

PAWEŁ DANIELEWICZ

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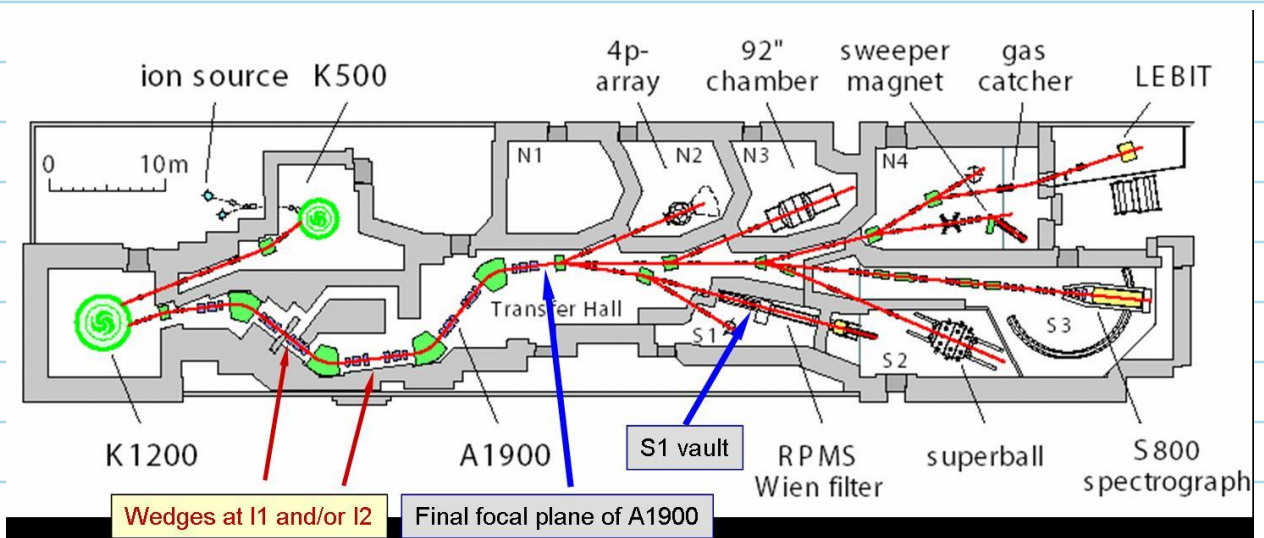
@ NSCL. MSU. ED 4

MICHIGAN STATE UNIV.



NATL SUPERCONDUCTING CYCLOTRON
LABORATORY

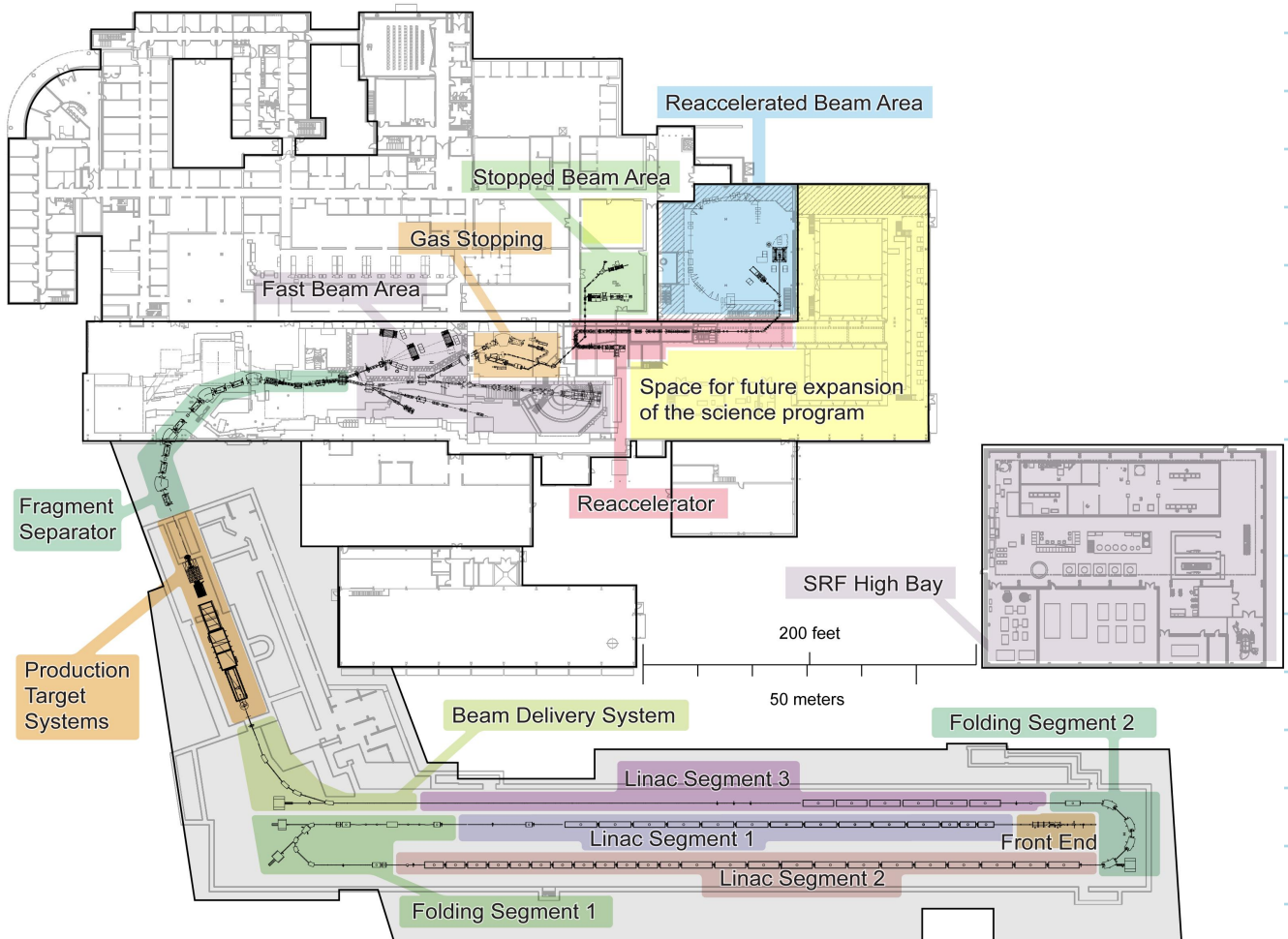
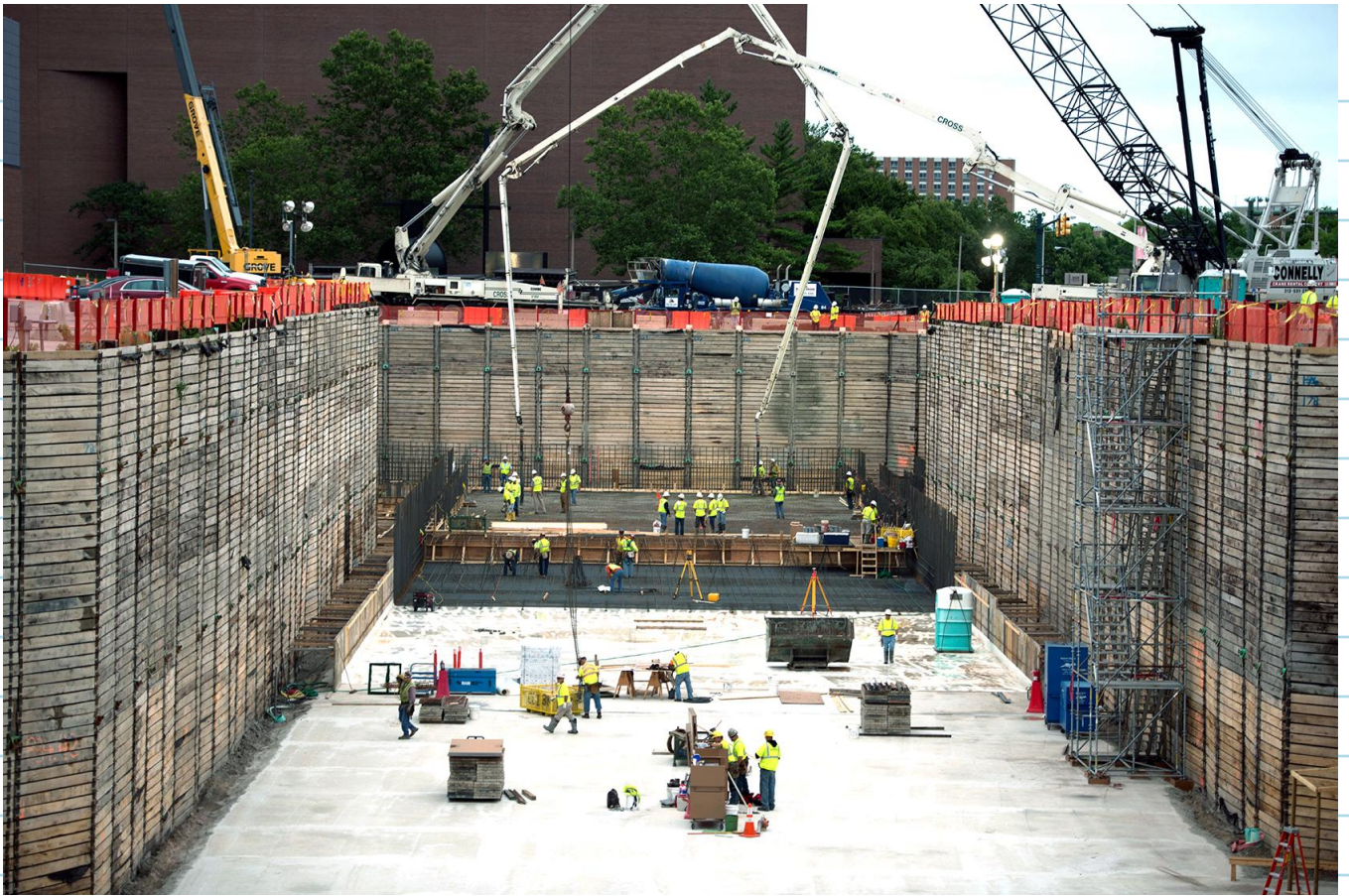


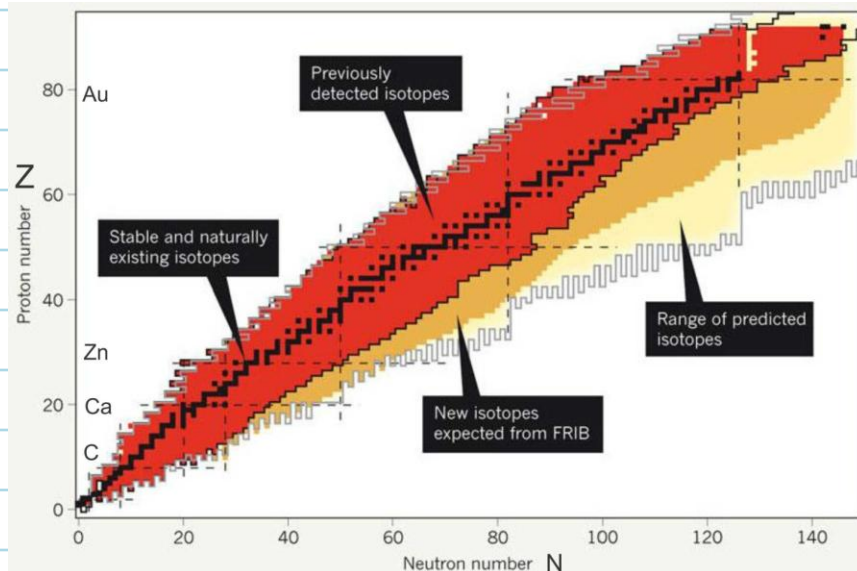


FRIB M\$ 730

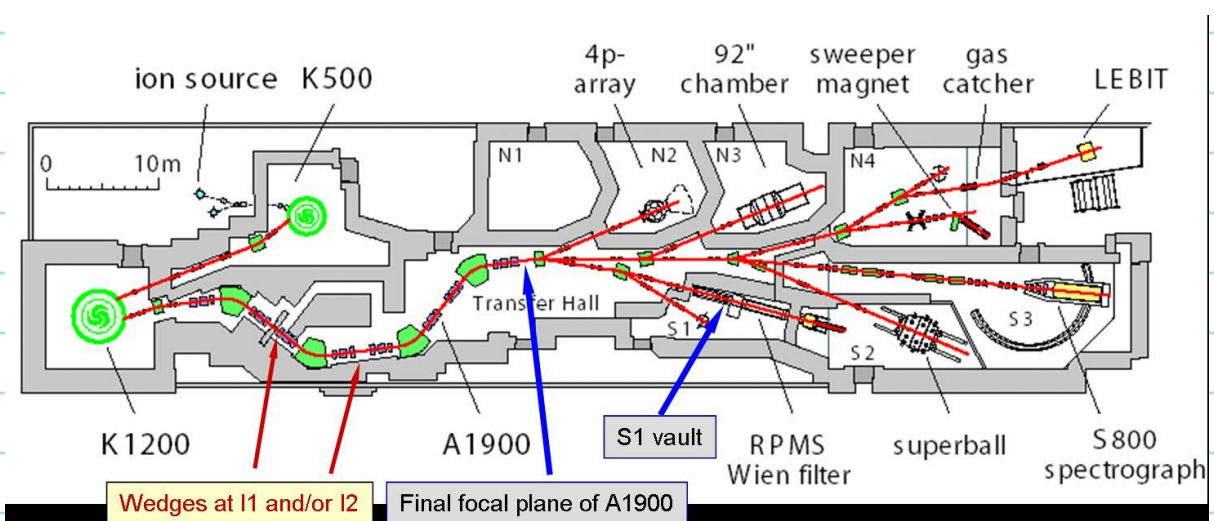
LARGEST INVESTMENT
IN LOW-EN NUCL
PHYSICS





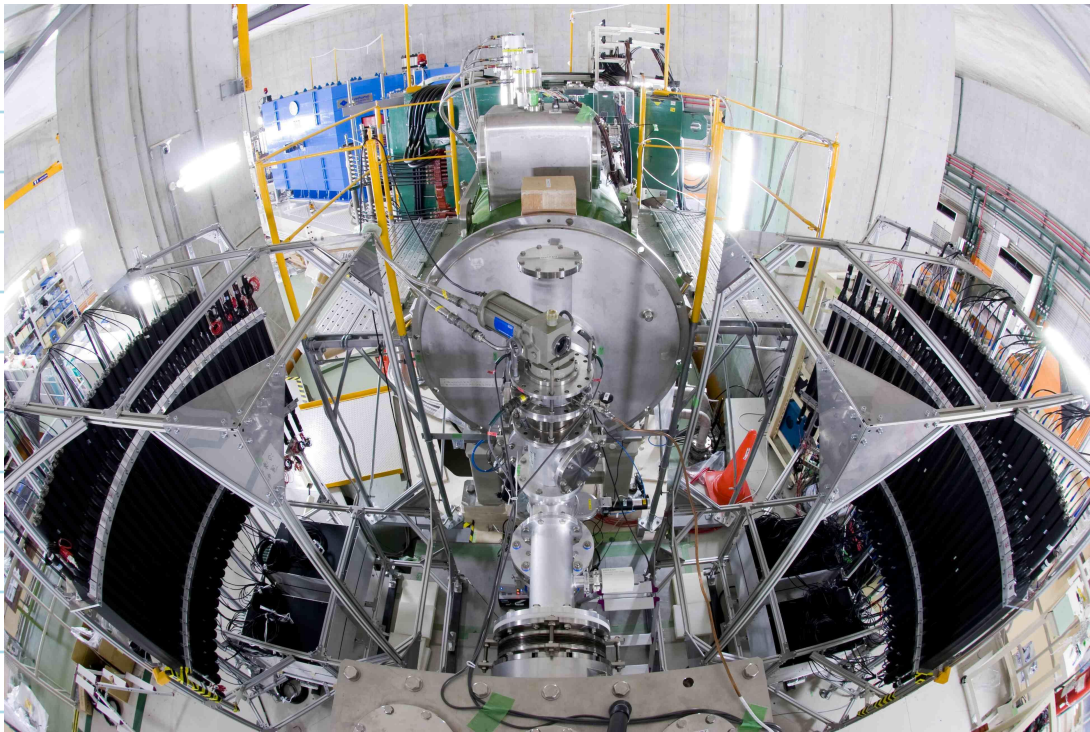
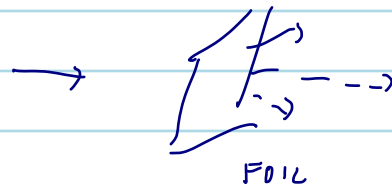


NOMINALLY HEAVY IONS ARE
NUCLEI HEAVIER THAN ALPHA



PERIPHERAL COLLISIONS
CENTRAL COLL → EQ. OF STATE

HEAVY PROJECTILES / TARGETS



BEAM ENERGIES IN MeV/nuc $\leftarrow$ PER NUCLEON

NUCLEON MASSES $m_p = 938.3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

$m_n = 939.6 \text{ MeV}/c^2$

ENERGIES FOR GOS

$\sim 100 \text{ MeV/nuc} - 10 \text{ GeV/nuc}$

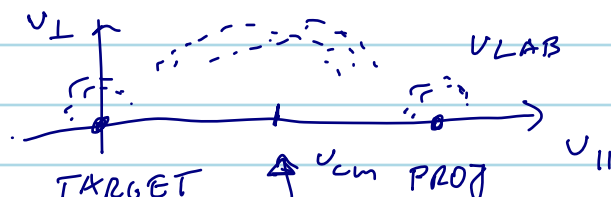
$\approx 2 \text{ GeV/nuc}$

RELATIVISTIC OR NOT !

PROJ



TARGE



NONRELATIVISTICALLY

TYPICALLY SYMMETRIC SYSTEMS

$$1u = 931.5 \text{ MeV}$$

proj



$$\frac{E_{lab}}{A} = \frac{m_N v_{lab}^2}{2}$$

$$v_{cm} = \frac{v_{lab}}{2}$$

$$\frac{E_{cm}}{A} = \frac{m_N v_{cm}^2}{2} = \frac{m_N}{2} \left(\frac{v_{lab}}{2} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{4} \frac{m_N v_{lab}^2}{2} = \frac{1}{4} \frac{E_{lab}}{A}$$

$$\frac{E_{lab}}{A} \sim 1 \text{ GeV/nucleon}$$

$$\frac{E_{cm}}{A} \sim 250 \text{ MeV/nucleon}$$

$$\gamma = 1.25$$

$$\sim 25\%$$

$$\vec{v} = \frac{\vec{p}}{m}$$

NONRELATIVISTICALLY

$$v \rightarrow c \quad \text{as} \quad \gamma \gg 1$$

$$\vec{v}_\perp \rightarrow \frac{\vec{p}_\perp}{m} \leftarrow$$

$$v_\parallel \rightarrow \text{RAPIDITY } y$$

$$\text{NONRELATIVISTICALLY } y \approx \frac{v_\parallel}{c}$$

$$m_\perp = \sqrt{m^2 + p_\perp^2}$$

← TRANSVERSE MASS
HALF-WAY TO ENERGY

$$E = \sqrt{m^2 + p^2} = \sqrt{m_\perp^2 + p_\parallel^2}$$

$$E^2 = m_\perp^2 + p_\parallel^2$$

$$\frac{E^2}{m_\perp^2} = 1 + \frac{p_\parallel^2}{m_\perp^2}$$

$$E = m_\perp \cosh y$$

$$\cosh^2 y = 1 + \sinh^2 y$$

$$p_\parallel = m_\perp \sinh y \approx m y$$

$$y \approx \frac{p_\parallel}{m} = v_\parallel$$

$$E = \frac{m_{\perp}}{2} (e^{\eta} + e^{-\eta})$$

$$E + p_{\parallel} = m_{\perp} e^{\eta}$$

$$E - p_{\parallel} = m_{\perp} e^{-\eta}$$

$$p_{\parallel} = \frac{m_{\perp}}{2} (e^{\eta} - e^{-\eta})$$

$$\frac{p_{\parallel}}{E} = v_{\parallel} \quad \vec{v} = \frac{\vec{p}}{E}$$

$$e^{2\eta} = \frac{E + p_{\parallel}}{E - p_{\parallel}} = \frac{1 + \frac{p_{\parallel}}{E}}{1 - \frac{p_{\parallel}}{E}}$$

$$e^{2\eta} = \frac{1 + v_{\parallel}}{1 - v_{\parallel}}$$

$$p_{\parallel} = m_{\perp} \sinh \eta$$

$$p_{\parallel} \rightarrow \pm \infty \quad \eta \rightarrow \pm \infty$$

LORENTZ TR ALONG
E.C. LAB $\rightarrow$ CM

BEAM DIRECTION
LAB $\rightarrow$ ALAB

$$E' = \gamma E + \beta \gamma p_{\parallel}$$

$$p'_{\parallel} = \gamma p_{\parallel} + \beta \gamma E$$

$$e^{2\eta_B} = \frac{1 + \beta}{1 - \beta}$$

$$e^{2\eta'} = \frac{E' + p'_{\parallel}}{E' - p'_{\parallel}} = \frac{\gamma E + \beta \gamma p_{\parallel} + \gamma p_{\parallel} + \beta \gamma E}{\gamma E + \beta \gamma p_{\parallel} - \gamma p_{\parallel} - \beta \gamma E}$$

$$= \frac{E(1 + \beta) + p_{\parallel}(1 + \beta)}{E(1 - \beta) - p_{\parallel}(1 - \beta)} = \frac{1 + \beta}{1 - \beta} \frac{E + p_{\parallel}}{E - p_{\parallel}}$$

$$= e^{2\eta_B} e^{2\eta} = e^{2(\eta + \eta_B)}$$

$$\vec{p}'_{\perp} = \vec{p}_{\perp}$$

$$\eta' = \eta + \eta_B$$

, ALONG THE BEAM

LORENTZ TRANSFORMATION JUST SHIFTS
THE RAPIDITY

REFLECTION

$$p_{||} \rightarrow -p_{||}$$

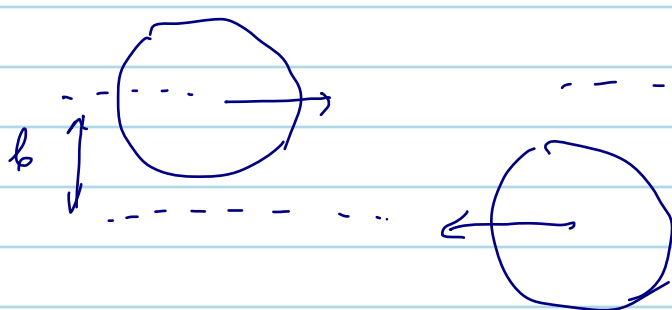
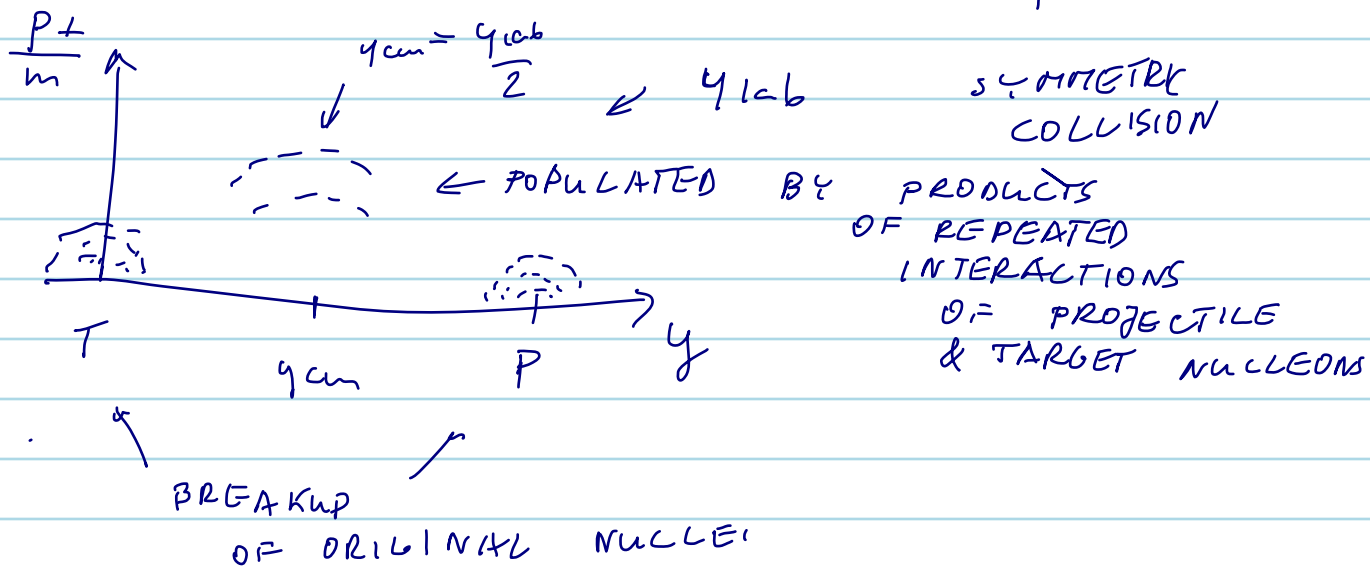
$$e^{2\gamma} = \frac{E + p_{||}}{E - p_{||}}$$

$$\frac{E - p_{||}}{E + p_{||}} = e^{-2\gamma}$$

$$\gamma \rightarrow -\gamma$$

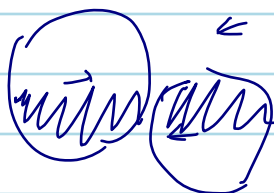
$\gamma \rightarrow$ REPLACEMENT OF $v_{||}$

UNDER GALILEAN TRANSF. $v_{||}$ SHIFTS
- " - LORENTZ - " - γ - " -



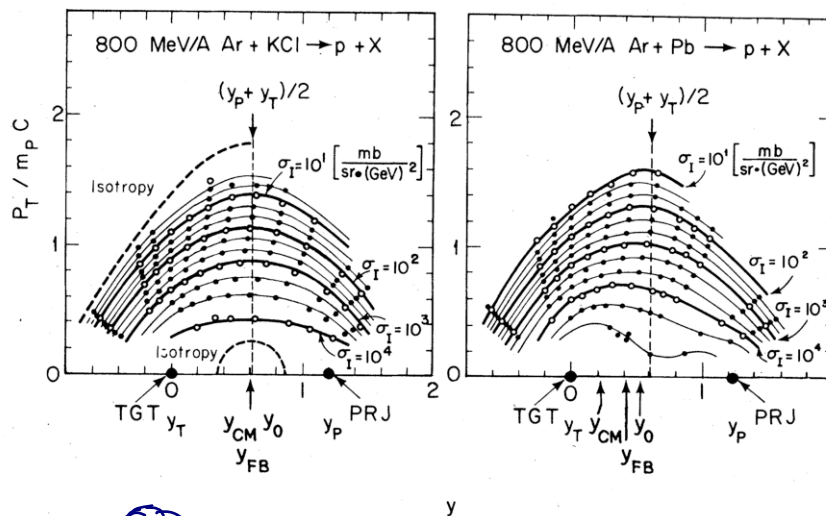
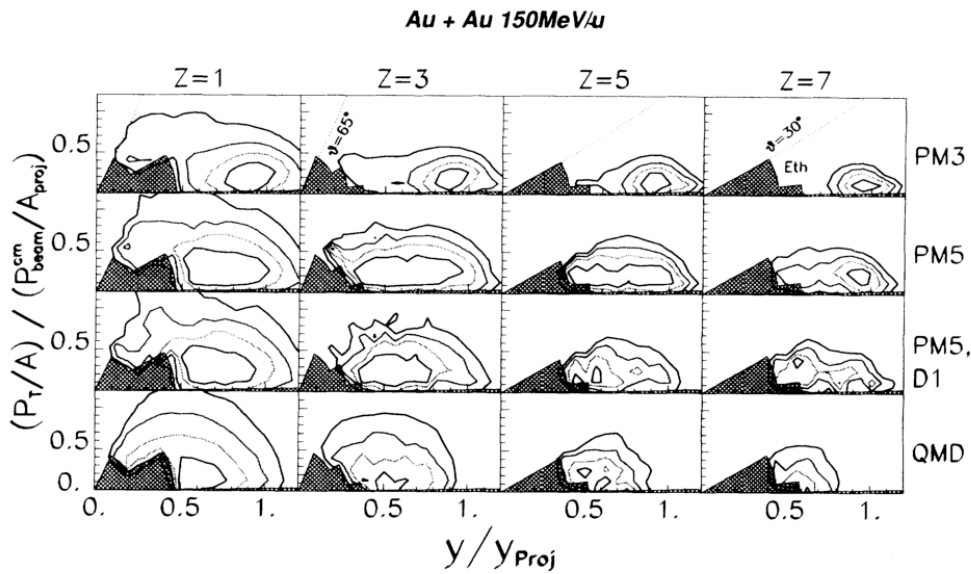
b IMPACT PARAMETER

$$b_{max} \approx R_T + R_P$$



← PARTICIPANTS - VIOLENT INTERACTION

← SPECTATORS - FRAGMENTATION



TYPE
OF
PROCESS

DEEP
INELASTIC
COLLISIONS

FRAGMENTATION

PARTICIPANT
REGION
VAPORIZATION

NEW PARTICLE
PRODUCTION

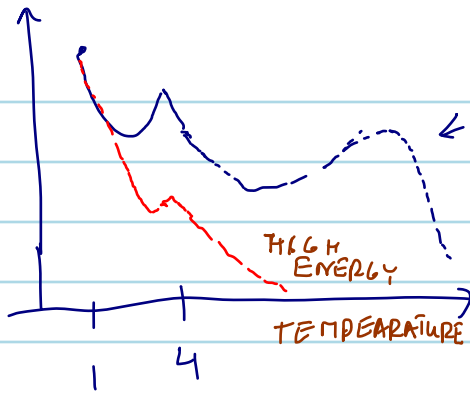
$N+N \rightarrow N+\pi$
 $\Delta \rightarrow \pi+N$

NEW
PARTICLES
DOMINATE

E_{low}

$E_{\text{lab}} / \text{nucleon}$

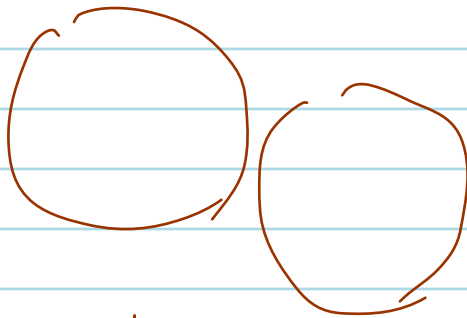
YIELDS



LOW ENERGY
OF BEAM
OR EXCITATION

A PRODUCT

TIMES MEASURED IN fm/c



$\sim 10 \text{ fm}$

$v_F \sim 0.25 c$

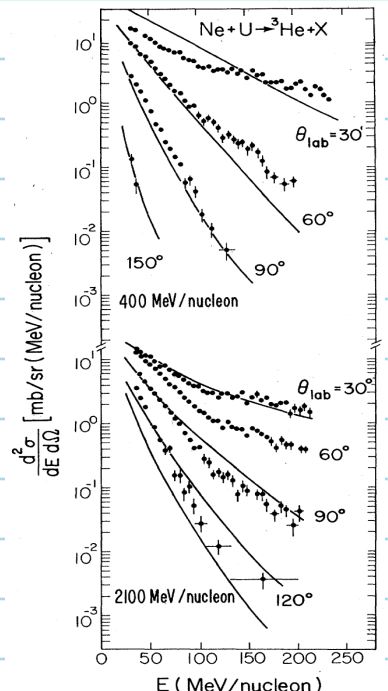
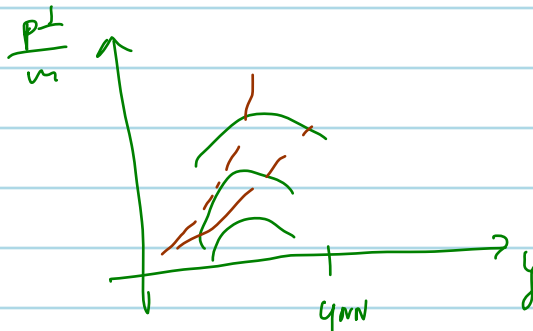
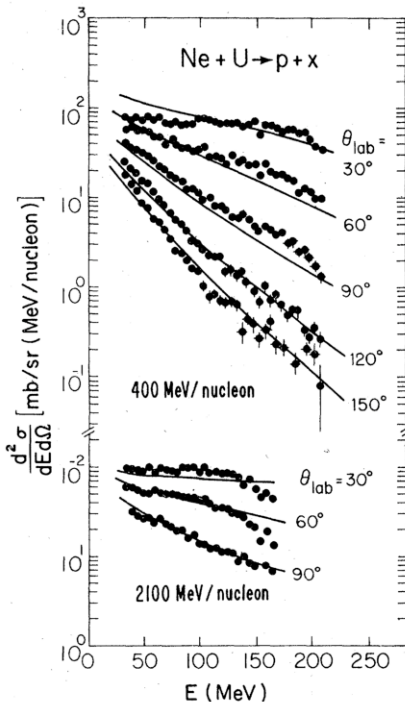
up TO c

LOW ENERGIES
VIOLENT STAGE

$\sim 50 \text{ fm/c}$

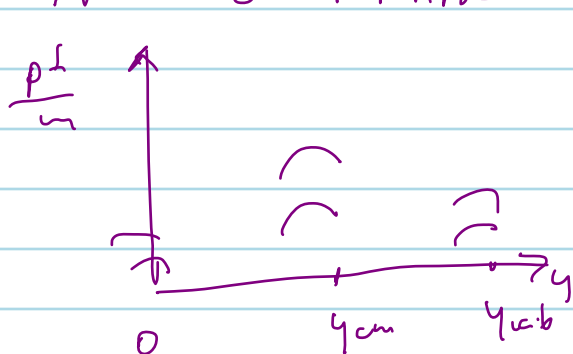
THERMAL MODEL
CAN BE APPLIED
FOR PARTICIPANT
& SPECTATOR REGIONS

HIGH ENERGIES
WITH LORENTZ
FACTORS
ABOVE 2 GeV/nucleon
 $\sim 15 \text{ fm/c}$



PARTICLE SPECTRA IN THERMAL MODEL

IN THE FRAME OF THE EMITTING SOURCE



$$\frac{dN_x}{d^3p_x} = \frac{V}{(2\pi)^3} g e^{\left(\mu_x - \frac{p_x^2}{2m_x} + B_x\right)/T}$$

← VOLUME OF SOURCE

$$g = 2s + 1 \quad \text{STAT FACTOR}$$

CHEM POTENTIAL $\mu_x = N_x \mu_n + Z_x \mu_p$

$$X \leftrightarrow N_x n + Z_x p$$

$$m_x \simeq A_x m_N$$

$$\frac{p_x^2}{2m_x} \simeq \frac{p_x^2}{2A_x m_N} = \frac{1}{2m_N} \left(\frac{p_x}{A_x}\right)^2 \frac{A_x^2}{A_x} = \frac{1}{2m_N} \left|\frac{p_x}{A_x}\right|^2 A_x$$

$$e^{\left(\mu_x - \frac{p_x^2}{2m_x}\right)/T} = e^{\left(N_x \mu_n + Z_x \mu_p - (N_x + Z_x) \frac{1}{2m_N} \left|\frac{p_x}{A_x}\right|^2\right)/T}$$

$$= \left[e^{\left(\mu_n - \frac{1}{2m_N} \left|\frac{p_x}{A_x}\right|^2\right)/T} \right]^{N_x} \left[e^{\left(\mu_p - \frac{1}{2m_N} \left|\frac{p_x}{A_x}\right|^2\right)/T} \right]^{Z_x}$$

$$\frac{dN_x}{d^3p_x} = \frac{V}{(2\pi)^3} \left[\frac{(2\pi)^3}{V} \right]^A \frac{g}{2^A} e^{B_x/T} \cdot \left[\frac{dN_n}{d^3(p_x/A)} \right]^{N_x} \left[\frac{dN_p}{d^3(p_x/A)} \right]^{Z_x}$$

SCALING RELATION BETWEEN NUCLEON & FRAGMENT SPECTRA

POTENTIAL BENEFITS:

→ NEUTRON SPECTRUM THAT COULD NOT BE DIRECTLY MEASURED

→ VOLUME OF EMITTING SOURCE V

→ VELOCITY OF EMITTING SOURCE
SINCE DIVISION p_x/A_x DONE IN
FRAME OF EMITTING SOURCE