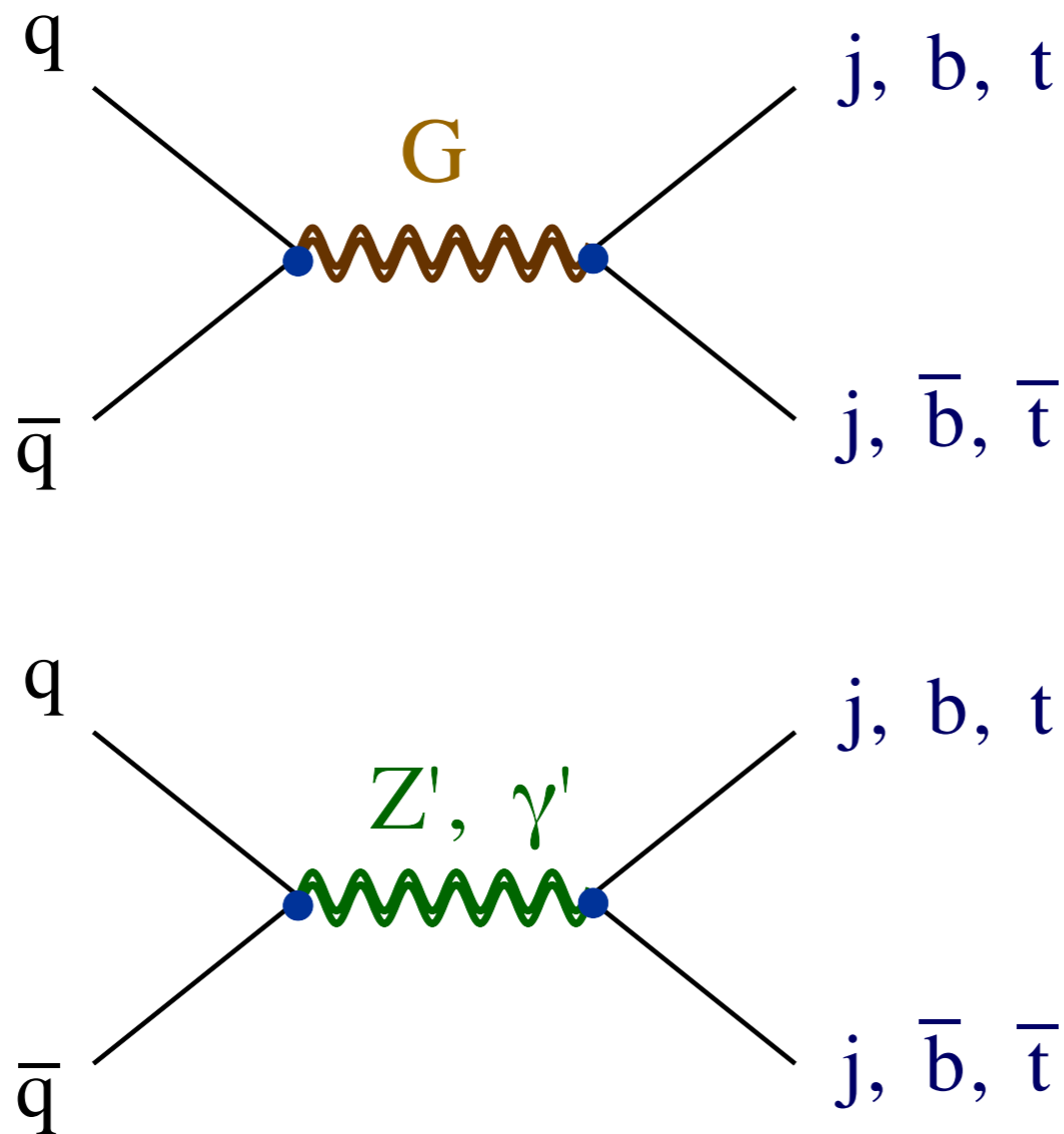
Small $N \Rightarrow h$ very localized close to site N

Compute V_{eff} \longrightarrow tuning issues

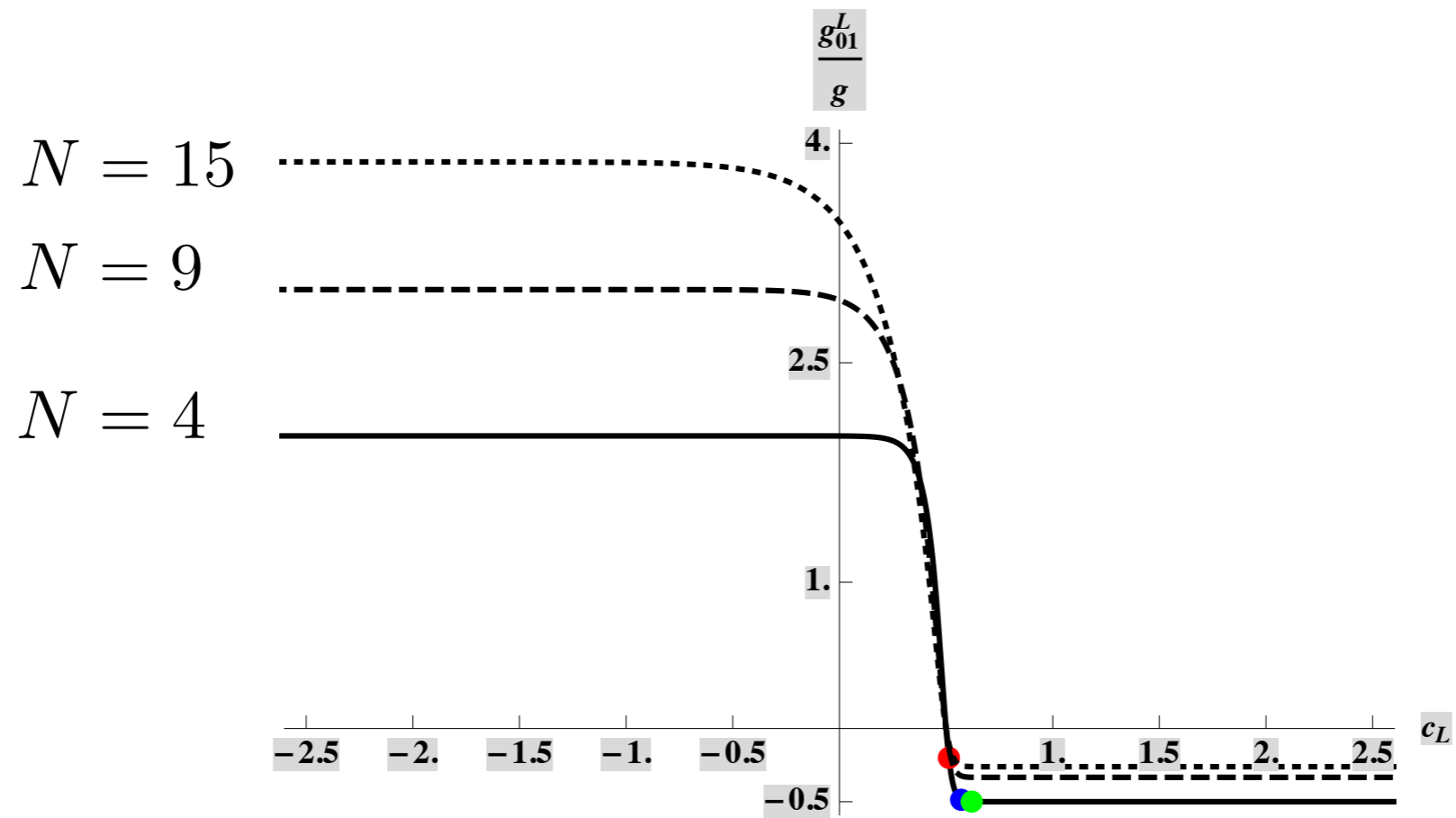
Phenomenology at the LHC

(with N. Fonseca and G. Lichtenstein)

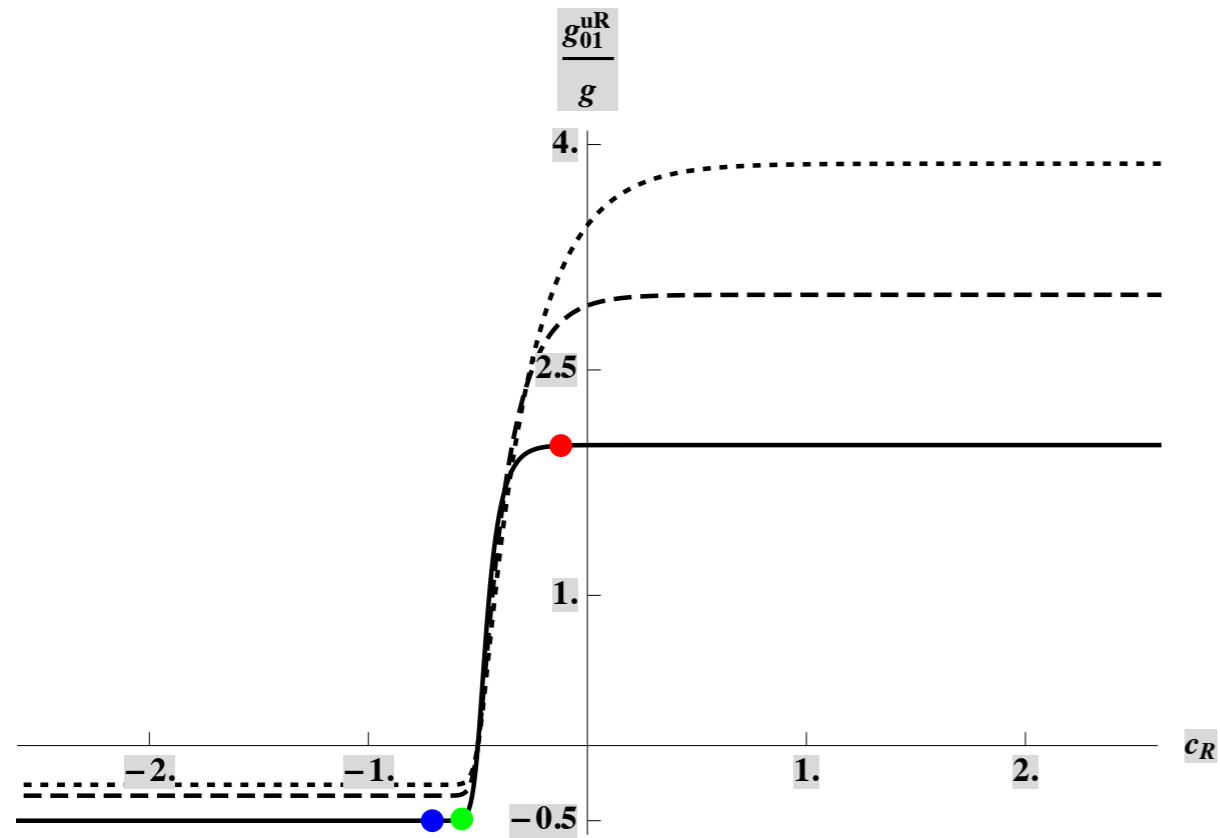
Gauge excitations as s-channel resonances



Couplings to Zero-mode Fermions



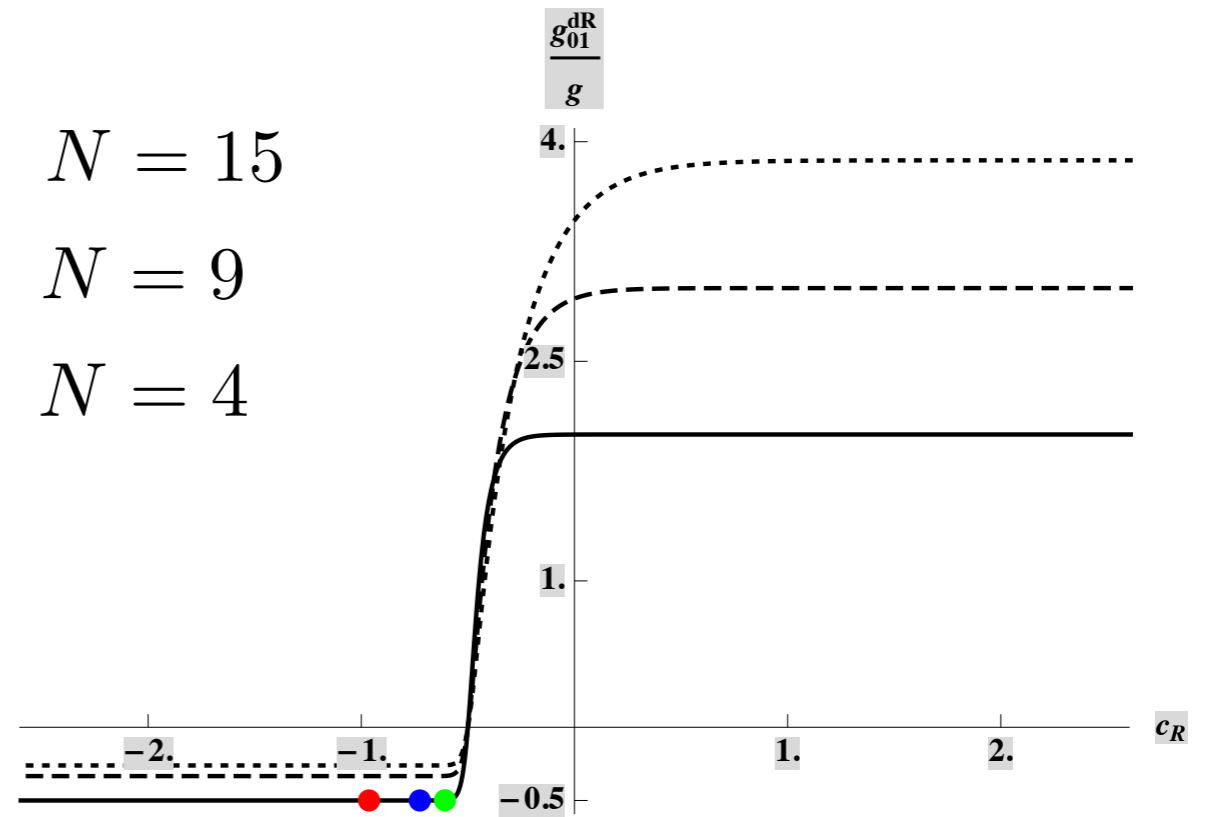
Couplings to Zero-mode Fermions



$$N = 15$$

$$N = 9$$

$$N = 4$$

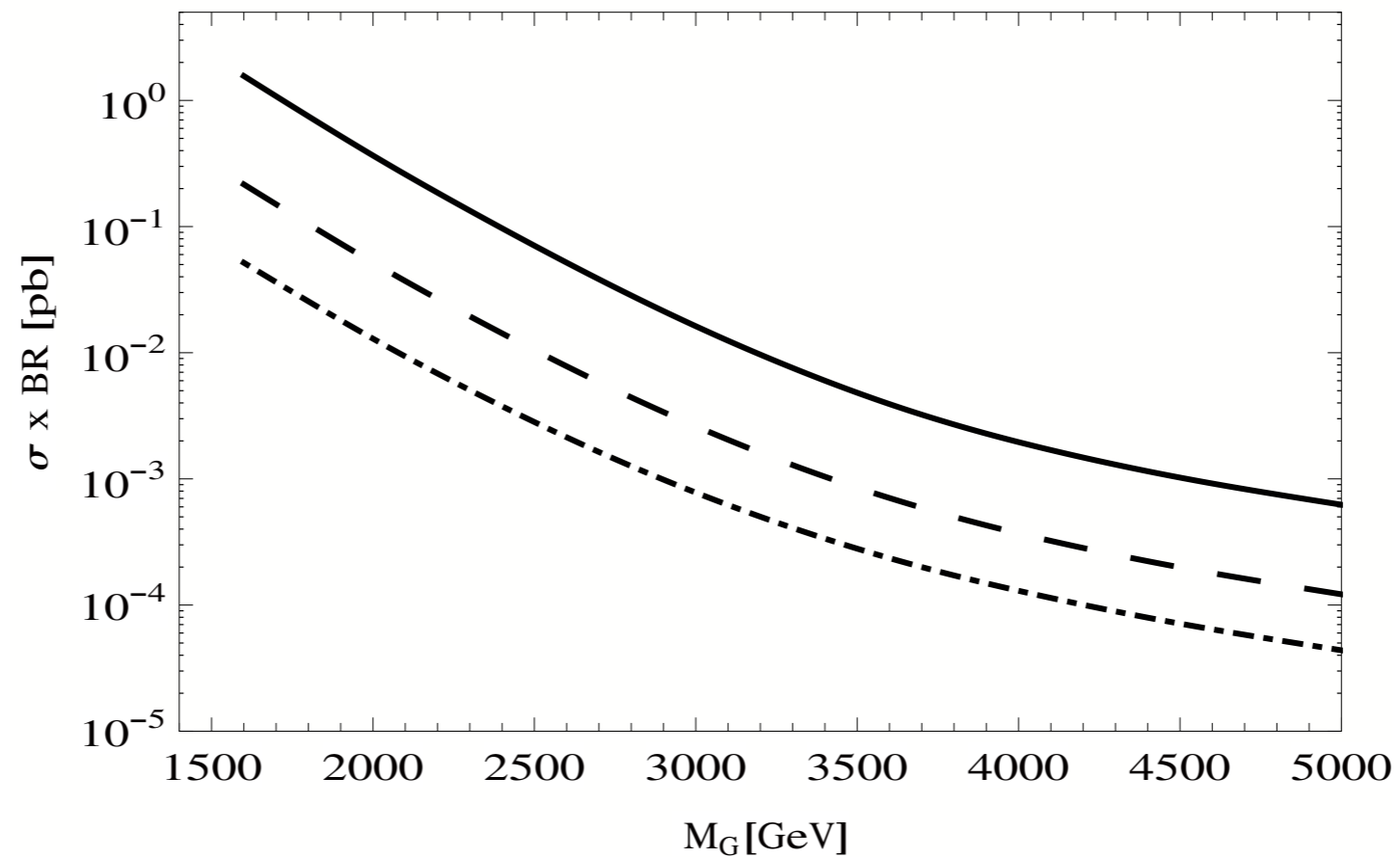


Resonances at the LHC

Production of color-octet

$$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$$

$$G \rightarrow jj$$

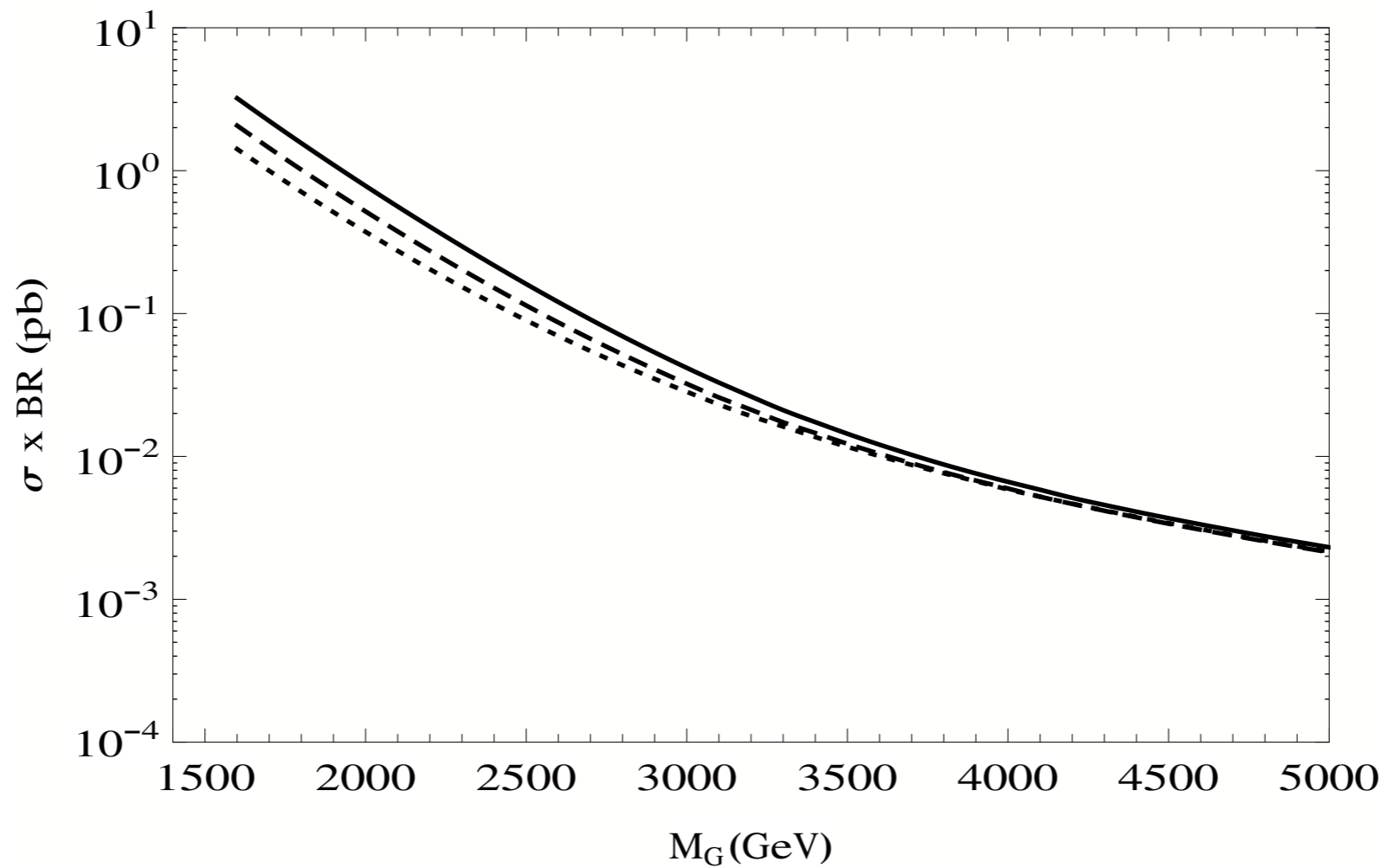


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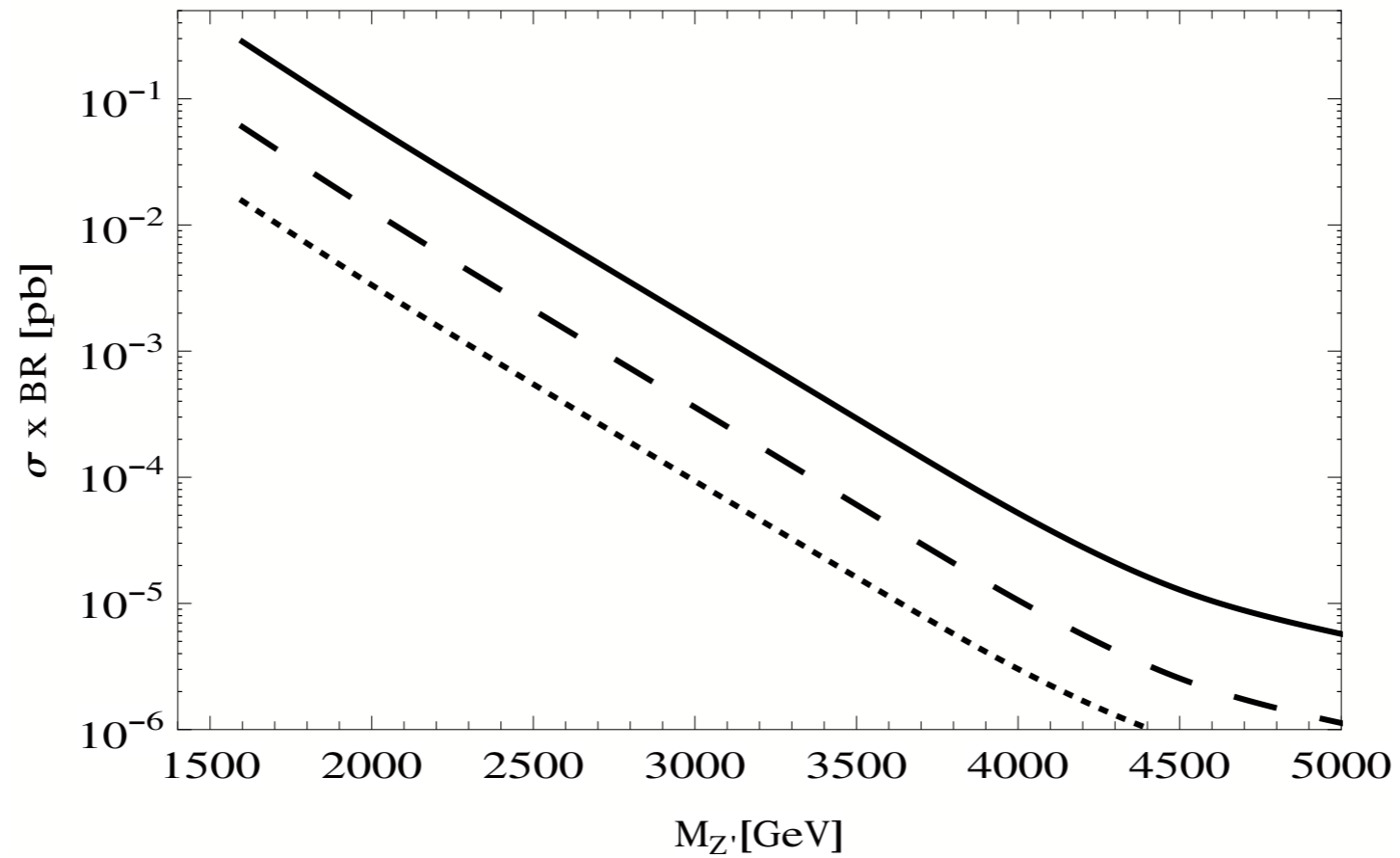
$G \rightarrow t\bar{t}$



Resonances at the LHC

Production of $Z' + \gamma'$ $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

$$(Z' + \gamma') \rightarrow jj$$

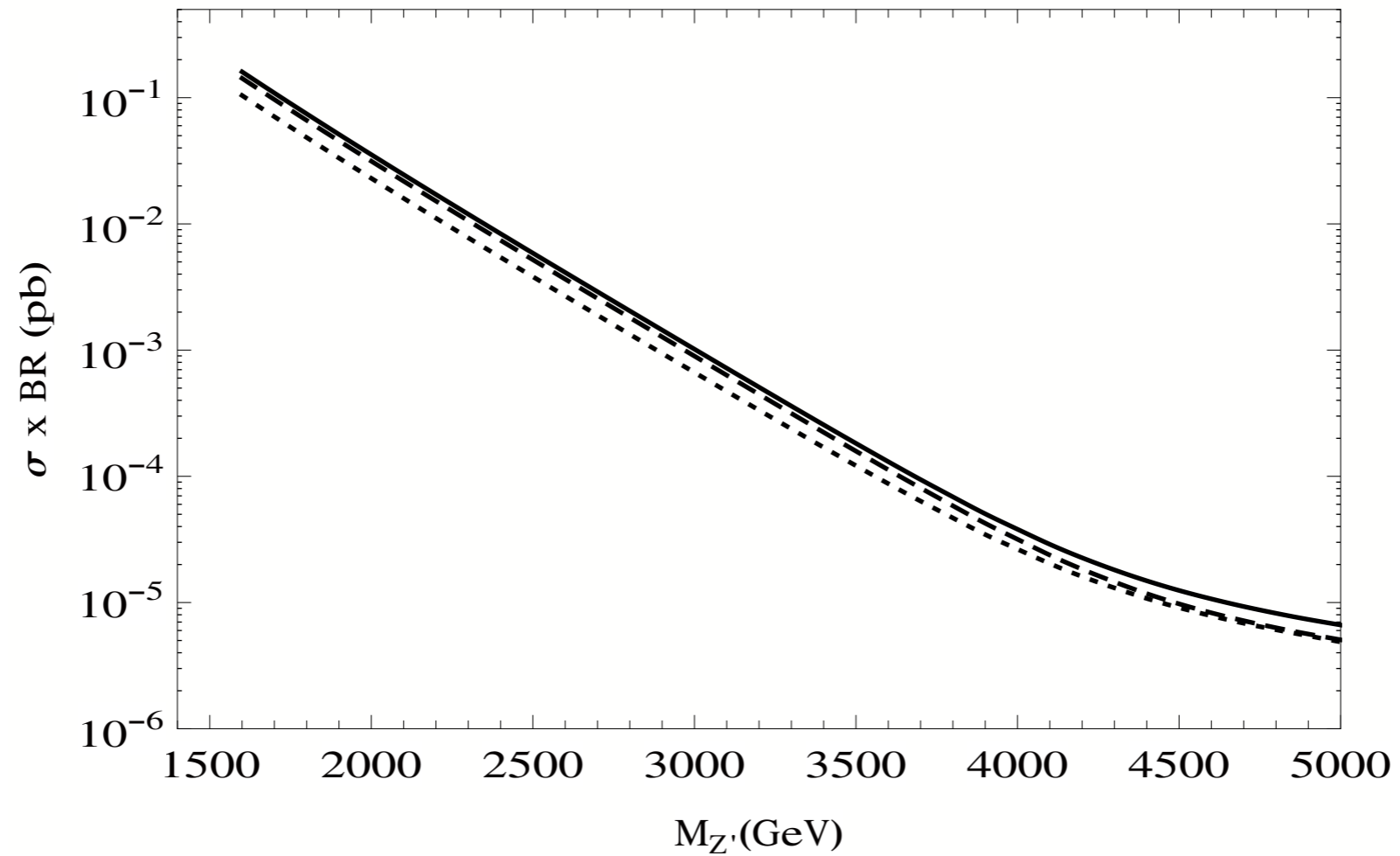


Resonances at the LHC

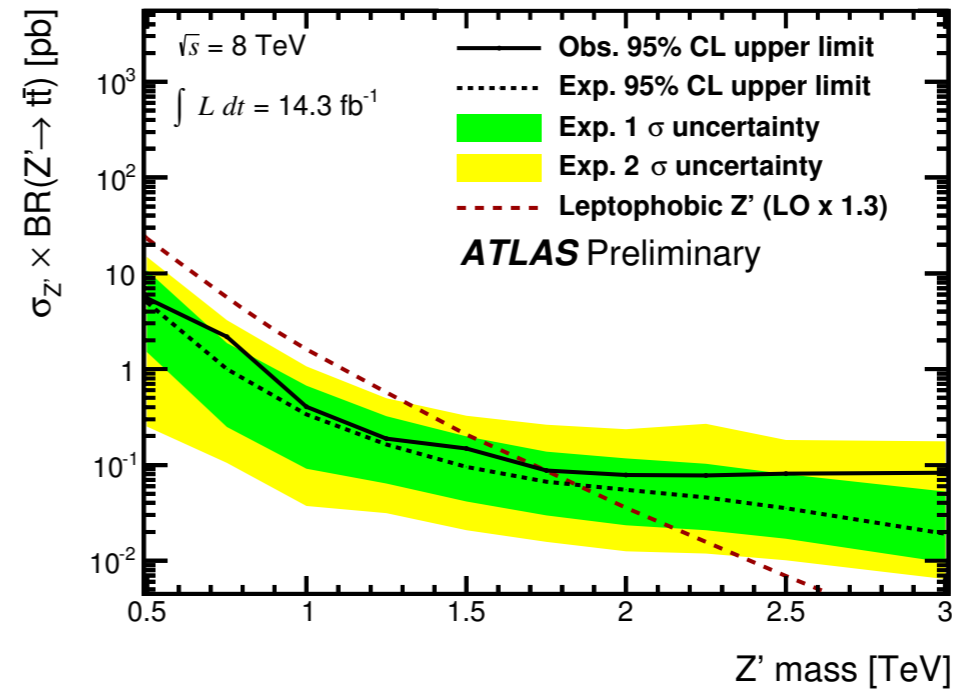
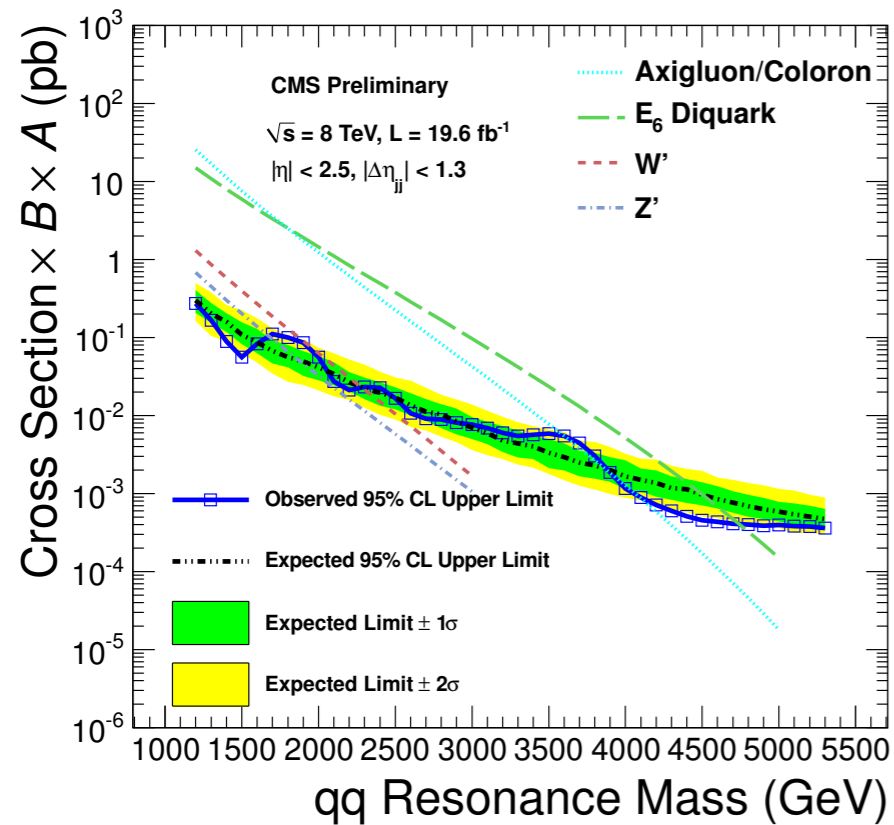
Production of $Z' + \gamma'$

$\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$

$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$



Bounds on FHQT Resonances at the LHC



N	Dijet	$t\bar{t}$
4	3.0	2.7
9	1.6	2.6
15	—	2.5

Color-octet

N	Dijet	$t\bar{t}$
4	1.7	2.1
9	—	2.0
15	—	1.8

$(Z' + \gamma')$

Conclusions and Outlook

- FHQT with small N , complementary to AdS_5 models
- Distinct phenomenology
 - Improved flavor violation behavior
 - Passes EWPC even w.o. custodial protection (tree-level)
 - At the LHC: different cross sections, BR, etc.
- To explore:
 - Higgs sector, H as a pNGB (similar to CHM)
 - Details of Model building (e.g. lepton sector, ...)